

ordinal-encoding

April 4, 2024

Import pandas and sklearn

```
[1]: import pandas as pd
from sklearn.preprocessing import OrdinalEncoder
```

Read the dataset

```
[3]: data = pd.read_csv('/content/toys.csv')
data
```

```
[3]:
```

	age	gender	fever	cough	city	has_covid
0	60	Male	103.0	Mild	Kolkata	No
1	27	Male	100.0	Mild	Delhi	Yes
2	42	Male	101.0	Mild	Delhi	No
3	31	Female	98.0	Mild	Kolkata	No
4	65	Female	101.0	Mild	Mumbai	No
..
95	12	Female	104.0	Mild	Bangalore	No
96	51	Female	101.0	Strong	Kolkata	Yes
97	20	Female	101.0	Mild	Bangalore	No
98	5	Female	98.0	Strong	Mumbai	No
99	10	Female	98.0	Strong	Kolkata	Yes

[100 rows x 6 columns]

Display the top 5 observations in the dataset

```
[4]: data.head()
```

```
[4]:
```

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compute the count of unique values in the column named cough

```
[5]: data['cough'].value_counts()
```

```
[5]: cough
      Mild      62
      Strong    38
      Name: count, dtype: int64
```

```
[ ]: #mild
      #strong
```

```
[8]: data_Ordinal=data[['cough']]
      data_Ordinal.head()
```

```
[8]: cough
      0 Mild
      1 Mild
      2 Mild
      3 Mild
      4 Mild
```

```
[9]: oe = OrdinalEncoder(categories=[["Mild", "Strong"]])
```

```
[10]: oe.fit(data_Ordinal)
```

```
[10]: OrdinalEncoder(categories=[['Mild', 'Strong']])
```

```
[11]: data_Transform =oe.transform(data_Ordinal)
```

```
[12]: data_Transform
```

```
[12]: array([[0.],
              [0.],
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```

```
[15]: New_data = pd.DataFrame(data_Transform, columns=['cough'])
```

```
[17]: New_data.head()
```

```
[17]:   cough  
0    0.0  
1    0.0  
2    0.0  
3    0.0  
4    0.0
```

```
[18]: New_data['cough'].value_counts
```

```
[18]: <bound method IndexOpsMixin.value_counts of 0      0.0
      1      0.0
      2      0.0
      3      0.0
      4      0.0
      ...
      95     0.0
      96     1.0
      97     0.0
      98     1.0
      99     1.0
      Name: cough, Length: 100, dtype: float64>
```