

CONLANG BY
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A GUIDE TO

Argaloni





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Phonology and Orthography:

Alphabet:

Standard Transcript	Phonemes	Similar Sounds in other Languages
A	/a/, /ə/ when unstressed	As in “cow”, as in “about”
B	/b/	As in “boy”
D	/d/	As in “dad”
E	/e/, /ɪ/ when unstressed	As in “play”, as in “fit”
F	/f/	As in “fog”
G	/g/	As in “game”
H	/h/	As in “house”
I	/i/, /ɪ/ when unstressed	As in “feet”, as in “fit”





K	/k/	As in “ cat ”
L	/l/	As in “ loss ”
M	/m/	As in “ mom ”
N	/n/	As in “ now ”
O	/o/, /ʊ/ when unstressed	As in “ no ”, as in “ book ”
P	/p/	As in “ pie ”
R	/r/	As in Spanish “per o ”
S	/s/	As in “ soup ”
T	/t/	As in “ tea ”
TH	/θ/	As in “ thin ”
U	/u/, /ʊ/ when unstressed	As in “ mood ”, as in “ book ”
W	/w/	As in “ way ”
Y	/j/ before vowels, otherwise when	As in “ yes ”, as in German “mü de ”, as in German “ü ber ”





	stressed /y/, /Y/ when unstressed	
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- Words can only end in R, D, L, N, TH, S, M or vowels.
- There are no double vowels.

Stress:

- Stress falls on the penultimate syllable.

Word Order:

Preposition	Copula Particle	Article	Noun / Adjective	Adjective / Noun	Genitive
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- Example:

The beautiful tower = An myrliyas argalon / An argalon myrliyas





Sentences:

- Word order is free.
- Example:

I am in the castle = Yn siwe al im miksinulam

Declensions:

- There are no grammatical genders.
- There are three grammatical numbers, singular, dual, and plural. Dual specifies **two** individuals.
- There are four grammatical cases, namely, nominative (subject of the sentence), accusative (direct object of the sentence), dative (indirect object of the sentence), and genitive (indicates possession).
- There are three articles, definite, indefinite, and proper articles.
- Nouns and articles decline according to number, and case.
- Adjectives do not decline.





Nouns:

	Singular	Dual	Plural
Nominative	-	-(m)es	-yan
Accusative	-(l)a	-(m)os	-ya
Dative	-(l)am	-(m)is	-yam
Genitive	-(l)as	-(m)us	-yas

- Final “-th” and “-m” are removed before declinating.
- Example - *Iniyth* (King):

	Singular	Dual	Plural
Nominative	<i>iniyth</i>	<i>iniyes</i>	<i>iniyyan</i>
Accusative	<i>iniya</i>	<i>iniyos</i>	<i>iniyya</i>
Dative	<i>iniyam</i>	<i>iniyis</i>	<i>iniyyam</i>
Genitive	<i>iniyas</i>	<i>iniyus</i>	<i>iniyyas</i>

Articles:





	Definite			Indefinite	Proper
	Singular	Dual	Plural	Singular	Singular, Dual, Plural
Nominative	<i>an</i>	<i>san</i>	<i>yan</i>	<i>myan</i>	<i>sen</i>
Accusative	<i>a</i>	<i>sa</i>	<i>ya</i>	<i>mya</i>	<i>se</i>
Dative	<i>im</i>	<i>sim</i>	<i>yim</i>	<i>myim</i>	<i>sem</i>
Genitive	<i>is</i>	<i>si</i>	<i>yi</i>	<i>myis</i>	<i>ses</i>

- Proper articles are used with proper nouns.
- **Nominative** is the subject of the sentence.
Example:

The (big) animal drinks = An laril yulayyon

- **Accusative** indicates the direct object of the sentence. Example:

I see the danger = Lardaye a ofalona

- **Dative** indicates the indirect object of the sentence. Example:

I give it to the king = Thaye we im iniyam





- Genitive indicates possession. Example:

The king's brother = An larlyd is iniyas

Personal Pronouns:

Singular:

	1st Person	2nd Person		3rd Person		
		Familiar	Formal	Masculine / Animal	Feminine / Neutral	Inanimate
Nominative	<i>yn</i>	<i>byan</i>	<i>kar</i>	<i>non</i>	<i>wir</i>	<i>ewe</i>
Copula Pronoun	<i>ly</i>	<i>elbya</i>	<i>elkar</i>	<i>elnon</i>	<i>lwi</i>	<i>lwe</i>
Accusative	<i>ny</i>	<i>bya</i>	<i>ka</i>	<i>no</i>	<i>wi</i>	<i>we</i>
Dative	<i>nym</i>	<i>byam</i>	<i>kam</i>	<i>nom</i>	<i>wim</i>	<i>wem</i>
Genitive	<i>nys</i>	<i>byas</i>	<i>kas</i>	<i>nos</i>	<i>wis</i>	<i>wes</i>

Dual:

	1st Person	2nd Person	3rd Person





			Masculine / Animal	Feminine / Neutral	Inanimate
Nominative	<i>syn</i>	<i>sikar</i>	<i>sinon</i>	<i>siwir</i>	<i>sewe</i>
Copula Pronoun	<i>elsy</i>	<i>elsikar</i>	<i>elsinon</i>	<i>elsiwi</i>	<i>elswe</i>
Accusative	<i>sy</i>	<i>sika</i>	<i>sino</i>	<i>siwi</i>	<i>swe</i>
Dative	<i>sym</i>	<i>sikam</i>	<i>sinom</i>	<i>siwim</i>	<i>swem</i>
Genitive	<i>sys</i>	<i>sikas</i>	<i>sinos</i>	<i>siwis</i>	<i>swes</i>

Plural:

	1st Person	2nd Person	3rd Person		
			Masculine / Animal	Feminine / Neutral	Inanimate
Nominative	<i>yen</i>	<i>yikar</i>	<i>yinon</i>	<i>yiwir</i>	<i>yo</i>
Copula Pronoun	<i>lye</i>	<i>lyikar</i>	<i>lyinon</i>	<i>lyiwi</i>	<i>lyo</i>
Accusative	<i>ye</i>	<i>yika</i>	<i>yino</i>	<i>yiwi</i>	<i>oy</i>
Dative	<i>yem</i>	<i>yikam</i>	<i>yinom</i>	<i>yiwim</i>	<i>yom</i>
Genitive	<i>yes</i>	<i>yikas</i>	<i>yinos</i>	<i>yiwis</i>	<i>yos</i>

- Copula pronouns are used as the subject of copula verbs, namely *hilay* (to be - temporary), *koray* (to be - permanent), *siway* (to be - location).

Examples:





I am (location) = Ly siwe

You are (location) = Elbya siwo

- Personal pronouns as subject cannot be omitted.

Verbs:

Conjugation:

Classification	Singular	Dual	Plural
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		1st Pers on	2nd Pers on	3rd Pers on	1st Pers on	2nd Pers on	3rd Pers on	1st Pers on	2nd Pers on	3rd Pers on
When the subject is concrete	-	-e	-o	-ya	-es	-os	-yas	-en	-on	-yan
	Subject is considered large or great	-yon	-on	-yon	-yons	-ons	-yons	-yon	-on	-yon
When the subject is abstract		-yel	-el	-yel	-yeles	-eles	-yeles	-yele n	-elen	-yele n

Participle	-s
Imperative	-om

	Tense Suffix
Present	-
Recent Past	-mir
Distant Past	-gan
Future	-bi

	Classificatory Suffixes
When the object is round	-ol
When the object is sharp	-asa





	Evidentiality Suffixes
Known because the subject saw it	-tha
Known because the subject heard it	-wa
Simple fact, undetermined	-

- Tense is marked by suffixes to the verb.
- The infinitive ending is not removed before conjugating. Exception: verbs ending in “-way”, the ending will become “-w-”.
- Classificatory suffixes are applicable to transitive verbs. They are attached to the end of verbs after the Tense suffix.
- Evidentiality suffixes show the nature of the evidence for the statement. It is attached to the end of the verb after the Classificatory suffix.
- The copula particle “el” is used before nouns of copula verbs. Example:

The mountain is high = El an argim larimas korayyon





- Examples:

I do it = *Yn naye we*

I will do it = *Yn nayebi we*

I did it (recent past) = *Yn nayemir we*

I did it (distant past) = *Yn nayegan we*

Do it! = *Nayom we!*

Numerals:

	Cardinal	Ordinal
0	<i>ayrun</i>	-
1	<i>mya</i>	<i>maylu</i>
2	<i>yun</i>	<i>yunlu</i>





3	<i>nami</i>	<i>namyelu</i>
4	<i>iwele</i>	<i>iwelu</i>
5	<i>sith</i>	<i>sithlu</i>
6	<i>fayn</i>	<i>faynlu</i>
7	<i>duyn</i>	<i>duynlu</i>
8	<i>telon</i>	<i>telonlu</i>
9	<i>gane</i>	<i>ganlu</i>
10	<i>awis</i>	<i>awislu</i>
11	<i>awis uy</i> <i>mya</i>	<i>awislu uy</i> <i>maylu</i>
12	<i>awis uy</i> <i>yun</i>	<i>awislu uy</i> <i>yunlu</i>
13	<i>awis uy</i> <i>nami</i>	<i>awislu uy</i> <i>namyelu</i>
14	<i>awis uy</i> <i>iwele</i>	<i>awislu uy</i> <i>iwelu</i>
15	<i>awis uy</i> <i>sith</i>	<i>awislu uy</i> <i>sithlu</i>
16	<i>awis uy</i>	<i>awislu uy</i>





	<i>fayn</i>	<i>faynlu</i>
17	<i>awis uy</i> <i>duyn</i>	<i>awislu uy</i> <i>duynlu</i>
18	<i>awis uy</i> <i>telon</i>	<i>awislu uy</i> <i>telonlu</i>
19	<i>awis uy</i> <i>gane</i>	<i>awislu uy</i> <i>ganlu</i>
20	<i>yunis</i>	<i>yunislu</i>
21	<i>yunis uy</i> <i>mya</i>	<i>yunisluy</i> <i>maylu</i>
22	<i>yunis uy</i> <i>yun</i>	<i>yunisluy</i> <i>yunlu</i>
23	<i>yunis uy</i> <i>nami</i>	<i>yunisluy</i> <i>namyelu</i>
24	<i>yunis uy</i> <i>iwele</i>	<i>yunisluy</i> <i>iwelu</i>
25	<i>yunis uy</i> <i>sith</i>	<i>yunisluy</i> <i>sithlu</i>
26	<i>yunis uy</i> <i>fayn</i>	<i>yunisluy</i> <i>faynlu</i>





27	<i>yunis uy</i> <i>duyn</i>	<i>yunislu uy</i> <i>duynlu</i>
28	<i>yunis uy</i> <i>telon</i>	<i>yunislu uy</i> <i>telonlu</i>
29	<i>yunis uy</i> <i>gane</i>	<i>yunislu uy</i> <i>ganlu</i>
30	<i>nimis</i>	<i>nimislu</i>
40	<i>iwelis</i>	<i>iwelislu</i>
50	<i>sithis</i>	<i>sithislu</i>
60	<i>flynis</i>	<i>flynislu</i>
70	<i>duynis</i>	<i>duynislu</i>
80	<i>telnis</i>	<i>telnislu</i>
90	<i>ginis</i>	<i>ginislu</i>
100	<i>usis</i>	<i>usislu</i>
200	<i>yunusis</i>	<i>yunusislu</i>
1,000	<i>awisusis</i>	<i>awisusislu</i>

Example Sentences:





English	Argaloni
<i>The enemy invaded the city.</i>	<i>A winalithana kahalayyamirtha an ayriduth.</i>
<i>The mountains are high.</i>	<i>El yan argiyan korayyon larimas.</i>
<i>The cave was dark.</i>	<i>El an merim hilayyamir isa.</i>
<i>The wall fell.</i>	<i>An argayta ofayyongantha.</i>
<i>The guardsman drew a sword.</i>	<i>An lardaluth rasayyaganasawa mya katala.</i>
<i>I love you.</i>	<i>Yn idaye bya.</i>

Writing System:

- Argaloni's writing system is called *Mulays*.





- It is an abugida, in which each symbol represents a consonant, and vowels are marked by diacritics (marked in the table with **), the vowel A is the default vowel, and it is not marked by diacritics.
- It is written from left to right, then top to bottom.
- *The symbols marked with * are used to invert the consonant and vowel order. For example, AR instead of RA.
- Vowels not accompanied by consonants that are not inverted syllables, are marked by the letter H with the corresponding diacritic.
- The keyboard shortcut is shown in parenthesis if it differs from the symbol.





ꝑ	Ꝕ	ꝕ	ꝗ	Ꝙ
B	D	F	G	H
ꝑ	Ꝕ	ꝕ	ꝗ	Ꝙ
K	L	M	N	P
ꝙ	ꝛ	Ꝛ	ꝝ	Ꝝ
R	S	T	W	Y
ꝑ	Ꝕ	ꝕ	ꝗ	Ꝙ
*(x)	Y(a)**	E**	I**	O**
..				
U**				

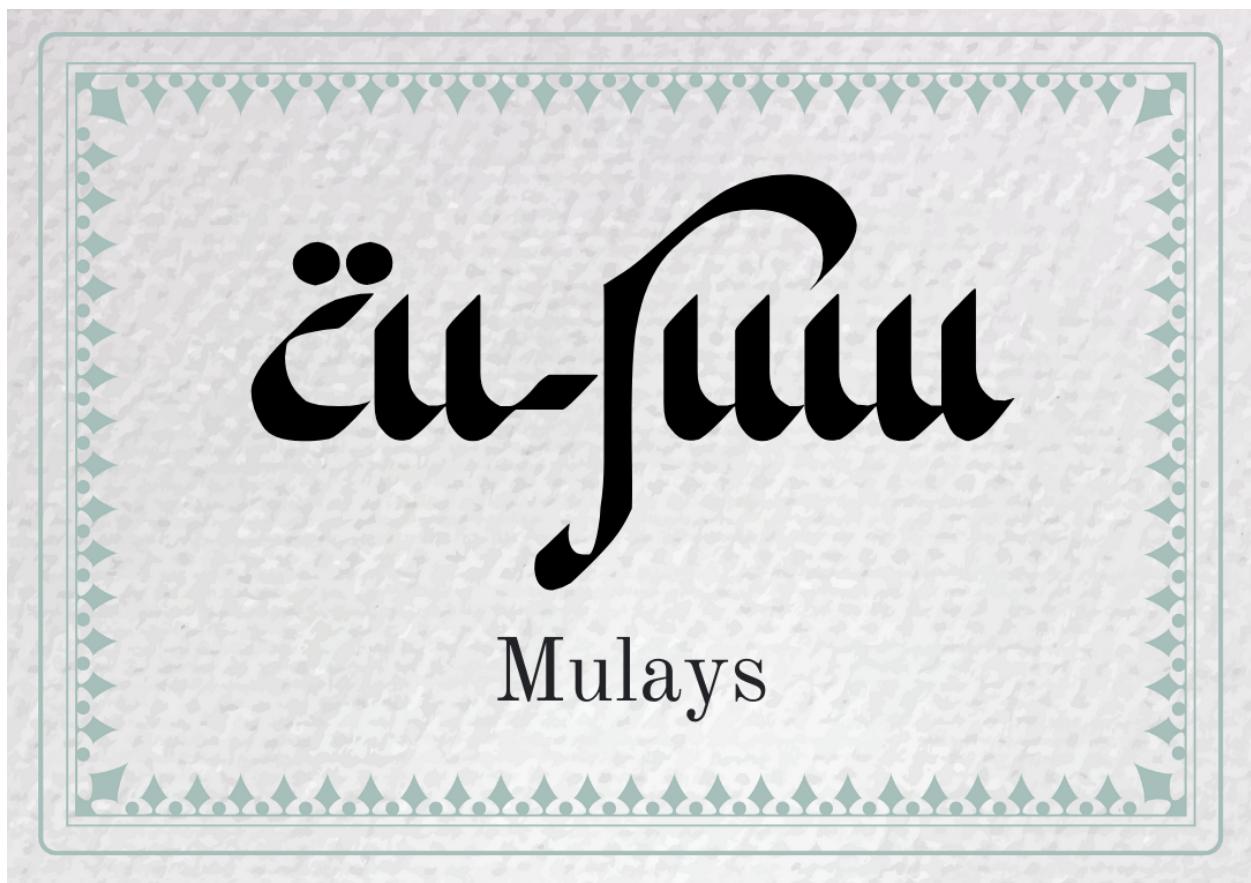
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Examples:





Vocabulary:

	<i>Argaloni</i>	<i>English</i>
1	<i>al</i>	<i>inside, in</i>
2	<i>alor</i>	<i>into</i>
3	<i>anas</i>	<i>yes</i>
4	<i>argalon</i>	<i>tower</i>
5	<i>argay</i>	<i>to pile up</i>





6	argayta	wall
7	argim	mountain
8	awis	ten
9	awis uy duyn	seventeen
10	awis uy fayn	sixteen
11	awis uy gane	nineteen
12	awis uy iwele	fourteen
13	awis uy mya	eleven
14	awis uy nami	thirteen
15	awis uy sith	fifteen
16	awis uy telon	eighteen
17	awis uy yun	twelve
18	awislu	tenth
19	awislu uy duynlu	seventeenth
20	awislu uy faynlu	sixteenth
21	awislu uy ganlu	nineteenth
22	awislu uy iwelu	fourteenth





23	<i>awislu uy</i> <i>maylu</i>	<i>eleventh</i>
24	<i>awislu uy</i> <i>namyelu</i>	<i>thirteenth</i>
25	<i>awislu uy</i> <i>sithlu</i>	<i>fifteenth</i>
26	<i>awislu uy</i> <i>telonlu</i>	<i>eighteenth</i>
27	<i>awislu uy</i> <i>yunlu</i>	<i>twelfth</i>
28	<i>awisusis</i>	<i>one-thousand</i>
29	<i>awisusislu</i>	<i>one-thousandth</i>
30	<i>ayr</i>	<i>no, not</i>
31	<i>ayras</i>	<i>never, nowhen</i>
32	<i>ayrem</i>	<i>no way</i>
33	<i>ayren</i>	<i>no one, nobody</i>
34	<i>ayriduth</i>	<i>enemy</i>
35	<i>ayrith</i>	<i>nowhere</i>
36	<i>ayrun</i>	<i>zero</i>
37	<i>ayrus</i>	<i>not at all, little, nohow, not in the least, nowise</i>
38	<i>ayryr</i>	<i>nothing</i>





39	ayryun	<i>neither</i>
40	bay	<i>to go</i>
41	bya	<i>you (2nd Person singular - familiar - accusative)</i>
42	byam	<i>you (2nd Person singular - familiar - dative)</i>
43	byan	<i>you (2nd Person singular - familiar - nominative)</i>
44	byas	<i>of you (2nd Person singular - familiar - accusative)</i>
45	duyn	<i>seven</i>
46	duynis	<i>seventy</i>
47	duynislu	<i>seventieth</i>
48	duynlu	<i>seventh</i>
49	elbya	<i>you're (2nd Person singular - familiar - copula pronoun)</i>





50	elkar	<i>you're (2nd Person singular - formal - copula pronoun)</i>
51	elnon	<i>he's (3rd Person singular - copula pronoun)</i>
52	elsikar	<i>you're (2nd Person dual - copula pronoun)</i>
53	elsinon	<i>they're (3rd Person dual - masculine - copula pronoun)</i>
54	elsiwi	<i>they're (3rd Person dual - feminine - copula pronoun)</i>
55	elswe	<i>they're (3rd Person dual - neutral - copula pronoun)</i>
56	elsy	<i>we're (1st Person dual - copula pronoun)</i>
57	en	<i>at</i>
58	es	<i>on</i>
59	ewe	<i>it (3rd Person singular - nominative)</i>





60	fayn	six
61	faynlu	sixth
62	fynis	sixty
63	fynislu	sixtieth
64	gane	nine
65	ganlu	ninth
66	ginis	ninety
67	ginislu	ninetieth
68	halay	to dwell
69	has	sometime, somewhen
70	hed	some
71	hem	somehow
72	hen	someone, somebody
73	hilay	to be (temporary)
74	hith	somewhere
75	hus	somewhy, for some reason
76	huyraliy	to bleed
77	huyray	to swell
78	huyrayta	blood
79	huyraytyd	sibling





80	<i>iday</i>	<i>to love</i>
81	<i>idil</i>	<i>love</i>
82	<i>iduth</i>	<i>lover</i>
83	<i>iniysay</i>	<i>to rule</i>
84	<i>iniyith</i>	<i>ruler, king</i>
85	<i>iniythalon</i>	<i>kingdom</i>
86	<i>iniythelu</i>	<i>royal</i>
87	<i>iniythelusa</i>	<i>royalty</i>
88	<i>iniythne</i>	<i>queen</i>
89	<i>inkray</i>	<i>to raise</i>
90	<i>inkryd</i>	<i>mother</i>
91	<i>inymay</i>	<i>to feed</i>
92	<i>inymyd</i>	<i>father</i>
93	<i>isa</i>	<i>dark</i>
94	<i>isay</i>	<i>to be dark</i>
95	<i>ismas</i>	<i>ever, always</i>
96	<i>ismed</i>	<i>every, all</i>
97	<i>ismedyun</i>	<i>both</i>
98	<i>ismem</i>	<i>everyway</i>
99	<i>ismen</i>	<i>everyone, everybody, all</i>
100	<i>ismith</i>	<i>everywhere</i>





101	<i>ismus</i>	<i>whyever, whysoever</i>
102	<i>ismyr</i>	<i>everything, all</i>
103	<i>iwele</i>	<i>four</i>
104	<i>iwelis</i>	<i>forty</i>
105	<i>iwelislu</i>	<i>fortieth</i>
106	<i>iwelu</i>	<i>forth</i>
107	<i>iysay</i>	<i>to straighten</i>
108	<i>ka</i>	<i>you (2nd Person singular - formal - accusative)</i>
109	<i>kahalay</i>	<i>to invade</i>
110	<i>kahay</i>	<i>to break</i>
111	<i>kalas</i>	<i>elsewhen, another time</i>
112	<i>kaled</i>	<i>other</i>
113	<i>kalem</i>	<i>otherwise</i>
114	<i>kalen</i>	<i>another, someone else, somebody else</i>
115	<i>kalith</i>	<i>elsewhere</i>
116	<i>kalyr</i>	<i>something else, else, other</i>





117	kam	<i>you (2nd Person singular - formal - dative)</i>
118	kar	<i>you (2nd Person singular - formal - nominative)</i>
119	kas	<i>of you (2nd Person singular - formal - accusative)</i>
120	katala	sword
121	katalay	to carve
122	katay	to cut
123	katayta	carving
124	ki	with
125	koray	to be (permanent)
126	kray	to rise
127	laray	to breathe
128	lardaliy	to watch, guard
129	lardaluth	guard, guardsman
130	larday	to see
131	laril	animal
132	larim	air





133	larima	<i>to lift</i>
134	larimas	<i>high</i>
135	larliy	<i>to live</i>
136	larlyd	<i>brother</i>
137	las	<i>when</i>
138	le	<i>that (conjunction)</i>
139	led	<i>what</i>
140	ledyun	<i>which (out of two)</i>
141	lem	<i>how, as, like, than</i>
142	len	<i>who</i>
143	lith	<i>where</i>
144	lus	<i>why, wherefore</i>
145	lwe	<i>it's (3rd Person singular - copula pronoun)</i>
146	lwi	<i>she's (3rd Person singular - copula pronoun)</i>
147	ly	<i>I'm (1st Person singular - copula pronoun)</i>





148	lye	<i>we're (1st Person plural - copula pronoun)</i>
149	lyikar	<i>you're (2nd Person plural - copula pronoun)</i>
150	lyinon	<i>they're (3rd Person plural - masculine - copula pronoun)</i>
151	lyiwi	<i>they're (3rd Person plural - feminine - copula pronoun)</i>
152	lyo	<i>they're (3rd Person plural - neutral - copula pronoun)</i>
153	maylu	<i>first</i>
154	mayyun	<i>or</i>
155	meray	<i>to dig</i>
156	merim	<i>cave</i>
157	mikay	<i>to cover</i>
158	miksinay	<i>to protect</i>
159	miksinethan	<i>protection</i>
160	miksinuth	<i>castle</i>





161	mulay	<i>to bend</i>
162	mulays	<i>curved</i>
163	mya	<i>one</i>
164	myahas	<i>anytime, anywhen, whenever, whensoever</i>
165	myahed	<i>any</i>
166	myahedyun	<i>either</i>
167	myahem	<i>anyhow, however, howsoever</i>
168	myahen	<i>anyone, anybody, whoever, whosoever</i>
169	myahith	<i>anywhere, wherever, wheresoever</i>
170	myahus	<i>therefore</i>
171	myahyr	<i>anything, whatever, whatsoever, something</i>
172	myray	<i>to have</i>
173	myrliy	<i>to enjoy</i>
174	myrliyas	<i>beautiful</i>
175	myrliyassa	<i>beauty</i>
176	nami	<i>three</i>
177	namyelu	<i>third</i>





178	<i>nas</i>	<i>then, until</i>
179	<i>nay</i>	<i>to do, make (abstract actions)</i>
180	<i>ned</i>	<i>that</i>
181	<i>nem</i>	<i>so, such</i>
182	<i>nimis</i>	<i>thirty</i>
183	<i>nimislū</i>	<i>thirtieth</i>
184	<i>nith</i>	<i>there</i>
185	<i>no</i>	<i>him (3rd Person singular - accusative)</i>
186	<i>nom</i>	<i>him (3rd Person singular - dative)</i>
187	<i>non</i>	<i>he (3rd Person singular - nominative)</i>
188	<i>nos</i>	<i>of him (3rd Person singular - accusative)</i>
189	<i>ny</i>	<i>me (1st Person singular - accusative)</i>
190	<i>nym</i>	<i>me (1st Person singular - dative)</i>
191	<i>nys</i>	<i>of me (1st Person singular - accusative)</i>





192	ofalon	danger
193	ofay	to fall
194	or	to
195	oy	them (3rd Person plural - neutral - accusative)
196	rasay	to pull, draw
197	ray	to make, do (concrete actions)
198	sewe	they (3rd Person dual - neutral - nominative)
199	sika	you (2nd Person dual - accusative)
200	sikam	you (2nd Person dual - dative)
201	sikar	you (2nd Person dual - nominative)
202	sikas	of you (2nd Person dual - accusative)
203	sin	forth, forward, for, before





204	sino	<i>them (3rd Person dual - masculine - accusative)</i>
205	sinom	<i>them (3rd Person dual - masculine - dative)</i>
206	sinon	<i>they (3rd Person dual - masculine - nominative)</i>
207	sinos	<i>of them (3rd Person dual - masculine - accusative)</i>
208	sith	<i>five</i>
209	sithis	<i>fifty</i>
210	sithislù	<i>fiftieth</i>
211	sithlu	<i>fifth</i>
212	siway	<i>to be (locative)</i>
213	siwi	<i>them (3rd Person dual - feminine - accusative)</i>
214	siwim	<i>them (3rd Person dual - feminine - dative)</i>
215	siwir	<i>they (3rd Person dual - feminine - nominative)</i>





216	siw _{is}	<i>of them (3rd Person dual - feminine - accusative)</i>
217	swe	<i>them (3rd Person dual - neutral - accusative)</i>
218	swem	<i>them (3rd Person dual - neutral - dative)</i>
219	swes	<i>of them (3rd Person dual - neutral - accusative)</i>
220	sy	<i>us (1st Person dual - accusative)</i>
221	sym	<i>us (1st Person dual - dative)</i>
222	syn	<i>we (1st Person dual - nominative)</i>
223	sys	<i>of us (1st Person dual - accusative)</i>
224	teln _{is}	<i>eighty</i>
225	telnisl _u	<i>eightieth</i>
226	telon	<i>eight</i>
227	telonl _u	<i>eighth</i>
228	thay	<i>to give</i>





229	usis	one-hundred
230	usislū	one-hundredth
231	uy	and
232	wan	but
233	was	now
234	we	it (3rd Person singular - accusative)
235	wed	this
236	wem	it (3rd Person singular - dative)
237	wes	of it (3rd Person singular - accusative)
238	wi	her (3rd Person singular - accusative)
239	wim	her (3rd Person singular - dative)
240	winalithan	city
241	winaliy	to settle
242	winay	to sit
243	winil	throne
244	wir	she (3rd Person singular - nominative)





245	wis	of her (3rd Person singular - accusative)
246	with	here
247	wus	herefore
248	ye	us (1st Person plural - accusative)
249	yem	us (1st Person plural - dative)
250	yen	we (1st Person plural - nominative)
251	yes	of us (1st Person plural - accusative)
252	yika	you (2nd Person plural - accusative)
253	yikam	you (2nd Person plural - dative)
254	yikar	you (2nd Person plural - nominative)
255	yikas	of you (2nd Person plural - accusative)
256	yino	them (3rd Person plural - masculine - accusative)





257	<i>yinom</i>	<i>them (3rd Person plural - masculine - dative)</i>
258	<i>yinon</i>	<i>they (3rd Person plural - masculine - nominative)</i>
259	<i>yinos</i>	<i>of them (3rd Person plural - masculine - accusative)</i>
260	<i>yiwi</i>	<i>them (3rd Person plural - feminine - accusative)</i>
261	<i>yiwim</i>	<i>them (3rd Person plural - feminine - dative)</i>
262	<i>yiwir</i>	<i>they (3rd Person plural - feminine - nominative)</i>
263	<i>yiwis</i>	<i>of them (3rd Person plural - feminine - accusative)</i>
264	<i>ymay</i>	<i>to eat</i>





265	<i>yn</i>	<i>I (1st Person singular - nominative)</i>
266	<i>yo</i>	<i>they (3rd Person plural - neutral - nominative)</i>
267	<i>yom</i>	<i>them (3rd Person plural - neutral - dative)</i>
268	<i>yos</i>	<i>of them (3rd Person plural - neutral - accusative)</i>
269	<i>yulay</i>	<i>to drink</i>
270	<i>yun</i>	<i>two</i>
271	<i>yunis</i>	<i>twenty</i>
272	<i>yunis uy duyn</i>	<i>twenty-seven</i>
273	<i>yunis uy fayn</i>	<i>twenty-six</i>
274	<i>yunis uy gane</i>	<i>twenty-nine</i>
275	<i>yunis uy iwele</i>	<i>twenty-four</i>
276	<i>yunis uy mya</i>	<i>twenty-one</i>
277	<i>yunis uy nami</i>	<i>twenty-three</i>
278	<i>yunis uy sith</i>	<i>twenty-five</i>
279	<i>yunis uy telon</i>	<i>twenty-eight</i>
280	<i>yunis uy yun</i>	<i>twenty-two</i>





281	<i>yunislu</i>	<i>twentieth</i>
282	<i>yunislu uy</i> <i>duynlu</i>	<i>twenty-seventh</i>
283	<i>yunislu uy</i> <i>faynlu</i>	<i>twenty-sixth</i>
284	<i>yunislu uy</i> <i>ganlu</i>	<i>twenty-ninth</i>
285	<i>yunislu uy</i> <i>iwelu</i>	<i>twenty-fourth</i>
286	<i>yunislu uy</i> <i>maylu</i>	<i>twenty-first</i>
287	<i>yunislu uy</i> <i>namyelu</i>	<i>twenty-third</i>
288	<i>yunislu uy</i> <i>sithlu</i>	<i>twenty-fifth</i>
289	<i>yunislu uy</i> <i>telonlu</i>	<i>twenty-eighth</i>
290	<i>yunislu uy</i> <i>yunlu</i>	<i>twenty-second</i>
291	<i>yunlu</i>	<i>second</i>
292	<i>yunusis</i>	<i>two-hundred</i>
293	<i>yunusislu</i>	<i>two-hundredth</i>

Language by Frederico Schroeder

