



SuperMon Whitepaper



For Game and Token

1.Introduction

SuperMon is an innovative Binance Smart Chain Token that maximizes profit with DeFi Yield Generation and Crypto Earning Systems. Space Token has been created with a progressive, automatic burn mechanism to create a bridge between our product and our goals.Offline commerce has three major issues. First; merchants have little understanding of their customers because customer data is fragmented and incomplete. Second; consumers have no control over their data while corporations use and monetize this information. Third) offline advertising is outdated lacking in transparency and effectiveness.



It is relatively easy to identify consumer data in the online domain to execute and track the effectiveness of advertising. However, this is more difficult in the offline market because consumer data is split between different players and cannot be consolidated. Figure 1 illustrates instances of how credit card transactions made in a store is split between credit card companies (Visa, Mastercard^ American Express^ etc.), merchants (X and Y), and point-of-sales software companies (1 and 2). Credit card companies know the customer, location; and transaction amount but do not know what the customer purchased. On the other hand; the merchants and point-of-sales software companies know what the customer purchased; location; and transaction amount but not the identities of the customer. In other words; each player can only access a limited set of data with none of them having the complete picture. Unless all of these entities merge their split data> it is impossible to have a truly consolidated view of offline transactions. It seems unlikely for these players to consolidate their data due to competitive interests and antitrust and privacy regulations. Thus; it will be difficult to see a completely comprehensive set of data tracking offline purchasing behavior.



2.Protocol

SuperMon transaction database refers to the virtual database on the blockchain where the transaction data is generated and uploaded by consumers.

2) SuperMon smart contract supports the issuance and use of tokens (CRE and BT) on the SuperMon Protocol.

3) SuperMon wallet API enables wallet apps to support Garry Protocol and lets consumers manage their crypto currency, control their transaction data & privacy settings.

4) SuperMon device API is an API that allows devices at the stores to support SuperMon Protocol, and provides the function to pay with crypto currency and sends payment data to consumer's wallet. Each of the above will be explained in further detail.



3.Token Economics

Total: 10 billion

BNB pool: 5B

Transaction fee: 3% (3% enters the team game operation wallet)

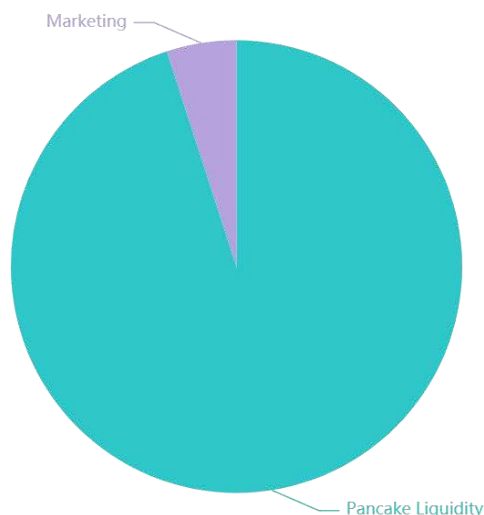
Marketing wallet: 5%

Preventing whales from falling: When any wallet token holdings exceed 1% of the total, the selling tax point will be increased to 20% (17% will automatically return to the flow pool, and 3% will enter the team game operation wallet)

Robot killer: automatic burning block robot | automatic black robot | using robots to increase the tax point of buying and selling at the same time to 20% (17% automatic return flow pool 3,% enter the team game operation wallet) | using robot transactions will have 1 minute Cooling time.

● Pancake Liquidity
● Marketing

SuperMon Token Economics



4. Use Cases

SuperMon as official Final Autoclaim's Utility Token. Final Autoclaim is a famous crypto earning website which allows users to earn up to 50 different cryptocurrencies. With around 250.000 members, Final Autoclaim offers many different ways to earn cryptocurrencies, including surveys, staking, app-installations and video-watching.

Many of SuperMon use-cases will be implemented to Final Autoclaim in the future.

-Available Features

Autoclaim reward bonus (from 2% to a 100%) for each SuperMon Token on-chain Holders Roadmap Features. Staking reward bonus (from 0.5% to 20%) for each SuperMon Token on-chain Holders Exclusive SuperMon roll game faucet Discounts for Banners and Pay-To-Click advertisers buying campaign with SuperMon Discounts for Silver, Gold and Platinum Memberships bought with SuperMon



5. Smart contract

The numerous features of SuperMon Protocol can be accessed through Smart Contract. BT is the most basic and important function of SuperMon Protocol, and merchants can issue BT of various types through Smart Contract. SuperMon will continue to add more features^ including store reviews, through Smart Contract. The entities using Smart Contract (mostly merchants) must 1) stake a certain amount of CRE on SuperMon Protocol or 2) pay-as-you-go (in CRE) for each use of Smart Contract. Staking a fixed amount of CRE allows a specified usage level for Smart Contract (i.e. number of BT transactions per day). If the daily usage exceeds the set level, the user must pay a fee for each use in CRE. This is because executing Smart Contract requires Garry ProtoCoFs resources^ which incurs cost. This also protects the system from attacks (abusing; DoS attack) etc.) against the blockchain.

The per-use fee for Smart Contract can be set at a higher price point than the opportunity cost for CRE stake^ encouraging merchants and advertisers to stake more CRE. If a merchant wishes to conduct more transactions than provided by their CRE stake; they can also offer perks and benefits to other participants such as their customers and have them deposit CRE on their behalf.



6.Value-added Service Provider

In addition to the key participants mentioned above; SuperMon Protocol also has value-added service providers that support the seamless operation of its service. These value-added service providers do not operate within the blockchain but use the blockchain provided API to interact with other key participants as an important player in the SuperMon Protocol. There are four main groups of value-added service providers: settlement service provider, wallet service provider, device provider, and advertising service provider. Other value-added service providers could be added with the growth of SuperMon Protocol. Settlement service providers are required in the transaction phase of the SuperMon Protocol. Merchants that wish to convert cryptocurrency into fiat money could select among the settlement service providers to achieve this. For example^ when a customer wants to pay with BTC)the merchant asks the customer to send BTC to the address of a pre-determined settlement service provider. The settlement service provider converts this cryptocurrency into fiat money based on an agreed (either by the user or the market) exchange rate and sends it to the merchant Although the transaction does not take place on the Garry blockchain, recommendation will be made to build the system with SuperMon Protocol within the method of payment and transfer^ thereby making settlement service providers an important partner for SuperMon Protocol.

