

Exercise No: 6

Date: 12.10.2020

Aim:

To predict the output for the given python program.

Program:

PREDICT THE OUTPUT:

```
# Create a tuple, also called tuple packing.
```

```
numbers = 1, 2
```

```
print(numbers)
```

```
(1, 2)
```

```
# Create tuple with paranthesis.
```

```
numbers = (1, 2, 3)
```

```
print(numbers)
```

```
(1, 2, 3)
```

```
# Create an empty tuple.
```

```
numbers = ()
```

```
print(numbers)
```

```
()
```

```
# Create a tuple with one item. Note that the trailing comma is necessary
```

```
numbers = 1,  
print(numbers)
```

```
1
```

```
# Create a tuple with heterogenous items.
```

```
random_tuple = "Hey", (1, 2), 1, ["you"]  
print(random_tuple)  
( 'Hey', (1, 2), 1, ['you'] )
```

```
# Create tuple with tuple() constructor.
```

```
numbers = tuple()  
print(numbers)  
( )
```

```
numbers = tuple([1, 2]) # Takes any sequence as input  
print(numbers)  
(1,2)
```

```
##### Methods on tuples #####
```

```
# Get length of list by using len() method.
```

```
numbers = 5, 8, 8  
print(len(numbers))
```

```
3
```

```
# Get index of an element using the index() method.
```

```
numbers = 5, 8, 8
```

```
print(numbers.index(8))
```

```
1
```

```
# Count occurrences of an item in a tuple.
```

```
numbers = 5, 8, 8
```

```
print(numbers.count(8))
```

```
2
```

```
eggs = ('hello', 42, 0.5)
```

```
eggs[0]
```

```
'hello'
```

```
hello
```

```
eggs[1:3]
```

```
(42, 0.5)
```

```
len(eggs)
```

```
3
```

```
# Access elements of a tuple by indexing.
```

```
str_tuple = "hey", "there!", "how", "are", "you?"
```

```
print(str_tuple[0])
```

```
hey
```

```
print(str_tuple[len(str_tuple) - 1])
```

```
you?
```

```
print(str_tuple[-1])
```

```
you?
```

```
# Slicing a tuple.
```

```
str_tuple = "hey", "there!", "how", "are", "you?"
```

```
print(str_tuple[2:])
```

```
('how', 'are', 'you?')
```

```
print(str_tuple[:2])
```

```
('hey', 'there!')
```

```
print(str_tuple[-3:])
```

```
('how', 'are', 'you?')
```

```
print(str_tuple[:-3])
```

```
('hey', 'there!')
```

```
print(str_tuple[1:4])
```

```
('there!', 'how', 'are')
```

```
# Get a copy of the tuple by slicing.
```

```
print(str_tuple[:])
```

```
('hey', 'there!', 'how', 'are', 'you?')
```

```
# Concatenate tuples.
```

```
numbers = (1, 2)
```

```
strings = ("Hey", "there")
```

```
print(numbers + strings)
```

```
(5, 8, 8, 'Hey', 'there')
```

```
(1, 2, "Hey", "there")
```

```
# Looping through tuple using 'in'.
```

```
numbers = 1, 2
```

```
for number in numbers:
```

```
    print(number)
```

```
1,2
```

```
1 2
```

```
# Check if element is present in tuple.
```

```
numbers = 1, 2
```

```
print(1 in numbers)
```

```
True
```

```
print(5 in numbers)
```

```
False
```

```
# Tuple packing.
```

```
# We are packing two items 1 and 2 into the tuple.
```

```
numbers = 1, 2
```

```
# Tuple sequence unpacking.
```

```
# Number of variables used has to be same as the number of  
items in the tuple.
```

```
# Unpacking the tuple and assigning its items to x and y.
```

```
x, y = numbers
```

```
# Note that this is also packing the args as a tuple which gets  
unpacked as the print method's arguments.
```

```
print(x, y)
```

```
1 2
```

Link:

<http://103.53.53.18/mod/hvp/view.php?id=238>

Result:

The output for the given program is obtained.