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v5.3



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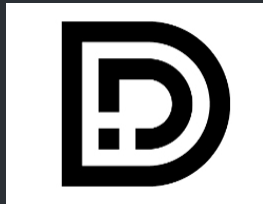
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Layout

Floating labels

[View on GitHub](#)

Create beautifully simple form labels that float over your input fields.



Design and Development tips in your inbox. Every weekday.

ads via Carbon

On this page

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Example

Wrap a pair of `<input class="form-control">` and `<label>` elements in `.form-floating` to enable floating labels with Bootstrap's textual form fields. A `placeholder` is required on each `<input>` as our method of CSS-only floating labels uses the `:placeholder-shown` pseudo-element. Also note that the `<input>` must come first so we can utilize a sibling selector (e.g., `~`).

Email address

Password

HTML



```
<div class="form-floating mb-3">  
  <input type="email" class="form-control" id="floatingInput" placeholder="Email address">  
  <label for="floatingInput">Email address</label>  
</div>  
  
<div class="form-floating mb-3">  
  <input type="password" class="form-control" id="floatingPassword" placeholder="Password">  
  <label for="floatingPassword">Password</label>  
</div>
```

```

<input type="email" class="form-control" id="floatingInput" placeholder="Email address" />
<label for="floatingInput">Email address</label>
</div>
<div class="form-floating">
  <input type="password" class="form-control" id="floatingPassword" placeholder="Password" />
  <label for="floatingPassword">Password</label>
</div>

```

When there's a `value` already defined, `<label>`s will automatically adjust to their floated position.

Input with value
test@example.com

HTML



```

<form class="form-floating">
  <input type="email" class="form-control" id="floatingInputValue" placeholder="Email address" value="test@example.com" />
  <label for="floatingInputValue">Input with value</label>
</form>

```

Form validation styles also work as expected.

Invalid input
test@example.com



HTML



```

<form class="form-floating">
  <input type="email" class="form-control is-invalid" id="floatingInputInvalid" placeholder="Email address" value="test@example.com" />
  <label for="floatingInputInvalid">Invalid input</label>
</form>

```

```
<label for="floatingInputInvalid">Invalid input</label>  
</form>
```

Textareas

By default, `<textarea>`s with `.form-control` will be the same height as `<input>`s.

Comments

HTML



```
<div class="form-floating">  
  <textarea class="form-control" placeholder="Leave a comment here" id  
  <label for="floatingTextarea">Comments</label>  
</div>
```

To set a custom height on your `<textarea>`, do not use the `rows` attribute. Instead, set an explicit `height` (either inline or via custom CSS).

Comments

HTML



```
<div class="form-floating">  
  <textarea class="form-control" placeholder="Leave a comment here" id
```

```
textArea class="form-control" placeholder="Leave a comment here" id="floatingTextarea2">
<label for="floatingTextarea2">Comments</label>
</div>
```

Selects

Other than `.form-control`, floating labels are only available on `.form-selects`. They work in the same way, but unlike `<input>s`, they'll always show the `<label>` in its floated state. **Selects with `size` and `multiple` are not supported.**

Works with selects

Open this select menu



HTML



```
<div class="form-floating">
  <select class="form-select" id="floatingSelect" aria-label="Floating
    <option selected>Open this select menu</option>
    <option value="1">One</option>
    <option value="2">Two</option>
    <option value="3">Three</option>
  </select>
  <label for="floatingSelect">Works with selects</label>
</div>
```

Disabled

Add the `disabled` boolean attribute on an input, a textarea or a select to give it a grayed out appearance, remove pointer events, and prevent focusing.

Email address

Comments

Comments

Disabled textarea with some text inside

Works with selects

Open this select menu



HTML



```
<div class="form-floating mb-3">
  <input type="email" class="form-control" id="floatingInputDisabled"
  <label for="floatingInputDisabled">Email address</label>
</div>
<div class="form-floating mb-3">
  <textarea class="form-control" placeholder="Leave a comment here" id
  <label for="floatingTextareaDisabled">Comments</label>
</div>
<div class="form-floating mb-3">
  <textarea class="form-control" placeholder="Leave a comment here" id
  <label for="floatingTextarea2Disabled">Comments</label>
</div>
<div class="form-floating">
  <select class="form-select" id="floatingSelectDisabled" aria-label="
  <option selected>Open this select menu</option>
  <option value="1">One</option>
  <option value="2">Two</option>
  <option value="3">Three</option>
```

```
</select>
<label for="floatingSelectDisabled">Works with selects</label>
</div>
```

Readonly plaintext

Floating labels also support `.form-control-plaintext`, which can be helpful for toggling from an editable `<input>` to a plaintext value without affecting the page layout.

Empty input

Input with value

name@example.com

HTML



```
<div class="form-floating mb-3">
  <input type="email" readonly class="form-control-plaintext" id="floa
  <label for="floatingEmptyPlaintextInput">Empty input</label>
</div>
<div class="form-floating mb-3">
  <input type="email" readonly class="form-control-plaintext" id="floa
  <label for="floatingPlaintextInput">Input with value</label>
</div>
```

Input groups

Floating labels also support `input-group`

floating labels also support `.input-group`.

@

Username

HTML



```
<div class="input-group mb-3">
  <span class="input-group-text">@</span>
  <div class="form-floating">
    <input type="text" class="form-control" id="floatingInputGroup1" p
    <label for="floatingInputGroup1">Username</label>
  </div>
</div>
```

When using `.input-group` and `.form-floating` along with form validation, the `-feedback` should be placed outside of the `.form-floating`, but inside of the `.input-group`. This means that the feedback will need to be shown using javascript.

@

Username

!

Please choose a username.

HTML



```
<div class="input-group has-validation">
  <span class="input-group-text">@</span>
  <div class="form-floating is-invalid">
    <input type="text" class="form-control is-invalid" id="floatingInp
    <label for="floatingInputGroup2">Username</label>
  </div>
```



```
</div>
<div class="invalid-feedback">
  Please choose a username.
</div>
</div>
```

Layout

When working with the Bootstrap grid system, be sure to place form elements within column classes.

Email address

mdo@example.com

Works with selects

Open this select menu

HTML

```
</div>  
</div>
```

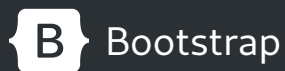
CSS

Sass variables

scss/_variables.scss



```
$form-floating-height:          add(3.5rem, $input-height-bord  
$form-floating-line-height:     1.25;  
$form-floating-padding-x:       $input-padding-x;  
$form-floating-padding-y:       1rem;  
$form-floating-input-padding-t: 1.625rem;  
$form-floating-input-padding-b: .625rem;  
$form-floating-label-height:    1.5em;  
$form-floating-label-opacity:   .65;  
$form-floating-label-transform: scale(.85) translateY(-.5rem)  
$form-floating-label-disabled-color: $gray-600;  
$form-floating-transition:      opacity .1s ease-in-out, trans
```



Designed and built with all the love in the world by the Bootstrap team with the help of our contributors.

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