

Classes and Objects

Introduction



Copyright © Software Carpentry 2010

This work is licensed under the Creative Commons Attribution License See http://software-carpentry.org/license.html for more information.



Computer science is the study of algorithms

Classes and Objects





hide the details

Computer science is the study of algorithms

Computer *programming* is about creating and composing *abstractions*

hide the details

make one thing act like another



make one thing act like another

hide the details

Functions turn many steps into one (logical) step



make one thing act like another

hide the details

Functions turn many steps into one (logical) step Libraries group functions to make them manageable

make one thing act like another

hide the details

Functions turn many steps into one (logical) step Libraries group functions to make them manageable Classes and objects combine functions and data

make one thing act like another

hide the details

Functions turn many steps into one (logical) step
Libraries group functions to make them manageable
Classes and objects combine functions and data
And, if used properly, do much more as well







Simple simulation of aquarium containing plants snails



Simple simulation of aquarium containing plants snails fish



plants snails fish

don't move

photosynthesize



plants snails fish

don't move crawl in 2D

photosynthesize scavenge



plants snails fish

don't move crawl in 2D swim in 3D

photosynthesize scavenge hunt



plants snails fish

don't move crawl in 2D swim in 3D

photosynthesize scavenge hunt

Algorithm is simple

plants

snails

fish

don't move

crawl in 2D

swim in 3D

photosynthesize

scavenge

hunt

Algorithm is simple

```
for t in
```

range(timesteps):

move(world,

everything)

eat(world,

everything)

plants

snails

fish

don't move

crawl in 2D

swim in 3D

photosynthesize

scavenge

hunt

Algorithm is simple

```
for t in
```

range(timesteps):

move(world,

everything)

eat(world,

Program is more complicated verything)

```
def move(world, everything):
  for thing in everything:
    if thing[0] == 'plant':
      pass # plants don't move
    elif thing[0] == 'snail':
      move_snail(snail)
    elif thing[0] == 'fish':
      move fish(fish)
```

```
def move(world, everything):
  for thing in everything:
    if thinq[0] == 'plant':
      pass # plants don't move
    elif thing[0] == 'snail':
      move snail(snail)
    elif thing[0] == 'fish':
      move fish(fish)
```

So far, so good

```
def eat(world, everything):
  for thing in everything:
    if thinq[0] == 'plant':
      photosynthesize(world, plant)
    elif thing[0] == 'snail':
      scavenge(world, snail)
    elif thing[0] == 'fish':
      prey = hunt(world, everything,
  thing)
      if prey != None:
        devour(world, everything,
    ing, prey)
```

Classes and Objects

```
def eat(world, everything):
  for thing in everything:
    if thinq[0] == 'plant':
      photosynthesize(world, plant)
    elif thing[0] == 'snail':
      scavenge(world, snail)
    elif thing[0] == 'fish':
      prey = hunt(world, everything,
  thing)
      if prey != None:
Hmm... devour(world, everything,
  thing, prey)
```

```
def show(world, everything):
  show world(world)
  for thing in everything:
    if thing[0] == 'plant':
      show plant(plant)
    elif thing[0] == 'snail':
      show snail(snail)
    elif thing[0] == 'fish':
      show fish(fish)
```

```
def show(world, everything):
  show world(world)
  for thing in everything:
    if thing[0] == 'plant':
      show plant(plant)
    elif thing[0] == 'snail':
      show snail(snail)
    elif thing[0] == 'fish':
      show fish(fish)
```

This is starting to look familiar...



Pessimist: code that's repeated in two or more places will eventually be wrong in at least one



Pessimist: code that's repeated in two or more places will eventually be wrong in at least one To add starfish, we have to modify three functions

Pessimist: code that's repeated in two or more places will eventually be wrong in at least one To add starfish, we have to modify three functions remember to

Pessimist: code that's repeated in two or more places will eventually be wrong in at least one To add starfish, we have to modify three functions remember to

What about fish that eat plants? Or scavenge?

Pessimist: code that's repeated in two or more places will eventually be wrong in at least one To add starfish, we have to modify three functions remember to

What about fish that eat plants? Or scavenge?

Optimist: every pattern in a program is an opportunity to shorten that program



Classes and Objects



```
for thing in everything:
    thing.move()
    prey = thing.eat(everything)
    if prey:
        thing.devour(prey)
        everything.remove(prey)
```



```
for thing in everything:
    thing.move()
    prey = thing.eat(everything)
    if prey:
        thing.devour(prey)
        everything.remove(prey)
```

Easier to understand (after some practice)



```
for thing in everything:
    thing.move()
    prey = thing.eat(everything)
    if prey:
        thing.devour(prey)
        everything.remove(prey)
```

Easier to understand (after some practice)

Much easier to add new kinds of things



Classes and Objects



Simple programs become slightly more complex



Simple programs become slightly more complex

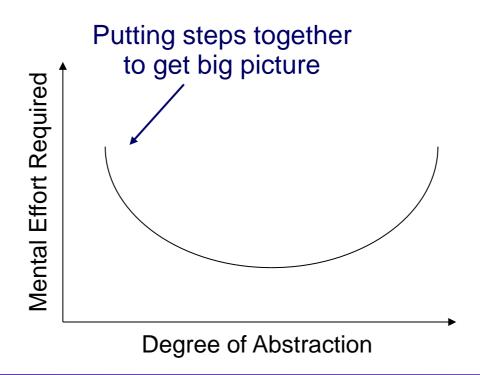
And too much abstraction creates as big a mental

burden as too little



Simple programs become slightly more complex

And too much abstraction creates as big a mental
burden as too little

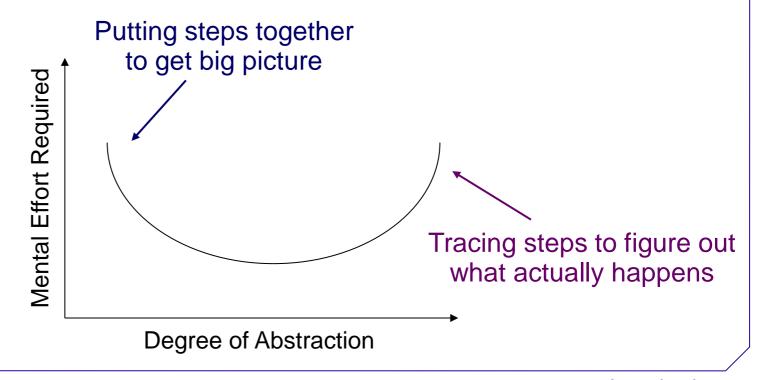


Classes and Objects



Simple programs become slightly more complex

And too much abstraction creates as big a mental
burden as too little



Classes and Objects



created by

Greg Wilson

January 2011



Copyright © Software Carpentry 2010

This work is licensed under the Creative Commons Attribution License See http://software-carpentry.org/license.html for more information.