

# REAL ESTATE PRICES IN KING COUNTY 2014 – 2015

IRONHACK D.A. BOOTCAMP JAN.2022, MIDTERM PROJECT

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# RESEARCH QUESTIONES

- Which factors are the ones responsible for house prices in King Counry,WA?
- The goal of the project is to design a model which would predict **selling house-price** from **a set of features used to evaluate the property**.

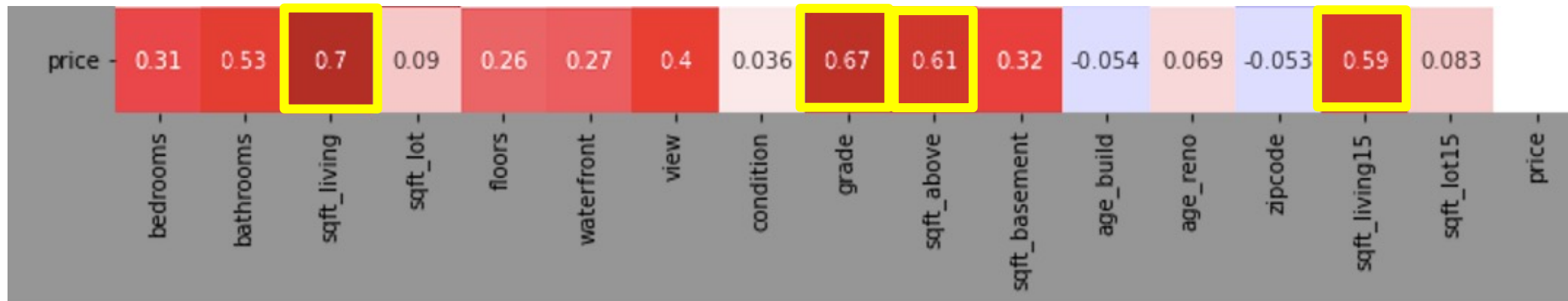
# THE DATA BASE

- Consists of information on roughly **22,000 properties** in King County, WA, sold between May 2014 and May 2015.
  - No missing values
  - No duplicates
- Dropped ID, date, longitude & latitude columns

Feature	Classification	Scale/Range	Type (self determined)
ID	General		CAT
Date	General		CAT
Bedrooms	Distribution of living space	1 - 11 {33}	CAT
Bathrooms	Distribution of living space	0.5 - 8	CAT
Sqft_living	Size		#
sqft_lot	Size		#
Floors	Distribution of living space	1 - 3.5	CAT
Waterfront	Surroundings	1/0 [Yes/No]	CAT
View	Surroundings	0-4	CAT
Condition	Quality Rating	1-5	CAT
Grade	Quality Rating	1-13	CAT
sqft_above	Size		#
sqft_basement	Size		#
yr_built	Age	1900 - 2015	#
yr_renovated	Renovated?	0 [No] / 1943 - 2014	#
zipcode	Location		
lat	Location		
long	Location		
sqft_living15	Size		#
sqft_lot15	Size		#
Price	Dep. Variable		#

# INITIAL ASSUMPTIONS

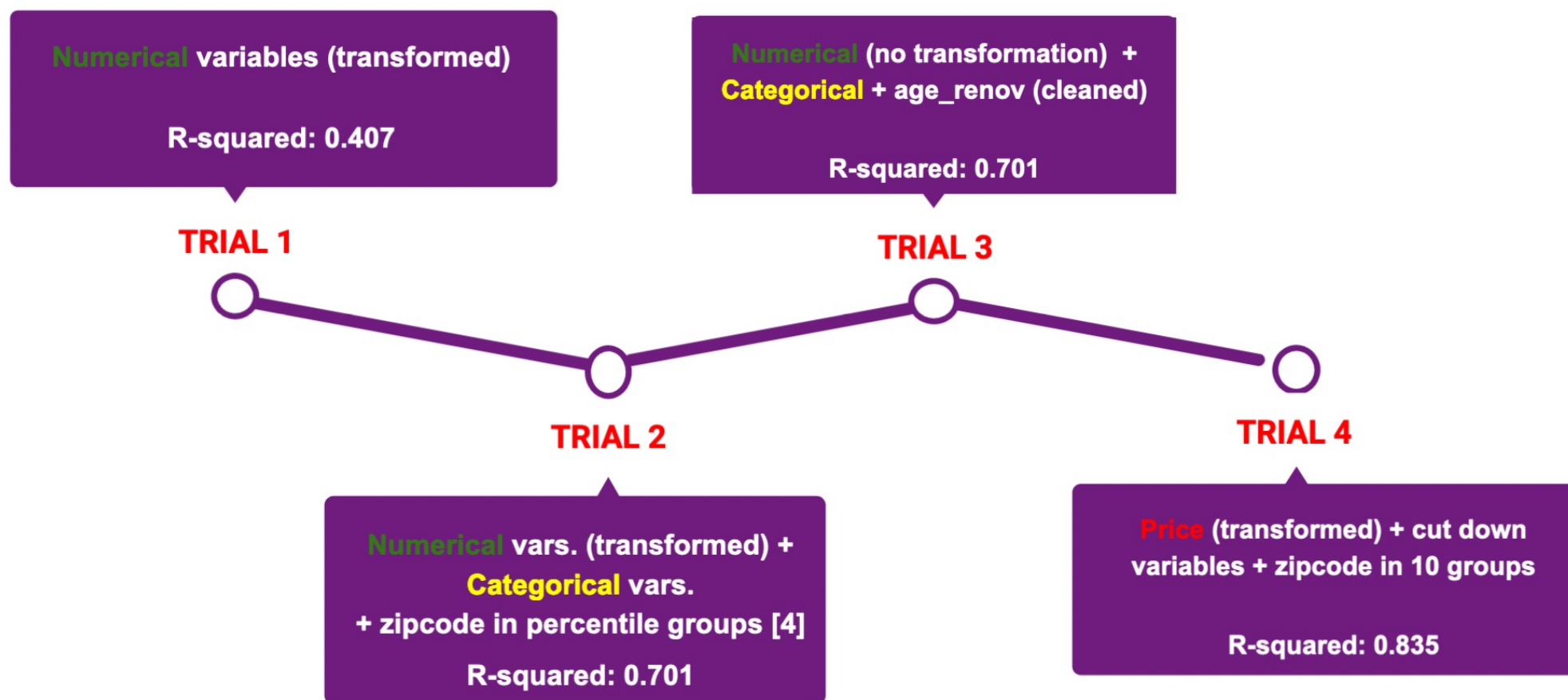
➤ Preliminary correlation matrix:





➤ Basic assumptions:

- Based on correlations: most influential features are size and grade  $\Leftrightarrow$  positively correlated with **price**
- Based on general knowledge: location is important!  $\Leftrightarrow$  zipcode should be correlated with **price**

# DATA PROCESSING PIPELINE



# SELECTED FEATURES (FINAL MODEL)

Feature	Classification	Scale/Range	Type (self determined)
ID	General		CAT
Date	General		CAT
Bedrooms	Distribution of living space	1 - 11 {33}	CAT
Bathrooms	Distribution of living space	0.5 - 8	CAT
Sqft_living	Size		#
sqft_lot	Size		#
Floors	Distribution of living space	1 - 3.5	CAT
Waterfront	Surroundings	1/0 [Yes/No]	CAT
View	Surroundings	0-4	CAT
Condition	Quality Rating	1-5	CAT
Grade	Quality Rating	1-13	CAT
sqft_above	Size		#
sqft_basement	Size		#
Age_build	Age	1900 - 2015	#
yr_renovated	Renovated?	0 [No] / 1943 - 2014	#
Percentile_zip	Location	1-10	CAT
lat	Location		
long	Location		
sqft_living15	Size		#
sqft_lot15	Size		#
Price	Dep. Variable		#

# FINDINGS

## ■ Trial 4 (final model) – linear regression

Rank	Feature	Classification	Type
#1	Percentile_zip	Location	CAT
#2	Sqft_living	Size	#
#3	Grade	Quality Rating	CAT
#4	Age_build	Age	CAT
#5	View	Surroundings	CAT
#6	Waterfront	Surroundings	CAT
#7	Bathrooms	Distribution of living space	CAT
	Price	Dep. Variable	#

### OLS Regression Results

```

=====
Dep. Variable:          price      R-squared:          0.835
Model:                  OLS        Adj. R-squared:       0.835
Method:                 Least Squares  F-statistic:        1.089e+04
Date:                   Thu, 10 Feb 2022  Prob (F-statistic):    0.00
Time:                   18:18:01      Log-Likelihood:      1829.4
No. Observations:       15117        AIC:                 -3643.
Df Residuals:           15109        BIC:                 -3582.
Df Model:                7
Covariance Type:        nonrobust
=====

```

```

=====
              coef      std err          t      P>|t|      [0.025      0.975]
-----
const          13.0504      0.002    7482.329      0.000      13.047      13.054
x1              0.0343      0.003     13.577      0.000       0.029       0.039
x2              0.1724      0.003     55.105      0.000       0.166       0.178
x3              0.0360      0.002     18.966      0.000       0.032       0.040
x4              0.0495      0.002     24.701      0.000       0.046       0.053
x5              0.1395      0.003     45.291      0.000       0.134       0.146
x6              0.0726      0.002     34.336      0.000       0.068       0.077
x7              0.2614      0.002    133.978      0.000       0.258       0.265
=====
Omnibus:          605.242    Durbin-Watson:       1.997
Prob(Omnibus):    0.000    Jarque-Bera (JB):    1480.926
Skew:             -0.218    Prob(JB):            0.00
Kurtosis:         4.470    Cond. No.            3.98
=====

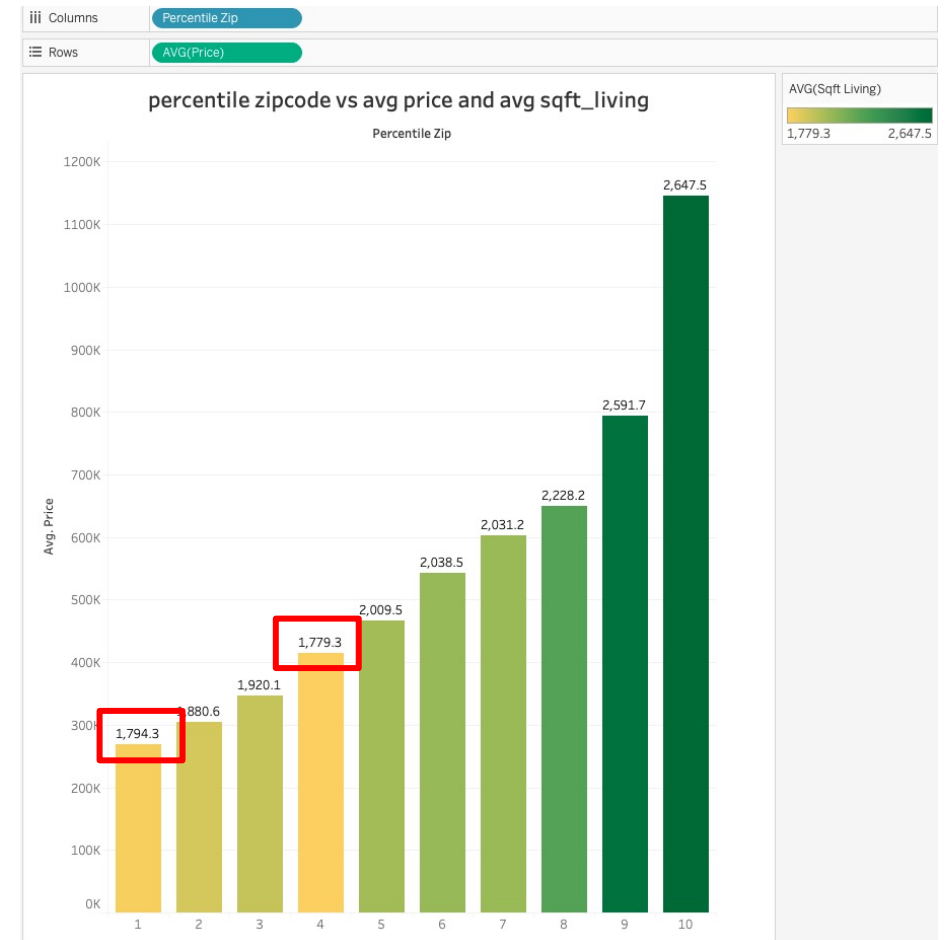
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# REVISITING INITIAL ASSUMPTIONS



- Size in and of itself is not the best predictor of the selling price

- Location proved to be the most important feature for predicting the selling house price
  - Interaction between price and location?





## Zipcodes over 650K

AVG(Sqft Living)

2,006 3,801

### Filters

AVG(Price)

### Marks

Automatic

Color

Size

Label

Detail

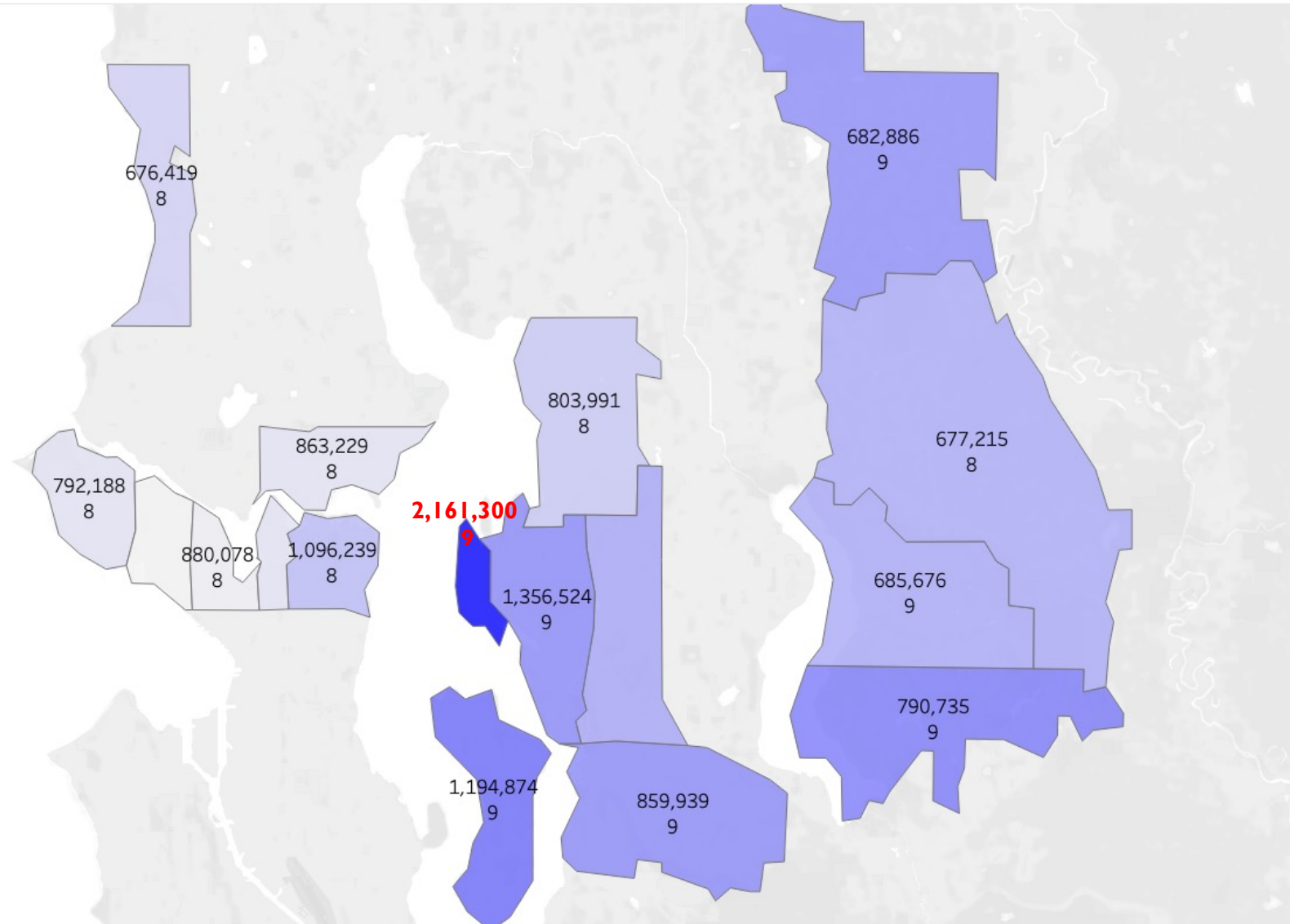
Tooltip

AVG(Sqft Living)

AVG(Price)

MEDIAN(Grade)

Zipcode



## POSSIBLE IMPROVEMENTS

- Interpreting error metrics is tricky when the dependent variable is transformed
- Feature importance – what should one do when the coefficient scales are different?

# THANKS!

- ✓ Rafa
- ✓ Nelson and Kike
- ✓ Everyone who gave advice, shared insights, and helped deal with Tableau

The screenshot displays a Google Drive search results page for the query 'midterm'. The interface includes a top navigation bar with various application icons and a search bar. The search results are displayed in a grid view, showing several files related to the search term. A blue line is drawn across the files, starting from the bottom left and ending at the top right. The left sidebar shows the 'My Drive' section with a storage usage indicator (11.22 GB of 15 GB used). The bottom status bar shows the current file being viewed: 'My Drive > P midtermproject\_AOA.pptx'. On the right side, there is a sidebar for the selected file 'midtermproject\_AOA.pptx', showing details and activity. At the bottom right, there is a video call window showing three participants: a woman with long dark hair, a woman with glasses, and a woman with dark hair.