

From Lecture Slides

$$(3.1) \quad R_{sys} = 0.99^{10}$$

$$(3.2) \quad CFRs : 0.4, 0.5, 0.6$$

$$\lambda(t) = 0.4 + 0.5 + 0.6 = 1.5 \text{ failures/min}$$

\Rightarrow CFR.

$$MTTF = (1/\lambda) = 0.667 \text{ mins}$$

Comparing with individual MTTFs:

$$\begin{cases} MTTF_1 = 1/0.4 = 2.5 \text{ mins} \\ MTTF_2 = 2.0 \text{ mins} \\ MTTF_3 = 1.67 \text{ mins} \end{cases}$$

$$(3.3) \quad R_{sys} = 1 - (1 - 0.8)^4 = 0.9984$$

$$(3.4) \quad R_1(t) = e^{-0.4t}$$

$$R_2(t) = e^{-0.5t}$$

$$R_3(t) = e^{-0.6t}$$

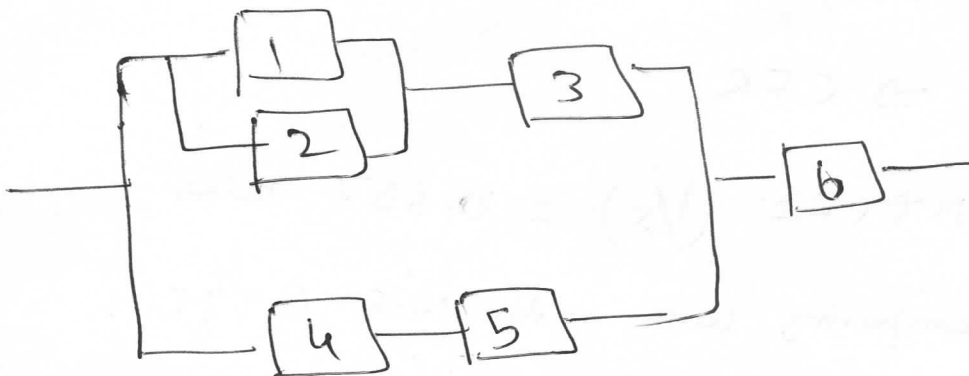
$$\Rightarrow R(t) = 1 - (1 - e^{-0.4t})(1 - e^{-0.5t})(1 - e^{-0.6t})$$

$$MTTF = \int_0^{\infty} R(t) dt \cong 4 \text{ mins} \quad \left[\text{Compare (3.2) \& this result} \right]$$

$$\textcircled{2} \quad \lambda(t) = -\frac{dR(t)}{dt} \cdot \frac{1}{R(t)} = \underbrace{f(t)}_{\text{function of } t}.$$

\Rightarrow failure rate of the system is clearly not a CFR.

(3.5)



let:

$(1, 2) : A$

$(1, 2, 3) : B$

$(4, 5) : C$

$(A, B, C) : D$

$$\begin{cases} R_A = 1 - (1 - R_1)(1 - R_2) \\ R_B = R_3 \cdot R_A \end{cases}$$

$$R_C = R_4 \cdot R_5$$

$$R_D = 1 - (1 - R_B)(1 - R_C)$$

$$= 1 - (1 - R_3(1 - (1 - R_1)(1 - R_2)))(1 - R_4 \cdot R_5)$$

$$\boxed{R = R_6 \cdot R_D}$$

$$\textcircled{1} \quad (a) \quad \int_0^{\infty} f(t) dt = \int_0^{1000} \frac{3t^2}{10^9} dt = 1 \quad \&$$

as $f(t) \geq 0 \forall t$, $f(t)$ is a valid PDF.

$$F(t) = \int_0^t f(t) dt = \begin{cases} \frac{t^3}{10^9} & ; 0 \leq t \leq 1000 \\ 1 & ; t > 1000 \end{cases}$$

$$R(t) = 1 - F(t) = \begin{cases} 1 - t^3/10^9 & ; 0 \leq t \leq 1000 \\ 1 & ; t > 1000 \end{cases}$$

$$(b) \quad R(500) = 1 - \frac{500^3}{10^9} = 0.875$$

$$(c) \quad P(\text{failing in first 100 hrs}) = F(100) = 0.001$$

$$(d) \quad R(t) = 0.99 = 1 - \frac{t^3}{10^9}$$

$$\Rightarrow t = 215 \text{ hrs}$$

$R(t) \geq 0.99$ for $0 \leq t \leq 215$. Hence design life-time is 215 hrs.

$$(e) \quad \lambda(t) = f(t)/R(t)$$

λ is not defined for $t > 1000$ since component fails before 1000 hrs.

④
② (a) $f(t) = -\frac{dR}{dt} = \frac{2}{t_0} \left(1 - t/t_0\right), 0 \leq t \leq t_0$

$$\lambda(t) = f(t)/R(t)$$

$$= \frac{\frac{2}{t_0} \left(1 - t/t_0\right)}{\left(1 - t/t_0\right)^2} = \frac{2}{(t_0 - t)}, 0 \leq t \leq t_0$$

Which is a monotonically increasing function implying a wear-out phase;

(b) $MTTF = \int_0^{t_0} R(t) dt = (t_0/3)$

(c) $R(t) = 0.9 = \left(1 - t/5000\right)^2$

$$\Rightarrow t = 257 \text{ hrs. (design life-time)}$$

$$R \geq 0.9 \text{ for } 0 \leq t \leq 257 \text{ hrs.}$$

③ $MTTF = 1100 \text{ hrs}$

(a) $\lambda = (1/MTTF) = 9.09 \times 10^{-4} \text{ hr}^{-1}$

(b) $R(200) = 0.834 \left[e^{-200/1100} \right]$

(c) $R(t) = 0.95 = e^{-t/1100}$

$$\Rightarrow t = 56 \text{ hrs. (design life-time)}$$

④ $\beta = 1.4$ $\theta = 550$

(a) $R_{\text{comp}}(t) = e^{-(t/550)^{1.4}}$

$R_{\text{comp in the System}}(t) = \begin{cases} R_{\text{comp}}(t-t_0) ; & t > t_0 \\ 1 ; & 0 \leq t \leq t_0 \end{cases}$

where $t_0 = 200 \text{ hrs}$

(b) $R(100) = 1$ since $100 < t_0$.

$R(300) = R_{\text{comp}}(300 - 200) = e^{-\left(\frac{100}{550}\right)^{1.4}} = 0.912$

(c) $MTTF = t_0 + MTTF_{\text{comp}}$
 $= t_0 + \theta \cdot \underbrace{\Gamma(1 + 1/\beta)}_{\text{gamma func.}}$

$= 200 + 550 \cdot \underbrace{\Gamma(1.714)}_{0.91140}$

$\Rightarrow MTTF = 701 \text{ hrs}$