Barriola-Vilenkin metric

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1 Settings

```
(%i12) assume(r≥0)$
    assume(θ≥0,θ≤π)$
    assume(sin(θ)≥0)$
    assume(φ≥0,φ≤2*π)$

(%i13) ct_coords:[t,r,θ,φ]$
(%i14) dim:length(ct_coords)$
(%i15) orderless(m,c,K)$
(%i16) declare([c,K],constant)$
(%i17) assume(m>0,c>0,K>0)$
(%i18) params:[m=1,c=1,K=0.21]$
(%i19) τ:16$
```

Covariant Metric Tensor

(%i20) ldisplay(lg:matrix([-c²,0,0,0],[0,1,0,0],[0,0,K²*r²,0],[0,0,0,K²*r²*sin(
$$\theta$$
)²]))\$

$$lg = \begin{pmatrix} -c^2 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & K^2 r^2 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & K^2 r^2 \sin(\theta)^2 \end{pmatrix}$$
 (%t20)

Contravariant Metric Tensor

(%i21) ldisplay(ug:invert(lg))\$

$$ug = \begin{pmatrix} -\frac{1}{c^2} & 0 & 0 & 0\\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0\\ 0 & 0 & \frac{1}{K^2 r^2} & 0\\ 0 & 0 & 0 & \frac{1}{K^2 r^2 \sin(\theta)^2} \end{pmatrix}$$
 (%t21)

Line element

$$ds^{2} = K^{2} r^{2} \sin(\theta)^{2} \operatorname{del}(\phi)^{2} + K^{2} r^{2} \operatorname{del}(\theta)^{2} - c^{2} \operatorname{del}(t)^{2} + \operatorname{del}(r)^{2}$$
 (%t22)

2 Using optvar

(%i23) kill(labels)\$

(%i1) depends(ct_coords,s)\$

Lagrangian

(%i2) ldisplay(L:m*diff(ct_coords,s).lg.transpose(diff(ct_coords,s)))\$

$$L = m \left(K^2 r^2 \sin(\theta)^2 (\phi_s)^2 + K^2 r^2 (\theta_s)^2 - c^2 (t_s)^2 + (r_s)^2 \right)$$
 (%t2)

Momentum Conjugate

(%i3) ldisplay(P_t:ev(diff(L,'diff(t,s))))\$

$$P_t = -2c^2 m \ (t_s) \tag{\%t3}$$

(%i4) linsolve(p_t=P_t,diff(t,s)),factor;

$$\left[t_s = -\frac{p_t}{2c^2m}\right] \tag{\%04}$$

(%i5) ldisplay(P_r:ev(diff(L,'diff(r,s))))\$

$$P_r = 2m \ (r_s) \tag{\%t5}$$

(%i6) linsolve(p_r=P_r,diff(r,s)),factor;

$$\left[r_s = \frac{p_r}{2m}\right] \tag{\%06}$$

(%i7) $ldisplay(P_{\theta}:ev(diff(L, 'diff(\theta, s))))$ \$

$$P_{\theta} = 2K^2 m \, r^2 \, (\theta_s) \tag{\%t7}$$

(%i8) linsolve($p_{-}\theta = P_{-}\theta$, diff(θ ,s)), factor;

$$\left[\theta_s = \frac{p_\theta}{2K^2m\,r^2}\right] \tag{\%08}$$

(%i9) $ldisplay(P_{\phi}:ev(diff(L, 'diff(\phi, s))))$ \$

$$P_{\phi} = 2K^2 m r^2 \sin\left(\theta\right)^2 \left(\phi_s\right) \tag{\%t9}$$

(%i10) linsolve($p_{-}\phi=P_{-}\phi$,diff(ϕ ,s)),factor;

$$\left[\phi_s = \frac{p_\phi}{2K^2 m \, r^2 \sin\left(\theta\right)^2}\right] \tag{\%o10}$$

Generalized Forces

(%i11) ldisplay(F_t:diff(L,t))\$

$$F_t = 0 (\%t11)$$

(%i12) ldisplay(F_r:factor(trigreduce(diff(L,r))))\$

$$F_r = -K^2 mr \left(\cos(2\theta) (\phi_s)^2 - (\phi_s)^2 - 2(\theta_s)^2\right)$$
 (%t12)

(%i13) $ldisplay(F_{\theta}:factor(trigreduce(diff(L,\theta))))$ \$

$$F_{\theta} = K^2 m r^2 \sin(2\theta) \left(\phi_s\right)^2 \tag{\%t13}$$

(%**i14**) ldisplay($F_{-}\phi$:diff(L,ϕ))\$

$$F_{\phi} = 0 \tag{\%t14}$$

Euler-Lagrange Equations

```
(%i15) aa:el(L,ct_coords,s)$
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Conservation Laws

(%i30) map(ldisp,radcan(part(bb/m,[1,3,7])))\$

$$K^{2} r^{2} \sin(\theta)^{2} (\phi_{s})^{2} + K^{2} r^{2} (\theta_{s})^{2} - c^{2} (t_{s})^{2} + (r_{s})^{2} = \frac{E}{m}$$
 (%t30)

$$-2c^2 (t_s) = \frac{\Lambda}{m} \tag{\%t31}$$

$$2K^{2} r^{2} \sin(\theta)^{2} (\phi_{s}) = \frac{J}{m}$$
 (%t32)

Express the Energy in terms of the Angular Momentum

(%i33) linsolve(eliminate(part(bb,[1,7]),[diff(ϕ ,s)]),E),expand;

$$E = K^{2} m r^{2} (\theta_{s})^{2} + \frac{J^{2}}{4K^{2} m r^{2} \sin(\theta)^{2}} - c^{2} m (t_{s})^{2} + m (r_{s})^{2}$$
(%o33)

Equations of Motion

(%i34) map(ldisp,radcan(part(bb/m,[2,4,5,6])))\$

$$-2c^2 (t_{ss}) = 0 (\%t34)$$

$$-2K^{2}r\sin(\theta)^{2}(\phi_{s})^{2} - 2K^{2}r(\theta_{s})^{2} + 2(r_{ss}) = 0$$
 (%t35)

$$-2K^{2} r^{2} \cos(\theta) \sin(\theta) (\phi_{s})^{2} + 2K^{2} r^{2} (\theta_{ss}) + 4K^{2} r (r_{s}) (\theta_{s}) = 0$$
 (%t36)

$$2K^{2} r^{2} \sin(\theta)^{2} (\phi_{ss}) + \left(4K^{2} r^{2} \cos(\theta) \sin(\theta) (\theta_{s}) + 4K^{2} r (r_{s}) \sin(\theta)^{2}\right) (\phi_{s}) = 0$$
 (%t37)

Solve for second derivative of coordinates

(%i38) linsol:linsolve(part(bb,[2,4,5,6]),diff(ct_coords,s,2))\$

(%i39) map(ldisp,radcan(linsol))\$

$$t_{ss} = 0 (\%t39)$$

$$r_{ss} = K^2 r \sin(\theta)^2 (\phi_s)^2 + K^2 r (\theta_s)^2$$
 (%t40)

$$\theta_{ss} = \frac{r \cos(\theta) \sin(\theta) (\phi_s)^2 - 2(r_s) (\theta_s)}{r}$$
(%t41)

$$\phi_{ss} = -\frac{\left(2r\cos\left(\theta\right)\left(\theta_{s}\right) + 2\left(r_{s}\right)\sin\left(\theta\right)\right)\left(\phi_{s}\right)}{r\sin\left(\theta\right)} \tag{\%t42}$$

Check Conservation of Energy

(%i43) radcan(lhs(bb[1]));

$$K^{2}mr^{2}\sin(\theta)^{2}(\phi_{s})^{2} + K^{2}mr^{2}(\theta_{s})^{2} - c^{2}m(t_{s})^{2} + m(r_{s})^{2}$$
 (%o43)

(%i44) subst(linsol,diff(lhs(bb[1]),s)),expand;

$$0$$
 (%o44)

Check Conservation of Λ

(%i45) radcan(lhs(bb[3]));

$$-2c^2m (t_s) (\%o45)$$

(%i46) subst(linsol,diff(lhs(bb[3]),s));

$$0$$
 (%o46)

Check Conservation of Angular Momentum

(%i47) radcan(lhs(bb[7]));

$$2K^2mr^2\sin\left(\theta\right)^2\left(\phi_s\right) \tag{\%o47}$$

(%i48) subst(linsol,diff(lhs(bb[7]),s)),expand;

$$0$$
 (%o48)

Legendre Transformation

(%i49) kill(labels)\$

(%i1) Legendre:linsolve([p_t=P_t,p_r=P_r,p_
$$\theta$$
=P_ θ ,p_ ϕ =P_ ϕ], ['diff(t,s),'diff(r,s),'diff(θ ,s),'diff(ϕ ,s)]

(%i2) map(ldisp,radcan(Legendre))\$

$$t_s = -\frac{p_t}{2c^2m} \tag{\%t2}$$

$$r_s = \frac{p_r}{2m} \tag{\%t3}$$

$$\theta_s = \frac{p_\theta}{2K^2m\,r^2} \tag{\%t4}$$

$$\phi_s = \frac{p_\phi}{2K^2 m \, r^2 \sin\left(\theta\right)^2} \tag{\%t5}$$

Hamiltonian

(%i6) ldisplay(H:ev(p_t*'diff(t,s)+p_r*'diff(r,s)+ p_ θ *'diff(θ ,s)+p_ ϕ *'diff(ϕ ,s)-L,Legendre,radcan))\$

$$H = -\frac{\left(\left(K^2 p_t^2 - c^2 K^2 p_r^2\right) r^2 - c^2 p_\theta^2\right) \sin(\theta)^2 - c^2 p_\phi^2}{4c^2 K^2 m r^2 \sin(\theta)^2}$$
(%t6)

Equations of Motion

(%i7) Hq:makelist(Hq[i],i,1,2*dim)\$

(%i15) Hq[1]: 'diff(t,s)=diff(H,p_t)\$

Hq[2]:'diff(r,s)=diff(H,p_r)\$

 $\texttt{Hq[3]:'diff($\theta$,s)=} \texttt{diff($H$,$p$_$\theta$)$} \$$

 $Hq[4]:'diff(\phi,s)=diff(H,p_{\phi})$ \$

 $Hq[5]:'diff(p_t,s)=-diff(H,t)$ \$

 $Hq[6]:'diff(p_r,s)=-diff(H,r)$ \$

(%i16) map(ldisp,Hq:radcan(Hq))\$

$$t_s = -\frac{p_t}{2c^2 m} (\%t16)$$

$$r_s = \frac{p_r}{2m} \tag{\%t17}$$

$$\theta_s = \frac{p_\theta}{2K^2m\,r^2} \tag{\%t18}$$

$$\phi_s = \frac{p_\phi}{2K^2 m \, r^2 \sin\left(\theta\right)^2} \tag{\%t19}$$

$$p_{ts} = 0 (\%t20)$$

$$p_{rs} = \frac{p_{\theta}^{2} \sin(\theta)^{2} + p_{\phi}^{2}}{2K^{2}m \, r^{3} \sin(\theta)^{2}}$$
 (%t21)

$$p_{\theta s} = \frac{p_{\phi}^{2} \cos(\theta)}{2K^{2} m r^{2} \sin(\theta)^{3}}$$
 (%t22)

$$p_{\phi_s} = 0 \tag{\%t23}$$

Check Conservation of Energy

$$\textbf{(\%i24)} \; \texttt{depends([p_t,p_r,p_\theta,p_\theta],s)$} \\$$

(%i25) subst(Hq,diff(H,s)),expand;

0 (%o25)

Reduce Order

(%i26) kill(labels)\$

(%i2) $cv_coords: [T,R,\Theta,\Phi]$ \$ depends (cv_coords,s) \$

(%i6) gradef(t,s,T)\$ gradef(r,s,R)\$ gradef(θ ,s, Θ)\$ gradef(ϕ ,s, Φ)\$

Euler-Lagrange Equations

(%i7) aa:el(L,ct_coords,s)\$

(%i14) bb:ev(aa,eval,diff)\$

(%i17) bb[1]:subst([k[0]=-E],-bb[1])\$
bb[3]:subst([k[1]=\Lambda],bb[3])\$
bb[7]:subst([k[4]=J],bb[7])\$

(%i21) bb[2]:lhs(bb[2])-rhs(bb[2])=0\$
bb[4]:lhs(bb[4])-rhs(bb[4])=0\$
bb[5]:lhs(bb[5])-rhs(bb[5])=0\$
bb[6]:lhs(bb[6])-rhs(bb[6])=0\$

Conservation Laws

(%i22) ldisplay(Epm:expand(bb[1]/m))\$

$$K^{2} r^{2} \Phi^{2} \sin(\theta)^{2} + K^{2} r^{2} \Theta^{2} - c^{2} T^{2} + R^{2} = \frac{E}{m}$$
 (%t22)

(%i23) ldisplay($\Lambda pm: expand(bb[3]/m)$)\$

$$-2c^2T = \frac{\Lambda}{m} \tag{\%t23}$$

(%i24) ldisplay(Jpm:expand(bb[7]/m))\$

$$2K^2 r^2 \Phi \sin \left(\theta\right)^2 = \frac{J}{m} \tag{\%t24}$$

Equations of Motion

(%i25) map(ldisp,radcan(part(bb/m,[2,4,5,6])))\$

$$-2c^2 (T_s) = 0 (\%t25)$$

$$-2K^{2}r\,\Phi^{2}\sin(\theta)^{2} - 2K^{2}r\,\Theta^{2} + 2(R_{s}) = 0 \tag{\%t26}$$

$$-2K^{2} r^{2} \Phi^{2} \cos(\theta) \sin(\theta) + 2K^{2} r^{2} (\Theta_{s}) + 4K^{2} Rr \Theta = 0$$
 (%t27)

$$(2K^{2}r^{2}(\Phi_{s}) + 4K^{2}Rr\Phi)\sin(\theta)^{2} + 4K^{2}r^{2}\Theta\Phi\cos(\theta)\sin(\theta) = 0$$
 (%t28)

Solve for second derivative of coordinates

(%i29) linsol:linsolve(part(bb,[2,4,5,6]),diff(ct_coords,s,2))\$

(%i30) map(ldisp,radcan(linsol))\$

$$T_s = 0 (\%t30)$$

$$R_s = K^2 r \, \Phi^2 \sin(\theta)^2 + K^2 r \, \Theta^2 \tag{\%t31}$$

$$\Theta_{s} = \frac{r \Phi^{2} \cos(\theta) \sin(\theta) - 2R\Theta}{r}$$
 (%t32)

$$\Phi_s = -\frac{2R\Phi\sin(\theta) + 2r\Theta\Phi\cos(\theta)}{r\sin(\theta)}$$
 (%t33)

Numerical solution (Lagrangian)

(%i34) kill(labels)\$

(%i8) funcs:append(ct_coords,cv_coords)\$ldisplay(funcs)\$ initial:[0,15, π /2, π /4,2.022,-1.7,-0.1,-0.1]\$ldisplay(initial)\$ odes:append(cv_coords,map('rhs,linsol))\$ldisplay(odes)\$ interval:[s,0, τ]\$ldisplay(interval)\$

$$funcs = [t, r, \theta, \phi, T, R, \Theta, \Phi]$$
(%t2)

$$initial = \left[0, 15, \frac{\pi}{2}, \frac{\pi}{4}, 2.022, -1.7, -0.1, -0.1\right] \tag{\%t4}$$

$$odes = \left[T, R, \Theta, \Phi, 0, K^2 r \Phi^2 \sin(\theta)^2 + K^2 r \Theta^2, \frac{r \Phi^2 \cos(\theta) \sin(\theta) - 2R\Theta}{r}, -\frac{2R\Phi \sin(\theta) + 2r\Theta\Phi \cos(\theta)}{r \sin(\theta)}\right] \tag{\%t6}$$

$$interval = [s, 0, 16] \tag{\%t8}$$

(%i9) P:map("=",funcs,initial)\$

(%i10) lgP:lg,P,params\$

(%i11) gVV:factor(diff(ct_coords).lgP.transpose(diff(ct_coords)))\$

(%i12) gVVP:gVV,P,params;

$$-1.0 \operatorname{del}(s)^2$$
 (gVVP)

(%i13) rksol:rkf45(odes,funcs,initial,interval, absolute_tolerance=1E-12,report=true),params\$

Info: rkf45:

Integration points selected: 4216

Total number of iterations: 4216

Bad steps corrected:1

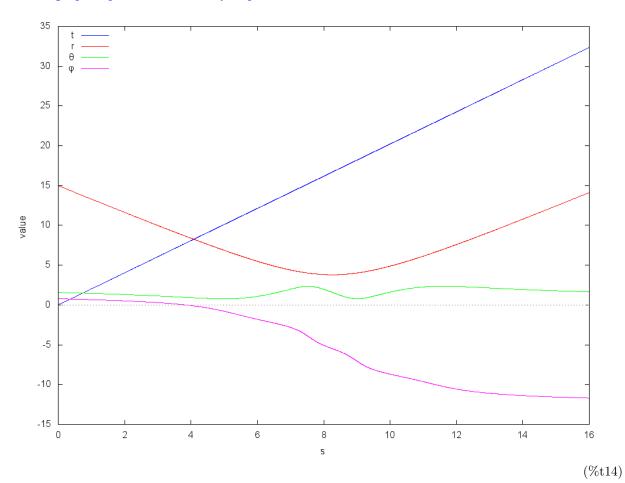
Minimum estimated error: 1.714310⁻¹³

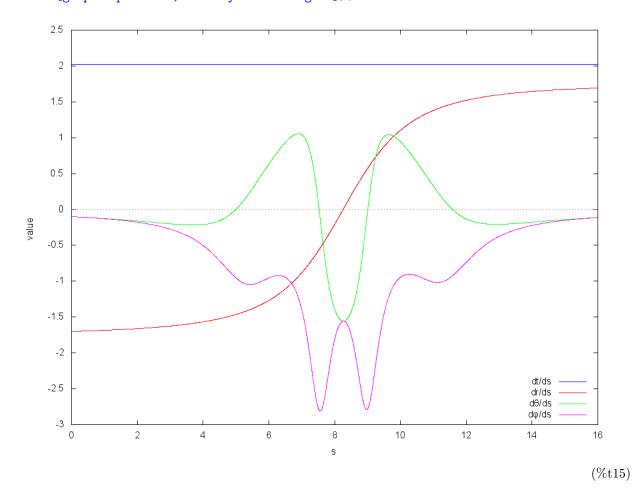
Maximum estimated error: 5.222710⁻¹³

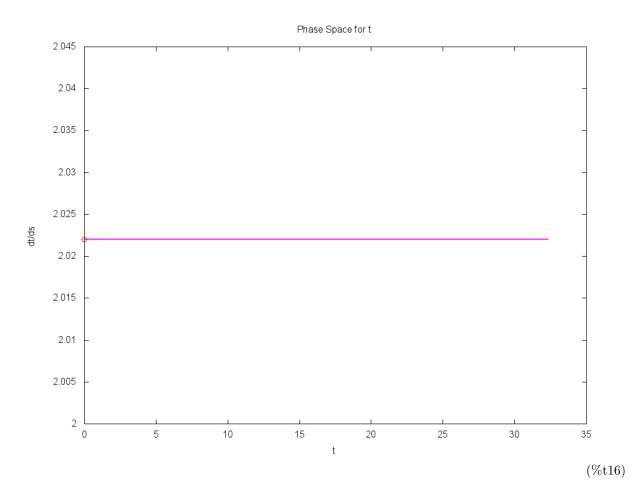
Minimum integration step taken: 7.574110⁻⁴

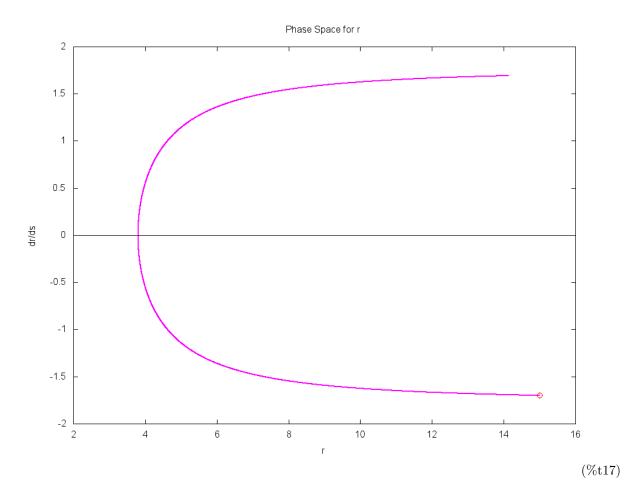
Maximum integration step taken: 0.025407

(%i14) wxplot2d([[discrete,map(lambda([u],part(u,[1,2])),rksol)], [discrete,map(lambda([u],part(u,[1,3]),rksol)], [discrete,map(lambda([u],part(u,[1,5])),rksol)]
 [style,[lines,1]],[xlabel,"s"],[ylabel,"value"], [legend,"t","r","θ","φ"],
 [gnuplot_preamble,"set key top left"])\$

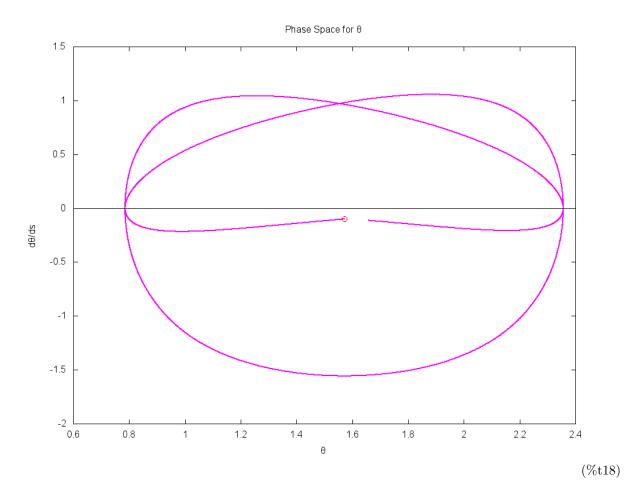




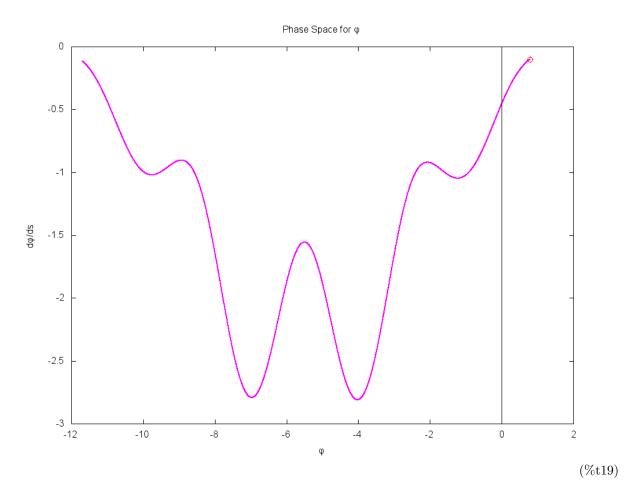




(%i18) wxplot2d([[discrete,map(lambda([u],part(u,[4,8])),rksol)], [discrete,[part(initial,[3,7])]]],[ax [title,"Phase Space for θ "],[point_type,circle], [style,[lines,2],[points,3]],[color,magenta,red] [xlabel," θ "],[ylabel,"d θ /ds"],[legend,false])\$

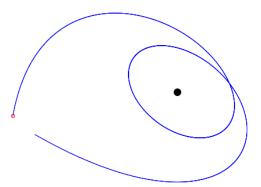


(%i19) wxplot2d([[discrete,map(lambda([u],part(u,[5,9])),rksol)], [discrete,[part(initial,[4,8])]]],[ax [title,"Phase Space for ϕ "],[point_type,circle], [style,[lines,2],[points,3]],[color,magenta,red_[xlabel," ϕ "],[ylabel,"d ϕ /ds"],[legend,false])\$



```
(%i20) draw3d(title = "Barriola-Vilenkin Geodesic", proportional_axes = xyz, axis_3d = false,
    xlabel = "", ylabel = "", zlabel = "", dimensions = wxplot_size, view = [80,185],
    file_name = "Barriola_Vilenkin_Geodesic1", terminal = 'pngcairo,
    transform = [r*sin(θ)*cos(φ),r*sin(θ)*sin(φ),r*cos(θ),r,θ,φ],
    color = black, point_size = 2, point_type = filled_circle, points([[0,0,0]]),
    color = blue, point_size = 1, point_type = -1, points_joined = true,
    points(map(lambda([u],part(u,[3,4,5])),rksol)),
    color = red, point_size = 1, point_type = circle, points([part(initial,[2,3,4])])),params$
(%i21) show_image("Barriola_Vilenkin_Geodesic1.png")$
```

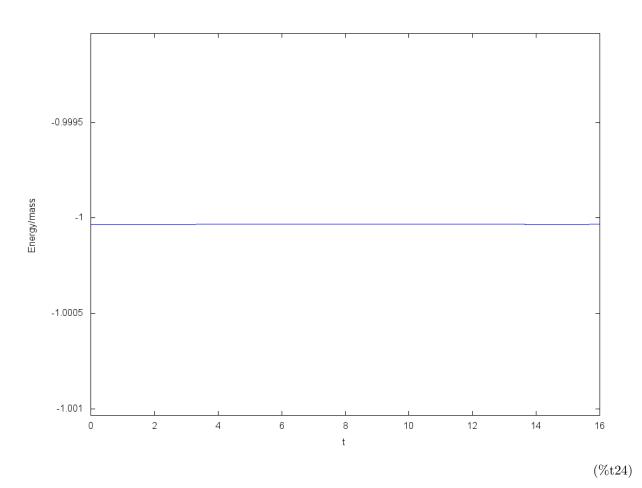
Barriola-Vilenkin Geodesic



(%t21)

Check Conservation of Energy using the Numerical Data

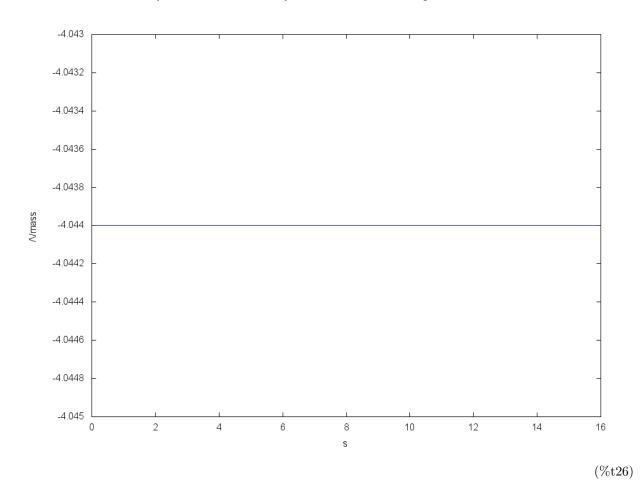
```
(%i22) P:map("=",funcs,initial)$
(%i23) W:lhs(Epm),P,params,numer,eval;
-1.0
(W)
```



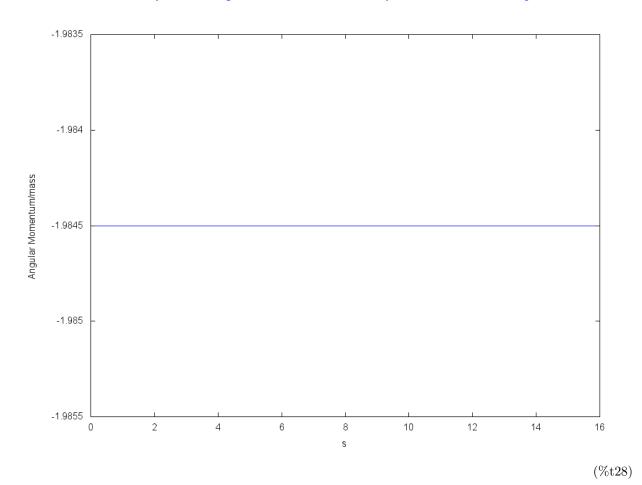
Check Conservation of Λ using the Numerical Data

(%i25) W:lhs(
$$\Lambda$$
pm),P,params,numer,eval;
$$-4.044 \tag{W}$$

(%i26) wxplot2d([discrete,makelist([first(rkline), ev(lhs(Λ pm),map("=",funcs,rest(rkline)))],rkline,rks [xlabel,"s"],[ylabel," Λ /mass"],[y,W-0.001,W+0.001]),params\$



Check Conservation of Angular Momentum using the Numerical Data



Minimal Radius

(%i29) ldisplay(r_m:lmin(map(lambda([u],part(u,3)),rksol)))\$
$$r_m = 3.8023 \eqno(\%t29)$$

at proper time

(%i30) ldisplay(s_m:assoc(r_m,map(lambda([u],part(u,[3,1])),rksol)))\$
$$s_m = 8.2566 \tag{\%t30}$$

at coordinate time

(%i31) ldisplay(t_m:assoc(r_m,map(lambda([u],part(u,[3,2])),rksol)))\$
$$t_m = 16.695 \tag{\%t31}$$

Numerical solution (Hamiltonian)

(%i32) kill(labels)\$

Calculate the initial values

(%i1) initialH:initial\$

(%i5) initialH[5]:P_t,['diff(t,s)=diff(t,s)],P,params,numer\$ initialH[6]:P_r,['diff(r,s)=diff(r,s)],P,params,numer\$ initialH[7]:P_
$$\theta$$
,['diff(θ ,s)=diff(θ ,s)],P,params,numer\$ initialH[8]:P_ ϕ ,['diff(ϕ ,s)=diff(ϕ ,s)],P,params,numer\$

(%i11) funcs: $[t,r,\theta,\phi,p_-t,p_-r,p_-\theta,p_-\phi]$ \$ldisplay(funcs)\$ ldisplay(initialH)\$ odes: map('rhs,Hq)\$ldisplay(odes)\$ ldisplay(interval)\$

$$funcs = [t, r, \theta, \phi, p_t, p_r, p_\theta, p_\phi] \tag{\%t7}$$

$$initialH = \left[0, 15, \frac{\pi}{2}, \frac{\pi}{4}, -4.044, -3.4, -1.9845, -1.9845\right]$$
 (%t8)

$$odes = \left[-\frac{p_t}{2c^2m}, \frac{p_r}{2m}, \frac{p_\theta}{2K^2m\,r^2}, \frac{p_\phi}{2K^2m\,r^2\sin\left(\theta\right)^2}, 0, \frac{p_\theta^2\sin\left(\theta\right)^2 + p_\phi^2}{2K^2m\,r^3\sin\left(\theta\right)^2}, \frac{p_\phi^2\cos\left(\theta\right)}{2K^2m\,r^2\sin\left(\theta\right)^3}, 0 \right]$$
(%t10)

$$interval = [s, 0, 16] \tag{\%t11}$$

(%i12) rksol:rkf45(odes,funcs,initialH,interval, absolute_tolerance=1E-12,report=true),params\$

Info: rkf45:

Integration points selected: 4969

Total number of iterations: 4969

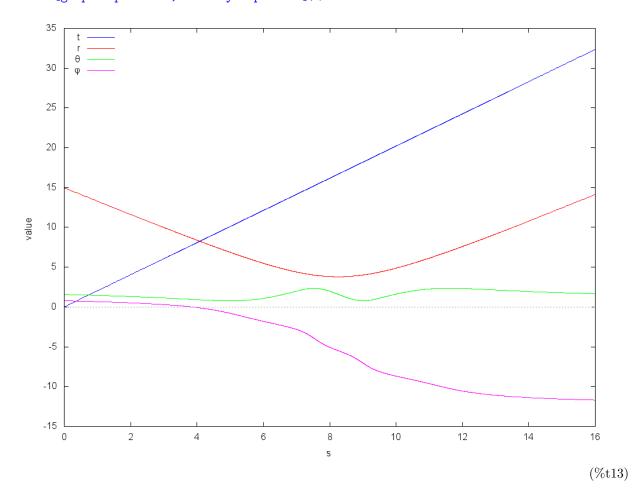
Bad steps corrected:1

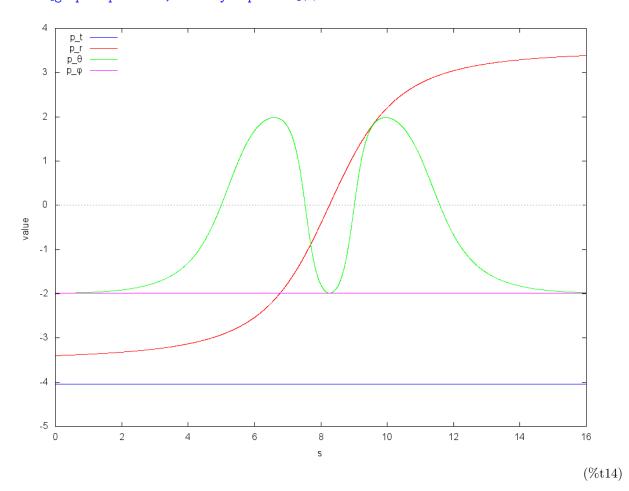
Minimum estimated error: 4.233810^{-14}

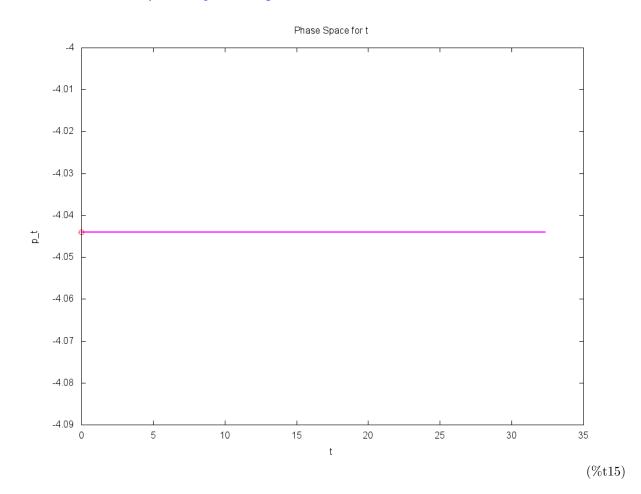
Maximum estimated error: 5.88910^{-13}

Minimum integration step taken: 7.283410^{-4}

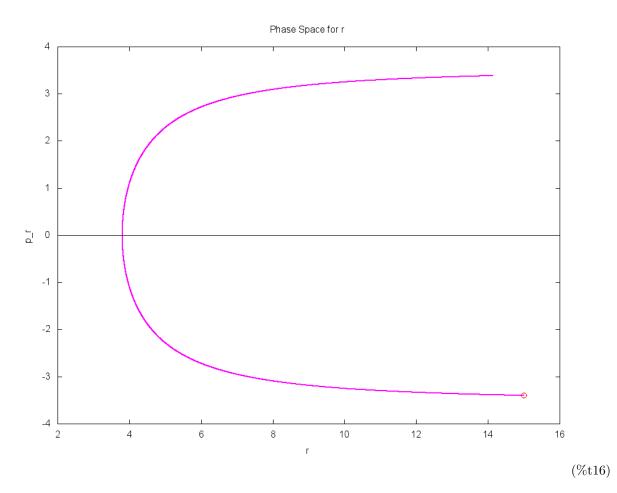
Maximum integration step taken: 0.04262



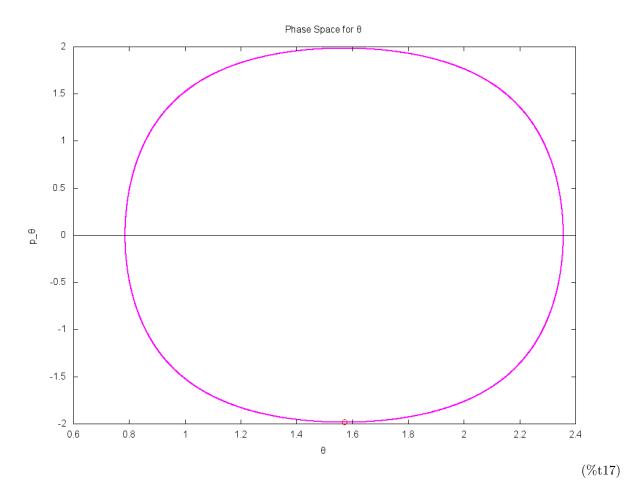




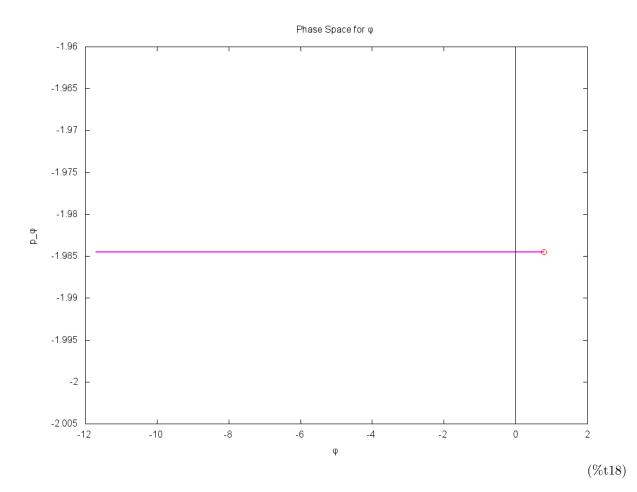
(%i16) wxplot2d([[discrete,map(lambda([u],part(u,[3,7])),rksol)], [discrete,[part(initialH,[2,6])]]],[a [title,"Phase Space for r"],[point_type,circle], [style,[lines,2],[points,3]],[color,magenta,red [xlabel,"r"],[ylabel,"p_r"],[legend,false])\$



(%i17) wxplot2d([[discrete,map(lambda([u],part(u,[4,8])),rksol)], [discrete,[part(initialH,[3,7])]]],[a [title,"Phase Space for θ "],[point_type,circle], [style,[lines,2],[points,3]],[color,magenta,red] [xlabel," θ "],[ylabel,"p_ θ "],[legend,false])\$

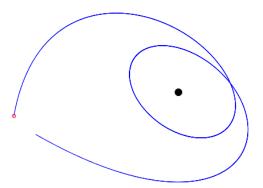


(%i18) wxplot2d([[discrete,map(lambda([u],part(u,[5,9])),rksol)], [discrete,[part(initialH,[4,8])]]],[a [title,"Phase Space for ϕ "],[point_type,circle], [style,[lines,2],[points,3]],[color,magenta,red] [xlabel," ϕ "],[ylabel,"p_ ϕ "],[legend,false])\$



```
(%i19) draw3d(title = "Barriola Vilenkin Geodesic", proportional_axes = xyz, axis_3d = false,
    xlabel = "", ylabel = "", zlabel = "", dimensions = wxplot_size, view = [80,185],
    file_name = "Barriola_Vilenkin_Geodesic2", terminal = 'pngcairo,
    transform = [r*sin(θ)*cos(φ),r*sin(θ)*sin(φ),r*cos(θ),r,θ,φ],
    color = blue, point_size = 1, point_type = -1, points_joined = true,
    points(map(lambda([u],part(u,[3,4,5])),rksol)),
    color = red, point_size = 1, point_type = circle, points_joined = false,
    points([part(initialH,[2,3,4])]),
    color = black, point_size = 2, point_type = filled_circle, points([[0,0,0]])),params$
(%i20) show_image("Barriola_Vilenkin_Geodesic2.png")$
```

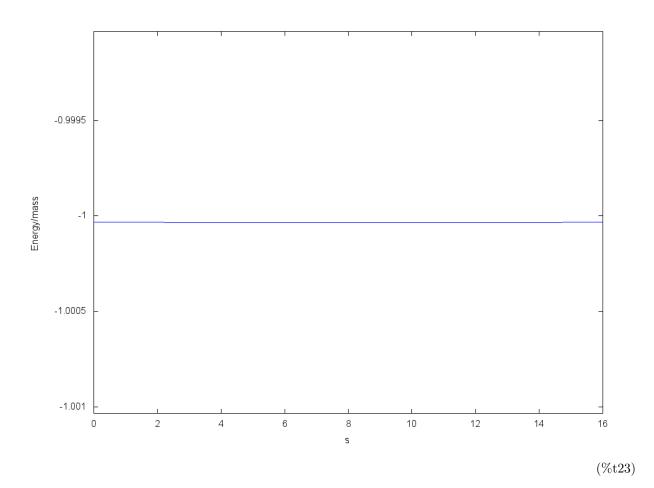
Barriola Vilenkin Geodesic



(%t20)

Check Conservation of Energy using the Numerical Data

```
(%i21) P:map("=",funcs,initialH)$
(%i22) Y:H/m,P,params,numer;
-1.0
(Y)
```



3 Using ctensor

```
(%i24) kill(labels)$
(%i1) if get('itensor,'version)=false then load(itensor)$
(%i2) imetric(g)$
(%i3) if get('ctensor,'version)=false then load(ctensor)$
(%i4) dim:length(ct_coords)$
(%i10) ctrgsimp:true$
    ratchristof:true$
    ratriemann:true$
    rateinstein:true$
    ratweyl:true$
    ratfac:true$
(%i11) cmetric()$
Covariant Metric tensor
```

(%i12) ishow(g([μ, ν],[])=lg)\$

$$g_{\mu\nu} = \begin{pmatrix} -c^2 & 0 & 0 & 0\\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0\\ 0 & 0 & K^2 r^2 & 0\\ 0 & 0 & 0 & K^2 r^2 \sin(\theta)^2 \end{pmatrix}$$
 (%t12)

Contravariant Metric tensor

(%i13) ishow(g([], [μ , ν])=ug)\$

$$g^{\mu\nu} = \begin{pmatrix} -\frac{1}{c^2} & 0 & 0 & 0\\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0\\ 0 & 0 & \frac{1}{K^2 r^2} & 0\\ 0 & 0 & 0 & \frac{1}{K^2 r^2 \sin(\theta)^2} \end{pmatrix}$$
 (%t13)

Christoffel Symbol of the first kind

(%i15) christof(false)\$
 for i thru dim do for j:i thru dim do for k thru dim do
 if lcs[i,j,k]≠0 then
 ishow(Γ([ct_coords[i],ct_coords[j],ct_coords[k]],[])=lcs[i,j,k])\$

$$\Gamma_{r\theta\theta} = K^2 r \tag{\%t15}$$

$$\Gamma_{r\phi\phi} = K^2 r \sin\left(\theta\right)^2 \tag{\%t15}$$

$$\Gamma_{\theta\theta r} = -K^2 r \tag{\%t15}$$

$$\Gamma_{\theta\phi\phi} = K^2 r^2 \cos(\theta) \sin(\theta) \tag{\%t15}$$

$$\Gamma_{\phi\phi r} = -K^2 r \sin\left(\theta\right)^2 \tag{\%t15}$$

$$\Gamma_{\phi\phi\theta} = -K^2 r^2 \cos(\theta) \sin(\theta) \tag{\%t15}$$

Christoffel Symbol of the second kind

(%i17) christof(false)\$

for i thru dim do for j:i thru dim do for k thru dim do if mcs[i,j,k] ≠0 then ishow(Γ([ct_coords[i],ct_coords[j]],[ct_coords[k]])=mcs[i,j,k])\$

$$\Gamma_{r\theta}^{\theta} = \frac{1}{r} \tag{\%t17}$$

$$\Gamma_{r\phi}^{\phi} = \frac{1}{r} \tag{\%t17}$$

$$\Gamma^r_{\theta\theta} = -K^2 r \tag{\%t17}$$

$$\Gamma_{\theta\phi}^{\phi} = \frac{\cos\left(\theta\right)}{\sin\left(\theta\right)} \tag{\%t17}$$

$$\Gamma_{\phi\phi}^r = -K^2 r \sin\left(\theta\right)^2 \tag{\%t17}$$

$$\Gamma^{\theta}_{\phi\phi} = -\cos\left(\theta\right)\,\sin\left(\theta\right)$$
 (%t17)

Covariant Divergence

(%i18) checkdiv(lg)\$

$$-\frac{K^2 \left(r^2 \sin \left(\theta\right)^2 + r^2\right) - 2}{r}$$
$$-\frac{K^2 r^2 \cos \left(\theta\right) \left(\sin \left(\theta\right)^2 - 1\right)}{\sin \left(\theta\right)}$$

(%i20) trigsimp(arrayapply(div,[2]));
 trigsimp(arrayapply(div,[3]));

$$\frac{K^2 \left(r^2 \cos(\theta)^2 - 2r^2\right) + 2}{r} \tag{\%o19}$$

$$\frac{K^2 r^2 \cos\left(\theta\right)^3}{\sin\left(\theta\right)} \tag{\%o20}$$

Covariant Gradient of a scalar function

(%i21) depends (ρ ,r)\$

(%i23) cograd(ρ ,g1)\$ listarray(g1);

$$[0, \rho_r, 0, 0]$$
 (%o23)

Contravariant Gradient of a scalar function

(%i25) contragrad(
$$\rho$$
,g2)\$ listarray(g2);

$$[0, \rho_r, 0, 0]$$
 (%o25)

d'Alembertian of a scalar function

$$\textcolor{red}{(\%i26)} \hspace{0.1cm} \texttt{collectterms}(\texttt{expand}(\texttt{dscalar}(\rho)), \texttt{diff}(\rho, \texttt{r}, 2), \texttt{diff}(\rho, \texttt{r}));\\$$

$$\rho_{rr} + \frac{2\left(\rho_r\right)}{r} \tag{\%o26}$$

Riemann Tensor

$$R^{\theta}_{\phi\phi\theta} = -(K-1)(K+1)\sin(\theta)^2$$
 (%t30)

$$R_{\theta\phi\phi\theta} = -(K-1) (K+1) K^2 r^2 \sin(\theta)^2$$
 (%t31)

Ricci Tensor

(%i35) ric:zeromatrix(dim,dim)\$ ricci(false)\$ uricci(false)\$ for i thru dim do for j:i thru dim do if ric[i,j]
$$\neq$$
0 then ishow(R([ct_coords[i],ct_coords[j]])=ric[i,j])\$
$$R_{\theta\theta} = -(K-1) (K+1) \tag{\%t35}$$

$$R_{\phi\phi} = -(K-1)(K+1)\sin(\theta)^{2}$$
 (%t35)

Scalar curvature

(%i36) factor(radcan(scurvature()));

$$-\frac{2(K-1)(K+1)}{K^2 r^2} \tag{\%o36}$$

Compute trace of Ricci tensor

(%i37) factor(radcan(tracer));

$$-\frac{2(K-1)(K+1)}{K^2 r^2} \tag{\%o37}$$

Kretschmann invariant

(%i38) factor(radcan(rinvariant()));

$$\frac{4(K-1)^2(K+1)^2}{K^4r^4} \tag{\%o38}$$

Einstein Tensor

(%i42) lein:zeromatrix(dim,dim)\$
 einstein(false)\$
 leinstein(false)\$
 for i thru dim do for j:i thru dim do
 if lein[i,j]≠0 then
 ishow(G([ct_coords[i],ct_coords[j]],[])=lein[i,j])\$

$$G_{tt} = -\frac{c^2 (K-1) (K+1)}{K^2 r^2}$$
 (%t42)

$$G_{rr} = \frac{(K-1)(K+1)}{K^2 r^2} \tag{\%t42}$$

Weyl Conformal tensor

```
(%i43) kill(W)$
```

(%i45) weyl(false)\$

for i thru dim do

for j from (if symmetricp(lg,dim) then i+1 else 1) thru dim do

for k from (if symmetricp(lg,dim) then i else 1) thru dim do

for 1 from (if symmetricp(lg,dim) then k+1 else 1) thru (if (symmetricp(lg,dim) and k=i)

then j else dim) do

if weyl[i,j,k,1] \neq 0 then

ishow(W([ct_coords[i],ct_coords[j],ct_coords[k],ct_coords[l]],[])=weyl[i,j,k,l])\$

$$W_{trtr} = -\frac{c^2 (K-1) (K+1)}{3K^2 r^2}$$
 (%t45)

$$W_{t\theta t\theta} = \frac{c^2 (K-1) (K+1)}{6}$$
 (%t45)

$$W_{t\phi t\phi} = \frac{c^2 (K-1) (K+1) \sin(\theta)^2}{6}$$
 (%t45)

$$W_{r\theta r\theta} = -\frac{(K-1)(K+1)}{6}$$
 (%t45)

$$W_{r\phi r\phi} = -\frac{(K-1)(K+1)\sin(\theta)^2}{6}$$
 (%t45)

$$W_{\theta\phi\theta\phi} = \frac{(K-1)(K+1)K^2r^2\sin(\theta)^2}{3}$$
 (%t45)

Geodesics

(%i46) cgeodesic(false)\$

(%i47) for i thru dim do ldisplay(geod[i]:radcan(geod[i]))\$

$$geod_1 = T_s \tag{\%t47}$$

$$geod_2 = -K^2 r \, \Phi^2 \sin(\theta)^2 - K^2 r \, \Theta^2 + R_s \tag{\%t48}$$

$$geod_3 = -\frac{r \Phi^2 \cos(\theta) \sin(\theta) - r (\Theta_s) - 2R\Theta}{r}$$
(%t49)

$$geod_{4} = \frac{\left(r \; (\varPhi_{s}) + 2R\varPhi\right) \, \sin\left(\theta\right) + 2r\varTheta\varPhi \, \cos\left(\theta\right)}{r \, \sin\left(\theta\right)} \tag{\%t50}$$

Solve for second derivative of coordinates

(%i51) Eq:makelist(Eq[i],i,1,dim)\$

(%i52) for i thru dim do Eq[i]:first(linsolve(geod[i],diff(ct_coords[i],s,2)))\$

(%i53) map(ldisp,radcan(Eq))\$

$$T_s = 0 (\%t53)$$

$$R_s = K^2 r \, \Phi^2 \sin\left(\theta\right)^2 + K^2 r \, \Theta^2 \tag{\%t54}$$

$$\Theta_s = \frac{r \, \Phi^2 \, \cos\left(\theta\right) \, \sin\left(\theta\right) - 2R\Theta}{r} \tag{\%t55}$$

$$\Phi_s = -\frac{2R\Phi \sin(\theta) + 2r\Theta\Phi \cos(\theta)}{r \sin(\theta)}$$
(%t56)