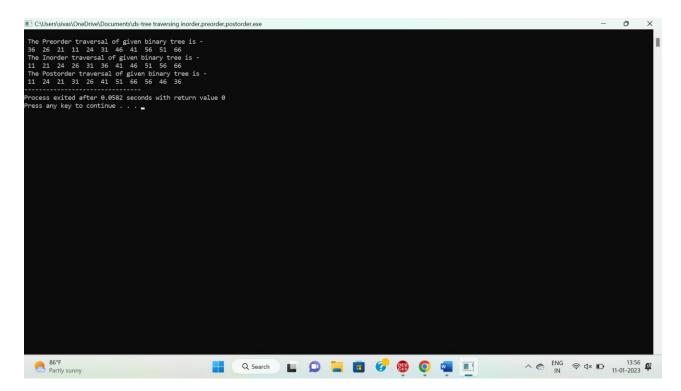
Traversing a tree - inorder, preorder, postorder:

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
struct node {
  int element;
  struct node* left;
  struct node* right;
};
struct node* createNode(int val)
{
  struct node* Node = (struct node*)malloc(sizeof(struct node));
  Node->element = val;
  Node->left = NULL;
  Node->right = NULL;
  return (Node);
}
void traversePreorder(struct node* root)
{
  if (root == NULL)
    return;
  printf(" %d ", root->element);
  traversePreorder(root->left);
  traversePreorder(root->right);
}
void traverseInorder(struct node* root)
{
  if (root == NULL)
    return;
  traverseInorder(root->left);
  printf(" %d ", root->element);
```

```
traverseInorder(root->right);
}
void traversePostorder(struct node* root)
{
  if (root == NULL)
    return;
  traversePostorder(root->left);
  traversePostorder(root->right);
  printf(" %d ", root->element);
}
int main()
{
  struct node* root = createNode(36);
  root->left = createNode(26);
  root->right = createNode(46);
  root->left->left = createNode(21);
  root->left->right = createNode(31);
  root->left->left->left = createNode(11);
  root->left->right = createNode(24);
  root->right->left = createNode(41);
  root->right->right = createNode(56);
  root->right->right->left = createNode(51);
  root->right->right = createNode(66);
  printf("\n The Preorder traversal of given binary tree is -\n");
  traversePreorder(root);
  printf("\n The Inorder traversal of given binary tree is -\n");
  traverseInorder(root);
  printf("\n The Postorder traversal of given binary tree is -\n");
  traversePostorder(root);
  return 0;
}
```



Implementing hashing table using linear probing:

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#define TABLE_SIZE 10
int h[TABLE_SIZE]={NULL};

void insert()
{
   int key,index,i,flag=0,hkey;
   printf("\nenter a value to insert into hash table\n");
   scanf("%d",&key);
   hkey=key%TABLE_SIZE;
for(i=0;i<TABLE_SIZE;i++)
   {
   index=(hkey+i)%TABLE_SIZE;
   if(h[index] == NULL)</pre>
```

```
{
    h[index]=key;
     break;
  }
  }
  if(i == TABLE_SIZE)
  printf("\nelement cannot be inserted\n");
}
void search()
{
int key,index,i,flag=0,hkey;
printf("\nenter search element\n");
scanf("%d",&key);
hkey=key%TABLE_SIZE;
for(i=0;i<TABLE_SIZE; i++)</pre>
{
  index=(hkey+i)%TABLE_SIZE;
  if(h[index]==key)
   printf("value is found at index %d",index);
   break;
  }
 }
 if(i == TABLE_SIZE)
  printf("\n value is not found\n");
}
void display()
```

```
{
 int i;
 printf("\nelements in the hash table are \n");
 for(i=0;i< TABLE_SIZE; i++)</pre>
 printf("\nat index %d \t value = %d",i,h[i]);
}
main()
{
  int opt,i;
  while(1)
  {
     printf("\nPress 1. Insert\t 2. Display \t3. Search \t4.Exit \n");
    scanf("%d",&opt);
    switch(opt)
     {
       case 1:
         insert();
         break;
       case 2:
         display();
         break;
       case 3:
         search();
         break;
       case 4:exit(0);
    }
```

```
}
```

```
CALDerstainant/OneDrive/Documentalds hashing table using linear probing exe

Press 1. Insert 2. Display 3. Search 4.Exit

Insert 2 and a search 4.Exit

Insert 3 and a search 4.Exit

Insert 4 and a search 4.Exit

Insert 5 and a search 4.Exit

Insert 5 and a search 4.Exit

Insert 6 and a search 6 and a sear
```

Insertion sort:

```
#include <stdio.h>
int main(void)
{
    int n,i,j,temp;
    int arr[60];
    printf("Enter number of elements\n");
    scanf("%d", &n);
    printf("Enter %d integers\n", n);
    for (i=0;i<n;i++)
    {
        scanf("%d",&arr[i]);
    }
    for (i=1;i<n;i++)
    {
        j = i;
    }
}</pre>
```

```
while (j>0&&arr[j-1]>arr[j])
      {
         temp = arr[j];
         arr[j] = arr[j-1];
         arr[j-1] = temp;
         j--;
      }
   }
   printf("Sorted array:\n");
   for (i=0;i<n;i++)
   {
      printf("%d ",arr[i]);
  }
   return 0;
}
                                                                                                                                               - ō X
C:\Users\sivas\OneDrive\Documents\ds-insertion sort.exe
 nter number of elements
 inter 5 integers
Sorted array:
1 3 5 8 9
 Process exited after 12.54 seconds with return value 0
Press any key to continue . . . .
```

Q Search

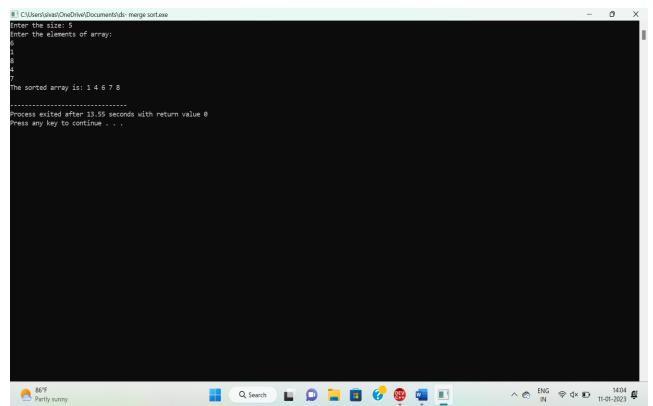
86°F Partly sunny

Merge sort:

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
void Merge(int arr[], int left, int mid, int right)
{
  int i, j, k;
  int size1 = mid - left + 1;
  int size2 = right - mid;
  int Left[size1], Right[size2];
  for (i = 0; i < size1; i++)
    Left[i] = arr[left + i];
  for (j = 0; j < size2; j++)
    Right[j] = arr[mid + 1 + j];
  i = 0;
  j = 0;
  k = left;
  while (i < size1 && j < size2)
     if (Left[i] <= Right[j])
       arr[k] = Left[i];
       i++;
     }
     else
       arr[k] = Right[j];
       j++;
     }
     k++;
```

```
}
  while (i < size1)
  {
    arr[k] = Left[i];
    i++;
    k++;
  }
  while (j < size2)
  {
    arr[k] = Right[j];
    j++;
    k++;
  }
}
void Merge_Sort(int arr[], int left, int right)
{
  if (left < right)</pre>
  {
    int mid = left + (right - left) / 2;
    Merge_Sort(arr, left, mid);
    Merge_Sort(arr, mid + 1, right);
    Merge(arr, left, mid, right);
  }
}
int main()
{
  int size;
  printf("Enter the size: ");
  scanf("%d", &size);
```

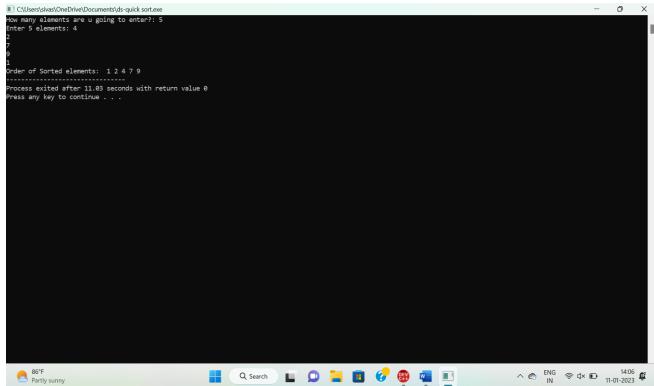
```
int arr[size];
printf("Enter the elements of array:\n");
for (int i = 0; i < size; i++)
{
    scanf("%d", &arr[i]);
}
Merge_Sort(arr, 0, size - 1);
printf("The sorted array is: ");
for (int i = 0; i < size; i++)
{
    printf("%d ", arr[i]);
}
printf("\n");
return 0;
}</pre>
```



Quick sort:

```
#include<stdio.h>
void quicksort(int number[25],int first,int last)
{
 int i,j, pivot,temp;
 if(first<last)
 {
   pivot=first;
   i=first;
   j=last;
   while(i<j)
         {
     while(number[i]<=number[pivot]&&i<last)
     i++;
     while(number[j]>number[pivot])
     j--;
     if(i<j)
                {
      temp=number[i];
      number[i]=number[j];
      number[j]=temp;
     }
   }
   temp=number[pivot];
   number[pivot]=number[j];
   number[j]=temp;
   quicksort(number,first,j-1);
   quicksort(number,j+1,last);
 }
}
```

```
int main()
{
  int i, count, number[25];
  printf("How many elements are u going to enter?: ");
  scanf("%d",&count);
  printf("Enter %d elements: ", count);
  for(i=0;i<count;i++)
  scanf("%d",&number[i]);
  quicksort(number,0,count-1);
  printf("Order of Sorted elements: ");
  for(i=0;i<count;i++)
  printf(" %d",number[i]);
  return 0;
}</pre>
```



Heap sort:

```
#include <stdio.h>
 int main()
 {
 int arr[10],no,i,j,c,heap_root,temp;
 printf("Input number of elements: ");
 scanf("%d", &no);
 printf("\nInput array values one by one : ");
 for (i = 0; i < no; i++)
 scanf("%d", &arr[i]);
 for (i=1;i<no;i++)
 {
 c = i;
 do
 heap\_root = (c - 1) / 2;
 if (arr[heap_root] < arr[c])</pre>
 temp = arr[heap_root];
 arr[heap_root] = arr[c];
 arr[c] = temp;
 }
 c = heap_root;
 } while (c != 0);
 }
 printf("Heap array:\n");
 for (i = 0; i < no; i++)
 printf("%d ", arr[i]);
 for (j = no - 1; j >= 0; j--)
 {
```

```
temp = arr[0];
arr[0] = arr[j];
arr[j] = temp;
heap_root = 0;
do
{
c = 2 * heap_root + 1;
if ((arr[c] < arr[c + 1]) && c < j-1)
C++;
if (arr[heap_root]<arr[c] && c<j)</pre>
temp = arr[heap_root];
arr[heap_root] = arr[c];
arr[c] = temp;
}
heap_root = c;
} while (c < j);
printf("\n sorted array:\n");
for (i = 0; i < no; i++)
printf("%d ", arr[i]);
printf("\n");
}
```

