```
proc smjoin(R, S, 'R_i = S'_j)

if R not sorted on attribute i, sort it;
if S not sorted on attribute j, sort it;

Tr = first tuple in R;                                  // ranges over R
Ts = first tuple in S;                                  // ranges over S
Gs = first tuple in S;                          // start of current S-partition

while Tr ≠ eof and Gs ≠ eof do {

    while Tr_i < Gs_j do
        Tr = next tuple in R after Tr;                  // continue scan of R

    while Tr_i > Gs_j do
        Gs = next tuple in S after Gs                   // continue scan of S

    Ts = Gs;                                    // Needed in case Tr_i ≠ Gs_j
    while Tr_i == Gs_j do {                     // process current R partition
        Ts = Gs;                                        // reset S partition scan
        while Ts_j == Tr_i do {                     // process current R tuple
            add ⟨Tr, Ts⟩ to result;                     // output joined tuples
            Ts = next tuple in S after Ts;} // advance S partition scan
        Tr = next tuple in R after Tr;                  // advance scan of R
        }                                       // done with current R partition

    Gs = Ts;                            // initialize search for next S partition

    }
```

Figure 14.8 Sort-Merge Join

sid	*sname*	*rating*	*age*
22	dustin	7	45.0
28	yuppy	9	35.0
31	lubber	8	55.5
36	lubber	6	36.0
44	guppy	5	35.0
58	rusty	10	35.0

Figure 14.9 An Instance of Sailors

sid	*bid*	*day*	*rname*
28	103	12/04/96	guppy
28	103	11/03/96	yuppy
31	101	10/10/96	dustin
31	102	10/12/96	lubber
31	101	10/11/96	lubber
58	103	11/12/96	dustin

Figure 14.10 An Instance of Reserves