



Sirius Workshop Guide

Let's create a graphical modeling editor for a robot!

Sirius Concepts

During this workshop, you will mainly use these Sirius concepts:

Viewpoint Specification Project

- o The Eclipse project that defines a Sirius modeling tool
- Contains a **odesign** file that describes the representations and Java services used by the tool

Viewpoint

A viewpoint defines Sirius representations (diagrams, tables, matrices, trees) dedicated to a specific need

• Diagram Description

- Describes a kind of graphical representation for your model
- o It defines which elements to display on the diagram, how (style) and the tools to edit them

Node

- o Describes model elements displayed via an image or a simple shape
- o It defines how to find the model elements to display
- o It defines a graphical style (shape, label, color, ...)

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• User Colors Palette

 Defines specific colors that you can use for the diagram elements (background, foreground, border, ...)

Container

- Describes graphical model elements that can contain other elements (as free form, lists or compartments)
- Defines how to find the container elements to display and their sub-elements (nodes, containers, ports)
- Defines a graphical style (shape, label, color, ...)

Select Model Element Variable

o Can be used by tools to interactively propose a list of model elements to select by the user





• Edge Creation tool

 Describes the tool in the palette that allows the user to create a link between two graphical elements

• Double-Click tool

o Defines which actions to execute when the user double-click on a graphical element

• Direct Edit Label tool

o Defines how to interpret the label value changes that are made directly on the diagram

• Reconnect Edge tool

- Defines how to interpret the modification of edges ends (origin or destination) made directly from the diagram
- o Provides three variables :
 - element (the origin of the edge)
 - source (the destination of the edge before the execution of the tool)
 - target (the destination of the edge after the execution of the tool)

• Stack option for Container's children presentation

Sub-containers are displayed as Vertical or Horizontal stacks

• Properties Views Description

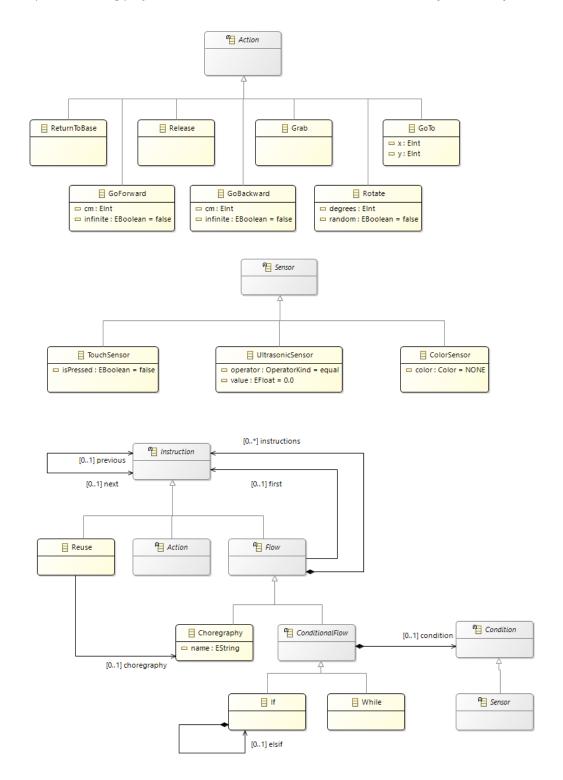
o Describes how model element properties are edited in the Eclipse Properties Views





Step 0: Preparation

- Launch Obeo Designer
- Import all existing projects from archive fr.obeo.dsl.tuto.mindstorms.step0.initial.zip



• Create and launch a new Eclipse Launch Configuration

Note: all the next actions have to be performed in this new runtime





Step 1: Basic Modeling Tool

Objective

Create a basic Diagram to display and edit a simple flow:

- Nodes and Edges
 - Start of the flow (the flow itself)
 - o ReturnToBase actions
 - Rotate to left actions (the rotate instances with degrees > 0)
 - o Link from the start and the first node of the flow (the reference 'first' of the flow)
 - o Link between an action and its next action (the reference 'next' of each action)
- Node creation tools
 - Create a ReturnToBase action
 - Create a Rotate action

Instructions

- Import the project containing a sample model from **fr.obeo.dsl.tuto.mindstorms.step1.initial.zip**
- Create a Viewpoint Specification Project named fr.obeo.dsl.tuto.mindstorms.design
 - o Create a folder named icons
- Import files from **icons.zip** into the **icons** folders

Note: all the next actions have to be performed in the .odesign file (except the creation of Java services)

- Create a Viewpoint named Choregraphy
- Create a Representation of type Diagram Description
 - O Name = Flow Diagram
 - O Domain Class = mindstorms.Flow
 - o Reference the **mindstorms** metamodel
 - in *metamodels* tab, add the **mindstorms package** from the registry

Note: from now, you should be able to create a blank Flow Diagram from the sample model:

- Activate the Choregraphy viewpoint from the sample project
- Right-click on the main choregraphy of the model (in the model explorer) and select "New representation"
- Create a **Composite Layout** to force linked objects to be displayed from left to right
 - Direction = Left To Right
- In the **Default Layer** Create a **Node** representing the current flow
 - Name = Start
 - Domain class = mindstorms.Flow
 - Semantic Candidate Expression = var:self
 - Create a Workspace Image for this Node





- Image Path = Begin.svg (prefixed by its path)
- *Label Size* = **12**
- Label Format = Bold
- Show Icon = false
- Label Expression = Start
- Label Position = border
- Create a **Node** representing the actions of the current flow (default image is ReturnToBase)
 - Name = Action
 - O Domain class = mindstorms.Action
 - Semantic Candidate Expression = feature:instructions
 - Create a Workspace Image for this Node
 - Image Path = ReturnToBase.svg (prefixed by its path)
 - Label Size = **12**
 - Label Format = Bold
 - Show Icon = false
 - Remove the value of *Label Expression*
 - Label Position = border
- Declare the EMF mindstoms metamodel in the MANIFEST.MF
 - o In the **Dependencies** add **fr.obeo.dsl.tuto.mindstorms**
- Create a Java Package named fr.obeo.dsl.tuto.mindstorms.design.services
 - Create a Java Class named LabelServices
 - Create a Method named computeLabel

```
public String computeLabel(Rotate block) {
    if (block.isRandom()) {
        return "?";
    }
    int degrees = block.getDegrees();
    return "" + Math.abs(degrees) + "°";
}
```

- On the Viewpoint, create a **Java Extension** to declare the Java class
 - Qualified Class Name = fr.obeo.dsl.tuto.mindstorms.design.services.LabelServices
- Create a Style Customization for ActionNode to represent Rotate instances with rotation to left (degrees >=0)
 - o Predicate Expression = aql:self.oclIsKindOf(mindstorms::Rotate) and self.degrees >= 0
 - Create a Property Customization Expression (by expression) to change the workspacePath property of the previous Workspace Image
 - New image = Rotate_Left.svg (prefixed by its path)
 - Create a Property Customization Expression (by expression) to change the *labelExpression* property of the previous Workspace Image
 - New label = service:computeLabel()





- Create a **Relation Based Edge** named **First** that links the Start node to the **first** Action node
 - o Target Finder Expression = feature:first
- Create a Relation Based Edge named Next that links any Action node to its next Action node
 - Target Finder Expression = feature:next
- Create a **Section** named **Actions** for the palette section dedicated to actions
 - Create a Node Creation to create instances of ReturnToBase
 - Icon Path = ReturnToBase 16px.png (prefixed by its path)
 - Create a Change Context to set on which objects the instructions will be executed
 - Browse Expression = var: container (this is the current Flow)
 - Add a Create Instance
 - Feature name = instructions
 - Type Name = mindstorms.ReturnToBase
 - Proceed similarly to create a Rotate to the left creation tool
 - Icon Path = Rotate Left 16px.png (prefixed by its path)
 - Add a **Set** operation
 - Feature Name = degrees and Value Expression = 90

Bonus: if you are ahead of time, you can try to complete this step with:

- Nodes for other kinds of actions (GoTo, GoForward, GoBackward, RotateRight, Delay, Grab and Release
- Corresponding Node Creation tools
- A Container for Choregraphy instances containing the list of their instructions





Step 2: Advanced Modeling Tool

Objective

Complete previous diagram with more advanced concepts:

- **Declare a custom color** for Choregraphy containers
- **Display Reuse instances** with the instructions of the reused Choregraphy
- Create other edition tools
 - A dialog-box to select a Choregraphy when creating a Reuse
 - o A tool in the palette to create links
 - o Double-click on a Choregraphy to create/open a new diagram
 - o The possibility to edit labels on graphical elements
 - o The possibility to change the destination of a link

Instructions

- Import in a <u>clean workspace</u> the projects from **fr.obeo.dsl.tuto.mindstorms.step2.initial.zip**
- At the modeler root, create a **User Colors Palette**
 - o Create a **Used Fixed Color** named **MindstormColor1** (R=186, G=223, B=225)
 - Create a Used Fixed Color named MindstormColor2 (R=0, G=119, B=136)
- Modify the Style of the **Choregraphy Container** to use these new colors
 - Background Color = MindstormColor1
 - Foreground Color = MindstormColor1
 - o Border Color = MindstormColor2
- In the Flow Diagram, create a Container to represent the instances of Reuse
 - Domain Class = mindstorms.Reuse
 - Semantic Candidate Expression = feature:instructions
 - Children Presentation = List
 - o Create a **Style** of type **Gradient**
 - Label Expression = service:computeLabel()
 - Label Size = 12
 - Label Format = Bold
 - Background Color = MindstormColor1
 - Foreground Color = MindstormColor1
 - Border Color = MindstormColor2
 - Create a Sub Node to represent the instructions of the reused Choregraphy
 - Domain Class = mindstorms.Instruction
 - Semantic Candidate Expressions =
 - aql:self.choregraphy.getOrderedInstructions()
 - Create a **Dot** as **Style** (or any other style with a **Label**)
 - Label Expression = service: computeLabel()
 - *Label Size* = **12**
 - Label Format = Bold





- Create a **Section** for the tools related to **Choregraphy** and **Reuse** elements
 - Create a Container Creation to create Choregraphy instances
 - For the operations after the Begin, proceed like the creation of actions (initialized with the name **NewChoregraphy**)
 - Create a Container Creation to create Reuse instances
 - Create a Select Model Element Variable named selectedChoregraphy for selecting an existing Choregraphy
 - Candidates Expression = aql:container.instructions
 ->select(x|x.oclIsTypeOf(mindstorms::Choregraphy))
 - For the operations after the Begin, proceed like the creation of actions (initialized with choregraphy = var:selectedChoregraphy)
- Create a **Section** for the tools related to Links
 - Create an Edge Creation to allow the user to create First and Next edges
 - After the Begin, create a **Change Context** to invoke a service that manages the different possibilities (depending of the kinds of source and target)
 - Browse Expression = service:source.linkInstructions(target)
- Create a **Section** for the other edition tools not visible from the palette
 - o Create a **Double-Click** for **Choregraphy** to navigate to its detailed diagram
 - After the Begin, create a Navigation to Flow Diagram
 - Create if not Existent = true
 - Create a **Double-Click** for **Reuse** to allow the user to navigate to the detailed diagram of the related **Choregraphy**
 - After the Begin, change the context to the choregraphy then create a Navigation to Flow Diagram
 - o Create a **Direct Edit Label** to allow the user to edit the label of the instructions
 - Mappings: any mapping which has a label that can be changed by the user
 - Input Label Expression = service:getEditLabel
 - After the Begin create a Change Context to execute this expression: aql:self.editElement(arg0)
 - Create a **Reconnect Edge** to allow the user to change the first instruction of the current flow by graphically changing the destination of the **Start** node
 - Change the context to the variable **element** which refers to the source of the edge (the **Start** node)
 - Set its **first** feature to **var:target** (the new destination of the edge)
 - Create a **Reconnect Edge** to allow the user to change the next instruction of an existing instruction by graphically changing the destination of an existing edge
 - Change the context to the variable element which refers to the source of the edge
 - Set its next feature to var: target (the new destination of the edge)

Bonus: if you are ahead of time, you can try to complete this step with:

- Containers for While and If
- A validation rule to verify that a Flow has at least one instruction
- A Diagram Creation tool to provide a menu on flows for creating new Flow Diagrams
- Deletion tools for Action node, First edge, Next edge ... and Start node (to prevent the user to delete this node)
- A layer to display only on-demand the instructions of a reused choregraphy





Step3: Compartments and Properties Views

Objective

Complete previous modeler with Compartments and custom Properties Views:

- Complete the If container
 - o Display the instructions of the main If within a first compartment
 - o Display elsifs instructions in distinct containers
- Provide specific properties views
 - o Previous and Next
 - On the same row
 - Filled only with instructions of the current flow, without current instruction
 - Degrees (for Rotate instances)
 - Disabled if random is checked
 - Yellow background if value is not between -180 and 180
 - Warning if value is null and random is not checked

Instructions

- Import in a <u>clean workspace</u> the projects from **fr.obeo.dsl.tuto.mindstorms.step3.initial.zip**
- Modify the Container If to set its Children Presentation feature to Vertical Stack

<u>Note</u>: when defining or modifying compartments in a Diagram Description, the diagrams that already exist can't take the modification dynamically: they have to be created again.

- In the **Container If** create a first **Container** to represent a compartment which lists the instructions of the main **If**
 - Domain Class = mindstorms.If
 - Semantic candidate Expression = var:self
 - Children Presentation = List
 - o Create the same **Style** as the **Container If**, just change this property:
 - Hide Label By Default = true
 - Create a Sub Node to represent the instructions
 - Domain Class = mindstorms.Instruction
 - Semantic Candidate Expression = aql:self.getOrderedInstructions()
 - Create the same Style as the Choregraphy Instructions node (in the Choregraphy Container)
- In the **Container If** create a second **Container** to display a compartment for each **elsif** instruction
 - o Domain Class = mindstorms.If
 - Semantic candidate Expression = aql:self.getAllElsifs()
 - Children Presentation = List
 - o Create the same **Style** as the first compartment
 - Just change Hide Label By Default = false
 - o Create a similar **Sub Node** as the first compartment
- In the Section Conditional Flows, create a tool to allow the user to add an elsif compartment
 - Add a precondition to prevent the user to create a elsif on a If which has already a elsif
 - Precondition = aql:self.elsif=null





- o In the *Extra Mappings*, add **Container Elsif Instructions** to allow the user to also create an elsif by clicking on an Elsif compartment
- o On the **Create Instance** use the reference **elsif** and the type **mindtsorms.If**
- At the root of the modeler definition create a **Properties View Description** to define custom property views for the instructions
 - Modify the first Page
 - Domain Class = mindstorms.Instruction
 - Label Expression = General
 - o Modify the first **Group** to display and edit **previous** and **next** references of an **Instruction**
 - Add this new Group to the Page
 - Domain Class = mindstorms.Instruction
 - Label Expression = Links
 - Add a Container to place the two references on the same row
 - Create a Fill Layout
 - Orientation = HORIZONTAL
 - Create a **Select** for **previous** reference
 - Add a **Begin** and a **Set** operation
 - Feature name = previous
 - Value Expression = var:newValue
 - Label Expression = Previous
 - o Value Expression = aql:self.previous
 - o Candidates Expression =
 aql:self.eContainer().instructions
 ->excluding(self)
 - Candidate Display Expression =
 aql:candidate.eClass().name+' '+candidate.computeLabel()
 - Proceed similarly for the **next** reference
 - Create a **Group** to display and edit the **degrees** and the **random** properties of **Rotate** instructions
 - Add this new Group to the Page
 - Domain Class = mindstorms.Rotate
 - Label Expression = Properties
 - Add a **Text** for the **degrees** property
 - Label Expression = Degrees
 - Value Expression = aql:self.degrees
 - Is Enabled Expression = aql:not self.random
 - Add a Begin and a Set operation (set var: NewValue to degrees)
 - Add a Checkbox for the random property
 - Label Expression = Random
 - Value Expression = aql:self.random
 - Add a **Begin** and a **Set** operation (set **var:NewValue** to **random**)
 - Create a Conditional Style for the degrees Text in order to color the text background when degrees is not between -180 and 180
 - Precondition Expression = agl:self.degrees>180 or self.degrees<-180
 - Add a **Group Validations** to warn the user when **degrees** is null and **random** is false (useless rotate instruction).
 - Create a Property Validation Rule
 - o /d = Rotation degrees should not be null
 - Level = Warning
 - Message = This rotation is useless
 - Create an **Audit**
 - Audit Expression = aql:self.degrees<>0 or self.random
 - Create a Fix that sets the random property to true