

## A Method for Electric Vehicle Ownership Forecast Considering Different Economic Factors

**Type** Journal Article  
**Author** Hanwu Luo  
**Author** Fang Li  
**Date** 2013  
**Language** English  
**Library Catalog** Summon 2 (wilkes.summon.serialssolutions.com)  
**URL** [http://wilkes.summon.serialssolutions.com/2.0.0/link/0/eLvHCXMwtV1LT8MwDI7G4wAHxFO8IXvV0fSxrAcOEzA4gECiTlhLiTaJmDYKgg7-Pk6a8V27RihwO967hdOCHNYxiUgLOOYcRkTwYgQIIIsE91mkWonPT\\_z7pDe6iW47nhrRrpH9K\\_AgA-hVI-0fwLdKQQDnYAJwBCOA46\\_MYOBc6RjXOSDyq65zrj6IqY3bUhM6cvZV2gKfKIJYa4SmlbV92htV4nrZLm4jp5PmpGE8swV\\_Odp71ghUfMyvTVQNDZhZKk2dQMx9seYqml4hVflg2TcJQzstjUbh3t3NowVfOFnDeTfRg83BAeRAB6sGF9Q80jeRK9dG3t9jyYWDd7htnJFIFKyaKwIMK7zXUEcU6Wm7tLbmBRgNclY8BeWyQxwZ5bJHHb53INPIFJJJaBZsofinuRDdbCFPO-4reCev1Q069DB5\\_nge5pCpoyLMddFT\\_K-ILtVVK-jNEu3\\_-xh5aamxzH82XrzNxbgBYhrJyIlt0ON7Ce3vmd\\_](http://wilkes.summon.serialssolutions.com/2.0.0/link/0/eLvHCXMwtV1LT8MwDI7G4wAHxFO8IXvV0fSxrAcOEzA4gECiTlhLiTaJmDYKgg7-Pk6a8V27RihwO967hdOCHNYxiUgLOOYcRkTwYgQIIIsE91mkWonPT_z7pDe6iW47nhrRrpH9K_AgA-hVI-0fwLdKQQDnYAJwBCOA46_MYOBc6RjXOSDyq65zrj6IqY3bUhM6cvZV2gKfKIJYa4SmlbV92htV4nrZLm4jp5PmpGE8swV_Odp71ghUfMyvTVQNDZhZKk2dQMx9seYqml4hVflg2TcJQzstjUbh3t3NowVfOFnDeTfRg83BAeRAB6sGF9Q80jeRK9dG3t9jyYWDd7htnJFIFKyaKwIMK7zXUEcU6Wm7tLbmBRgNclY8BeWyQxwZ5bJHHb53INPIFJJJaBZsofinuRDdbCFPO-4reCev1Q069DB5_nge5pCpoyLMddFT_K-ILtVVK-jNEu3_-xh5aamxzH82XrzNxbgBYhrJyIlt0ON7Ce3vmd_)  
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## A to Z Guide to Electric Cars

**Type** Magazine Article  
**Author** Sam Naylor  
**Date** Aug 23-Sep 19, 2017  
**Language** English  
**Library Catalog** ProQuest  
**URL** <https://www.proquest.com/docview/2035637137/citation/EBC93AC1E49940D6PQ/1>  
**Accessed** 11/30/2021, 1:20:14 PM  
**Rights** Copyright Dennis Publishing Ltd. Aug 23-Sep 19, 2017  
**Extra** Num Pages: 36 Place: London, United Kingdom Publisher: Dennis Publishing Ltd. Section: A TO Z OF EVS  
**Pages** 36  
**Publication** Auto Express  
**Issue** 1487  
**ISSN** 09548866  
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### Tags:

Automobile industry, Automobile shows, Electric power, Electric vehicles, Fuel cells, Gasoline, Planning, Transportation--Automobiles

### Attachments

- Full Text PDF

## Current events: U.S. plugs in to electric cars

**Type** Newspaper Article  
**Author** Jonathan Fahey  
**Abstract** Progress Energy is expecting electric car clusters to form in Raleigh, Cary and Asheville, N.C., and around Orlando and Tampa. Duke Energy is expecting the same in Charlotte and Indianapolis. The entire territory of Texas' Austin Energy will likely be an electric vehicle hot spot. Adding an electric vehicle or two to a neighborhood can be like adding another house, and it can stress the equipment that services those houses. "We're talking about doubling the load of a conventional home," says Karl Rabago, who leads Austin Energy's electric vehicle-readiness program. "It's big." The car can be charged faster, and therefore draw more power, when plugged into a home charging station. The first Leafs and Volts can draw 3,300 watts, and both carmakers may boost that to 6,600 watts soon. The Tesla Roadster, an electric sports car with a huge battery, can draw 16,800 watts. That's the equivalent of 280 60-watt light bulbs.  
**Date** Nov 22, 2010  
**Language** English  
**Short Title** Current events  
**Library Catalog** ProQuest  
**URL** <https://www.proquest.com/docview/1178271183/abstract/762A78F5519C4BB7PQ/1>  
**Accessed** 11/30/2021, 1:22:52 PM  
**Rights** (Copyright 2010 New York Times Company)

**Extra** Publisher: Halifax Media Group  
**Place** Lakeland, Fla., United States  
**Publication** The Ledger  
**ISSN** 01630288  
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**Tags:**

General Interest Periodicals--United States

**Attachments**

- Full Text Snapshot

## Do eletric cars have a future: [City Edition]

**Type** Newspaper Article  
**Author** Scott Allen  
**Abstract** Massachusetts Gov. William F. Weld is among the leaders of a national crusade for one solution -- cars that run on batteries instead of gasoline. Electric cars don't even have exhaust pipes, and the engines are nearly as quiet as a bicycle. Under pressure from Massachusetts as well as New York and California, auto makers have spent hundreds of millions of dollars developing cars and trucks that run on batteries. Chrysler plans to make a battery-powered minivan, the EPIC, while General Motors is testing an electric sports car and Ford is working on an electric pickup truck. But electric vehicles have a major drawback -- they can't go far before the batteries need to be recharged. GM's Impact needs to be recharged every 90 miles, half the distance the same car would go on a tank of gas. The Impact also is expected to cost more than a gas-powered model.  
**Date** Jan 8, 1996  
**Language** English  
**Short Title** Do eletric cars have a future  
**Library Catalog** ProQuest  
**URL** <https://www.proquest.com/docview/290768132/abstract/A4AC333F0C624125PQ/1>  
**Accessed** 11/30/2021, 1:22:24 PM  
**Rights** Copyright Boston Globe Newspaper Jan 8, 1996  
**Extra** Num Pages: 0 Publisher: Boston Globe Media Partners, LLC  
**Place** Boston, Mass., United States  
**Section** SPECIAL SECTION  
**Pages** 9  
**Publication** Boston Globe (pre-1997 Fulltext)  
**ISSN** 07431791  
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**Tags:**

General Interest Periodicals--United States

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- Full Text Snapshot

## Dynamic and Acoustic Behaviour of Electric Versus Combustion Vehicles

**Type** Journal Article  
**Author** Isabela Mocanu  
**Author** Claus Aichinger  
**Author** Martin Czuka  
**Author** Andreas Fuchs  
**Author** Sara Gasparoni  
**Author** Peter Saleh  
**Abstract** This paper focuses on the methodologies and tools in use to answer the following research question: Is the dynamic and acoustic behaviour of electric vehicles without consequence in terms of a safe integration into current and future road traffic? Our research aims at investigating possible dissimilarities between electric and combustion cars that could reveal potential road safety risks. To this end, vehicle dynamics and acoustic parameters were collected in a field operational trial that was carried out on a dedicated test track, where a professional test driver executed a series of specific driving manoeuvres with three pairs of combustion-electric cars. Preliminary analyses indicate significant differences for the interior acoustics and the external acoustic emissions. Regarding the vehicle dynamics, no direct road safety relevant differences were identified yet.  
**Date** 2016  
**Language** English

**Library Catalog** Summon 2 (wilkes.summon.serialssolutions.com)

**URL** <https://go.exlibris.link/g15bJGSs>

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**ISSN** 2352-1465

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#### Tags:

electric vehicles, Road safety, vehicle acoustics, vehicle dynamics

### Energy consumption of electric vehicles: models' estimation using big data (FCD)

**Type** Journal Article

**Author** Antonello Ignazio Croce

**Author** Giuseppe Musolino

**Author** Corrado Rindone

**Author** Antonino Vitetta

**Abstract** The paper presents a framework to estimate energy consumption of Electric Vehicles (EVs) by combining: (a) the use of models derived from traffic flow theory and from mechanics of locomotion and (b) the great amount of Floating Car Data (FCD) from available Information and Communications Technology (ICT) devices. Existing energy consumption models may be classified into aggregate vs. disaggregate, according to the level of aggregation of variables related to driver, vehicle, and infrastructure. The proposed models have a hybrid nature: the aggregate component allows to estimating the values of vehicular speed and acceleration on a road link; the disaggregate one allows to estimate the variability of EVs' energy consumption inside a spatial-temporal domain. The energy consumption models are estimated using traffic data extracted from a framework structured into four steps: FCD processing, estimation of vehicular speeds and accelerations, estimation of resistance/energy consumption on a pilot study area, composed by the backward (sub-)urban area of the port of "Porto delle Grazie" of Roccella Jonica (South of Italy). The preliminary methodology allows relative inexpensive and accurate calculation of EVs' energy consumption and that it can be integrated into Intelligent Transportation Systems.

**Date** 2020

**Language** English

**Short Title** Energy consumption of electric vehicles

**Library Catalog** Summon 2 (wilkes.summon.serialssolutions.com)

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**DOI** 10.1016/j.trpro.2020.03.091

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#### Tags:

Electric Vehicles (EVs), energy consumption models, Floating Car Data (FCD), passenger mobility

### Energy consumption of electric vehicles: models' estimation using big data (FCD)

**Type** Journal Article

**Author** Antonello Ignazio Croce

**Author** Giuseppe Musolino

**Author** Corrado Rindone

**Author** Antonino Vitetta

**Abstract** The paper presents a framework to estimate energy consumption of Electric Vehicles (EVs) by combining: (a) the use of models derived from traffic flow theory and from mechanics of locomotion and (b) the great amount of Floating Car Data (FCD) from available Information and Communications Technology (ICT) devices. Existing energy consumption models may be classified into aggregate vs. disaggregate, according to the level of aggregation of variables related to driver, vehicle, and infrastructure. The proposed models have a hybrid nature: the aggregate component allows to estimating the values of vehicular speed and acceleration on a road link; the disaggregate one allows to estimate the variability of EVs' energy consumption inside a spatial-temporal domain. The energy consumption models are estimated using traffic data extracted from a framework structured into four steps: FCD processing, estimation of vehicular speeds and accelerations, estimation of resistance/energy consumption on a pilot study area, composed by the backward (sub-)urban area of the port of "Porto delle Grazie" of Roccella Jonica (South of Italy). The preliminary methodology allows relative inexpensive and accurate calculation of EVs' energy consumption and that it can be integrated into Intelligent Transportation Systems.

hybrid nature: the aggregate component allows to estimating the values of vehicular speed and acceleration on a road link; the disaggregate one allows to estimating the discrete variability of EVs' energy consumption inside a spatial-temporal domain. The energy consumption models are estimated using traffic data extracted from FCD. The proposed framework is structured into four steps: FCD processing, estimation of vehicular speeds and accelerations, estimation of resistance/energy consumption. The framework is applied in a pilot study area, composed by the backward (sub-)urban area of the port of "Porto delle Grazie" of Roccella Jonica (South of Italy). The preliminary results show that the methodology allows relative inexpensive and accurate calculation of EVs' energy consumption and that it can be integrated into Intelligent Transportation System (ITS) applications.

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**Language** en  
**Short Title** Energy consumption of electric vehicles  
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**Publication** Transportation Research Procedia  
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#### Tags:

Electric Vehicles (EVs), energy consumption models, Floating Car Data (FCD), passenger mobility

#### Attachments

- ScienceDirect Full Text PDF

Impacts of the 579 act in Brazilian electric sector companies' stock returns/Os impactos da medida provisoria 579 nos retornos das acoes de companhias de energia eletrica/El impacto de la medida provisional 579 en la rentabilidad de las acciones de empresas de electricidad

**Type** Journal Article  
**Author** Thais Nery Assuncao  
**Author** Renata Turola Takamatsu  
**Author** Valeria Gama Fully Bressan  
**Abstract** This research aims to analyze the announcement impact of the 579 act in stock prices in the Brazilian electricity sector. The way the market reacts to information supports investors and assists assets' analysis and the process of investment portfolio formation. An event study was conducted to assess whether the stocks' prices and returns have changed after the information was released to the market. The results provided evidence of a semi-strong market efficiency, since prices reacted to the publicly available information, assimilating the new information and then regressing to normality. Specifically, there was, on average, a negative reaction, with a significant drop in prices and stock returns two days after the announcement. However, after the third day, the information was absorbed by the market, and we no longer could detect a negative abnormal returns. Thus, we can conclude that the 579 act was considered a relevant piece of information about the electricity sector, changing stock returns behavior when it was released. Keywords: 579 Act, Abnormal Returns, Event Study. Esta pesquisa propoe analisar o impacto do anuncio da Medida Provisoria 579 de setembro de 2012 nos precos das acoes do setor de energia eletrica. A forma que o mercado reage as informacoes ampara os investidores, auxilia na analise de retorno das acoes e formacao de carteira de investimentos. A metodologia de estudo de eventos foi selecionada para avaliar se os precos e retornos das acoes foram alterados apos a divulgacao da medida provisoria ao mercado. Os resultados obtidos ofereceram indicios de reacao do mercado na forma de eficiencia semiforte, uma vez que os precos das acoes negociadas no mercado reagiram a informacao recebida disponivel ao publico, o mercado absorveu a informacao, e posteriormente voltou a sua normalidade. Mais especificamente, observou-se uma reacao media negativa frente ao anuncio da Medida, em que foi possivel detectar uma queda expressiva nos precos e retorno das acoes nos dois dias posteriores ao anuncio. Contudo, a partir do terceiro dia, houve uma absorcao da informacao, e os retornos anormais nao foram mais significativos. Desta forma, pode-se concluir que o cumprimento da Medida Provisoria foi considerado uma informacao relevante ao setor de energia eletrica, alterando o comportamento dos retornos das acoes na data de sua divulgacao. Palavras-Chave: Medida Provisoria 579. Retornos anormais. Estudo de Eventos. Esta investigacion analizo el impacto de la Medida Provisional 579, de septiembre de 2012, en los precios de las acciones del sector electrico. La forma en que el mercado reacciona a la informacion resguarda a los inversionistas, auxilia en el analisis de rentabilidad de las acciones y en la formacion de carteras de inversion. La metodologia de estudio de eventos fue utilizada para evaluar si los precios y las rentabilidades de las acciones cambiaron despues de la divulgacion de la medida provisional al mercado. Los resultados indican una reaccion del mercado de acuerdo con la forma de eficiencia semi-fuerte, ya que los precios de las acciones que cotizan en el mercado reaccionaron a tal informacion divulgada publicamente, luego el mercado absorbio la informacion y posteriormente retorno a su comportamiento normal. Mas especificamente, hubo una reaccion promedio negativa frente al anuncio de la Medida, donde fue posible detectar una caida significativa en los precios y en la rentabilidad de las acciones en los dos dias siguientes al anuncio. Sin embargo, desde el tercer dia, hubo una absorcion de informacion, y los retornos anormales ya no eran significativos. Por lo tanto, se puede concluir que el cumplimiento de la Medida Provisional fue considerado una informacion relevante para el sector electrico, cambiando el comportamiento de las rentabilidades de las acciones en la fecha de su divulgacion. Palabras clave: Medida Provisional 579, Rentabilidad Anormal, Estudio de Eventos.  
**Date** 2015  
**Language** Portuguese  
**Library Catalog** Summon 2 (wilkes.summon.serialssolutions.com)

**URL** <https://go.exlibris.link/qwv4YHHt>  
**Accessed** 11/30/2021, 1:21:20 PM  
**Extra** Publisher: Universidade do Estado da Bahia  
**Volume** 5  
**Pages** 38  
**Publication** Revista Gestão, finanças e contabilidade  
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Acciones, Administracion, Analisis, Capitalizacion de mercado, Divulgacion de informacion financiera, Efectos secundarios y adversos, Empresas electrocomerciales, Finanzas, Inversiones, Mercados de futuros, Mercados financieros, Negociacion de valores, Servicios de informacion, Tecnica, Valoracion, Valores

## INVESTIGATION OF MAGNETIC PROPERTIES FOR DIFFERENT COIL SIZES OF DYNAMIC WIRELESS CHARGING PADS FOR ELECTRIC VEHICLES (EV)

**Type** Journal Article  
**Author** Syasya Azra Zaini  
**Author** Siti Hajar Yusoff  
**Author** Amira Aziera Abdullah  
**Author** Sheroz Khan  
**Author** Faridah Abd Rahman  
**Author** Nadia Nazieha Nanda  
**Abstract** Electric vehicles (EV) have been introduced in the recent years due to public awareness of the effect of gas emission from traditional cars and the extim convenient and saves charging time since it charges the electric vehicle while moving. The main challenge of this process is to maintain a high amount There are various designs of coil for wireless charging of electric vehicles (EV). Among the most common designs are circular pad (CP), rectangular pad (RP) and square pad (SP). The simplicity in design and good electrical and magnetic properties. Three different coil pair sizes are tested to find the most suitable coil pair for the primary and secondary coils have the same value. ABSTRAK: Kenderaan Elektrik (EV) telah diperkenalkan sejak beberapa tahun ini hasil kesedaran a tanpa wayar bagi mengecas EV. Ini kerana pengecas ini lebih sesuai dan jimat masa mengecas kerana kenderaan elektrik dicas ketika bergerak. Cabarar faktor bagi mendapatkan pemindahan tenaga yang tinggi adalah saiz gegelung wayar [1]. Terdapat pelbagai bentuk gegelung bagi mengecas kenderaan berganda-D (DDQP). Kajian ini telah menggunakan pad membulat (CP) kerana reka bentuknya yang ringkas dan ia mempunyai sifat elektrikal dan ma sesuai di mana ianya mempunyai pemindahan tenaga maksima dan paling kurang sensitif pada ketidakjajaran. Sifat magnet telah diuji bagi mendapatka Hasil simulasi mendapati pasangan gegelung yang tidak simetri telah menghasilkan kekuatan magnetik tertinggi apabila diameter luaran gegelung prim  
**Date** 2020  
**Language** English  
**Library Catalog** Summon 2 (wilkes.summon.serialssolutions.com)  
**URL** [http://wilkes.summon.serialssolutions.com/2.0.0/link/0/eLvHCXMwrV3Pb9MwFLZQtQM0MYPUTaQj0Mobew4cXIMaZJGgrRKQyhclsd2pDKpQv10TqI6IF0RrafK2o8M1X4jyh2zpo1v7moPKXSRGzbMEWx7kfrjp0pSYwB2OCRBxcHEUoD7TuOLNkph47iK1AsahJoQzvnstoAMPGqkz2MgYWI2WiUsmP0dPQmcWyXfYIe6f0z9OSAY\\_A5uinKJt3URT5cRuFVhj\\_FeZnWRYLXJomvqsEhxBAL4kWRZWmVljVOVsVHvCm-QQfIL76WMWwW\\_mLqawDSOFnGVV6UOV7HCzsU2pO6ApkmXRYJCOHtHn3An3O0jpZOmPBBQesfhg4grhKEpP56QoedZKSoDd8hQyCOPmBA\\_itpOLGHBICNdISN9n-q8f0hJlFj6mJuldLmDM0-fXzt36DjiCuudBXbwet-wP-ac\\_-](http://wilkes.summon.serialssolutions.com/2.0.0/link/0/eLvHCXMwrV3Pb9MwFLZQtQM0MYPUTaQj0Mobew4cXIMaZJGgrRKQyhclsd2pDKpQv10TqI6IF0RrafK2o8M1X4jyh2zpo1v7moPKXSRGzbMEWx7kfrjp0pSYwB2OCRBxcHEUoD7TuOLNkph47iK1AsahJoQzvnstoAMPGqkz2MgYWI2WiUsmP0dPQmcWyXfYIe6f0z9OSAY_A5uinKJt3URT5cRuFVhj_FeZnWRYLXJomvqsEhxBAL4kWRZWmVljVOVsVHvCm-QQfIL76WMWwW_mLqawDSOFnGVV6UOV7HCzsU2pO6ApkmXRYJCOHtHn3An3O0jpZOmPBBQesfhg4grhKEpP56QoedZKSoDd8hQyCOPmBA_itpOLGHBICNdISN9n-q8f0hJlFj6mJuldLmDM0-fXzt36DjiCuudBXbwet-wP-ac_-)  
**Accessed** 11/30/2021, 1:21:20 PM  
**Extra** Publisher: IIUM Press, International Islamic University Malaysia  
**Volume** 21  
**Pages** 23-32  
**Publication** IIUM engineering journal  
**DOI** 10.31436/iiumej.v21i1.1108  
**Issue** 1  
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**Tags:**

circular coil, electric vehicle (ev), inductive charging, magnetic properties, wireless power transfer

**Attachments**

- Full Text

Matlab-based modeling, simulation and design package for Eletric, Hydraulic and Flywheel hybrid powertrains of a city bus

**Type** Journal Article  
**Author** M. Esfahanian

**Author** A. Safaei**Author** H. Nehzati**Author** V. Esfahanian**Author** M. M. Tehrani

**Abstract** In this paper a package for designing, modelling and simulation of three hybrid powertrains are presented. These powertrains are Electric hybrid, Hydraulic powertrains include the energy storage system components, the secondary power converter and also the powertrain configuration. The O457 city bus is powertrain which is based on the power requirements of the bus in any driving condition is presented. Then, the powertrains modelling using MATLAB forward and resemble the real world driving conditions. Each model has the blocks for the main components of the corresponding propulsion system. The components efficiency in each powertrain. Moreover, there is a block in each hybrid powertrain model for the energy management. Finally, the simulation results indicate that the electric hybrid powertrain has the most effect on reducing the bus fuel consumption. But regarding the fabrication expenses recommended.[PUBLICATION ABSTRACT];Byline: M. Esfahanian (1), A. Safaei (2), H. Nehzati (2), V. Esfahanian (2), M. M. Tehrani (3) Keywords: hydraulic hybrid city bus; Powertrain design and modeling In this paper a package for designing, modelling and simulation of three hybrid powertrains Flywheel hybrid. The differences among the proposed hybrid powertrains include the energy storage system components, the secondary power converter benchmark vehicle. At first, the design process for each hybrid powertrain which is based on the power requirements of the bus in any driving condition is presented. The models are feed-forward and resemble the real world driving conditions. Each model has the blocks for the main components of the corresponding propulsion system. The most important stage in the modeling process is implementing of the components efficiency in each powertrain. Moreover, there is a block in each hybrid powertrain model for the usefulness of the hybrid powertrains are presented. The results indicate that the electric hybrid powertrain has the most effect on reducing the bus fuel consumption. The hydraulic hybrid powertrain is recommended. Author Affiliation: (1) Department of Mechanical Engineering, Isfahan University of Technology, Tehran, 11155-4563, Iran (3) Department of Automotive Engineering, Iran University of Science and Technology, Tehran, 16846-13114, Iran Accepted Date: 03/11/2013 Online Date: 02/10/2014;In this paper a package for designing, modelling and simulation of three hybrid powertrains are presented. The differences among the proposed hybrid powertrains include the energy storage system components, the secondary power converter and also benchmark vehicle. At first, the design process for each hybrid powertrain which is based on the power requirements of the bus in any driving condition is presented. The models are feed-forward and resemble the real world driving conditions. Each model has the blocks for the main components of the corresponding propulsion system. The most important stage in the modeling process is implementing of the components efficiency in each powertrain. Moreover, there is a block in each hybrid powertrain model for the usefulness of the hybrid powertrains are presented. The results indicate that the electric hybrid powertrain has the most effect on reducing the bus fuel consumption. The hydraulic hybrid powertrain is recommended.

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Analysis, Article, Automotive Engineering, Buses, Design and construction, Efficiency, Energy storage, Engineering, Hybrid vehicles, Hydraulics, Mechanical engineering, Packaging, Parallel flywheel hybrid city bus, Parallel hydraulic hybrid city bus, Power, Powertrain, Powertrain design and modeling, Series electric hybrid city bus, Simulation, Studies

## Matlab-based modeling, simulation and design package for Electric, Hydraulic and Flywheel hybrid powertrains of a city bus

**Type** Journal Article**Author** M. Esfahanian**Author** A. Safaei**Author** H. Nehzati**Author** V. Esfahanian**Author** M. M. Tehrani

**Abstract** In this paper a package for designing, modelling and simulation of three hybrid powertrains are presented. These powertrains are Electric hybrid, Hydraulic hybrid and Flywheel hybrid. The differences among the proposed hybrid powertrains include the energy storage system components, the secondary power converter and also the powertrain configuration. The O457 city bus is considered as the benchmark vehicle. At first, the design process for each hybrid powertrain which is based on the power requirements of the bus in any driving condition is presented. Then, the powertrains modelling using MATLAB/Simulink as a powerful simulating tool is presented. The models are feed-forward and resemble the real world driving conditions. Each model has the blocks for the main components of the corresponding propulsion system. The most important stage in the modeling process is implementing of the components efficiency in each powertrain. Moreover, there is a block in each hybrid powertrain model for the energy management. Finally, the simulation results for comparing the usefulness of the hybrid powertrains are presented. The results indicate that the electric hybrid powertrain has the most effect on reducing the bus fuel consumption. But regarding the fabrication expenses and manufacturing complexity, the hydraulic hybrid powertrain is recommended.[PUBLICATION ABSTRACT]

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**Attachments**

- o Full Text PDF

## Providing Of Annual Maintenance Contract Of Mitsubishi Eletric Air Conditioning System To Dgp Office, Mangalagiri Of Guntur District [Tender documents : T453607972]

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## The electric car: development and future of battery, hybrid and fuel-cell cars

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