# 6 JavaScript Functions Devs Must Know









#### findlndex()

Finds the index of the first matching element.

```
const numbers = [1, 2, 3, 4, 5]
const index = numbers.findIndex(num ⇒ num > 3)
console.log(index) // Output: 3
```











#### some()

Checks if at least one element meets a condition.

```
const numbers = [1, 5, 8, 12];
const hasLarger = numbers.some(num ⇒ num > 10);
console.log(hasLarger); // Output: true
```











### every()

Checks if all the elements meets a condition.

```
const data = ["Halim", "Shams", 10];
const allStrings = data.every(el ⇒ typeof el ≡ "string");
console.log(allStrings); // Output: false
```











#### includes()

Checks if an array contains a specific value.

```
const fruits = ["apple", "banana", "cherry"];
const hasOrange = fruits.includes("orange");
console.log(hasOrange); // Output: false
```











#### flat()

Converts nested arrays into a single array.

```
const nested = [1, [2, 3], 4];
const flat = nested.flat();
console.log(flat); // Output: [1, 2, 3, 4]
```











#### forEach()

Runs a function on each array element.

```
const follow = ["Follow", "Halim", "Shams"];
follow.forEach(word ⇒ console.log(word));
// Output: Follow Halim Shams
```











## Follow for more



