FACULTATEA CALCULATOARE, INFORMATICA SI MICROELECTRONICA UNIVERSITATEA TEHNICA A MOLDOVEI

MEDII INTERACTIVE DE DEZVOLTARE A PRODUSELOR SOFT LUCRAREA DE LABORATOR#1

Version Control Systems si modul de setare a unui server

Autor: lector asistent:
Octavian Coroletchi Victor Gojin

Laboratory work #1

1 Scopul lucrarii de laborator

Initializarea in Version Control Systems.

2 Objective

Version Control Systems (git)

3 Laboratory work implementation

3.1 Tasks and Points

- a) Initializarea unui nou repositoriu
- b) Configurarea VCS
- c) Crearea branch-urilor (cel putin 2)
- d) Commit pe ambele branch-uri(cel putin 1 commit per branch)
- e) Setarea unui branch to track a remote origin pe care sa se faca push(GitHub)
- f) Resetarea unui branch la commit-ul anterior
- g) Salvarea temporara a schimbarilor care nu se vor face commit imediat
- h) Folosirea fisierului .gitignore
- i) Merge 2 branches
- j) Rezolvarea conflictelor a 2 branches
- k) Folosirea tag-urilor pentru marcarile semnificative

3.2 Analiza lucrarii de laborator

Click on "Link" or copy https://github.com/OctavianCoroletchiTI154/MIDPS.git pentru repozitoriul meu.

Task a:

Pentru inceput, mi-am facut cont pe github.com. Mi-am creat repozitoriul meu(vezi imaginea a) public. Apoi am facut download la clientul Git.

Task b:

Mi-am configurat repozitoriul meu, generindu-mi o cheie publica cu ajutorul comenzii ssh-keygen-trsa-b4096-C" youremail@example.com". Apoi mi-am adaugat cheia mea publica la contul meu. Dupa mi-am clonat repozitoriul meu pe masina mea locala cu ajutorul comenzii "gitclone'repozitoriul" Task c:

Am creat branch-uri cu ajutorul comenzii "gitbranch < noulmeubranch >". (vezi imaginea c). Apoi i-am dat push pe github, cu comanda git push origin lab1.(vezi imaginea c-1).

Task d:

Am facut commit pe branchurile create cu ajutorul comenzii gitcommit - m"name". (vezi imaginea d).

Task e:

Am setat branch-ul lab1, pentru a urmari remote origin pe care sa facem push. Am folosit comanda gitbranch - uorigin/lab1 (vezi imaginea e)

Task f:

Am eliminat branch-ul lab1 din origin cu comanda gitpushorigin : lab1. Apoi am readus lab1 la comitul care avem nevoie. gitreset--hard'hashid'. Apoi am facut push din nou. gitpushoriginlab1. (pentru toate vezi imaginea f)

Task g:

Am salvat schimbarile temporare cu ajutorul Stash-ului. Aceasta permite salvarea temporara a unor modificari pentru care nu avem nevoie sa facem commit. Se foloseste comanda *gitstash*. Dupa ce se salveaza comenzile modificate, ne putem reintoarce in orice moment spre salvari cu comanda *gitstashapplystash*@0, sau in loc de stash@0 cu id-ul salvat. Pentru a vedea intreaga lista de stashuri, folosim *gitstashlist*. (vezi imaginea g).

Task h:

.gitignore, este un fisier, in care specificam ce tipuri ce file-uri nu dorim sa fie prezente in repozitoriul nostru Git. In imaginea raspunzatoare de task-ul h, se va observa fisierul nostr .gitignore si tipurile de fisiere ce vor fi ignorate. (vezi imaginea h).

Task i:

Ajungind la un moment, cind modificarile pentru un anumit branch ajung la un statut final, atunci putem sa imbinam branch-ul aditional cu cel principal. Pentru inceput, ne schimbam pe branch-ul principal cu comanda gitcheckoutmaster, apoi le imbinam cu comanda gitmergelab1 unde master si lab1, sunt branch-uri. Apoi putem face delete pentru branch-ul adition lab1, pentru ca nu mai avem nevoie de el cu comanda gitbranch - dlab1. (vezi imaginea i pentru implementari).

Task j:

Conflictele apar atunci cind incerci sa faci merge la 2 branchu-uri, in care in ambele au loc modificari in acelasi fisiel. Cum ar fi situatia intilnita de mine, in care 2 branch-uri, aveau modificari diferite in README.md. Conflictul intilnit (vezi imaginea j). Apoi trebuia sa decid ce schimbari doresc sa pastrez pentru a continua peste conflict. (vezi j-1). Dupa aia, totul a continuat cu succes.

Task k:

Tagurile sunt folosite pentru a marca anumite evenimente importante din modificari. Ele se implementeaza cu ajutorul comenzii gittag - a'name' - m"description". Dupa se da push pentru a vedea si altii tagurile noastre. (vezi imaginea k, pentru implementare).

3.3 Imagini

Create a new repository

Owner

Repository name

OctavianCoroletchiTI154

Great repository names are short and memorable. Need inspiration? How about animated-lamp.

Description (optional)

Public

Anyone can see this repository. You choose who can commit.

Private
You choose who can see and commit to this repository.

Initialize this repository with a README
This will let you immediately clone the repository to your computer. Skip this step if you're importing an existing readd a digitignore: None

Add a license: None

Add a license: None

Create repository

Imaginea - "a"

```
Octavian@Oca MINGW64 ~/Desktop (master)
$ ssh-keygen -t rsa -b 4096 -C "octavian.c96@gmail.com"
Generating public/private rsa key pair.
```

Imaginea - "b"

```
Octavian@Oca MINGW64 /d/MIDPS (master)
$ git branch lab1

Octavian@Oca MINGW64 /d/MIDPS (master)
$ git branch
    2stbranch
    lab1

* master
    newmodel
    trackingremote
```

Imaginea - "c"

```
Octavian@Oca MINGW64 /d/MIDPS (master)
$ git push origin lab1
Total O (delta O), reused O (delta O)
To github.com:OctavianCoroletchiTI154/MIDPS.git
* [new branch] lab1 -> lab1
```

Imaginea - "c-1"

Imaginea - "d"

```
Octavian@Oca MINGW64 /d/MIDPS (lab1)
$ git branch -u origin/lab1
Branch lab1 set up to track remote branch lab1 from origin.
```

Imaginea - "e"

```
Octavian@Oca MINGW64 /d/MIDPS (lab1)

$ git push origin :lab1
To github.com:OctavianCoroletchiTI154/MIDPS.git
- [deleted] lab1

Octavian@Oca MINGW64 /d/MIDPS (lab1)
$ git reset --hard dba4b64f39504959b90f9e3dd54a5a9899738e26
HEAD is now at dba4b64 Task f

Octavian@Oca MINGW64 /d/MIDPS (lab1)
$ git push origin lab1
Counting objects: 17, done.
Delta compression using up to 8 threads.
Compressing objects: 100% (17/17), done.
Writing objects: 100% (17/17), done.
Writing objects: 100% (17/17), 123.13 KiB | 0 bytes/s, done.
Total 17 (delta 4), reused 0 (delta 0)
remote: Resolving deltas: 100% (4/4), completed with 1 local objects.
To github.com:OctavianCoroletchiTI154/MIDPS.git
* [new branch] lab1 -> lab1
```

Imaginea - "f"

```
Octavian@Oca MINGW64 /d/MIDPS (lab1)
$ git stash

Saved working directory and index state WIP on lab1: 2b6b5d8 new mod

HEAD is now at 2b6b5d8 new mod

Octavian@Oca MINGW64 /d/MIDPS (lab1)
$

Octavian@Oca MINGW64 /d/MIDPS (lab1)
$ git stash list

stashe{0}: WIP on lab1: 2b6b5d8 new mod

stashe{1}: WIP on lab1: dba4b64 Task f

stashe{2}: WIP on lab1: dba4b64 Task f

Octavian@Oca MINGW64 /d/MIDPS (lab1)
$ git stash apply stashe{0}
On branch lab1
Your branch is up-to-date with 'origin/lab1'.
Changes not staged for commit:
  (use "git add <file>..." to update what will be committed)
  (use "git checkout -- <file>..." to discard changes in working directory)

modified: README.md

no changes added to commit (use "git add" and/or "git commit -a")
```

Imaginea - "g"

```
## Ignore Visual Studio temporary files, build results, and
## files generated by popular Visual Studio add-ons.
# User-specific files
*.suo
*.user
*.userosscache
*.sln.docstates
# User-specific files (MonoDevelop/Xamarin Studio)
*.userprefs
# Build results
[Dd]ebug/
[Dd]ebugPublic/
[Rr]elease/
[Rr]eleases/
x64/
x86/
bld/
[Bb]in/
[0o]bj/
[L1]og/
# Visual Studio 2015 cache/options directory
# Uncomment if you have tasks that create the project's static files in wwwroot
#wwwroot/
# MSTest test Results
[Tt]est[Rr]esult*/
[Bb]uild[Ll]og.*
# NUNIT
*.VisualState.xml
ToctRocult vml
```

Imaginea - "h"

```
MINGW64:/d/MIDPS
 Your branch is up-to-date with 'origin/lab1'.
Octavian@Oca MINGW64 /d/MIDPS (lab1)
$ git checkout master
Your branch is up-to-date with 'origin/master'.
Switched to branch 'master'
  octavian@Oca MINGW64 /d/MIDPS (master)
g git branch
2stbranch
lab1
       master
newmodel
       trackingremote
  Octavian@Oca MINGW64 /d/MIDPS (master)
is git merge lab1
ipdating 2b4c970..9f871c5
sast-forward
Lab 1/Raport/Lab1introduction.tex |
Lab 1/Raport/Screenshot_1.jpg | Bi
Lab 1/Raport/c-1.jpg | Bi
Lab 1/Raport/c-1.jpg | Bi
Lab 1/Raport/c-jpg | Bi
Lab 1/Raport/d-jpg | Bi
Lab 1/Raport/d-jpg | Bi
Lab 1/Raport/f.jpg | Bi
README.md
                                                                                                                                                          8 +++++++

in 0 -> 59863 bytes

in 0 -> 11008 bytes

in 0 -> 12976 bytes

in 0 -> 1392 bytes

in 0 -> 33035 bytes

in 0 -> 9095 bytes

in 0 -> 43762 bytes

in 0 -> 56856 bytes
                                                                                                                                                   Bin
Bin
                                                                                                                                                    Bin
                                                                                                                                                   Bin
Bin
                                                                                                                                                   Bin
                                                                                                                                                   Bin
Bin
 Lab 1/Raport/g.jpg | Bin 0 -> 56856 by README.md | 4 +++-
10 files changed, 11 insertions(+), 1 deletion(-) create mode 100644 Lab 1/Raport/Lab1introduction.tex create mode 100644 Lab 1/Raport/Screenshot_1.jpg create mode 100644 Lab 1/Raport/c-1.jpg create mode 100644 Lab 1/Raport/c-1.jpg create mode 100644 Lab 1/Raport/c.jpg create mode 100644 Lab 1/Raport/e.jpg create mode 100644 Lab 1/Raport/e.jpg create mode 100644 Lab 1/Raport/g.jpg
Octavian@Oca MINGW64 /d/MIDPS (master)
$ git status
$ git status
On branch master
Your branch is ahead of 'origin/master' by 5 commits.
(use "git push" to publish your local commits)
nothing to commit, working tree clean
   ctavian@Oca MINGW64 /d/MIDPS (master)
Scravianseca managers

$ git push

Total 0 (delta 0), reused 0 (delta 0)

To github.com:OctavianCoroletchiTI154/MIDPS.git

2b4c970..9f871c5 master -> master
```

Imaginea - "i"

```
Octavian@Oca MINGW64 /d/MIDPS (master)

$ git merge test1 test2
Fast-forwarding to: test1
Trying simple merge with test2
Simple merge did not work, trying automatic merge.
Auto-merging README.md
ERROR: content conflict in README.md
fatal: merge program failed
Automatic merge failed; fix conflicts and then commit the result.

Octavian@Oca MINGW64 /d/MIDPS (master|MERGING)

$ git status
On branch master
Your branch is ahead of 'origin/master' by 1 commit.
    (use "git push" to publish your local commits)
You have unmerged paths.
    (fix conflicts and run "git commit")
    (use "git merge --abort" to abort the merge)

Unmerged paths:
    (use "git add <file>..." to mark resolution)

    both modified: README.md

no changes added to commit (use "git add" and/or "git commit -a")
```

Imaginea - "j"

```
1 # MIDPS
 2 ♥ # Hello
4
    ##2nd Branch Modify
5
 6
    ##New Commit v0.1
 7
    ##Added new branch
8
    Adaugarea comiturilor pentru noul branch.
9
   Trying to return a commit;
10 Before stash 1
11
    <<<<< .merge_file_a09932
12
13 Aditional modification for conflict test. 1
14 7 1
15
16 Aditional modification for conflict test.2
17
18
19 >>>>> .merge_file_a08484
20
```

Imaginea - "j-1"

```
Octavian@Oca MINGW64 /d/MIDPS (master)
$ git tag -a v1.0 -m "Final Version of Lab1"

Octavian@Oca MINGW64 /d/MIDPS (master)
$ git push origin v1.0
Counting objects: 1, done.
Writing objects: 100% (1/1), 171 bytes | 0 bytes/s, done.
Total 1 (delta 0), reused 0 (delta 0)
To github.com:OctavianCoroletchiTI154/MIDPS.git
* [new tag] v1.0 -> v1.0

Octavian@Oca MINGW64 /d/MIDPS (master)
```

Imaginea - "k"

Concluzie

In concluzie, pot spune caci version control system este o utilitate foarte importanta in urmarirea dezvoltarii aplicatiilor. Aceasta permite dezvoltarea unei aplicatii prin diverse cai, de diferiti developeri in acelasi timp. Version control protejeaza codul sursa de o eroare umana care poate duce la consecinte foarte mari. Dezvoltatorii de aplicatii care lucreaza in echipe, mereu schimba codul sursa, si aceasta necesita intr-o organizare bine pusa la punct. Principala problema este cea a conflictelor, ce permite o rezolvare adecvata a acestei probleme.

References

```
1 http://www.manniwood.com/starting_a_project_with_git.html
2 http://www.vogella.com/tutorials/Git/article.html
```

3 https://git-scm.com/