

**CS 2341**

## **Chapter 2**

# **Algorithm Analysis**

# Bubble Sort

|     |   |    |    |   |     |
|-----|---|----|----|---|-----|
| [0] | 1 | 2  | 3  | 4 | [5] |
| 9   | 1 | 10 | 20 | 8 | 3   |



$n=6$

|   |   |    |    |   |   |
|---|---|----|----|---|---|
| 1 | 9 | 10 | 20 | 8 | 3 |
|---|---|----|----|---|---|



|   |   |    |    |   |   |
|---|---|----|----|---|---|
| 1 | 9 | 10 | 20 | 8 | 3 |
|---|---|----|----|---|---|



|   |   |    |   |   |    |
|---|---|----|---|---|----|
| 1 | 9 | 10 | 8 | 3 | 20 |
|---|---|----|---|---|----|

$n$

last element is  
in the right place

$$\times n \Rightarrow O(n^2)$$

can only be used  
for small  $n$ !

# Linear Search

[0] 1 2 3 4 5 [6]

|    |   |    |   |   |   |   |
|----|---|----|---|---|---|---|
| 18 | 7 | 99 | 5 | 3 | 0 | 1 |
|----|---|----|---|---|---|---|

↑ → ↑ → → → ↑

$n=7$

find  $x=3$

~~$18=3$~~

~~$7=3$~~

$3=3$  ✓

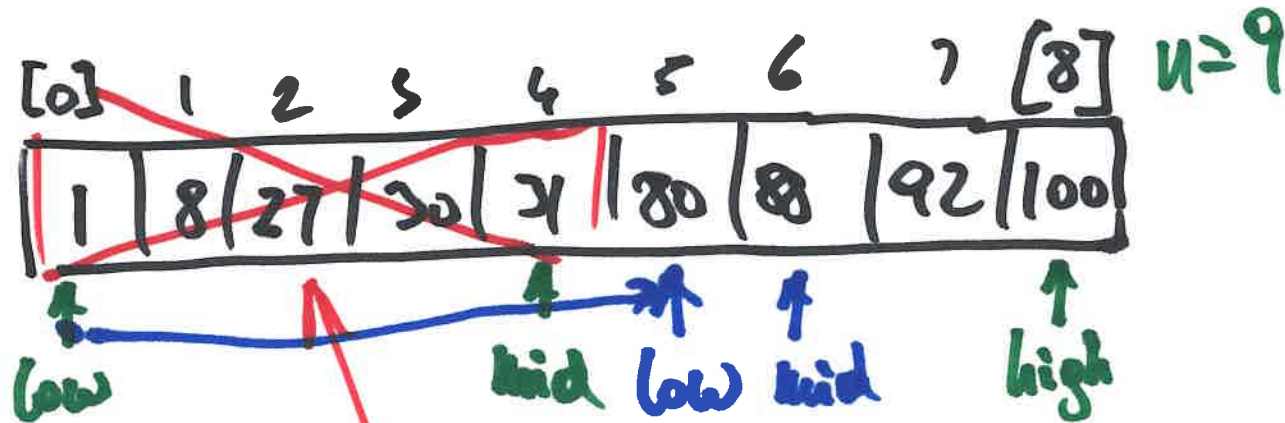
return [4]

took 5 steps

$\Rightarrow O(n)$   
good

find  $x=100$  (worst case!)  
return (-1) look through the whole array!

# Binary Search (input needs to be sorted)



$$\Rightarrow O(\log n)$$

better

1. iteration

find  $x=88$

$$\text{mid} = \left\lfloor \frac{\text{low} + \text{high}}{2} \right\rfloor = \left\lfloor \frac{0 + 8}{2} \right\rfloor = 4$$

$31 < 88 \checkmark \rightarrow \text{low} = \text{mid} + 1$

$$\text{mid} = \left\lfloor \frac{\text{low} + \text{high}}{2} \right\rfloor = \left\lfloor \frac{5 + 8}{2} \right\rfloor = 6$$

2. iteration

~~88 < 88~~  
~~88 > 88~~  
return [6]

only  
took  $\checkmark$  2 steps!!!