# Big Data: noves eines i estratègies per a la gestió de grans volums de dades

Ampliació: Eines i estratègies per al repte del Big Data



# Barcelona Activa Cibernàrium

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# 1 EINES I ESTRATÈGIES BIG DATA

Són múltiples i varies les eines i les estratègies utilitzades per l'anàlisi del Big Data però comentarem les dos principals, l'emmagatzematge NoSQL i el processament distribuït.

## 1.1 EMMAGATZEMATGE NOSQL

El terme NoSQL es refereix a Not Only SQL i són sistemes d'emmagatzematge que no compleixen amb l'esquema entitat-relació. Proveeixen un sistema d'emmagatzematge molt més flexible i concurrent i permeten manipular grans quantitats d'informació de manera molt més ràpida que les bases de dades relacionals.

Distingim quatre grans grups de bases de dades NoSQL:

## 1.1.1 EMMAGATZEMATGE CLAU-VALOR (KEY-VALUE)

Les dades s'emmagatzemen de forma similar als maps o diccionaris de dades, on s'accedeix a la dada a partir d'una clau única. Els valors (dades) són aïllats i independents entre ells, i no són interpretats pel sistema. Poden ser variables simples com sencers o caràcters, o objectes. D'altra banda, aquest sistema d'emmagatzematge manca d'una estructura de dades clara i establerta, pel que no requereix un formateig de les dades molt estricte.

Són útils per a operacions simples basades en les claus. Un exemple és l'augment de velocitat de càrrega d'un lloc web que poden utilitzar diferents perfils d'usuari, tenint mapejats els arxius que cal incloure segons l'id d'usuari i que han estat calculats amb anterioritat. Redis és la tecnologia d'emmagatzematge clau-valor més reconeguda pels usuaris.

#### 1.1.2 EMMAGATZEMATGE DOCUMENTAL

Les bases de dades documentals guarden una gran semblança amb les bases de dades Clau-Valor, diferenciant-se en la dada que guarden. Si en l'anterior no requeria una estructura de dades concreta, en aquest cas guardem dades semiestructurades. Aquestes dades passen a dir-se documents, i poden estar formatats en XML, JSON, Binary JSON o el que accepti la mateixa base de dades.



Tots els documents tenen una clau única amb la que pot ser accedit i identificat explícitament. Aquests documents no són opacs al sistema, de manera que poden ser interpretats i llançar queries sobre ells. Un exemple que aclareixi com es fa servir el trobem en un bloc: s'emmagatzema l'autor, la data, el títol, el resum i el contingut del post.

CouchDB o MongoDB són potser les més conegudes.

#### 1.1.3 EMMAGATZEMATGE EN GRAF

Les bases de dades en graf trenquen amb la idea de taules i es basen en la teoria de grafs, on s'estableix que la informació són els nodes i les relacions entre la informació són les arestes, alguna cosa similar en el model relacional. El seu major ús es contempla en casos de relacionar grans quantitats de dades que poden ser molt variables. Per exemple, els nodes poden contenir objectes, variables i atributs diferents en uns i els altres. Les operacions de join se substitueixen per recorreguts a través del graf, i es guarda una llista d'adjacències entre els nodes. Trobem un exemple en les xarxes socials: a Facebook cada node es considera un usuari, que pot tenir arestes d'amistat amb altres usuaris, o arestes de publicació amb nodes de continguts. Solucions com Neo4J i GraphDB són les més conegudes dins de les bases de dades en graf.

#### 1.1.4 EMMAGATZEMATGE ORIENTATA COLUMNES

Finalment, l'emmagatzematge Column-Oriented és semblant al Documental. El seu model de dades és definit com "un mapa de dades multidimensional poc dens, distribuït i persistent" . S'orienta a emmagatzemar dades amb tendència a escalar horitzontalment, de manera que permet guardar diferents atributs i objectes sota una mateixa Clau. A diferència de l'Documental i el Key-Value, en aquest cas podrem emmagatzemar diversos atributs i objectes, però no seran interpretables directament pel sistema. Permet agrupar columnes en famílies i guardar la informació cronològicament, millorant el rendiment. Aquesta tecnologia es acostuma a fer servir en casos amb 100 o més atributs per clave. El seu precursor és Bigtable de Google, però han aparegut noves solucions com HBase o Hypertable.



## 1.2 PROCESSAMENT DISTRIBUÏT

El Procés distribuït es compon de diversos processos executant-se paral·lel, en la mateixa màquina o distribuïts entre computadores interconnectades a través d'una xarxa de comunicacions, col·laboren en la realització d'una tasca, aquesta col·laboració pot ser tan senzilla com distribuir la càrrega de treball entre processos idèntics, en el cas d'una xarxa de caixers automàtics, o tan complexa com multitud de processos diferents, interdependents, controlant el vol d'una nau espacial.

El processament distribuït permet una millor utilització d'equips i millora el balanceig del processament dins d'una aplicació, aquest últim té una gran importància ja que en algunes aplicacions simplement no hi ha una màquina que sigui capaç de realitzar tot el processament.

Aquesta tendència a la distribució en el mon Big Data es degut a que ens aporta una gran capacitat, l'escalabilitat. L'escalabilitat es refereix a diversos aspectes:

- Capacitat del sistema d'incrementar el rendiment davant d'un increment de la càrrega si s'agreguen recursos addicionals.
- Un sistema distribuït "x" és més escalable que un sistema distribuït "i" si utilitzant el mateix maquinari, "x" pot atendre una càrrega més alta.

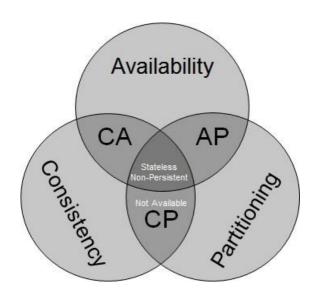
#### 1.3 TEOREMA DEL CAP

Els sistemes distribuís però tenen una problemàtica principal que és l'enomenat Teorema de CAP.

En informàtica teòrica, el teorema CAP, també conegut com a teorema de Brewer, formula que és impossible garantir simultàniament les tres característiques següents en una aplicació distribuïda:

- Consistència: tots els nodes veuen la mateixa dada al mateix temps
- Disponibilitat: la garantia que cada petició a un node rep una resposta de si ha tingut èxit o a fallat
- Tolerància a la partició: el sistema continua operant malgrat la partició arbitrària a causa d'errors en la xarxa





Aquest fenomen doncs provoca que no poguem mantenir aquestes 3 propietats dins un sistema distribuït i en permeti només triar entre 2 combinacions CA o AP.

#### 1.4 GLOSSARI DE TECNOLOGIES BIG DATA

"Big-data" és una de les paraules de moda més inflades dels últims anys. Tecnologies nascudes per manejar grans conjunts de dades i superar els límits dels productes anteriors estan guanyant popularitat fora de l'entorn de la investigació i la producció. La següent llista seria una referència d'aquest món. És encara incompleta i sempre ho serà.

#### 1.4.1 FRAMEWORKS

**Apache Hadoop**: framework for distributed processing. Integrates MapReduce (parallel processing), YARN (job scheduling) and HDFS (distributed file system)

### 1.4.2 DISTRIBUTED PROGRAMMING

**AddThis Hydra**: distributed data processing and storage system originally developed at AddThis



**Akela**: Mozilla's utility library for Hadoop, HBase, Pig, etc.

**Amazon Lambda**: a compute service that runs your code in response to events and automatically manages the compute resources for you

**Amazon SPICE**: Super-fast Parallel In-memory Calculation Engine

**AMPcrowd**: A RESTful web service that runs microtasks across multiple crowds

**AMPLab G-OLA**: a novel mini-batch execution model that generalizes OLA to support general OLAP queries with arbitrarily nested aggregates using efficient delta maintenance techniques

**AMPLab SIMR**: run Spark on Hadoop MapReduce v1

**Apache Crunch**: a simple Java API for tasks like joining and data aggregation that are tedious to implement on plain MapReduce

**Apache DataFu**: collection of user-defined functions for Hadoop and Pig developed by LinkedIn

**Apache Flink**: high-performance runtime, and automatic program optimization

**Apache Gora**: framework for in-memory data model and persistence

**Apache Hama**: BSP (Bulk Synchronous Parallel) computing framework

**Apache Ignite**: high-performance, integrated and distributed in-memory platform for computing and transacting on large-scale data sets in real-time

**Apache MapReduce**: programming model for processing large data sets with a parallel, distributed algorithm on a cluster

**Apache Pig**: high level language to express data analysis programs for Hadoop



**Apache S4**: framework for stream processing, implementation of S4

**Apache Spark**: framework for in-memory cluster computing

**Apache Spark Streaming**: framework for stream processing, part of Spark

**Apache Storm**: framework for stream processing by Twitter also on YARN

**Apache Tez**: application framework for executing a complex DAG (directed acyclic graph) of tasks, built on YARN

**Apache Twill**: abstraction over YARN that reduces the complexity of developing distributed applications

**Arvados**: Spins a web of microservices around unsuspecting sysadmins

**Blaze:** Python users high-level access to efficient computation on inconveniently large data

**Cascalog:** data processing and querying library

**Cheetah**: High Performance, Custom Data Warehouse on Top of MapReduce

**Concurrent Cascading**: framework for data management/analytics on Hadoop

**Damballa Parkour**: MapReduce library for Clojure

**Datasalt Pangool**: alternative MapReduce paradigm

**DataTorrent StrAM**: real-time engine is designed to enable distributed, asynchronous, real time in-memory big-data computations in as unblocked a way as possible, with minimal overhead and impact on performance

**DistributedR**: scalable high-performance platform for the R language



**Drools**: a Business Rules Management System (BRMS) solution

**eBay Oink**: REST based interface for PIG execution

**Esper**: a highly scalable, memory-efficient, in-memory computing, SQL-standard, minimal latency, real-time streaming-capable Big Data processing engine for historical data

**Facebook Corona**: Hadoop enhancement which removes single point of failure

**Facebook Peregrine**: Map Reduce framework

**Facebook Scuba**: distributed in-memory datastore

**GearPump**: a lightweight real-time big data streaming engine

**Geotrellis**: geographic data processing engine for high performance applications

**GetStream Stream Framework**: a Python library, which allows you to build newsfeed and notification systems using Cassandra and/or Redis

**GIS Tools for Hadoop**: Big Data Spatial Analytics for the Hadoop Framework

**Google Dataflow**: create data pipelines to help themæingest, transform and analyze data

**Google FlumeJava**: Easy, Efficient Data-Parallel Pipelines. Base of Google Dataflow

**Google MapReduce**: map reduce framework

**Google MillWheel**: fault tolerant stream processing framework

**GraphLab Dato**: fast, scalable engine of GraphLab Create, a Python library



Hazelcast: In-Memory Data Grid

**HParser**: data parsing transformation environment optimized for Hadoop

**IBM Streams**: advanced analytic platform that allows user-developed applications to quickly ingest, analyze and correlate information as it arrives from thousands of real-time sources

**JAQL**: declarative programming language for working with structured, semi-structured and unstructured data

**Kite**: is a set of libraries, tools, examples, and documentation focused on making it easier to build systems on top of the Hadoop ecosystem

**Kryo**: Java serialization and cloning: fast, efficient, automatic

**LinkedIn Cubert**: a fast and efficient batch computation engine for complex analysis and reporting of massive datasets on Hadoop

**Lipstick**: Pig workflow visualization tool

**Metamarkers Druid**: framework for real-time analysis of large datasets

**Microsoft Azure Stream Analytics**: an event processing engine that helps uncover real-time insights from devices, sensors, infrastructure, applications and data

**Microsoft Orleans**: a straightforward approach to building distributed high-scale computing applications

**Microsoft Project Orleans**: a framework that provides a straightforward approach to building distributed high-scale computing applications

**Microsoft Trill**: a high-performance in-memory incremental analytics engine



**Netflix Aegisthus**: Bulk Data Pipeline out of Cassandra. implements a reader for the SSTable format and provides a map/reduce program to create a compacted snapshot of the data contained in a column family

**Netflix Lipstick**: Pig Visualization framework

**Netflix Mantis**: Event Stream Processing System

**Netflix PigPen**: map-reduce for Clojure whiche compiles to Apache Pig

**Netflix STAASH:** language-agnostic as well as storage-agnostic web interface for storing data into persistent storage systems

**Netflix Surus**: a collection of tools for analysis in Pig and Hive

**Netflix Zeno**: Netflix's In-Memory Data Propagation Framework

**Nextflow**: Dataflow oriented toolkit for parallel and distributed computational pipelines

**Nokia Disco**: MapReduce framework developed by Nokia

**Oryx**: is a realization of the lambda architecture built on Apache Spark and Apache Kafka, but with specialization for real-time large scale machine learning

**Pachyderm**: lets you store and analyze your data using containers.

**Parsely Streamparse**: streamparse lets you run Python code against realtime streams of data. It also integrates Python smoothly with Apache Storm.

**PigPen:** PigPen is map-reduce for Clojure, or distributed Clojure. It compiles to Apache Pig, but you don't need to know much about Pig to use it

**Pinterest Pinlater**: asynchronous job execution system



**Pubnub**: Data stream network

**Pydoop**: Python MapReduce and HDFS API for Hadoop

**ScaleOut hServer**: fast, scalable in-memory data grid for Hadoop

**SeqPig**: Simple and scalable scripting for large sequencing data set(ex:

bioinfomation) in Hadoop

**SigmoidAnalytics Spork**: Pig on Apache Spark

**SNAP**: Stanford Network Analysis Platform is a general purpose, high performance system for analysis and manipulation of large networks

**spark-dataflow**: allows users to execute dataflow pipelines with Spark

**SpatialHadoop**: SpatialHadoop is a MapReduce extension to Apache Hadoop designed specially to work with spatial data.

**Spring for Apache Hadoop**: unified configuration model and easy to use APIs for using HDFS, MapReduce, Pig, and Hive

**SQLStream Blaze**: stream processing platform

**Stratio Crossdata**: provides an unified way to access to multiple datastores

**Stratio Decision**: the union of a real-time messaging bus with a complex event processing engine using Spark Streaming

**Stratio Streaming**: the union of a real-time messaging bus with a complex event processing engine using Spark Streaming

**Stratosphere**: general purpose cluster computing framework

**Streamdrill**: usefull for counting activities of event streams over different time windows and finding the most active one



Succinct Spark: Enabling Queries on Compressed Data

**Sumo Logic**: cloud based analyzer for machine-generated data.

**Teradata QueryGrid**: data-access layer that can orchestrate multiple modes of analysis across multiple databases plus Hadoop

TIBCO ActiveSpaces: in-memory data grid

**Tigon**: a distributed framework built on Apache HadoopTM and Apache HBaseTM for real-time, high-throughput, low-latency data processing and analytics applications

**Torch**: Scientific computing for LuaJIT

**Trident**: a high-level abstraction for doing realtime computing on top of Storm

**Twitter Crane**: Java ETL

**Twitter Gizzard**: a flexible sharding framework for creating eventuallyconsistent distributed datastores

**Twitter Heron**: a realtime, distributed, fault-tolerant stream processing engine from Twitter

**Twitter Scalding**: Scala library for Map Reduce jobs, built on Cascading

**Twitter Summingbird**: Streaming MapReduce with Scalding and Storm, by Twitter

**Twitter TSAR**: TimeSeries AggregatoR by Twitter

#### 1.4.3 DISTRIBUTED FILESYSTEM

**Amazon Elastic File System**: file storage service for Amazon Elastic Compute Cloud (Amazon EC2) instances



**Amazon Simple Storage Service**: secure, durable, highly-scalable object storage

**Apache HDFS**: a way to store large files across multiple machines

**Apache Kudu**: completes Hadoop's storage layer to enable fast analytics on fast data

**BeeGFS**: formerly FhGFS, parallel distributed file system

**Ceph Filesystem**: software storage platform designed

**Disco DDFS**: distributed filesystem

Facebook Haystack: object storage system

**Google Cloud Storage**: durable and highly available object storage

**Google Cloud Storage Nearline**: a highly available, affordable solution for backup, archiving and disaster recovery.

**Google Colossus**: distributed filesystem (GFS2)

**Google GFS**: distributed filesystem

**Google Megastore**: scalable, highly available storage

**GridGain**: GGFS, Hadoop compliant in-memory file system

**HDSF-DU**: HDFS-DU is an interactive visualization of the Hadoop

distributed file system.

**Lustre file system**: high-performance distributed filesystem

**MapR-FS**: Distributed filesystem from MapR

Microsoft Azure Data Lake: a hyper scale repository for big data analytic

workloads



**Netflix S3mper**: library that provides an additional layer of consistency checking on top of Amazon's S3 index through use of a consistent, secondary index

**Quantcast File System QFS**: open-source distributed file system

**Red Hat GlusterFS**: scale-out network-attached storage file system

**Tachyon**: reliable file sharing at memory speed across cluster frameworks

#### 1.4.4 KEY-MAP DATA MODEL

**Actian Vector**: column-oriented analytic database

**Apache Accumulo**: distribuited key/value store, built on Hadoop

**Apache Cassandra:** column-oriented distribuited datastore, inspired by BigTable

**Apache HBase**: column-oriented distribuited datastore, inspired by BigTable

**Facebook HydraBase**: evolution of HBase made by Facebook

**Google BigTable**: column-oriented distributed datastore

**Google Cloud Datastore**: is a fully managed, schemaless database for storing non-relational data over BigTable

**Hypertable**: column-oriented distribuited datastore, inspired by BigTable

**InfiniDB**: is accessed through a MySQL interface and use massive parallel processing to parallelize queries

**MapR-DB**: fast, scalable, and enterprise-ready in-Hadoop database architected to manage big data



**Netflix Priam**: Co-Process for backup/recovery, Token Management, and Centralized Configuration management for Cassandra

**OhmData C5**: improved version of HBase

**Palantir AtlasDB**: a massively scalable datastore and transactional layer that can be placed on top of any key-value store to give it ACID properties

**Sqrrl**: NoSQL databases on top of Apache Accumulo

**Stratio Cassandra**: Cassandra index functionality has been extended to provide near real time search such as ElasticSearch or Solr, including full text search capabilities and multivariable, geospatial and bitemporal search

**Tephra**: Transactions for HBase

**Twitter Manhattan**: real-time, multi-tenant distributed database for Twitter scale

#### 1.4.5 DOCUMENT DATA MODEL

**Actian Versant**: commercial object-oriented database management systems

**Amazon SimpleDB:** a highly available and flexible non-relational data store that offloads the work of database administration

**BigchainDB**: The scalable blockchain database.

**Clusterpoint**: a database software for high-speed storage and large-scale processing of XML and JSON data on clusters of commodity hardware

**Crate Data**: is an open source massively scalable data store. It requires zero administration

**Facebook Apollo**: Facebook's Paxos-like NoSQL database



jumboDB: document oriented datastore over Hadoop

**LinkedIn Ambry**: Distributed object store

**LinkedIn Espresso**: horizontally scalable document-oriented NoSQL data

store

**MarkLogic**: Schema-agnostic Enterprise NoSQL database technology

**Microsoft DocumentDB**: fully-managed, highly-scalable, NoSQL document

database service

**Microsoft StorSimple**: a unique hybrid cloud storage solution that lowers

costs and improves data protection

**MongoDB**: Document-oriented database system

**RavenDB**: A transactional, open-source Document Database

**RethinkDB**: document database that supports gueries like table joins and

group by

**Terrastore**: a modern document store which provides advanced scalability

and elasticity features without sacrificing consistency

**TokuMX**: High-Performance MongoDB Distribution

**Tokutek**: Tokutek claims to improve MongoDB performance 20x

#### 1.4.6 KEY-VALUE DATA MODEL

**Aerospike**: NoSQL flash-optimized, in-memory. Open source and "Server code in 'C' (not Java or Erlang) precisely tuned to avoid context switching and memory copies.

**Amazon DynamoDB**: distributed key/value store, implementation of Dynamo paper



**Couchbase ForestDB**: Fast Key-Value Storage Engine Based on Hierarchical B+-Tree Trie

**Edis**: is a protocol-compatible Server replacement for Redis

**ElephantDB**: Distributed database specialized in exporting data from

Hadoop

**EventStore**: distributed time series database

**Exasolution**: an in-memory, column-oriented, relational database management system

**HyperDex**: next generation key-value store

**KAI**: a distributed key-value datastore

**LinkedIn Krati**: is a simple persistent data store with very low latency and high throughput

**Linkedin Voldemort**: distributed key/value storage system

**MemcacheDB**: a distributed key-value storage system designed for persistent

**Netflix Dynomite**: thin Dynamo-based replication for cached data

**Oracle NoSQL Database**: distributed key-value database by Oracle Corporation

**QDB**: A fast, high availability, fully Redis compatible store

**RAMCloud:** storage system that provides large-scale low-latency storage by keeping all data in DRAM all the time and aggregating the main memories of thousands of servers

**RebornDB**: Distributed database fully compatible with redis protocol



**Redis**: in memory key value datastore

**Redis Cluster**: distributed implementation of Redis

**Redis Sentinel**: system designed to help managing Redis instances

**Riak**: a decentralized datastore

**Scalaris**: a distributed transactional key-value store

**Storehaus**: library to work with asynchronous key value stores, by Twitter

**Tarantool**: an efficient NoSQL database and a Lua application server

**TreodeDB**: key-value store that's replicated and sharded and provides atomic multirow writes

**Yahoo Sherpa**: hosted, distributed and geographically replicated key-valueÊcloud storage platform

#### 1.4.7 GRAPH DATA MODEL

**Apache Giraph**: implementation of Pregel, based on Hadoop

**Apache Spark Bagel**: implementation of Pregel, part of Spark

**ArangoDB**: multi model distribuited database

**Doradus**: Doradus is a REST service that extends a Cassandra NoSQL database with a graph-based data model, advanced indexing and search features, and a REST API

**Facebook TAO**: TAO is the distributed data store that is widely used at facebook to store and serve the social graph

**Faunus**: Hadoop-based graph analytics engine for analyzing graphs represented across a multi-machine compute cluster



**Google Cayley**: open-source graph database

**Google Pregel**: graph processing framework

**GraphLab PowerGraph**: a core C++ GraphLab API and a collection of high-performance machine learning and data mining toolkits built on top of the GraphLab API

**GraphX**: resilient Distributed Graph System on Spark

**Gremlin**: graph traversal Language

**HyperGraphDB**: general purpose, open-source data storage mechanism based on a powerful knowledge management formalism known as directed hypergraphs

**InfiniteGraph**: distributed graph database

**Infovore**: RDF-centric Map/Reduce framework

**Intel GraphBuilder**: tools to construct large-scale graphs on top of Hadoop

**MapGraph**: Massively Parallel Graph processing on GPUs

**Mazerunner for Neo4j**: extends a Neo4j graph database to run scheduled big data graph compute algorithms at scale with HDFS and Apache Spark.

**MemGraph**: cypher compatibile, high-performance in-memory transactional and real-time analytics graph database

**Microsoft Graph Engine**: a distributed, in-memory, large graph processing engine, underpinned by a strongly-typed RAM store and a general computation engine

**Neo4j**: graph database writting entirely in Java

**OrientDB**: document and graph database



**Phoebus:** framework for large scale graph processing

**Pinterest Zen**: Pinterest's Graph Storage Service

**Sparksee**: scalable high-performance graph database

**Stardog**: graph database: search, query, reasoning, and constraints in a

lightweight, pure Java system

**Titan**: distributed graph database, built over Cassandra

**Twitter FlockDB**: distribuited graph database

## 1.4.8 NEWSQL DATABASES

**Actian Ingres**: commercially supported, open-source SQL relational database management system

**BayesDB**: statistic oriented SQL database

**Cockroach**: Scalable, Geo-Replicated, Transactional Datastore

**Datomic**: distributed database designed to enable scalable, flexible and

intelligent applications

**FoundationDB**: distributed database, inspired by F1

**Google F1**: distributed SQL database built on Spanner

**Google Spanner**: globally distributed semi-relational database

**H-Store**: is an experimental main-memory, parallel database management system that is optimized for on-line transaction processing (OLTP) applications

- |- |-

**HandlerSocket**: NoSQL plugin for MySQL/MariaDB

**IBM DB2**: object-relational database management system



**InfiniSQL**: infinity scalable RDBMS

**MemSQL**: in memory SQL database witho optimized columnar storage on

flash

**NuoDB**: SQL/ACID compliant distributed database

**Oracle Database**: object-relational database management system

Oracle TimesTen in-Memory Database: in-memory, relational database

management system with persistence and recoverability

**Pivotal GemFire XD**: Low-latency, in-memory, distributed SQL data store.

Provides SQL interface to in-memory table data, persistable in HDFS

**SAP HANA**: is an in-memory, column-oriented, relational database

management system

**Segment SQL**: Track your customer data to Amazon Redshift

**SenseiDB**: distributed, realtime, semi-structured database

**Sky**: database used for flexible, high performance analysis of behavioral

data

**SymmetricDS**: open source software for both file and database

synchronization

**Teradata Database**: complete relational database management system

**VoltDB**: in-memory NewSQL database

**Columnar Databases** 

**Amazon RedShift**: data warehouse service, based on PostgreSQL

**Apache Arrow**: Powering Columnar In-Memory Analytics



**C-Store**: column oriented DBMS

**Google BigQuery**: framework for interactive analysis, implementation of

Dremel

Google Dremel: framework for interactive analysis, implementation of

Dremel

**MonetDB**: column store database

**Parquet**: columnar storage format for Hadoop

**Pivotal Greenplum**: purpose-built, dedicated analytic data warehouse

**Vertica**: is designed to manage large, fast-growing volumes of data and provide very fast query performance when used for data warehouses

#### 1.4.9 TIME-SERIES DATABASES

Chronix: fast and efficient time series storage based on Apache Lucene and Apache Solr

Cube: uses MongoDB to store time series data

Etsy StatsD: simple daemon for easy stats aggregation

InfluxDB: distributed time series database

Kairos: Time series data storage in Redis, Mongo, SQL and Cassandra

Kairosdb: similar to OpenTSDB but allows for Cassandra

OpenTSDB: distributed time series database on top of HBase

Prometheus: an open-source service monitoring system and time series

database



Square Cube: system for collecting timestamped events and deriving metrics

TempoIQ: Cloud-based sensor analytics

## 1.4.10 SQL-LIKE PROCESSING

Actian SQL for Hadoop: high performance interactive SQL access to all Hadoop data

Adabas: ADABAS was NoSQL from a time when there was no SQL

Akiban: Touted as SQL database with object structured storage

AMPLAB Shark: data warehouse system for Spark

Apache Drill: framework for interactive analysis, inspired by Dremel

Apache HCatalog: table and storage management layer for Hadoop

Apache Hive: SQL-like data warehouse system for Hadoop

Apache Optiq: framework that allows efficient translation of queries involving heterogeneous and federated data

Apache Phoenix: SQL skin over HBase

BlinkDB: massively parallel, approximate query engine

Brytlyt: a fully enabled GPGPU database which allows for offloading of database operations to General Processing on Graphics Processor Units.

Cloudera Impala: framework for interactive analysis, Inspired by Dremel

Concurrent Lingual: SQL-like query language for Cascading

Datasalt Splout SQL: full SQL query engine for big datasets



eBay Kylin: Distributed Analytics Engine from eBay Inc. that provides SQL interface and multi-dimensional analysis (OLAP) on Hadoop supporting extremely large datasets

Facebook PrestoDB: distributed SQL query engine

Hadapt: a native implementation of SQL for the Apache Hadoop opensource project

Hekaton: Refer to lock-free architecture for SQL Server 2014

JethroData: index-based SQL engine for Hadoop

Metanautix Quest: data compute engine

Pivotal HAWQ: SQL-like data warehouse system for Hadoop

RainstorDB: database for storing petabyte-scale volumes of structured and semi-structured data

Spark Catalyst: is a Query Optimization Framework for Spark and Shark

SparkSQL: Manipulating Structured Data Using Spark

Splice Machine: a full-featured SQL-on-Hadoop RDBMS with ACID transactions

Stinger: interactive query for Hive

Tajo: distributed data warehouse system on Hadoop

Trafodion: enterprise-class SQL-on-HBase solution targeting big data transactional or operational workloads

Integrated Development Environments

R-Studio: IDE for R



#### 1.4.11 DATA INGESTION

Amazon Kinesis: real-time processing of streaming data at massive scale

Amazon Snowball: a petabyte-scale data transport solution that uses secure appliances to transfer large amounts of data into and out of AWS

AMPLab SampleClean: scalable techniques for data cleaning and statistical inference on dirty data

Apache BookKeeper: a distributed logging service called BookKeeper and a distributed publish/subscribe system built on top of BookKeeper called Hedwig

Apache Chukwa: data collection system

Apache Flume: service to manage large amount of log data

Apache Samza: stream processing framework, based on Kafla and YARN

Apache Sqoop: tool to transfer data between Hadoop and a structured datastore

Apache UIMA: Unstructured Information Management applications are software systems that analyze large volumes of unstructured information in order to discover knowledge that is relevant to an end user

Cloudera Morphlines: framework that help ETL to Solr, HBase and HDFS

Facebook Scribe: streamed log data aggregator

Fluentd: tool to collect events and logs

Google Photon: geographically distributed system for joining multiple continuously flowing streams of data in real-time with high scalability and low latency

Heka: open source stream processing software system



HIHO: framework for connecting disparate data sources with Hadoop

LinkedIn Camus: Kafka to HDFS pipeline. It is a mapreduce job that does

distributed data loads out of Kafka

LinkedIn Databus: stream of change capture events for a database

LinkedIn Gobblin: a framework for Solving Big Data Ingestion Problem

LinkedIn Kamikaze: utility package for compressing sorted integer arrays

Linkedin Lumos: bridge from OLTP to OLAP for use it on Hadoop

LinkedIn White Elephant: log aggregator and dashboard

Logstash: a tool for managing events and logs

Netflix Ribbon: a Inter Process Communication (remote procedure calls) library with built in software load balancers. The primary usage model involves REST calls with various serialization scheme support

Netflix Suro: data pipeline service for collecting, aggregating, and dispatching large volume of application events including log data based on Chukwa

Pinterest Secor: is a service implementing Kafka log persistance

Record Breaker: Automatic structure for your text-formatted data

Sawmill: extensive log processing and reporting features

Stratio Ingestion: Apache Flume with steroids

TIBCO Enterprise Message Service: standards-based messaging middleware

Twitter Zipkin: distributed tracing system that helps us gather timing data for all the disparate services at Twitter



Vibe Data Stream: streaming data collection for real-time Big Data analytics

#### 1.4.12 MESSAGE-ORIENTED MIDDLEWARE

ActiveMQ: open source messaging and Integration Patterns server

Amazon Simple Queue Service: fast, reliable, scalable, fully managed queue service

Apache Kafka: distributed publish-subscribe messaging system

Apache Qpid: messaging tools that speak AMQP and support many languages and platforms

Apcera NATS: an open-source, high-performance, lightweight cloud native messaging system

Apollo: ActiveMQ's next generation of messaging

Azure Event Hubs: a highly scalable publish-subscribe event ingestor

Beanstalkd: simple, fast work queue

Bit.ly NSQ: realtime distributed message processing at scale

Celery: Distributed Task Queue

Crossroads I/O: library for building scalable and high performance distributed applications

Darner: simple, lightweight message queue

Facebook Iris: a totally ordered queue of messaging updates with separate pointers into the queue indicating the last update sent to your Messenger app and the traditional storage tier

Gearman: Job Server



Google Cloud Pub/Sub: reliable, many-to-many, asynchronous messaging hosted on Google's infrastructure

Google Pub/Sub: reliable, many-to-many, asynchronous messaging hosted on Google's infrastructure

HornetQ: open source project to build a multi-protocol, embeddable, very high performance, clustered, asynchronous messaging system

IronMQ: easy-to-use highly available message queuing service

Kestrel: distributed message queue system

Marconi: queuing and notification service made by and for OpenStack, but not only for it

RabbitMQ: Robust messaging for applications

RestMQ: message queue which uses HTTP as transport, JSON to format a minimalist protocol and is organized as REST resources

RQ: simple Python library for queueing jobs and processing them in the background with workers

Sidekiq: Simple, efficient background processing for Ruby

ZeroMQ: The Intelligent Transport Layer

#### 1.4.13 SERVICE PROGRAMMING

Akka Toolkit: runtime for distributed, and fault tolerant event-driven applications on the JVM

Apache Avro: data serialization system

Apache Curator: Java libaries for Apache ZooKeeper

Apache Karaf: OSGi runtime that runs on top of any OSGi framework



Apache Thrift: framework to build binary protocols

Apache Zookeeper: centralized service for process management

Google Chubby: a lock service for loosely-coupled distributed systems

Linkedin Norbert: cluster manager

MPICH: high performance and widely portable implementation of the

Message Passing Interface (MPI) standard

OpenMPI: message passing framework

Serf: decentralized solution for service discovery and orchestration

Spotify Luigi: a Python package for building complex pipelines of batch jobs. It handles dependency resolution, workflow management, visualization, handling failures, command line integration, and much more

Spring XD: distributed and extensible system for data ingestion, real time analytics, batch processing, and data export

Twitter Elephant Bird: libraries for working with LZOP-compressed data

Twitter Finagle: asynchronous network stack for the JVM

#### 1.4.14 SCHEDULING

AirBnB Airflow: AirFlow is a system to programmatically author, schedule and monitor data pipelines

Apache Aurora: is a service scheduler that runs on top of Apache Mesos

Apache Falcon: data management framework

Apache Oozie: workflow job scheduler

Chronos: distributed and fault-tolerant scheduler



Linkedin Azkaban: batch workflow job scheduler

Pinterest Pinball: customizable platform for creating workflow managers

Sparrow: scheduling platform

#### 1.4.15 MACHINELEARNING

Amazon Machine Learning: visualization tools and wizards that guide you through the process of creating machine learning (ML) models without having to learn complex ML algorithms and technology

AMPLab Splash: a general framework for parallelizing stochastic learning algorithms on multi-node clusters

AMPLab Velox: a data management system for facilitating the next steps in real-world, large-scale analytics pipelines

Apache Mahout: machine learning library for Hadoop

Ayasdi Core: tool for topological data analysis

brain: Neural networks in JavaScript

Caffe: a deep learning framework made with expression, speed, and modularity in mind. It is developed by the Berkeley Vision and Learning Cente

Cloudera Oryx: real-time large-scale machine learning

Concurrent Pattern: machine learning library for Cascading

convnetjs: Deep Learning in Javascript. Train Convolutional Neural Networks (or ordinary ones) in your browser

cuDNN: GPU-accelerated library of primitives for deep neural networks

Decider: Flexible and Extensible Machine Learning in Ruby



DeepCL: OpenCL library to train deep convolutional neural networks

etcML: text classification with machine learning

Etsy Conjecture: scalable Machine Learning in Scalding

Facebook DeepText: a deep learning-based text understanding engine that can understand with near-human accuracy the textual content of several thousands posts per second, spanning more than 20 languages

Facebook FBLearner Flow: provides innovative functionality, like automatic generation of UI experiences from pipeline definitions and automatic parallelization of Python code using futures

fbcunn: Deep Learning CUDA Extensions from Facebook AI Research

Google DistBelief: software framework that can utilize computing clusters with thousands of machines to train large models

Google Sibyl: System for Large Scale Machine Learning at Google

Google TensorFlow: an Open Source Software Library for Machine Intelligence

H2O: statistical, machine learning and math runtime for Hadoop

IBM Watson: cognitive computing system

KeystoneML: Simplifying robust end-to-end machine learning on Apache Spark

LinkedIn FeatureFu: contains a collection of library/tools for advanced feature engineering to derive features on top of other features, or convert a light weighted model into a feature

LinkedIn ml-ease: ADMM based large scale logistic regression



Microsoft Azure Machine Learning: is built on the machine learning capabilities already available in several Microsoft products including Xbox and Bing and using predefined templates and workflows

Microsoft CNTK: Computational Network Toolkit

MLbase: distributed machine learning libraries for the BDAS stack

MLPNeuralNet: Fast multilayer perceptron neural network library for iOS and Mac OS X

Neon: a highly configurable deep learning framework

nupic: Numenta Platform for Intelligent Computing: a brain-inspired machine intelligence platform, and biologically accurate neural network based on cortical learning algorithms

OpenAI Gym: a toolkit for developing and comparing reinforcement learning algorithms

PredictionIO: machine learning server buit on Hadoop, Mahout and Cascading

scikit-learn: scikit-learn: machine learning in Python

Seldon: an open source predictive analytics platform based upon Spark, Kafka and Hadoop

Spark MLlib: a Spark implementation of some common machine learning (ML) functionality

Sparkling Water: combine H2OOs Machine Learning capabilities with the power of the Spark platform

SparkNet: Distributed Neural Networks for Spark

Theano: Python package for deep learning that can utilize NVIDIA's CUDA toolkit to run on the GPU



Thunder: Large-scale analysis of neural data

Vahara: Machine learning and natural language processing with Apache

Pig

Velox: a system for serving machine learning predictions

Viv: global platform that enables developers to plug into and create an

intelligent, conversational interface to anything

Vowpal Wabbit: learning system sponsored by Microsoft and Yahoo!

WEKA: suite of machine learning software

Wit: Natural Language for the Internet of Things

Wolfram Alpha: computational knowledge engine

YHat ScienceOps: platform for deploying, managing, and scaling predictive models in production applications

#### 1.4.16 BENCHMARKING

Apache Hadoop Benchmarking: micro-benchmarks for testing Hadoop performances

Berkeley SWIM Benchmark: real-world big data workload benchmark

Big-Bench: Big Bench Workload Development

Hive-benchmarks: some benchmarking queries for Apache Hive

Hive-testbench: Testbench for experimenting with Apache Hive at any data scale.

Intel HiBench: a Hadoop benchmark suite



Mesosaurus: Mesos task load simulator framework for (cluster and Mesos) performance analysis

Netflix Inviso: performance focused Big Data tool

PUMA Benchmarking: benchmark suite for MapReduce applications

Yahoo Gridmix3: Hadoop cluster benchmarking from Yahoo engineer team

## **1.4.17 SECURITY**

Apache Knox Gateway: single point of secure access for Hadoop clusters

Apache Ranger: framework to enable, monitor and manage comprehensive data security across the Hadoop platform (formerly called Apache Argus)

Apache Sentry: security module for data stored in Hadoop

PacketPig: Open Source Big Data Security Analytics

Voltage SecureData: data protection framework

#### 1.4.18 SYSTEM DEPLOYMENT

Ankush: A big data cluster management tool that creates and manages clusters of different technologies.

Apache Ambari: operational framework for Hadoop mangement

Apache Bigtop: system deployment framework for the Hadoop ecosystem

Apache Helix: cluster management framework

Apache Mesos: cluster manager

Apache Slider: is a YARN application to deploy existing distributed

applications on YARN



Apache Whirr: set of libraries for running cloud services

Apache YARN: Cluster manager

Brooklyn: library that simplifies application deployment and management

Buildoop: Similar to Apache BigTop based on Groovy language

Cloudera Director: a comprehensive data management platform with the flexibility and power to evolve with your business

Cloudera HUE: web application for interacting with Hadoop

CloudPhysics: collect operational metadata from your virtualized infrastructure, then correlate and analyze it to expose operational hazards and waste that pose a threat to your datacenter performance, efficiency and uptime

Deimos: Mesos containerizer hooks for Docker

Develoop: tool for provisioning, managing and monitoring Apache Hadoop

Etsy Sahale: Visualizing Cascading Workflows at Etsy

Facebook Autoscale: the load balancer will concentrate workload to a server until it has at least a medium-level workload

Facebook Prism: multi datacenters replication system

Ganglia Monitoring System: scalable distributed monitoring system for high-performance computing systems such as clusters and Grids

Genie: Genie provides REST-ful APIs to run Hadoop, Hive and Pig jobs, and to manage multiple Hadoop resources and perform job submissions across them.

Google Borg: job scheduling and monitoring system



Google Omega: job scheduling and monitoring system

Hannibal: Hannibal is tool to help monitor and maintain HBase-Clusters that are configured for manual splitting.

Hortonworks HOYA: application that can deploy HBase cluster on YARN

Jumbune: Jumbune is an open-source product built for analyzing Hadoop cluster and MapReduce jobs.

Marathon: Mesos framework for long-running services

Minotaur: scripts/recipes/configs to spin up VPC-based infrastructure in AWS from scratch and deploy labs to it

Myriad: a mesos framework designed for scaling YARN clusters on Mesos. Myriad can expand or shrink one or more YARN clusters in response to events as per configured rules and policies.

Neflix SimianArmy: a suite of tools for keeping your cloud operating in top form

Netflix Eureka: AWS Service registry for resilient mid-tier load balancing and failover

Netflix Hystrix: a latency and fault tolerance library designed to isolate points of access to remote systems, services and 3rd party libraries, stop cascading failure and enable resilience in complex distributed systems where failure is inevitable

Scaling Data: tracing data center problems to root cause, predict capacity issues, identify emerging failures and highlight latent threats

Stratio Manager: install, manage and monitor all the technology stack related to the Stratio Platform

Tumblr Collins: Infrastructure management for engineers



Tumblr Genesis: a tool for data center automation

## 1.4.19 CONTAINER MANAGER

Amazon EC2 Container Service: a highly scalable, high performance container management service that supports Docker containers

CoreOS Fleet: cluster management tool from CoreOS

Docker: an open platform for developers and sysadmins to build, ship, and run distributed applications

Docker Swarm: native clustering for Docker

Fig: fast, isolated development environments using Docker

Google Container Engine: Run Docker containers on Google Cloud Platform, powered by Kubernetes

HashiCorp Nomad: a Distributed, Highly Available, Datacenter-Aware Scheduler

Kubernetes: open source implementation of container cluster management

Pumba: Chaos testing tool for Docker

Rocket: an alternative to the Docker runtime, designed for server environments with the most rigorous security and production requirements

# 1.4.20 APPLICATIONS

Adobe Spindle: Next-generation web analytics processing with Scala, Spark, and Parquet

Apache Kiji: framework to collect and analyze data in real-time, based on HBase



Apache Nutch: open source web crawler

Apache OODT: capturing, processing and sharing of data for NASA's

scientific archives

Apache Tika: content analysis toolkit

Domino: Run, scale, share, and deploy models N without any

infrastructure.

Eclipse BIRT: Eclipse-based reporting system

Eventhub: open source event analytics platform

HIPI Library: API for performing image processing tasks on Hadoop's

MapReduce

Hunk: Splunk analytics for Hadoop

MADlib: data-processing library of an RDBMS to analyze data

PivotalR: R on Pivotal HD / HAWQ and PostgreSQL

Qubole: auto-scaling Hadoop cluster, built-in data connectors

Sense: Cloud Platform for Data Science and Big Data Analytics

Snowplow: enterprise-strength web and event analytics, powered by

Hadoop, Kinesis, Redshift and Postgres

SparkR: R frontend for Spark

Splunk: analyzer for machine-generated date

Talend: unified open source environment for YARN, Hadoop, HBASE, Hive,

**HCatalog & Pig** 



#### 1.4.21 SEARCH ENGINE AND FRAMEWORK

Algolia: Hosted Search API that delivers instant and relevant results from the first keystroke

Apache Blur: a search engine capable of querying massive amounts of

structured data at incredible speeds

Apache Lucene: Search engine library

Apache Solr: Search platform for Apache Lucene

ElasticSearch: Search and analytics engine based on Apache Lucene

Elasticsearch Hadoop: Elasticsearch real-time search and analytics natively integrated with Hadoop. Supports Map/Reduce, Cascading, Apache Hive and Apache Pig.

Enigma.io: Freemium robust web application for exploring, filtering, analyzing, searching and exporting massive datasets scraped from across the Web

Facebook Unicorn: social graph search platform

Google Caffeine: continuous indexing system

Google Percolator: continuous indexing system

TeraGoogle: large search index

Haeinsa: linearly scalable multi-row, multi-table transaction library for

HBase based on Percolator

HBase Coprocessor: implementation of Percolator, part of HBase

hIndex: Secondary Index for HBase

SF1R Search Engine: distributed search engine written in c++



Lily HBase Indexer: quickly and easily search for any content stored in HBase

LinkedIn Bobo: is a Faceted Search implementation written purely in Java, an extension to Apache Lucene

LinkedIn Cleo: is a flexible software library for enabling rapid development of partial, out-of-order and real-time typeahead search

LinkedIn Galene: search architecture at LinkedIn

LinkedIn Zoie: is a realtime search/indexing system written in Java

Sphinx Search Server: fulltext search engine

# 1.4.22 MYSQL FORKS AND EVOLUTIONS

Amazon Aurora: a MySQL-compatible, relational database engine that combines the speed and availability of high-end commercial databases with the simplicity and cost-effectiveness of open source databases

Amazon RDS: MySQL databases in Amazon's cloud

BigObject: Real-time Computing Engine Designed for Big Data

Drizzle: evolution of MySQL 6.0

Galera Cluster: a synchronous multi-master cluster for MySQL, Percona and MariaDB

Google Cloud SQL: MySQL databases in Google's cloud

HiveDB: an open source framework for horizontally partitioning MySQL

systems

MariaDB: enhanced, drop-in replacement for MySQL



MySQL Cluster: MySQL implementation using NDB Cluster storage engine providing shared-nothing clustering and auto-sharding

Percona Server: enhanced, drop-in replacement for MySQL

ProxySQL: High Performance Proxy for MySQL

TiDB: a distributed SQL database inspired by the design of Google F1

TokuDB: TokuDB is a storage engine for MySQL and MariaDB

WebScaleSQL: is a collaboration among engineers from several companies that face similar challenges in running MySQL at scale

Youtube Vitess: provides servers and tools which facilitate scaling of MySQL databases for large scale web services

# 1.4.23 POSTGRESQL FORKS AND EVOLUTIONS

HadoopDB: hybrid of MapReduce and DBMS

IBM Netezza: high-performance data warehouse appliances

Postgres-XL: Scalable Open Source PostgreSQL-based Database Cluster

RecDB: Open Source Recommendation Engine Built Entirely Inside PostgreSQL

Stado: open source MPP database system solely targeted at data warehousing and data mart applications

Yahoo Everest: multi-peta-byte database / MPP derived by PostgreSQL

# 1.4.24 MEMCACHED FORKS AND EVOLUTIONS

Box Tron: proxy to memcached servers

Facebook McDipper: key/value cache for flash storage



Facebook Mcrouter: a memcached protocol router for scaling memcached deployments

Facebook Memcached: fork of Memcache

Twemproxy: A fast, light-weight proxy for memcached and redis

Twitter Fatcache: key/value cache for flash storage

Twitter Twemcache: fork of Memcache

#### 1.4.25 EMBEDDED DATABASES

Actian PSQL: ACID-compliant DBMS developed by Pervasive Software, optimized for embedding in applications

BerkeleyDB: a software library that provides a high-performance embedded database for key/value data

eXtreme DB: in-memory database combines exceptional performance, reliability and developer efficiency in a proven real-time embedded database engine

FairCom c-treeACE: a cross-platform database engine

Google Firebase: a powerful API to store and sync data in realtime

HamsterDB: transactional key-value database

HanoiDB: Erlang LSM BTree Storage

LevelDB: a fast key-value storage library written at Google that provides an ordered mapping from string keys to string values

LMDB: ultra-fast, ultra-compact key-value embedded data store developed by Symas



RocksDB: embeddable persistent key-value store for fast storage based on LevelDB

TokioCabinet: a library of routines for managing a database

UnQLite: a in-process software library which implements a self-contained, serverless, zero-configuration, transactional NoSQL database engine

#### 1.4.26 BUSINESS INTELLIGENCE

ActivePivot: Java In-Memory OLAP cube stored in columns, with clearly decoupled pre/post processing

Adatao: business intelligence and data science platform

Amazon QuickSight: Business Intelligence for Big Data

Apama analytics: platform for streaming analytics and intelligent automated action

Atigeo xPatterns: data analytics platform

BIME Analytics: business intelligence platform in the cloud

Chartio: lean business intelligence platform to visualize and explore your data

Datapine: self-service business intelligence tool in the cloud

Jaspersoft: powerful business intelligence suite

Jedox Palo: customisable Business Intelligence platform

Lavastorm Analytics: used for audit analytics, revenue assurance, fraud management, and customer experience management

LinkedIn GoSpeed: provides RUM data processing, visualization, monitoring, and analyses data daily, hourly, or on a near real-time basis



Map-D: GPU in-memory database, big data analysis and visualization platform

Microsoft: business intelligence software and platform

Microstrategy: software platforms for business intelligence, mobile intelligence, and network applications

Pentaho: business intelligence platform

Olik: business intelligence and analytics platform

SpagoBI: open source business intelligence platform

Spotfire: business intelligence platform

Stratio Explorer: an Interactive Web interpreter to Apache Crossdata, Stratio Ingestion, Stratio Decision, Markdown, Apache Spark, Apache Spark-SQL and command Shell

Tableau: business intelligence platform

Teradata Aster: Big Data Analytics

Tessera: Environment for Deep Analysis of Large Complex Data

Zeppelin: open source data analysis environment on top of Hadoop.

Zoomdata: Big Data Analytics

#### 1.4.27 DATA ANALYSIS

Apache Zeppelin: a web-based notebook that enables interactive data analytics

Datameer: data analytics application for Hadoop combines self-service data integration, analytics and visualization



Ibis: Python big data analysis framework for high performance at Hadoopscale, with first-class integration with Impala

LinkedIn Pinot: a distributed system that supports columnar indexes with the ability to add new types of indexes

Microsoft Cortana Analytics: a fully managed big data and advanced analytics suite that enables you to transform your data into intelligent action.

Myria: scalable Analytics-as-a-Service platform based on relational algebra

Periscope: plugs directly into your databases and lets you run, save, and share analyses over billions of data rows in seconds

Pinalytics: Pinterestâ□™s data analytics engine

Shiny: web application framework for R

Stratio Sparkta: real time monitoring

Tamr: standalone tool to catalog all of your enterprise metadata

Zaloni Bedrock: fully integrated Hadoop data management platform

Zaloni Mica: self-service data discovery, curation, and governance

Zillabyte: an API for distributed data computation. Scale with your data.

# 1.4.28 DATA WAREHOUSE

Google Mesa: highly scalable analytic data warehousing system

IBM BigInsights: data processing, warehousing and analytics

IBM dashDB: Data Warehousing and Analysis Needs, all in the Cloud



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Microsoft Azure SQL Data Warehouse: businesses access to an elastic petabyte-scale, data warehouse-as-a-service offering that can scale according to their needs

Microsoft Cosmos: Microsoft's internal BigData analysis platform

## 1.4.29 DATA VISUALIZATION

Arbor: graph visualization library using web workers and jQuery

C3: D3-based reusable chart library

CartoDB: open-source or freemium hosting for geospatial databases with powerful front-end editing capabilities and a robust API

Chart.js: open source HTML5 Charts visualizations

Chartist.js: another open source HTML5 Charts visualization

Crossfilter: avaScript library for exploring large multivariate datasets in the browser. Works well with dc.js and d3.js

Cubism: JavaScript library for time series visualization

Cytoscape: JavaScript library for visualizing complex networks

D3: javaScript library for manipulating documents

DC.js: Dimensional charting built to work natively with crossfilter rendered using d3.js. Excellent for connecting charts/additional metadata to hover events in D3

Envisionjs: dynamic HTML5 visualization

FnordMetric ChartSQL: allows you to write SQL queries that return charts instead of tables. The charts are rendered as SVG vector graphics.



Freeboard: open source real-time dashboard builder for IOT and other web mashups

Gephi: An award-winning open-source platform for visualizing and manipulating large graphs and network connections

Google Charts: simple charting API

Grafana: open source, feature rich metrics dashboard and graph editor for Graphite, InfluxDB & OpenTSDB

Graphistry: running on GPUs and turns static designs into interactive tools using client/cloud GPU infrastructure and GPU-accelerated languages like Superconductor

Graphite: scalable Realtime Graphing

Highcharts: simple and flexible charting API

IPython: provides a rich architecture for interactive computing

Keylines: toolkit for visualizing the networks in your data

Kibana: visualize logs and time-stamped data

Matplotlib: plotting with Python

Microsoft SandDance: visually explore data sets to find stories and extract insights

NVD3: chart components for d3.js

Peity: Progressive SVG bar, line and pie charts

Plot.ly: Easy-to-use web service that allows for rapid creation of complex charts, from heatmaps to histograms. Upload data to create and style charts with Plotly's online spreadsheet. Fork others' plots.



Recline: simple but powerful library for building data applications in pure Javascript and HTML

Redash: open-source platform to query and visualize data

Sigma.js: JavaScript library dedicated to graph drawing

Square Cubism.js: aÊD3Êplugin for visualizing time series. Use Cubism to construct better realtime dashboards, pulling data fromÊGraphite,ÊCubeÊand other sources

Stratio Viewer: dashboarding tool

Vega: a visualization grammar

**Internet of Things** 

2lemetry: Platform for Internet of things

Evrything: Making products smart

ThingWorx: Rapid development and connection of intelligent systems



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#### Accés

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Rodalies: R1 i R2 Clot

Tramvia: T4 Ca l'Aranyó / T5 i T6

Can Jaumandreu Bicing: 42 / 133 / 132



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