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# Overview

- Proxima
  - Introduction to architecture
  - Extra state
  - Demo
- Specification
  - Chapter 5 of

Martijn M. Schrage.

Proxima - A presentation-oriented editor for structured documents. PhD thesis, Utrecht University, 2004.

- Joint work with Lambert Meertens
- Stepwise

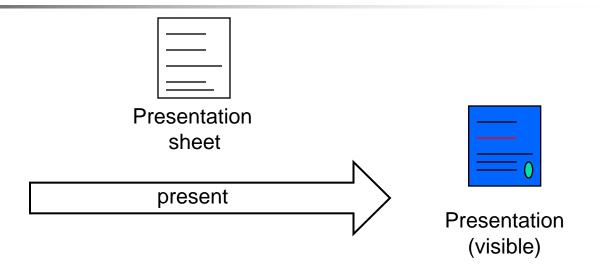
# 1. Proxima



## Edit model

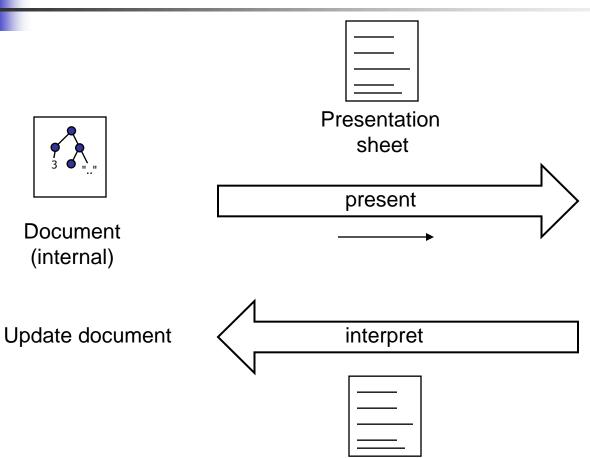


Document (internal)





## Edit model



Interpretation sheet

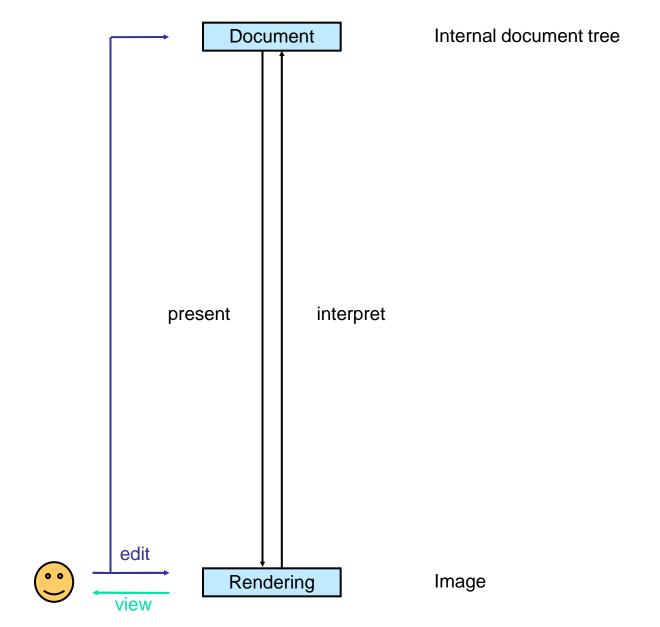


Presentation (visible)

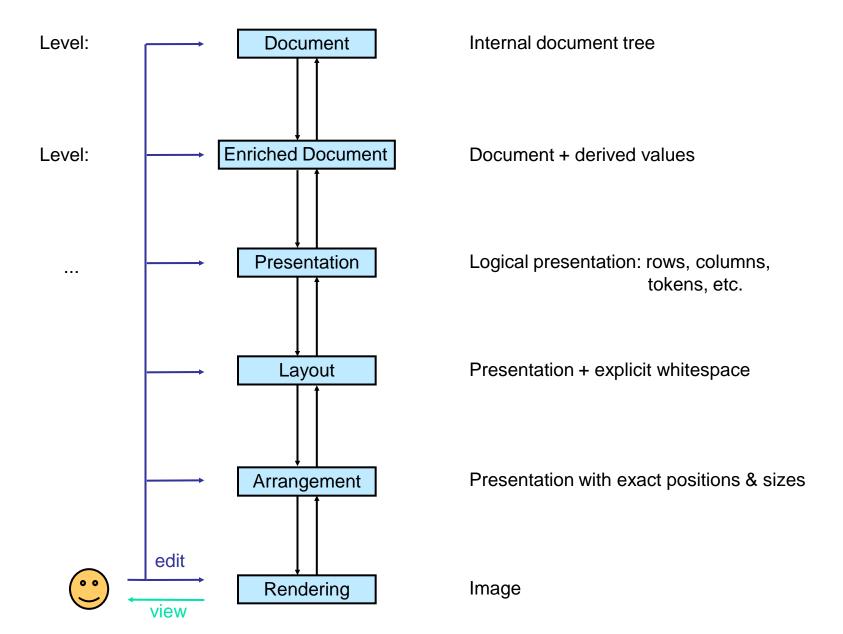
-Keep track of cursor/selection

-Catch edit events

## Proxima architecture



## Proxima architecture: Levels



## Presentation process

#### **Document:**

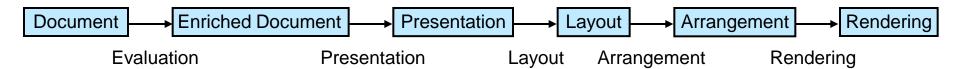
Rendering: sim

```
expression

simple1 :: Int
simple1 =
  if True then 1
```

else 0

This is a simple



\_\_\_\_\_

## **Evaluation**

#### **Document:**

**Evaluation** 

#### **Enriched Document:**

Presentation

## Presentation

#### **Enriched Document:**

#### Presentation:



## Layout

#### Presentation:

```
Col [ ...
    , With {font.}
      (Tokens [ Token (1,0) "simple1", Token (0,1) "::"
              , Token (0,1) "Int" ])
    , With {font}
      (Tokens [ Token (1,0) "simple1", Token (0,1) "="
              , Token (1,2) "if", ... ]) ]
Layout:
Col [ ...
    , With {|font|}
      (Col [ ""
           , Row [ "simple1", " ", "::", " ", "Int" ] ])
    , With {|font|}
      (Col [ Row [ "simple1", " ", "=" ]
           , Row [ " ", "if", " ", "True", " ", "then" ]
           , Row [ "
                                ", "else", ... 1 ) 1
```

## Arrangement

```
Layout:
```

#### Arrangement:

Rendering

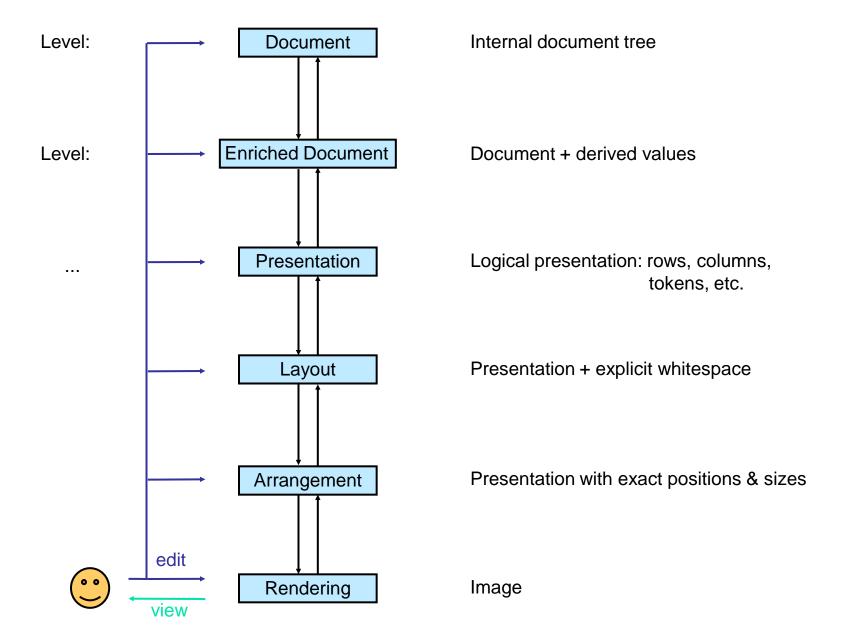
#### Arrangement:

This is a simple expression

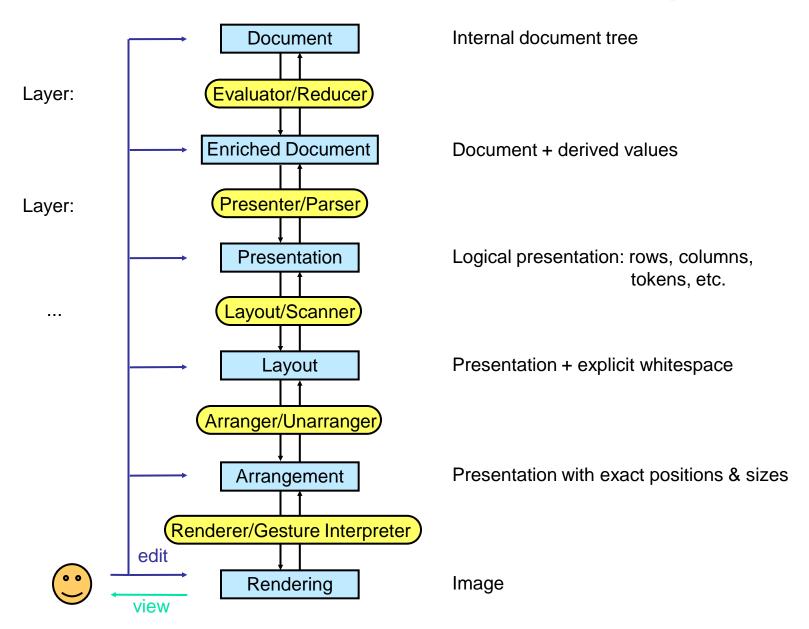
#### Rendering:

```
simple1 :: Int
simple1 =
  if True then 1
     else 0
```

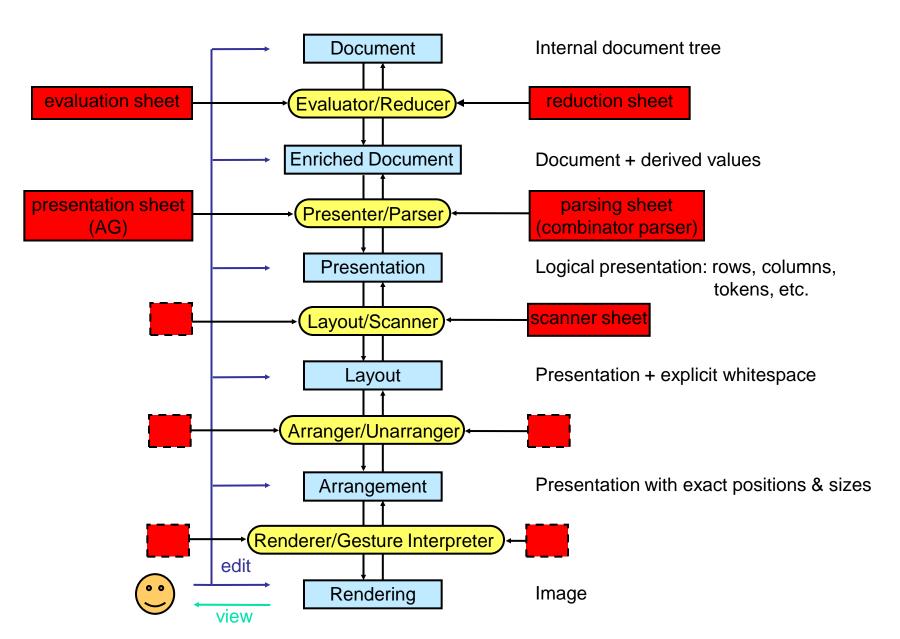
## Proxima architecture: levels



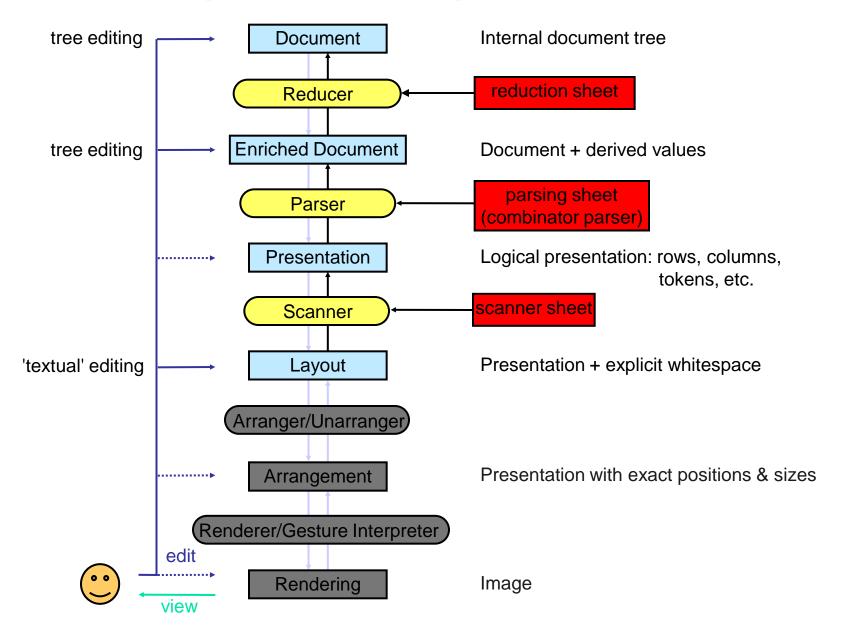
## Proxima architecture: layers



## Proxima architecture: sheets



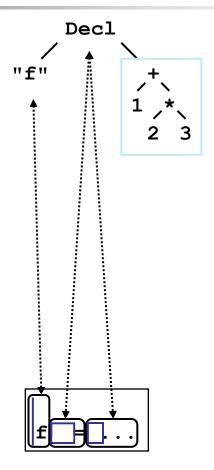
## Interpretation process





## Extra state (simplified)

Document:



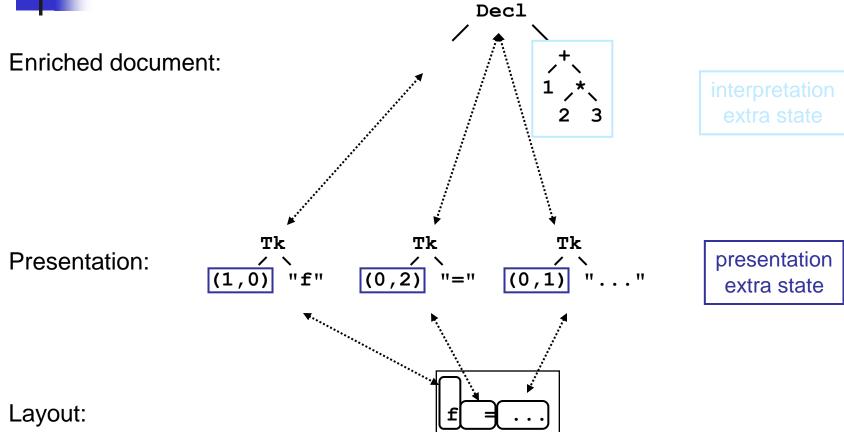
interpretation extra state

Presentation:

presentation extra state



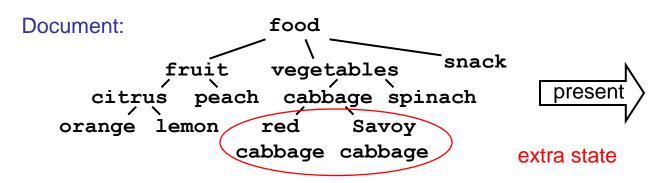
## Extra state (actual)



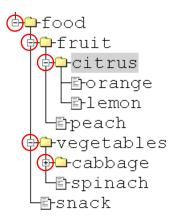


## Extra state, other examples

#### Tree view

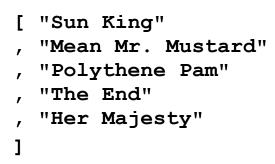


#### Presentation:

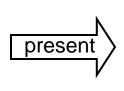


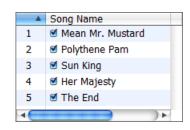
#### List order

#### Document:



#### Presentation:





extra state: list order

# Demo

- Research prototype
  - Implemented in Haskell (with GUI in wxHaskell)
  - Attribute grammar for presentation
  - Parser combinators for interpretation
- Four editors instantiated
  - Program source (Helium)
  - Slide presentations (a la PowerPoint)
  - Chess board
  - Editor for reversible language Inv
- No optimisations yet
  - On each key press, every pixel is recomputed

# DTD - Helium (partial)

```
data Document = RootDoc decls:[Decl]
data Decl = Decl Ident Exp
                                              -- <ident> = <exp>;
              BoardDecl Board
                                              -- Chess: <board>
              SlidesDecl Slides
                                              -- Slides: <slides>
data Ident = Ident String
            = PlusExp exp1:Exp exp2:Exp -- <exp> + <exp>
data Exp
            | TimesExp exp1:Exp exp2:Exp
                                             -- <exp> * <exp>
            | DivExp exp1:Exp exp2:Exp
                                             -- <exp> / <exp>
            | AppExp exp1:Exp exp2:Exp -- <exp> <exp>
            | LamExp | Ident Exp
                                             -- \langle ident \rangle \rightarrow \langle exp \rangle
            | LetExp [Decl] Exp
                                              -- let <decls> in <exp>
            | BoolExp Bool
                                              -- True
                        Int
              IntExp
                                              -- 173
              IdentExp Ident
                                                X
                               + ~1500 lines of sheet code
```

### DTD - Slide editor

```
data Slides = Slides viewType:Bool [Slide]
data Slide = Slide title:String ItemList
data ItemList = ItemList ListType items:[Item]
data ListType = Bullet
             | Number
             | Alpha
data Item
            = StringItem string:String
             | HeliumItem Exp
             + ~200 lines of sheet code
```

### DTD - Chess

```
data Board = Board r1:Row r2:Row r3:Row r4:Row
                   r5:Row r6:Row r7:Row r8:Row
data Row = Row ca: Square cb: Square cc: Square cd: Square
               ce:Square cf:Square cq:Square ch:Square
data BoardSquare = Queen color:Bool
                 | King color:Bool
                 | Bishop color:Bool
                 | Knight color:Bool
                 | Rook color:Bool
                 | Pawn color:Bool
                 | Empty
```

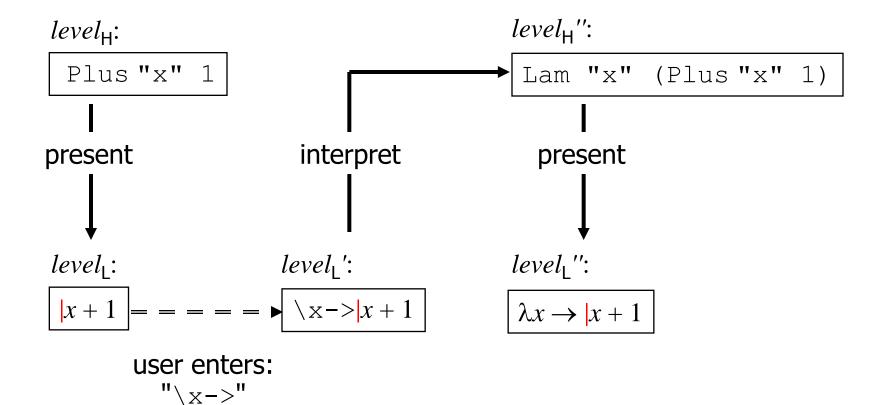
+ ~130 lines of sheet code (without move generator)

# 2. Specification

# Step 1: Single layer

- Two levels:
  - Level<sub>H</sub> (Document) and Level<sub>I</sub> (Presentation)
- Given
  - present ::  $Level_H \rightarrow Level_I$  (Total & injective)
- we specify
  - interpret ::  $Level_1 \rightarrow Level_H$
- PSD analogy:
  - (present, interpret) is (get, put)
  - (Level<sub>H</sub>, Level<sub>L</sub>) is (Source, View)
  - However, we give only a specification, no language
  - No assumptions on level types or formalism for functions

# Data flow



## Requirements

- Precondition:  $level_{L} = present \ level_{H}$
- Edit operation:  $level_{L} \in level'_{L}$
- Requirements:
- {true}  $Comp \{level_{L}'' = present \ level_{H}''\}$  (Postcondition)
- $\{level_{\perp}' = present \ h\} \ Comp \ \{level_{\perp}'' = level_{\perp}'\} \ (Pres-Inert)$
- $\{\text{true}\}\ Comp\ \{level_{\mid}' \text{ "close to" } level_{\mid}''\}$  (Intended)

# Computation

• Comp A  $level_{H}'' := interpret <math>level_{L}''$  $level_{L}'' := present \ level_{H}''$ 

- $l = \text{present } h \implies h = \text{interpret } l$  (InterPresent)
- Interpresent implies all requirements

## Step 2: Extra state

- Extra state in both directions
  - Whitespace, expansion state, hidden data, etc.
- Relations instead of functions
- Present :: Level<sub>L</sub> ~ Level<sub>H</sub>
- Interpret :: Level<sub>H</sub> ~ Level<sub>L</sub>
- Equivalence relations L and H for extra state
  - $L :: Level_{L} \sim Level_{L}$  and  $H :: Level_{H} \sim Level_{H}$
  - ("x + 1") L (" x + 1")
  - (Decl "f" 1) H (Decl "f" (Sum 1 2))
- Wildcards: data Decl = Decl String  $*_{Exp}$

## Functions instead of relations

$$[x]_R = \{ y / x R y \}$$

$$T/_R = \{ [x]_R / x :: T \}$$

Equivalence class

Factor set: all eq. classes

- Functions between equivalence classes
- present ::  $Level_H/_H \rightarrow Level_L/_L$
- interpret ::  $Level_L/_L \rightarrow Level_H/_H$
- $l Present h \equiv [l]_L = present [h]_H$  (present-Char)
- $l Interpret h \equiv [h]_L = interpret [l]_L$  (interpret-Char)

## Requirements

- {true} Comp { $[level_L'']_L$  = present  $[level_H'']_H$ } (Postcondition)
- { $[level_{L}']_{L}$  = present  $[h]_{H}$ } Comp { $level_{L}'' = level_{L}'$ } (Pres-Inert)
- $\{\text{true}\}\ Comp\ \{level_{\mid}' \text{ "close to" } level_{\mid}''\}$  (Intended)
- {true} Comp {level<sub>H</sub> "close to" level<sub>H</sub>"} (Doc-Preserve)
- { $[level_L']_L$  = present  $[level_H]_H$ } Comp { $level_H'' = level_H$ } (Doc-Inert)

## Computation

- Select a value from eq. class, reusing extra state
- $\blacksquare$  > :: Level/<sub>R</sub>  $\rightarrow$  Level  $\rightarrow$  Level
  - **E.g.** (Decl "g" \*) > (Decl "f" 1) = (Decl "g" 1)
- $[[x]_R > y]_R = [x]_R$  (>-Valid)
- $[x]_R = [y]_R \Rightarrow [x]_R > y = y$  (>-Idem)
- $[x]_R > y \text{ "close to" } y$  (>-Close)
- $Comp \ A \ level_{H}'' := interpret \ [level_{L}']_{L} >_{H} level_{H}$ ;  $level_{L}'' := present \ [level_{H}'']_{H} >_{L} level_{L}'$
- $[l]_L = \text{present } [h]_H \implies [h]_H = \text{interpret } [l]_L \quad (\text{InterPresent})$
- InterPresent implies all requirements

# Step 3: Composite layer

- Not discussed in detail because of complexity
- Problem when composing:
  - Composition of mappings between equivalence classes is not necessarily a mapping between equivalence classes again
  - Components  $[l]_{LL}$  = present<sub>L</sub>  $[m]_{LH}$  and  $[m]_{HL}$  = present<sub>H</sub>  $[h]_{HH}$
  - Composition is not always  $[l]_{CL}$  = present<sub>C</sub>  $[h]_{CH}$
- For present, we may assume a valid decomposition, but interpret may fail
- Other problems occur as well
- Solution: strong restrictions on composition, explained in thesis

# Step 4: Duplicates

- Example: present x = (x, x, x)
- Hard to define without assumptions on types and mappings
- When a duplicate is modified, the modified value is used for the document update
  - Updated title in contents leads to update on chapter title
- Problem with Intended requirement
  - Intended: {true} Comp {level<sub>|</sub>' "close to" level<sub>|</sub>"}
  - Result of  $(1,1,1) \in (1,2,1)$  should be (2,2,2)
  - However, (1,2,1) is closer to (1,1,1) than (2,2,2)
- Solution: block out interfering duplicates with operator \( \Delta \)

## Requirements: Intended

- $\Delta$ :: Level  $\rightarrow$  Level  $\rightarrow$  Level\*
  - $\Delta$  depends on present, usage:  $level_{\parallel} \Delta \ level_{\parallel}'$
  - Duplicates of edited parts become wildcards, which do not affect "close to" and equality.
  - For present x = (x, x, x)  $\Rightarrow$   $(1,1,1) \Delta (1,2,1) = (*,2,*)$
  - For present (x,y) = (x, y, x+y)  $\Rightarrow$   $(2,5,7) \Delta (2,6,7) = (2,6,*)$   $(2,5,7) \Delta (2,5,8) = (*,*,8)$
  - Not possible to give formal definition
- New requirement:
  - $\{\text{true}\}\ Comp\ \{level_{\mid} \Delta\ level_{\mid}'\ \text{``close to''}\ level_{\mid}''\}$  (Intended)
- Because presentation extra state is now no longer reused for duplicates, we need the (weaker) requirement:
  - $\{true\}\ Comp\ \{level_{L'}\ "close\ to"\ level_{L''}\}\$  (Pres-Preserve)

## Requirements: Pres-Inert

- Also a problem with Pres-Inert
- Old Pres-Inert:  $\{[level_{\perp}']_L = \text{present } [h]_H\} Comp \{level_{\perp}'' = level_{\perp}'\}$
- Simple source editor with document [f = a + 2, a = 1] and presentation with type check "f = ...; a = 1 OK"
- User update "1" ∈ "True" should yield "f = ...; a = True ERROR"
- But since "f = ...; a = True OK" is the presentation of some h, Pres-Inert specifies update on hidden body of f (e.g. a+2  $\in$  undefined)
- Only require updated parts to be inert and not their duplicates
   + fix precondition to handle interfering duplicates in presentation
  - $\{[level_{|} \Delta level_{|}']_{L} = \text{present } [h]_{H} \} Comp \{level_{|} \Delta level_{|}' = \text{level}_{L}''\}$  (Pres-Inert)
- Other requirements remain unchanged

# Conclusions / future work

- Given present, specification of interpret plus computation
- When simple requirements are met, more complex requirements can be proven
- Specification helps to clarify concept of extra state
- Specification
  - Find workable restrictions for composite layer
  - Maybe formalize closeness
- Simple fixes on prototype
  - Incrementality (10x faster), focus, edit model
- Add evaluation layer
- Automatically construct interpret that meets the specification
  - Typed Inv + presentation extra state + AG
  - Inversion is fragile, must be easy to specify non-automatic parts

# Questions?

For thesis & more information:

http://www.cs.uu.nl/research/projects/proxima/