JEELIZ VTO WIDGET



INTRODUCTION 1

This document describes how to integrate Jeeliz Virtual Tryon solution into a third party website, as a widget.

ARCHITECTURE 2

This bundle should have the following files and directories:

- css: contains 1 CSS stylesheet, used to change the style of the viewer,
- images: contains the images referenced by the CSS stylesheet,
- index.html: a basic integration demo, with some buttons to test the features.

INTEGRATION 3

For an integration example, look at the source code of *index.html*.

HTTPS SERVER 4

For both production and test server, you should use HTTPS, otherwise you cannot access to your webcam stream for browser security reasons and you will got some CORS errors in the web console. Even if you host on your local computer, you should have an HTTPS server.

JAVASCRIPT

A single ES₅ JavaScript script is included:

```
<script src='dist/JeelizVTOWidget.js'></script>
```

All Jeeliz Widget will be methods of the global object JEELIZVTOWID-GET:

5.1 Initialization

JEELIZVTOWIDGET.start(<object options>): start the virtual tryon module. It can be launched on the page loading (with body.onload method like in index.html example, or when the user clicks on a specific link. options attributes

- <string> sku: load a specific glasses model as soon as the widget is loaded,
- <string> searchImageMask: URL of an image which will be used to display a rotating loading pattern when the widget is looking for a face. If not provided, it uses the Jeeliz logo,

- <number> searchImageColor: hexadecimal color of the rotating loading pattern when the widget is looking for a face,
- <number> searchImageRotationSpeed: speed of the rotating loading pattern when the widget is looking for a face. It should be negative for a clockwise rotation,
- < function > on Error: function launched if an error happens, look at index.html for error codes,
- <function> callbackReady: function launched when the widget is ready,
- <function> onWebcamGet: function launched as soon as the video is captured. It is called with 1 argument, the HTMLVideoElement,
- <function> faceDetectionCallback: optional, function to launch with a boolean argument, whether the face is detected or not,
- <int> faceDetectionInterval: interval in milliseconds between 2 faceDetectionCallback calls. Default value: 1000.
- <HTMLCanvasElement> canvas: canvas to use to display the widget. If this value is not provided, it will look for a canvas whose *id* = "JeelizV-TOWidgetCanvas",
- <HTMLElement> placeHolder: placeHolder. Then canvas will be displayed over the placeholder. If the placeholder is resized or moved, the canvas will follow. If this value is not provided, it will look for a DOM element whose *id* = "JeelizVTOWidget",
- <dict> callbacks: JavaScript associative array whose keys are ADJUST_START, ADJUST_END, LOADING_START, LOADING_END and values are callback functions to be called when event are fired,
- <bool> isShadow: Whether we should display glasses shadow or not. Default value is true.

5.2 Runtime

- JEELIZVTOWIDGET.load(<string> SKU, <function> callback): load the model which SKU = SKU, then launch a callback function,
- JEELIZVTOWIDGET.pause(<boolean> isShutOffVideo): pause the viewer (works only in non image mode). This is a good idea to pause the viewer when it is not visible or not used, because it uses quite a lot of resources. If *isShutOffVideo* = *true*, the camera is shut down. It returns a JavaScript Promise,
- *JEELIZVTOWIDGET.resume*(*<boolean> isShutOffVideo*): resume the pause (works only in non image mode). If isShutOffVideo = true, the camera is toggled on . It returns a JavaScript Promise,
- JEELIZVTOWIDGET.resize(<int> width, <int> height): should be called to resize the canvas,
- JEELIZVTOWIDGET.destroy(): Destroy the widget and returns a JavaScript Promise.

5.3 Video

- *JEELIZVTOWIDGET.set_videoRotation(<int>angle)*: Set the rotation angle of the camera. The value is in degrees and it can only be 0, 90, -90or 180. Warning: you may have to play with the canvas CSS rotation too and resize it. Indeed, this function controls the camera rotation angle, NOT the display rotation,
- JEELIZVTOWIDGET.set_videoSizes(<int> idealWidth, <int> idealHeight, <int> minWidth, <int> maxWidth, <int> minHeight, <int> maxHeight): set the ideal, min, max size of the video requested using getUserMedia API. This method should be called before initialization,
- *JEELIZVTO.set_LUT*(*<string* | *null>imagePath*): Use a color lookup table to change the color of the video background. There are LUT images examples in
- /images/LUTs/.

5.4 Misc

- JEELIZVTOWIDGET.capture_image(<int> nSteps, <function> callback, <boolean> isNotAllocate): capture the image of the current fitting after nSteps additionnal detection steps (15 is a recommended value). Launch the callback function with a javascript image instance as argument. If is-Not Allocate is set to false (default), return a new HTML canvas element, otherwise reuse a generic canvas element,
- JEELIZVTOWIDGET.set_scale(<float> scale) : set a scale factor to the glasses 3D model. Default: 1,
- JEELIZVTOWIDGET.enter_ajustMode(): Enter in adjust mode,
- *JEELIZVTOWIDGET.exit_ajustMode()*: Exit adjust mode.

5.5 HTML

After including the main script, you have to copy and paste the HTML code of index.html where you want the viewer to appear. You can remove HTML comments, add CSS classes, but you should keep the id HTML attributes of the elements.

5.6 CSS

The base stylesheet of the viewer is css/JeelizVTOWidget.css. We strongly encourage you to style the viewer to fit to your own website. Just make sure that you do not change the visibility of the elements (display CSS attribute).

6 **SCALABILITY**

The main javascript file and 3D assets (glasses 3D meshes and textures) are delivered through a content delivery network, so there should not be any scalability problem with the realtime video version. In this case, the video stream is captured and fully processed client side.

TROUBLESHOOTINGS 7

In case of integration problems, you can contact xavier@jeeliz.com . Please detail:

- Your configuration (OS, graphic card, browser, browser version),
- The browser web console log,
- A screenshot of WebGL 1 config test and WebGL 2 config test (the screenshot must include the WebGL extensions list at the bottom of the page),
- A screenshot of chrome://gpu
- Your integration code,
- All you have done to reproduce the bug.