

VisSoundSync - Subtitle Audio Sync

Introduction

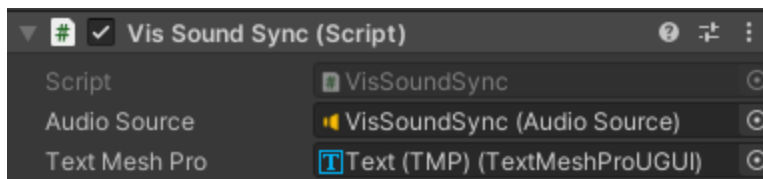
Thanks for trying out VisSoundSync! I built this out of frustration because I couldn't find a simple, quick way to sync my subtitles with my game's audio. I tried to keep things as simple as possible, but if you have any questions please reach out at info@skarkjets.com, or for a speedier response, join my discord at discord.sharkjets.com and talk to me there!

Requirements

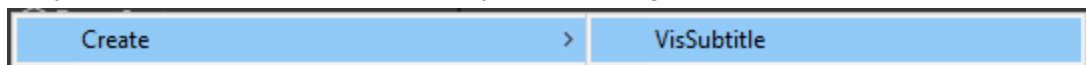
- Unity 2019+
- TextMeshPro
- An audio file and a JSON file with the timings and text. (*more on this below*)

Quick Setup

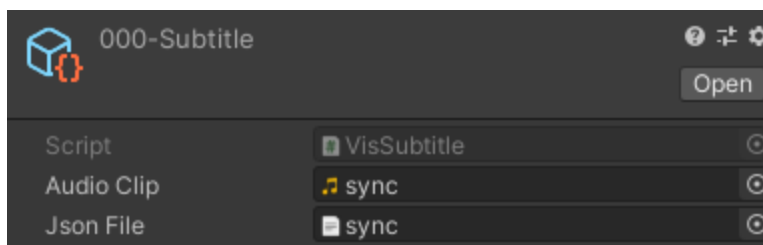
1. Install the package.
2. Add the VisSoundSync component to an object of your choosing.
3. Assign your AudioSource and TextMeshPro objects in the fields provided.



4. Right-click on your Assets folder and select Create -> VisSubtitle to create a new subtitle entry and name the file to a name of your choosing.



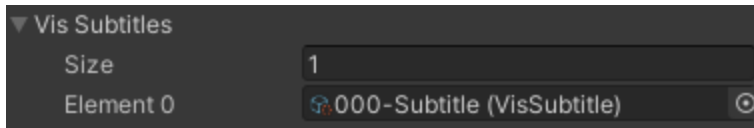
5. Assign the AudioClip (your sound file) and the corresponding subtitle JSON file in the fields provided.



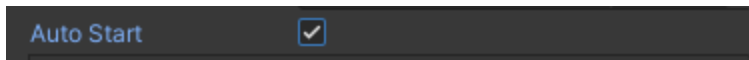
- Back on the VisSoundSync component, expand the “Vis Subtitles” section, and change the number of entries from 0 to however many subtitles you are going to use.



- Drag and Drop the new VisSubtitle files you created into the proper entry fields.



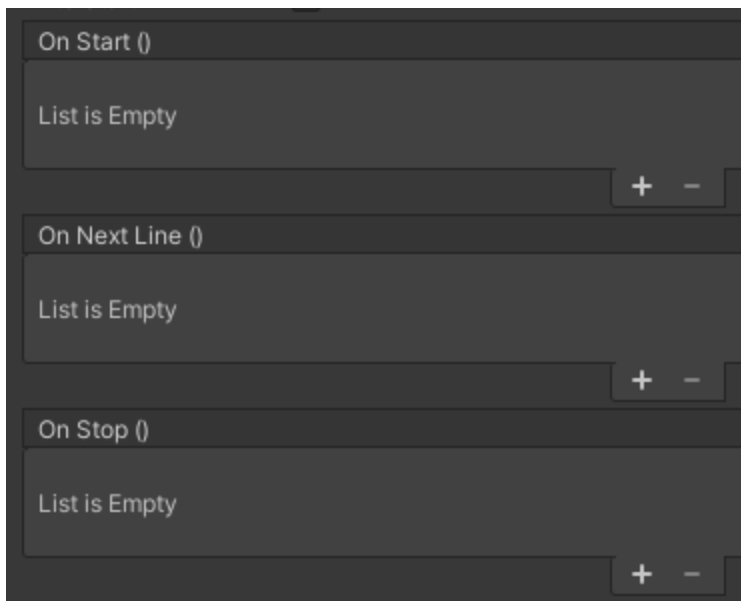
- If you want it to start immediately when the app starts, check the Auto Start button, otherwise you'll have to play the clip via code. *(more on this in the API section below)*



That's it! You're ready to roll!

But that's not all..

- There are 3 Unity events you can assign actions to..



- OnStart fires when the sound is Played.
- OnNextLine fires when a new line is displayed.
- OnStop fires when the last subtitle is displayed.

API - Code-based interactions

The component exposes the following interfaces for using it via code once you have a reference to it.

```
//get a reference to the VisSoundSync component  
[SerializeField] private VisSoundSync soundSync;
```

- **Methods**

- **LoadClip(int)**

You can assign multiple Vis Subtitles to the component, by passing its index number, you can determine which sound file and subtitles get played next.

```
//plays the 2nd VisSubtitle file loaded into the component  
soundSync.LoadClip(1);
```

- **LoadClip(string)**

Don't remember the index number, but know the name of the file?
Pass it as a string to load it by name.

```
//loads the assigned VisSubtitle file by name  
soundSync.LoadClip("000-Subtitle");
```

- **Play()**

Starts playing the audio/subtitle if Auto Start is false.

Note: You **have** to load a clip with one of the two previous methods before you can Play it.

```
//loads the VisSubtitle then starts it  
soundSync.LoadClip("000-Subtitle");  
soundSync.Play();
```

- **Pause()**

Pauses or resumes the audio/subtitles.

- **Stop()**

Stops and clears the audio/subtitles.

- **Events**

- **OnStartEvent(int lineCount)**

An event you can subscribe to which will fire when Play is started.
It passes the total number of lines in the subtitle file.

```

void Start()
{
    //subscribe to event notifications when subtitles start
    soundSync.OnStartEvent += HandleTheStart;
}

Frequently called 1 usage
private void HandleTheStart(int lineCount)
{
    Debug.Log(message: $"The subtitle has {lineCount} total lines.");
}

```

- **OnNextLineEvent(int currentLine, string currentText)**

An event you can subscribe to which will fire each time a line is shown. It passed the current line number and text.

```

void Start()
{
    //subscribe to event notifications when subtitles are shown
    soundSync.OnNextLineEvent += HandleTheLines;
}

Frequently called 1 usage
private void HandleTheLines(int currentLine, string currentText)
{
    Debug.Log(message: $"This is line {currentLine} and it says: {currentText}");
}

```

- **OnStopEvent()**

An event you can subscribe to which fires when the subtitles stop.

```

void Start()
{
    //subscribe to event notifications when subtitles stop
    soundSync.OnStopEvent += HandleTheStop;
}

Frequently called 1 usage
private void HandleTheStop()
{
    Debug.Log(message: $"The subtitles are over!");
}

```

The JSON file structure

The JSON file must be in a specific format in order to be parsed. It is a very basic file structure which consists of a JSON array filled with objects which contain 3 properties:

- “**start**” is a decimal representation of when the subtitle should appear.

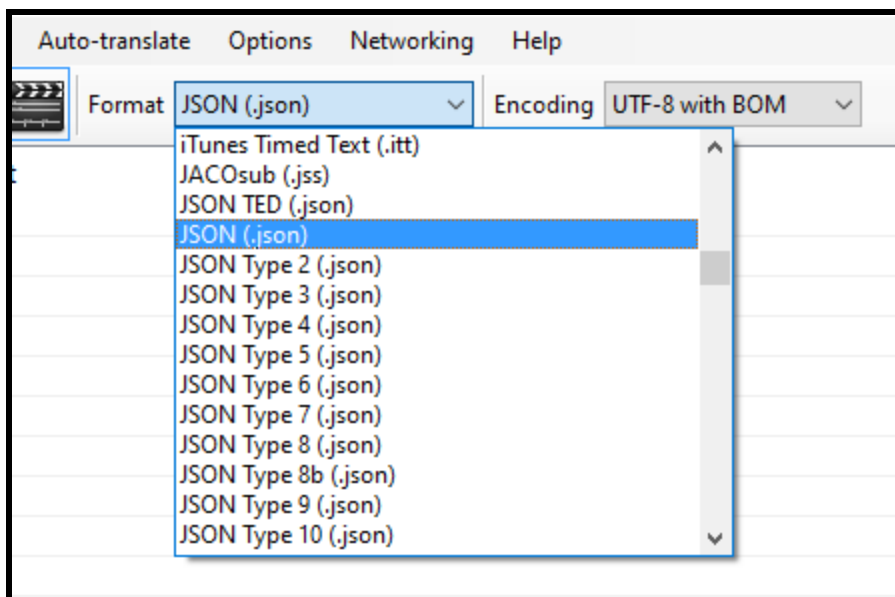
- “**end**” is a decimal representation of when the subtitle should disappear.
- “**text**” is a string which contains the text to show as subtitles.

A minimal example looks like this:

```
1  [
2    {
3      "start": 0.1746032,
4      "end": 1.063,
5      "text": "Alright!"
6    },
7    {
8      "start": 1.0793651,
9      "end": 2.119,
10     "text": "Lets get started!"
11   },
12   {
13     "start": 2.1428571,
14     "end": 3.452,
15     "text": "My name is Skid Vis"
16   }
17 ]
```

This file can be created by hand or with a free program called “Subtitle Edit” available at <https://nikse.dk/SubtitleEdit/>

When using **Subtitle Edit**, be sure to save the file as JSON:



Youtube channel: [youtube.com/sharkjets](https://www.youtube.com/sharkjets)