

After examining the source code, the biggest issue we have is `escapshellcmd`, as it filters out most characters. However, as with most things, there must be a workaround. After a bit of research, we can find that the useful payload is simply this:

```
sth -or -exec cat /etc/passwd ; -quit
```

After testing it out, we see we are getting output, so we need to get to the 2nd part of this chall, bruteforcing the toupper conversion.

First, I wanted to execute `ls`, so we need to bruteforce a short string. I effectively printed only results which only contain printable chars, spaces and `/n`, after which I noticed trends and filtered by them (first that the website ends in `.php`, and that it's named `index.php`). Then, we can find out the contents of the current directory are `index.php` and `flag`. So we do "cat flag" and get a pretty long string:

```
Y3RMEZM4MGEXYZAYMGM0NGYYZJI5MJNINTCYMTE1ZTK1MJK0YMI2MJJMNGRLMZI4NJRJZJNJZTNHNTI0YJQWZTU2N2R9
```

To solve this, we need to keep into account what we know

1. the flag starts with `ctf{` and ends with `}`
2. the flag contains only 0-9 and a-f
3. base64 effectively turns 3 characters into 4

Taking all that into account, we can make a deterministic script that decodes the touppered b64:

```
import base64
import itertools

encoded =
"Y3RMEZM4MGEXYZAYMGM0NGYYZJI5MJNINTCYMTE1ZTK1MJK0YMI2MJJMNGRLMZI4NJRJZJNJZTNHNTI0YJQWZTU2N2R9"
hex_chars = set("0123456789abcdef")
expected_length = 69

def decode_chunkwise(encoded):
    chunk_size = 4
    decoded_result = b""
    for i in range(0, len(encoded), chunk_size):
        chunk = encoded[i:i+chunk_size]
        permutations = map("".join, itertools.product(*((c.lower(), c.upper()) for c in chunk)))
        for permuted_chunk in permutations:
            try:
```

```

        test_decoded = base64.b64decode(permuted_chunk)
        if i == 0:
            if test_decoded.decode() != "ctf":
                continue

        elif i == chunk_size:
            if not (test_decoded[0] == ord("{") and
                    all(chr(c) in hex_chars for c in test_decoded[1:3])):
                continue

        elif i < len(encoded) - chunk_size:
            if not all(chr(c) in hex_chars for c in test_decoded):
                continue

        elif i == len(encoded) - chunk_size:
            if not (all(chr(c) in hex_chars for c in test_decoded[:2])
                    and
                    test_decoded[2] == ord("}")):
                continue
            decoded_result += test_decoded
            break
        except Exception:
            continue
    else:
        return None

    return decoded_result

result = decode_chunkwise(encoded)
print(result.decode())

```

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