

# Write the class School

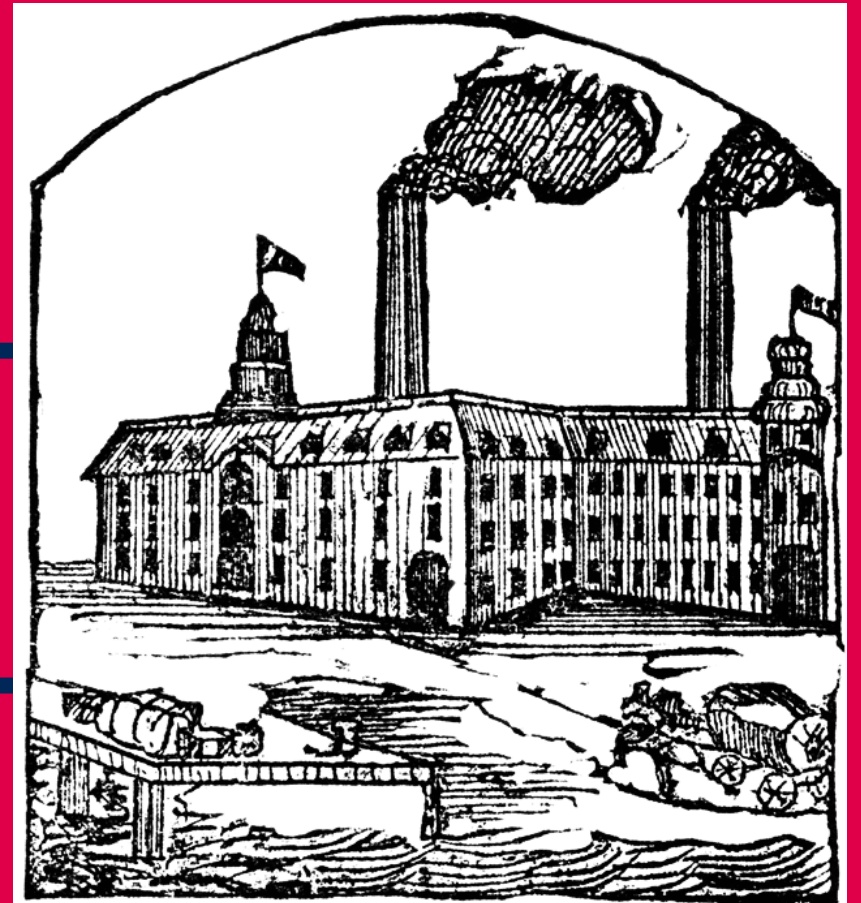


**UC** Leuven  
Limburg  

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**MOVING MINDS**

# Simple factory



```

package domain.school;

import java.util.HashSet;
import java.util.Set;

import domain.DomainException;

public class School {
    private Set<Student> school = new HashSet<Student>();

    public void enroll(String type, String lastName, String firstName,
                        String number) throws DomainException{
        StudentFactory factory = new StudentFactory();
        Student student = factory.createStudent(type, lastName, firstName, number);
        addStudent(student);
    }

    public void addStudent(Student student) throws DomainException{
        if(student == null){
            throw new DomainException("Invalid student");
        }

        school.add(student);
    }
}

```

# Simple Factory

```
package domain.school;

import domain.DomainException;

public class StudentFactory {
    public Student createStudent(String type, String lastName, String
                                firstName, String number) {

        Student student = null;
        if(type.equals("Free")){
            student = new HalfTimeStudent(lastName, firstName, number);
        } else if(type.equals("Full")){
            student = new FullTimeStudent(lastName, firstName, number);
        } else {
            throw new DomainException("Invalid type");
        }
        return student;
    }
}
```

# Why?

- Creating objects:
  - without exposing instantiation logic to the customer
  - through a common interface

# How?

- Factory-class with method *createProduct(type: Type): Product*
  - Creates a concrete instance of product
  - ... based on type-parameter
  - ... and returns it
- Client
  - does not need to use new and
  - does not need to know the dynamic type

# Static or not?

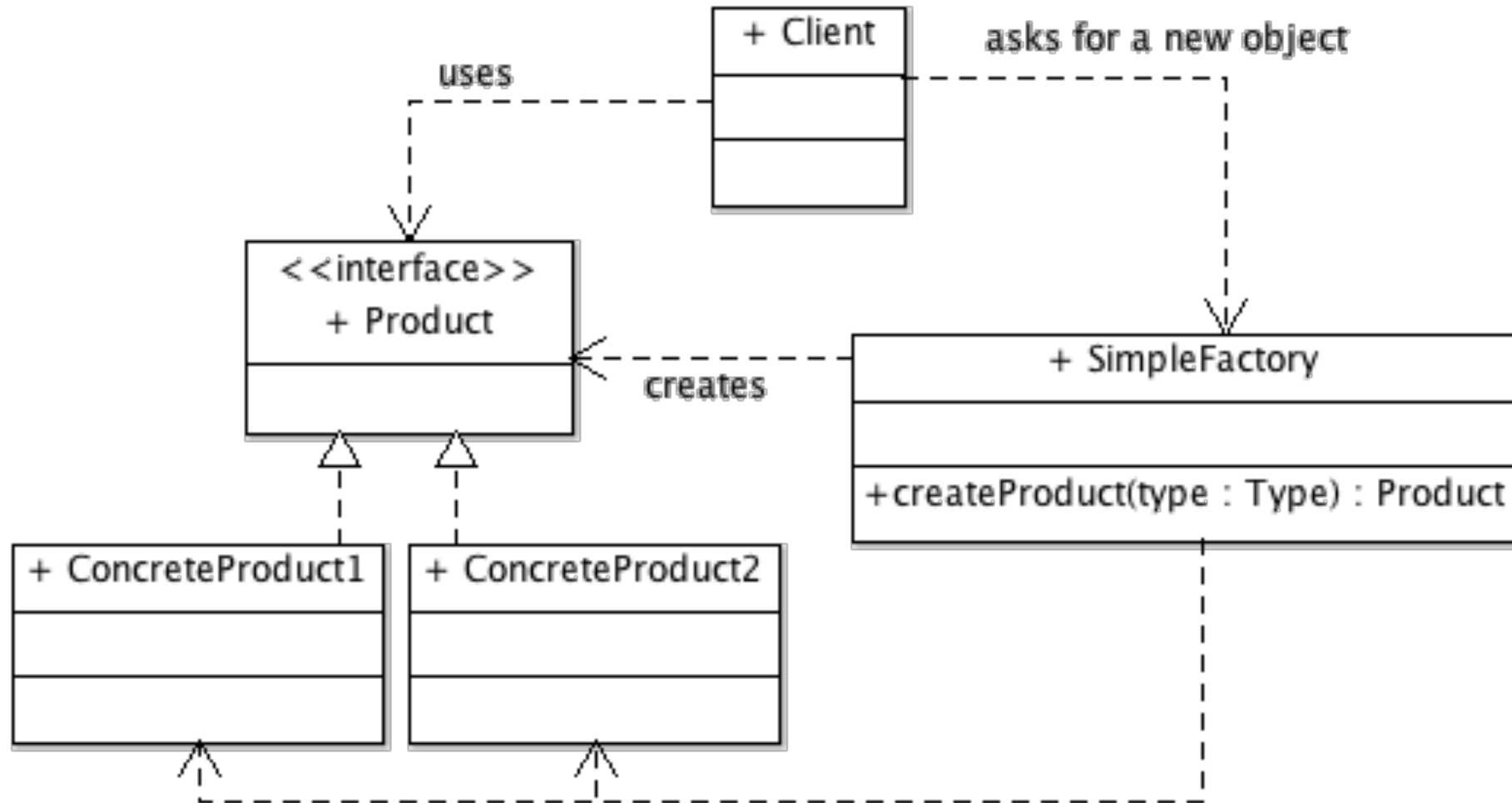
- `public Product createProduct...`
  - Inheritance still possible

*More flexible!*

OR

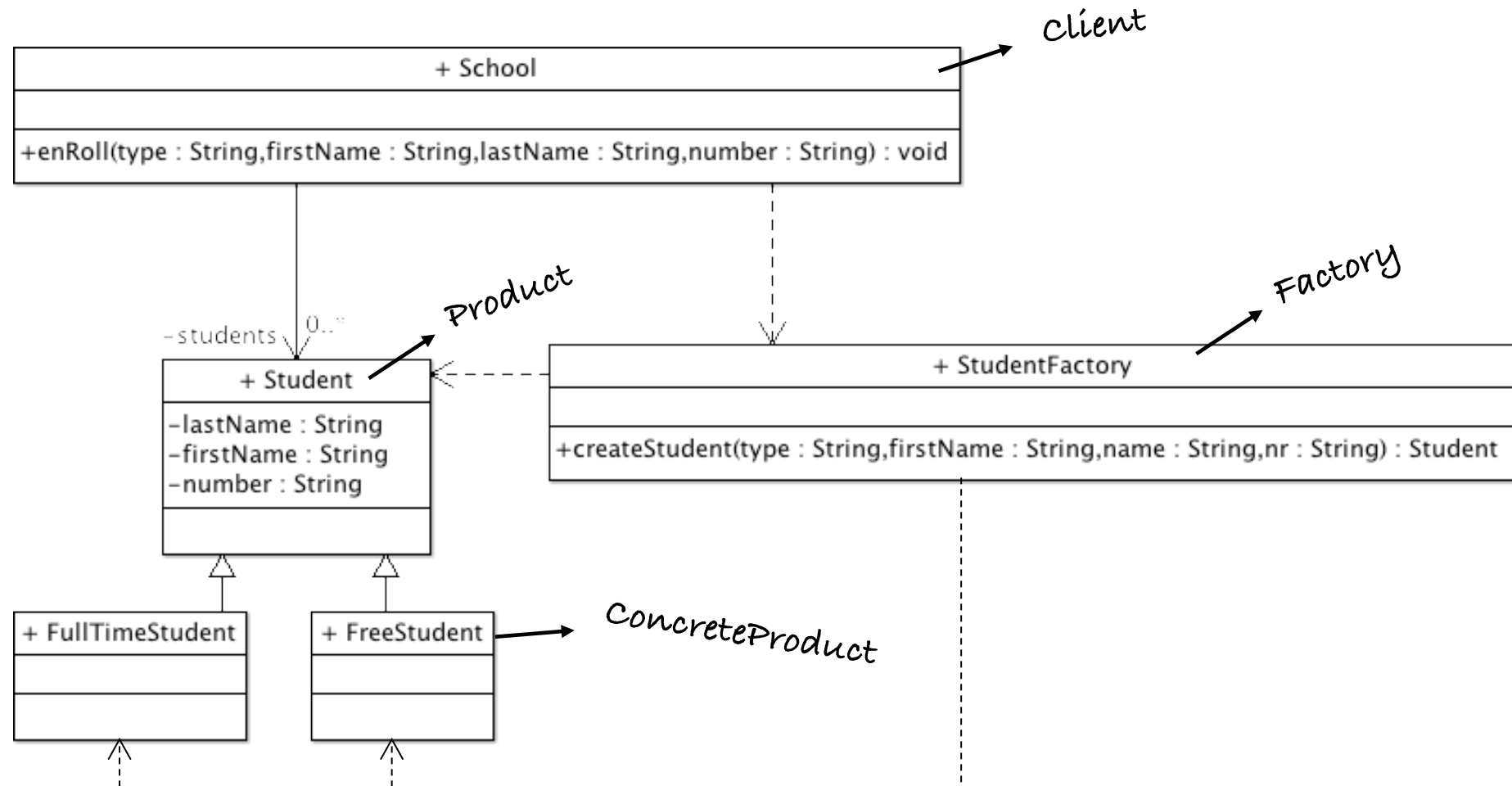
- `public static Product createProduct...`
  - No instance of Factory needed
  - Inheritance **not** possible

# Class diagram in general





# Class diagram School



# Simple Factory vs. design principles



# SOLID

- SRP:
  - OK → single responsibility = create object
- OCP:
  - Client OK, Factory NOK
  - Not a major problem: no important logic and limited to one class
  - Supports OCP for the rest of the application
- ISP:
  - Not applicable
- DIP:
  - Client and ConcreteProduct both depend on Product interface

?

