

APACHE TOMCAT

Introduction

Tomcat or Apache Tomcat is a [light weight](#), [open source](#) web container used to deploy and run java-based web applications. It is developed by Apache Software Foundation (ASF).

What is Webserver?

A Web server is a program that uses HTTP (Hypertext Transfer Protocol) protocol to serves web content (HTML and static content) to users.

Examples

Apache HTTP server

Nginx (pronounced engine X)

IBM HTTP server (IHS)

Oracle iplanet web server

Internet Information Server (IIS)

What is an Application Server?

An application server is a container upon which you can build and expose business logic and processes to client applications through various protocols including HTTP in a n-tier architecture.

Examples

Apache Tomcat --Apache

JBoss/WildFly - RedHat

WebLogic - Oracle

WebSphere Application Server - IBM

WebSphere Liberty Profile - IBM

Galssfish

Tomcat installation

The Apache Tomcat software is downloadable as a zip file which can be extracted and installed as follows

Windows

Step 1: Create the folder called **Apache** in any directory and Unzip apache software into that folder.

Step 2: Open the command prompt and execute the below commands.

```
>cd C:\DevOps\Apache\apache-tomcat-7.0.79\bin
```

```
>startup.bat (OR) > catalina.bat start ---> Starting the Tomcat server.
```

MAC/Linux:

```
sh startup.sh (OR) sh catalina.sh start ---> Starting the Tomcat server.
```

```
C:\Users\IBM_ADMIN>cd C:\DevOps\Apache\apache-tomcat-7.0.79\bin
C:\DevOps\Apache\apache-tomcat-7.0.79\bin>startup.bat
```

Once you execute the startup.bat, you will see below screens.

```
C:\DevOps\Apache\apache-tomcat-7.0.79\bin>startup.bat
Using CATALINA_BASE:   "C:\DevOps\Apache\apache-tomcat-7.0.79"
Using CATALINA_HOME:   "C:\DevOps\Apache\apache-tomcat-7.0.79"
Using CATALINA_TMPDIR: "C:\DevOps\Apache\apache-tomcat-7.0.79\temp"
Using JRE_HOME:        "C:\Program Files\Java\jdk1.8.0_131"
Using CLASSPATH:       "C:\DevOps\Apache\apache-tomcat-7.0.79\bin\bootstrap.jar;C:\DevOps\Apache\apache-tomcat-7.0.79\bin\tomcat-juli.jar"
C:\DevOps\Apache\apache-tomcat-7.0.79\bin>
```

Tomcat server is started successfully.

Use the below URL and open in browser.

<http://localhost:8080>

Note: Tomcat by default will run in 8080 port number.

Tomcat Directory Structure

Tomcat installation provides these directories:

bin: for Tomcat's binaries and startup scripts.

conf: global configuration applicable to all the webapps. The default installation provides:

One Policy File: catalina.policy for specifying security policy.

Two Properties Files: catalina.properties and logging.properties,

Four Configuration XML Files: server.xml (Tomcat main configuration file), web.xml

(global web application deployment descriptors), context.xml (global Tomcat-specific configuration options) and tomcat-users.xml (a database of user, password and role for authentication and access control).

The conf also contain a sub-directory for each engine, e.g., Catalina, which in turn contains a sub-sub-directory for each of its hosts, e.g., localhost. You can place the host-specific context information (similar to context.xml, but named as webapp.xml for each webapp under the host).

lib: Keeps the JAR-file that are available to all webapps. The default installation include servletapi.jar (Servlet), jasper.jar (JSP) and jasper-el.jar (EL). You may also keep the JAR files of external package here, such as MySQL JDBC driver (mysql-connector-java-5.1.{xx}-bin.jar)and JSTL (jstl.jar and standard.jar).

logs: contains the engine logfile Catalina.{yyyy-mm-dd}.log, host logfile localhost.{yyyy-mmdd}. log, and other application logfiles such as manger and host-manager. The access log (created by the AccessLogValve) is also kept here.

webapps: the default appBase - web applications base directory of the host localhost.

work: contains the translated servlet source files and classes of JSP/JSF. Organized in hierarchy of engine name (Catalina), host name (localhost), webapp name, followed by the Java classes package structure.

temp: temporary files.

How to change the port number in Tomcat?

Go to the conf directory and open the server.xml and you will find below lines.

```
<Connector port="8080" protocol="HTTP/1.1"
connectionTimeout="20000"
redirectPort="8443" />
```

Replace the 8080 with any port number.

How to stop the tomcat server?

```
>cd APACHE_HOME Dir\bin
```

```
>shutdown.bat (OR) > catalina.bat stop
```

MAC/Linux:

shutdown.sh (OR) > catalina.sh stop

Install Tomcat in Linux

```
cd /opt
```

```
wget http://apache.spinellicreations.com/tomcat/tomcat-9/v9.0.55/bin/apache-tomcat-9.0.16.zip
```

```
unzip apache-tomcat-9.0.55.zip
```

```
cd /opt/apache-tomcat-9.0.55/bin
```

```
chmod u+x *.sh
```

```
#sh /opt/apache-tomcat-9.0.55/bin/startup.sh
```

```
ln -s /opt/apache-tomcat-9.0.55/bin/startup.sh /usr/bin/startTomcat
```

```
ln -s /opt/apache-tomcat-9.0.55/bin/shutdown.sh /usr/bin/stopTomcat
```

```
startTomcat
```

Admin Console

Tomcat provides a web based administration console which can be started via the following link: <http://localhost:8080/manager/html>

Tomcat manager is the web application, using this WEB manage applications running on tomcat. By default, access is restricted to this application.

- Remove the restriction to manager application

Open the **/webapps/manager/META-INF/context.xml** file and remove the `<Value></Value>` from this file.

- Add user to access tomcat manager application as follows.

Open the **tomcat-users.xml** file which is available in conf directory.

The tomcat-users.xml file should look something like this:

```
<tomcat-users>
```

```
<!--
```

```
<role rolename="tomcat"/>
```

```
<role rolename="role1"/>
```

```
<user username="tomcat" password="tomcat" roles="tomcat" />
```

```
<user username="role1" password="tomcat" roles="role1" />
```

```
<user username="both" password="tomcat" roles="tomcat,role1" />
```

-->

<!-- **Note:** While copy paste above line you have to remove double quotes and type manually. -->

```
<user username="admin" password="admin" roles="manager-gui,admin-gui"/>
<user username="simon" password="password" roles="manager-gui,admin-gui"/>
</tomcat-users>
```

Server Status & Manager App

To access the server status application and Manager app, tomcat 7 onwards below roles as introduced.

manager-gui : allows access to the HTML GUI and the Server Status and Manager App pages

admin-gui : allows access to the Host Manager page.

If you provide add below line in tomcat-users.xml, we will get the access for below apps(Buttons)

```
<user username="admin" password="passw0rd" roles="manager-gui"/>
```

<http://localhost:8083/manager/status>

<http://localhost:8083/manager/html>

Host Manager

To access the host manager application, tomcat 7 onwards below roles as introduced.

admin-gui - allows access to the HTML GUI

If you provide add below line in tomcat-users.xml, we will get the access for below apps(Buttons)

```
<user username="admin" password="passw0rd" roles="admin-gui"/>
```

<http://localhost:8083/host-manager/html>

<http://localhost:8083/host-manager/html>

Stop the server

```
# ./shutdown.sh (OR) sh catalina.sh stop
```

Deployment

Deploying the application into Tomcat server is nothing but, keeping the war file in Tomcat's webapps directly.

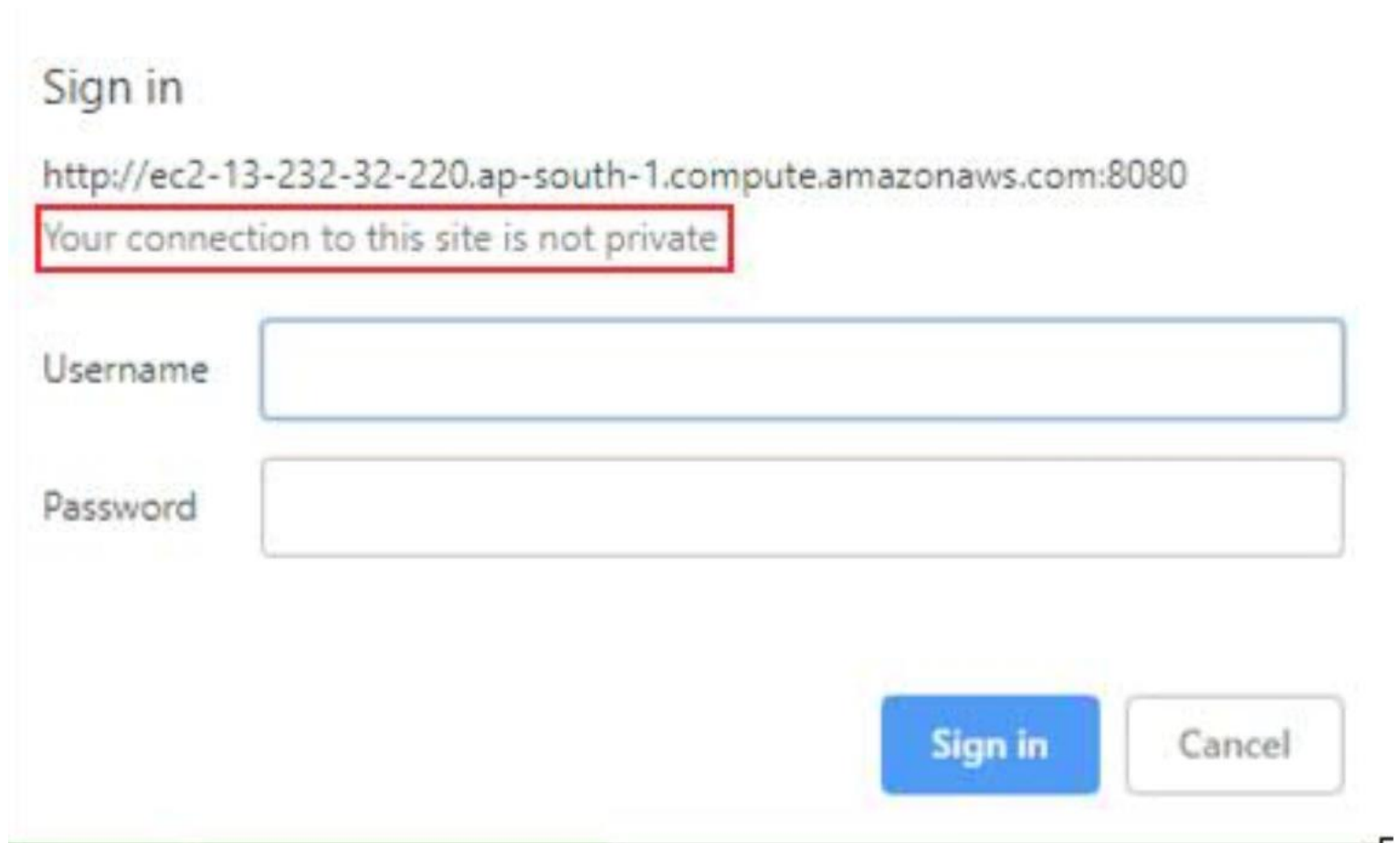
Error 1

```
E:\Softwares\DevOps\ApplicationServers\apache-tomcat-8.5.24\bin>catalina.bat start
Neither the JAVA_HOME nor the JRE_HOME environment variable is defined
At least one of these environment variable is needed to run this program
E:\Softwares\DevOps\ApplicationServers\apache-tomcat-8.5.24\bin>
```

Solution:

If you see this error set the class path for Java.

Error 2:



The screenshot shows a web browser window with a 'Sign in' page. The URL bar displays 'http://ec2-13-232-32-220.ap-south-1.compute.amazonaws.com:8080'. A red box highlights a security warning: 'Your connection to this site is not private'. Below the warning, there are input fields for 'Username' and 'Password'. At the bottom right, there are two buttons: 'Sign in' (blue) and 'Cancel' (grey).

Solution:

```
<Listener className="org.apache.catalina.core.AprLifecycleListener" SSLEngine="on" />
```

By default SSLEngine="on" , make it to off, like below.

```
<Listener className="org.apache.catalina.core.AprLifecycleListener" SSLEngine="off" />
```

Tomcat Performance Tuning

How to increase the Heap size in Tomcat?

Ans)

1)Go to <ApacheTomcatHomeDir>/bin

```
cd /opt/apache-tomcat-9.0.21/bin
```

2) Create a file with name setenv.sh, add below lines.

```
vi setenv.sh
```

```
export CATALINA_OPTS="$CATALINA_OPTS -Xms512m"
```

```
export CATALINA_OPTS="$CATALINA_OPTS -Xmx8192m"
```

```
export CATALINA_OPTS="$CATALINA_OPTS -XX:MaxPermSize=256m"
```

Note: The default -Xmx value is 64MB.

3) Give the execute permissions.

```
chmod u+x setenv.sh
```

4) start Tomcat server. Once you started check in console.out log file, you will see below lines as

output.

```
04-Jul-2019 12:12:03.526 INFO [main]
```

```
org.apache.catalina.startup.VersionLoggerListener.log
```

```
Command line argument: -Xms512m
```

```
04-Jul-2019 12:12:03.526 INFO [main]
```

```
org.apache.catalina.startup.VersionLoggerListener.log
```

```
Command line argument: -Xmx8192m
```

```
04-Jul-2019 12:12:03.526 INFO [main]
```

```
org.apache.catalina.startup.VersionLoggerListener.log
```

Command line argument: -XX:MaxPermSize=256m

References

<http://tomcat.apache.org/tomcat-7.0-doc/setup.html> ---> Installing Apache Tomcat

<http://tomcat.apache.org/tomcat-7.0-doc/windows-service-howto.html> ---> Windows service

HOW-TO

<https://wiki.apache.org/tomcat/TomcatVersions>