



全国硕士研究生招生考试

题海巩固

英语(二)完型

主讲:莎拉老师



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英语二



题型	题目数量、分值	建议时长 (min)
Section I Use of English	$20 \times 0.5' = 10'$	15-20
Section II Reading Comprehension	Part A: $20 \times 2' = 40'$	70-75
	Part B: $5 \times 2' = 10'$	20
Section III Translation	$1 \times 15' = 15'$	20-25
Section IV Writing	Part A: $1 \times 10' = 10'$	15
	Part B: $1 \times 15' = 15'$	35
合计	100'	180

完形填空的概述

注意：

1. 答题顺序安排：**最后做！看时间！挑题做！**
2. 答题时间：15mins
3. 得分最低3分，高频词可再得1-2分，认真分析文章可以更高
4. 文章的**首句**和**每段的首句**是重要的信息点

Thinner isn't always better. A number of studies have 1 that normal-weight people are in fact at higher risk of some diseases compared to those who are overweight. And there are health conditions for which being overweight is actually 2 . For example, heavier women are less likely to develop calcium deficiency than thin women. 3 , among the elderly, being somewhat overweight is often an 4 of good health.

Of even greater 5 is the fact that obesity turns out to be very difficult to define. It is often defined 6 body mass index, or BMI. BMI 7 body mass divided by the square of height. An adult with a BMI of 18 to 25 is often considered to be normal weight. Between 25 and 30 is overweight. And over 30 is considered obese. Obesity, 8 , can be divided into moderately obese, severely obese, and very severely obese.

While such numerical standards seem 9 , they are not. Obesity is probably less a matter of weight than body fat. Some people with a high BMI are in fact extremely fit, 10 others with a low BMI may be in poor 11 . For example, many collegiate and professional football players 12 as obese, though their percentage body fat is low. Conversely, someone with a small frame may have high body fat but a 13 BMI.

Today we have a(n) 14 to label obesity as a disgrace. The overweight are sometimes 15 in the media with their faces covered. Stereotypes 16 with obesity include laziness, lack of will power, and lower prospects for success. Teachers, employers, and health professionals have been shown to harbor biases against the obese. 17 very young children tend to look down on the overweight, and teasing about body build has long been a problem in schools.

Negative attitudes toward obesity, 18 in health concerns, have stimulated a number of anti-obesity 19 . My own hospital system has banned sugary drinks from its facilities. Many employers have instituted weight loss and fitness initiatives. Michelle Obama has launched a high-visibility campaign 20 childhood obesity, even claiming that it represents our greatest national security threat.

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- () 2.[A]protective [B]dangerous [C]sufficient [D]troublesome
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- () 4.[A]indicator [B]objective [C]origin [D]example
- () 5.[A]impact [B]relevance [C]assistance [D]concern
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- () 9.[A]complicated[B]conservative[C]variable[D]straightforward
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【2014年真题】 Section I Use of English



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写作语句练习



写作语句练习

1.1 大学生可以适应社会。

College students can adapt to society.

1.2 大学生可以使自己适应社会。

College students can **adapt themselves** to society.

1.3 大学生可以使自己更好地适应社会。

College students can **better** adapt themselves to society.

1.4 通过兼职，大学生可以使自己更好地适应社会。

By taking part-time jobs, college students can better adapt themselves to society.

感谢聆听

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