○ 全国硕士研究生招生考试

管综数学极简模式

韦达定理

主讲人:夏天老师



事达定理:
$$x_1 + x_2 = -\frac{b}{a}$$
, $x_1x_2 = \frac{c}{a}$ (前提Δ ≥ 0)

变式:
$$|x_1 - x_2| = \sqrt{(x_1 + x_2)^2 - 4x_1x_2}$$
 (x_1, x_2) 的距离)



1. (2013) 已知 $\{a_n\}$ 是等差数列,若

 a_2 与 a_{10} 是方程 $x^2 - 10x - 9 = 0$ 的两个根,

则 $a_5 + a_7 =$ 【 】

A. -10

B. -9

C. 9

D. 10

E. 12

1. (2013) 已知 $\{a_n\}$ 是等差数列,若

$$a_2$$
与 a_{10} 是方程 $x^2 - 10x - 9 = 0$ 的两个根,

则
$$a_5 + a_7 = [D]$$

C. 9

D. 10

E. 12

$$a_2 + a_{10} = \chi_1 + \chi_2 = -\frac{b}{a} - \frac{b}{a} = \frac{b}{a} = \frac{b}{a}$$

as+a7= a2+a10 (不标和档等公式)

$$As + A_7 = A_2 + A_{10} = 0$$

极选力



2.(2016)设抛物线 $y = x^2 + 2ax + b$ 与x轴相

交于A, B两点, 点C的坐标为(0, 2), 若

ΔABC的面积等于6,则【】

$$A.a^2 + b = 9$$

$$B.a^2 - b = 9$$

$$C.a^2 - b = 36$$

$$D.a^2 - 4b = 9$$

$$E.a^2 + b = 36$$

2.(2016)设抛物线 $y = x^2 + 2ax + b$ 与x轴相

交于A, B两点, 点C的坐标为(0, 2), 若

ΔABC的面积等于6,则【B】

$$A.a^2 + b = 9$$

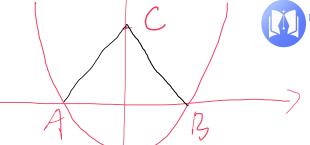
$$B.a^2 - b = 9$$

$$C.a^2 - b = 36$$

$$D.a^2 - 4b = 9$$

$$E.a^2 + b = 36$$





若
$$S_A = \frac{1}{2} |AB| \times h = 6$$

 $\frac{1}{2} |AB| \times 2 = 6$
 $\Rightarrow |AB| = 6$
 $|AB| = |X_1 - X_2| = \int (x_1 + x_2)^2 - 4x \times 2$
 $|X_1 + X_2| = -\frac{1}{2} = -2\alpha$ $|X_1 \times x_2| = -2\alpha$
 $\Rightarrow |AB| = \int (-2\alpha)^2 - 4b = 6$
 $\Rightarrow |AB| = \int (-2\alpha)^2 - 4b = 6$
 $\Rightarrow |AB| = 36 \Rightarrow |AB| = 9$