

本科实验报告

课程名称: 信号与系统

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学院: 信息与电子工程学院

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- 一、 问题的提出
- 二、解决问题的原理、技术方案或算法
- 三、 实验/仿真验证
- 四、结论

```
1 close all;
 2
 w = -90:0.01:90;
                                                                % W
 4 T = 0.5;
                                                                % 采样周期
 6 % 测试信号
 7
                y = (1+(2/pi)*w).*(w>=(-pi/2) \& w<=0)+(1-(2/pi)*w).*(w>0 \& w<=(pi/2))+0.*(w<(-pi/2))+0.*(w<(-pi/2))+0.*(w<(-pi/2))+0.*(w<(-pi/2))+0.*(w<(-pi/2))+0.*(w<(-pi/2))+0.*(w<(-pi/2))+0.*(w<(-pi/2))+0.*(w<(-pi/2))+0.*(w<(-pi/2))+0.*(w<(-pi/2))+0.*(w<(-pi/2))+0.*(w<(-pi/2))+0.*(w<(-pi/2))+0.*(w<(-pi/2))+0.*(w<(-pi/2))+0.*(w<(-pi/2))+0.*(w<(-pi/2))+0.*(w<(-pi/2))+0.*(w<(-pi/2))+0.*(w<(-pi/2))+0.*(w<(-pi/2))+0.*(w<(-pi/2))+0.*(w<(-pi/2))+0.*(w<(-pi/2))+0.*(w<(-pi/2))+0.*(w<(-pi/2))+0.*(w<(-pi/2))+0.*(w<(-pi/2))+0.*(w<(-pi/2))+0.*(w<(-pi/2))+0.*(w<(-pi/2))+0.*(w<(-pi/2))+0.*(w<(-pi/2))+0.*(w<(-pi/2))+0.*(w<(-pi/2))+0.*(w<(-pi/2))+0.*(w<(-pi/2))+0.*(w<(-pi/2))+0.*(w<(-pi/2))+0.*(w<(-pi/2))+0.*(w<(-pi/2))+0.*(w<(-pi/2))+0.*(w<(-pi/2))+0.*(w<(-pi/2))+0.*(w<(-pi/2))+0.*(w<(-pi/2))+0.*(w<(-pi/2))+0.*(w<(-pi/2))+0.*(w<(-pi/2))+0.*(w<(-pi/2))+0.*(w<(-pi/2))+0.*(w<(-pi/2))+0.*(w<(-pi/2))+0.*(w<(-pi/2))+0.*(w<(-pi/2))+0.*(w<(-pi/2))+0.*(w<(-pi/2))+0.*(w<(-pi/2))+0.*(w<(-pi/2))+0.*(w<(-pi/2))+0.*(w<(-pi/2))+0.*(w<(-pi/2))+0.*(w<(-pi/2))+0.*(w<(-pi/2))+0.*(w<(-pi/2))+0.*(w<(-pi/2))+0.*(w<(-pi/2))+0.*(w<(-pi/2))+0.*(w<(-pi/2))+0.*(w<(-pi/2))+0.*(w<(-pi/2))+0.*(w<(-pi/2))+0.*(w<(-pi/2))+0.*(w<(-pi/2))+0.*(w<(-pi/2))+0.*(w<(-pi/2))+0.*(w<(-pi/2))+0.*(w<(-pi/2))+0.*(w<(-pi/2))+0.*(w<(-pi/2))+0.*(w<(-pi/2))+0.*(w<(-pi/2))+0.*(w<(-pi/2))+0.*(w<(-pi/2))+0.*(w<(-pi/2))+0.*(w<(-pi/2))+0.*(w<(-pi/2))+0.*(w<(-pi/2))+0.*(w<(-pi/2))+0.*(w<(-pi/2))+0.*(w<(-pi/2))+0.*(w<(-pi/2))+0.*(w<(-pi/2))+0.*(w<(-pi/2))+0.*(w<(-pi/2))+0.*(w<(-pi/2))+0.*(w<(-pi/2))+0.*(w<(-pi/2))+0.*(w<(-pi/2))+0.*(w<(-pi/2))+0.*(w<(-pi/2))+0.*(w<(-pi/2))+0.*(w<(-pi/2))+0.*(w<(-pi/2))+0.*(w<(-pi/2))+0.*(w<(-pi/2))+0.*(w<(-pi/2))+0.*(w<(-pi/2))+0.*(w<(-pi/2))+0.*(w<(-pi/2))+0.*(w<(-pi/2))+0.*(w<(-pi/2))+0.*(w<(-pi/2))+0.*(w<(-pi/2))+0.*(w<(-pi/2))+0.*(w<(-pi/2))+0.*(w<(-pi/2))+0.*(w<(-pi/2))+0.*(w<(-pi/2))+0.*(w<(-pi/2))+0.*(w<(-pi/2))+0.*(w<(-pi/2))+0.*(w<(-pi/2))+0.*(w<(-pi/2))+0.*(w<(-pi/2))+0.*(w<(-pi/2))+0.*(w<(-pi/2))+0.*(w<(-pi/2))+0.*(w<(-pi/2))+0.*(w<(-pi/2))+0.*(w<(-p
                         pi/2) | w>(pi/2));
                y = abs(y);
 8
 9 %
10
11 How = Hw(w,T);
                                                               % 零阶保持频谱
                                                           % 理想的矫正滤波器Hr(jw)
12 H1w = Hw2(w,T);
13 H1w_new = Hrw(w,T); % 重建后的矫正滤波器频谱Hr'(jw)
14 Hjw = How .* H1w_new; % 联合H(jw), 重建后的联合滤波
15 x1w = y .* How ./ T; % 未矫正频域直接D/A输出
16 x2w=y.*Hjw./T;
                                                              % xw重建矫正滤波器后的频域波形
17
18 figure(1);
19 subplot(3,2,1);plot(w,y);title('输入信号','fontsize',14);axis([-3 3 -0.1 1.2]);grid on;
       subplot(3,2,2);plot(w,H1w);title('理想的矫正滤波器H(jw)','fontsize',14);axis([-8 8 1 1.6])
                 ;grid on;
       subplot(3,2,3);plot(w,H1w_new);title('重建后的Hr''(jw)','fontsize',14);axis([-8 8 1 1.6]);
                 grid on;
       subplot(3,2,4);plot(w,Hjw);title('重建后的联合滤波','fontsize',14);axis([-40 40 -0.3 0.6])
                 ;grid on;
       subplot(3,2,5);plot(w,x1w);title('未矫正重建输入信号','fontsize',14);axis([-3 3 -0.1 1.2])
       subplot(3,2,6);plot(w,x2w);title('矫正后重建输入信号','fontsize',14);axis([-3 3 -0.1 1.2])
                 ;grid on;
25
26 figure(2);
27 plot(w,y,'b','linewidth',0.5); axis([-5 5 -0.1 1.2]); hold on;
28 plot(w,x1w,'k','linewidth',0.5);axis([-5 5 -0.1 1.2]);hold on;
29 plot(w,x2w,'r','linewidth',0.5);axis([-5 5 -0.1 1.2]);hold on;
30 title('对比', 'fontsize', 18);
31 l1 = legend('原信号','未矫正','矫正后');
32 set(l1, 'FontSize', 18);
33
34 figure(3);
35 plot(w,y,'b','linewidth',0.5);axis([-1.4195 -1.415 0.0965 0.0978]);hold on;
```

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9lot(w,x1w,'k','linewidth',0.5);axis([-1.4195 -1.415 0.0965 0.0978]);hold on; plot(w,x2w,'r','linewidth',0.5);axis([-1.4195 -1.415 0.0965 0.0978]);hold on; title('局部放大','fontsize',18); l2 = legend('原信号','未矫正','矫正后'); set(l2,'FontSize',18);
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