

```
In [ ]: # DEFAULT CREDIT
```

```
In [3]: import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import seaborn as sns
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
```

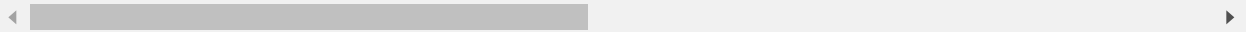
```
In [4]: fullFilePath = ("C:/Users/pc/Videos/python/default_credit.xls")
data=pd.read_excel(fullFilePath)
```

```
In [5]: data.head()
```

Out[5]:

	ID	LIMIT_BAL	SEX	EDUCATION	MARRIAGE	AGE	PAY_0	PAY_2	PAY_3	PAY_4	...	BILL_A
0	1	20000	2	2	1	24	2	2	-1	-1	...	
1	2	120000	2	2	2	26	-1	2	0	0	...	
2	3	90000	2	2	2	34	0	0	0	0	...	1
3	4	50000	2	2	1	37	0	0	0	0	...	2
4	5	50000	1	2	1	57	-1	0	-1	0	...	2

5 rows × 25 columns

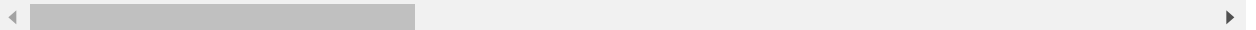


```
In [8]: data.describe()
```

Out[8]:

	ID	LIMIT_BAL	SEX	EDUCATION	MARRIAGE	AGE	
count	30000.000000	30000.000000	30000.000000	30000.000000	30000.000000	30000.000000	300
mean	15000.500000	167484.322667	1.603733	1.853133	1.551867	35.485500	
std	8660.398374	129747.661567	0.489129	0.790349	0.521970	9.217904	
min	1.000000	10000.000000	1.000000	0.000000	0.000000	21.000000	
25%	7500.750000	50000.000000	1.000000	1.000000	1.000000	28.000000	
50%	15000.500000	140000.000000	2.000000	2.000000	2.000000	34.000000	
75%	22500.250000	240000.000000	2.000000	2.000000	2.000000	41.000000	
max	30000.000000	1000000.000000	2.000000	6.000000	3.000000	79.000000	

8 rows × 25 columns



In [9]: data.info()

```
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
RangeIndex: 30000 entries, 0 to 29999
Data columns (total 25 columns):
#   Column                                Non-Null Count  Dtype
---  -
0   ID                                    30000 non-null  int64
1   LIMIT_BAL                            30000 non-null  int64
2   SEX                                  30000 non-null  int64
3   EDUCATION                           30000 non-null  int64
4   MARRIAGE                            30000 non-null  int64
5   AGE                                  30000 non-null  int64
6   PAY_0                               30000 non-null  int64
7   PAY_2                               30000 non-null  int64
8   PAY_3                               30000 non-null  int64
9   PAY_4                               30000 non-null  int64
10  PAY_5                               30000 non-null  int64
11  PAY_6                               30000 non-null  int64
12  BILL_AMT1                           30000 non-null  int64
13  BILL_AMT2                           30000 non-null  int64
14  BILL_AMT3                           30000 non-null  int64
15  BILL_AMT4                           30000 non-null  int64
16  BILL_AMT5                           30000 non-null  int64
17  BILL_AMT6                           30000 non-null  int64
18  PAY_AMT1                            30000 non-null  int64
19  PAY_AMT2                            30000 non-null  int64
20  PAY_AMT3                            30000 non-null  int64
21  PAY_AMT4                            30000 non-null  int64
22  PAY_AMT5                            30000 non-null  int64
23  PAY_AMT6                            30000 non-null  int64
24  default payment next month          30000 non-null  int64
dtypes: int64(25)
memory usage: 5.7 MB
```

```
In [10]: #checking for null  
data.isnull().sum()
```

```
Out[10]: ID                                0  
LIMIT_BAL                                0  
SEX                                       0  
EDUCATION                                0  
MARRIAGE                                 0  
AGE                                       0  
PAY_0                                    0  
PAY_2                                    0  
PAY_3                                    0  
PAY_4                                    0  
PAY_5                                    0  
PAY_6                                    0  
BILL_AMT1                               0  
BILL_AMT2                               0  
BILL_AMT3                               0  
BILL_AMT4                               0  
BILL_AMT5                               0  
BILL_AMT6                               0  
PAY_AMT1                                0  
PAY_AMT2                                0  
PAY_AMT3                                0  
PAY_AMT4                                0  
PAY_AMT5                                0  
PAY_AMT6                                0  
default payment next month              0  
dtype: int64
```

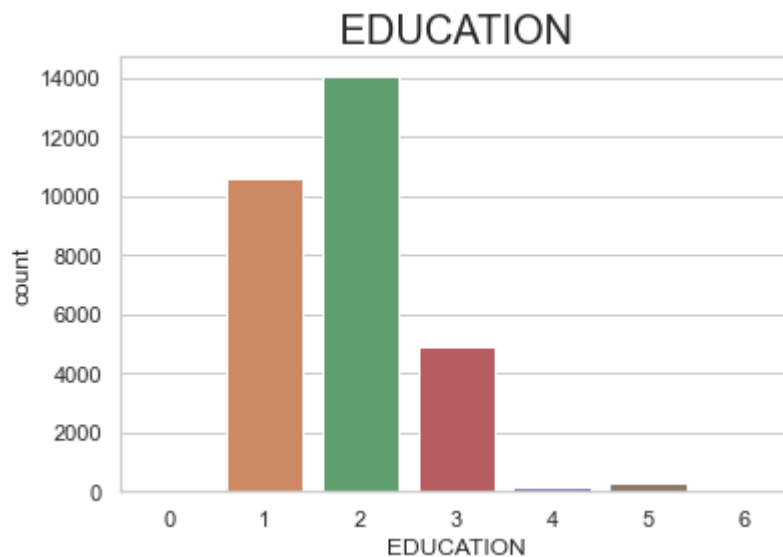
```
In [11]: set(data.EDUCATION)
```

```
Out[11]: {0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6}
```

```
In [42]: %matplotlib inline
sns.countplot(data['EDUCATION'])
plt.title(' EDUCATION ', fontsize = 20)
plt.show()
```

C:\Users\pc\Downloads\anaconda\lib\site-packages\seaborn\\_decorators.py:36: FutureWarning: Pass the following variable as a keyword arg: x. From version 0.12, the only valid positional argument will be `data`, and passing other arguments without an explicit keyword will result in an error or misinterpretation.

warnings.warn(



```
In [13]: print(data['EDUCATION'].value_counts())
print()
print(data['EDUCATION'].value_counts(normalize=True)) #converts the results in pe
```

```
2    14030
1    10585
3     4917
5     280
4     123
6       51
0       14
```

Name: EDUCATION, dtype: int64

```
2    0.467667
1    0.352833
3    0.163900
5    0.009333
4    0.004100
6    0.001700
0    0.000467
```

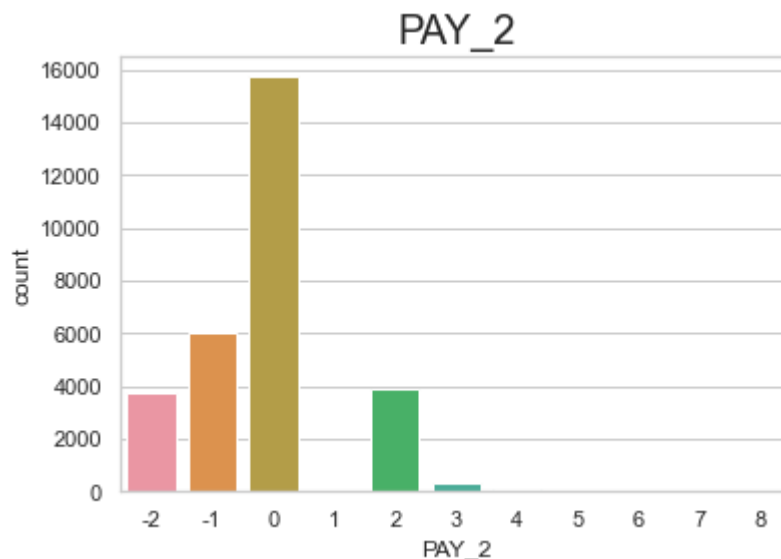
Name: EDUCATION, dtype: float64

In [ ]: *the graph, it showed those that have higer level of education made their repayment*

```
In [43]: %matplotlib inline
sns.countplot(data['PAY_2'])
plt.title('PAY_2', fontsize = 20)
plt.show()
```

C:\Users\pc\Downloads\anaconda\lib\site-packages\seaborn\\_decorators.py:36: FutureWarning: Pass the following variable as a keyword arg: x. From version 0.12, the only valid positional argument will be `data`, and passing other arguments without an explicit keyword will result in an error or misinterpretation.

warnings.warn(



```
In [10]: print(data['PAY_2'].value_counts())  
print()  
print(data['PAY_2'].value_counts(normalize=True))
```

```
0    15730  
-1    6050  
2     3927  
-2    3782  
3     326  
4      99  
1      28  
5      25  
7      20  
6      12  
8       1
```

Name: PAY\_2, dtype: int64

```
0    0.524333  
-1    0.201667  
2    0.130900  
-2    0.126067  
3    0.010867  
4    0.003300  
1    0.000933  
5    0.000833  
7    0.000667  
6    0.000400  
8    0.000033
```

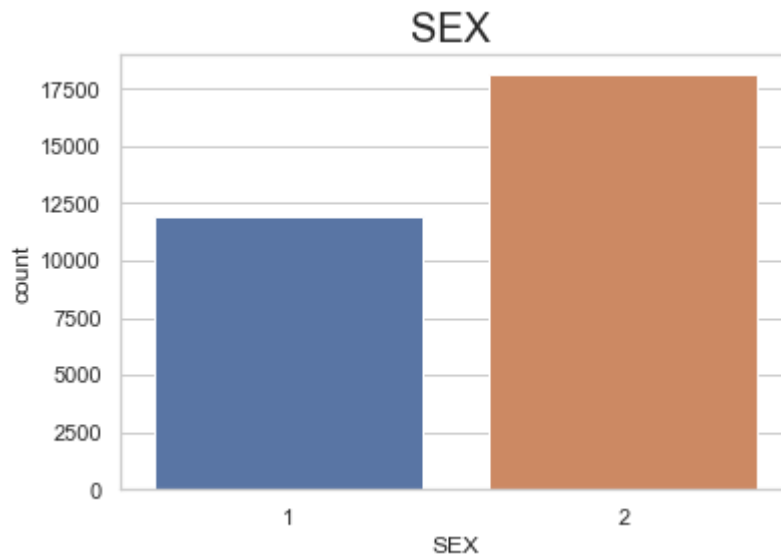
Name: PAY\_2, dtype: float64

```
In [ ]: # from the graph, it was shown that the repayment status for the month of August
```

```
In [44]: %matplotlib inline
sns.countplot(data['SEX'])
plt.title('SEX ', fontsize = 20)
plt.show()
```

C:\Users\pc\Downloads\anaconda\lib\site-packages\seaborn\\_decorators.py:36: FutureWarning: Pass the following variable as a keyword arg: x. From version 0.12, the only valid positional argument will be `data`, and passing other arguments without an explicit keyword will result in an error or misinterpretation.

```
warnings.warn(
```



```
In [49]: #from the graph, it showed that "2" has a higher rate of repayments than "1"
```

```
In [7]: print(data['SEX'].value_counts())
print()
print(data['SEX'].value_counts(normalize=True))
```

```
2    18112
1    11888
Name: SEX, dtype: int64
```

```
2    0.603733
1    0.396267
Name: SEX, dtype: float64
```

```
In [45]: %matplotlib inline
sns.countplot(data['MARRIAGE'])
plt.title('MARRIAGE', fontsize = 20)
plt.show()
```

C:\Users\pc\Downloads\anaconda\lib\site-packages\seaborn\\_decorators.py:36: FutureWarning: Pass the following variable as a keyword arg: x. From version 0.12, the only valid positional argument will be `data`, and passing other arguments without an explicit keyword will result in an error or misinterpretation.

warnings.warn(



```
In [ ]: #from the graph, the rate of defaulters is not based whether a person is married
```



```
In [10]: print(data['MARRIAGE'].value_counts())
print()
print(data['MARRIAGE'].value_counts(normalize=True))
```

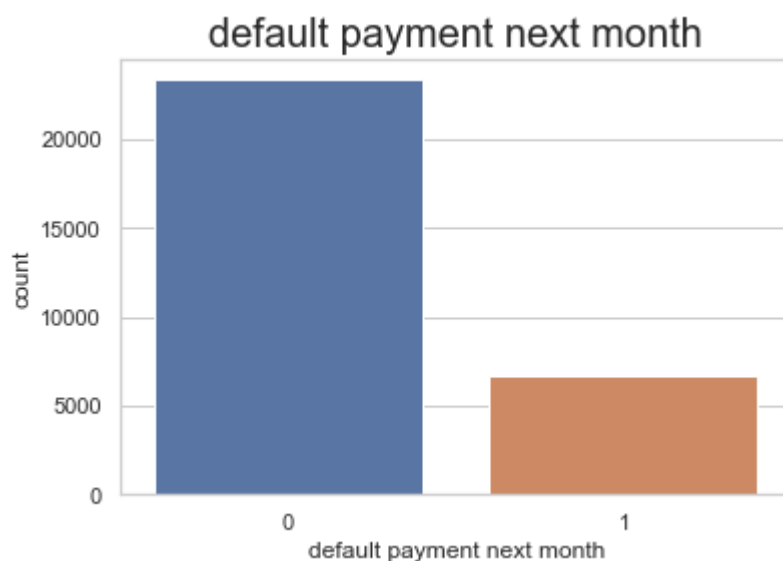
```
2    15964
1    13659
3     323
0       54
Name: MARRIAGE, dtype: int64

2    0.532133
1    0.455300
3    0.010767
0    0.001800
Name: MARRIAGE, dtype: float64
```

```
In [46]: %matplotlib inline
sns.countplot(data['default payment next month'])
plt.title('default payment next month', fontsize = 20)
plt.show()
```

C:\Users\pc\Downloads\anaconda\lib\site-packages\seaborn\\_decorators.py:36: FutureWarning: Pass the following variable as a keyword arg: x. From version 0.12, the only valid positional argument will be `data`, and passing other arguments without an explicit keyword will result in an error or misinterpretation.

```
warnings.warn(
```



```
In [12]: print(data['default payment next month'].value_counts())
print()
print(data['default payment next month'].value_counts(normalize=True))
```

```
0    23364
1     6636
Name: default payment next month, dtype: int64

0    0.7788
1    0.2212
Name: default payment next month, dtype: float64
```

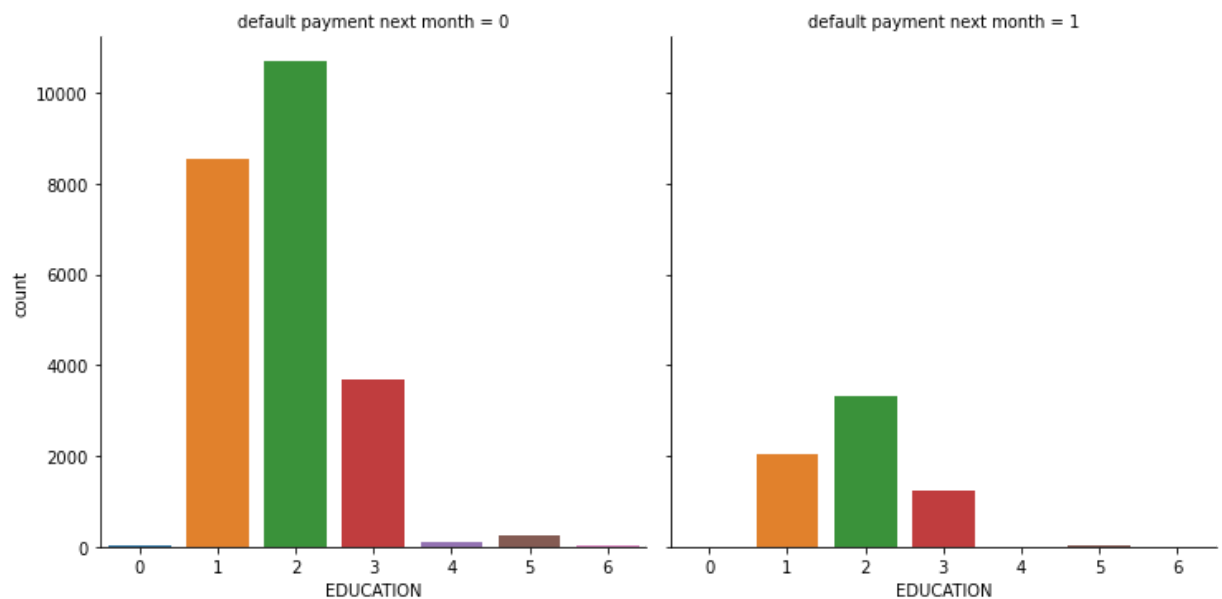
```
In [ ]: #A total of 6,636 customers ended up not making repayments, while 23364 customers
This is calculated as follows:
6636/30000 * 100 = 22.12%
The overall number of visitors is 30000, Thus, the conversion rate is 22.12
```

```
In [ ]: #Bivariate Analysis
```

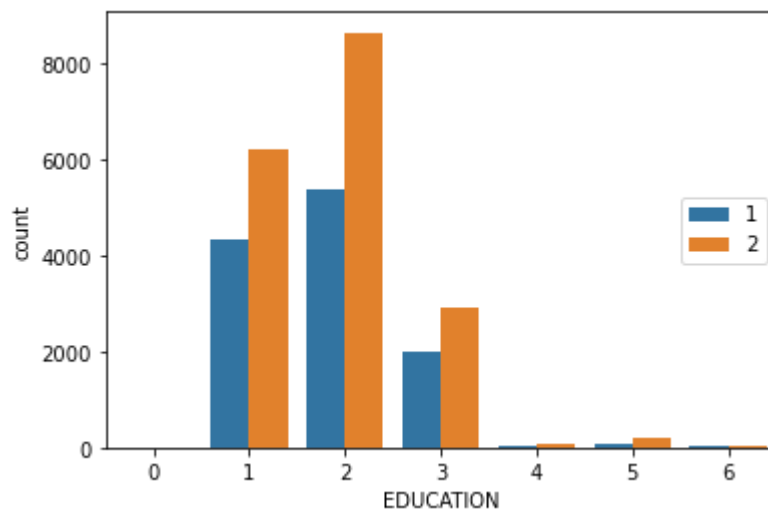
```
In [23]: g = sns.catplot("EDUCATION", col="default payment next month", col_wrap=3, data=
plt.show())
```

C:\Users\pc\Downloads\anaconda\lib\site-packages\seaborn\\_decorators.py:36: FutureWarning: Pass the following variable as a keyword arg: x. From version 0.12, the only valid positional argument will be `data`, and passing other arguments without an explicit keyword will result in an error or misinterpretation.

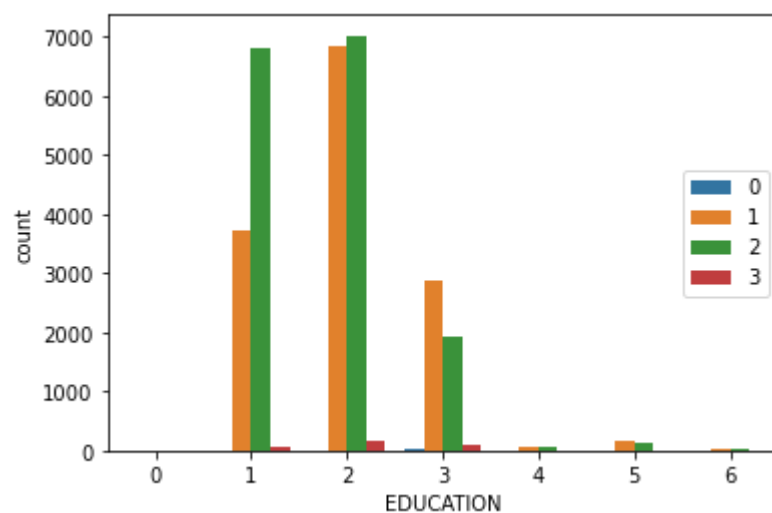
```
warnings.warn(
```



```
In [24]: sns.countplot(x="EDUCATION", hue="SEX", data=data)
plt.legend(loc='right')
plt.show()
```



```
In [25]: sns.countplot(x="EDUCATION", hue="MARRIAGE", data=data)
plt.legend(loc='right')
plt.show()
```

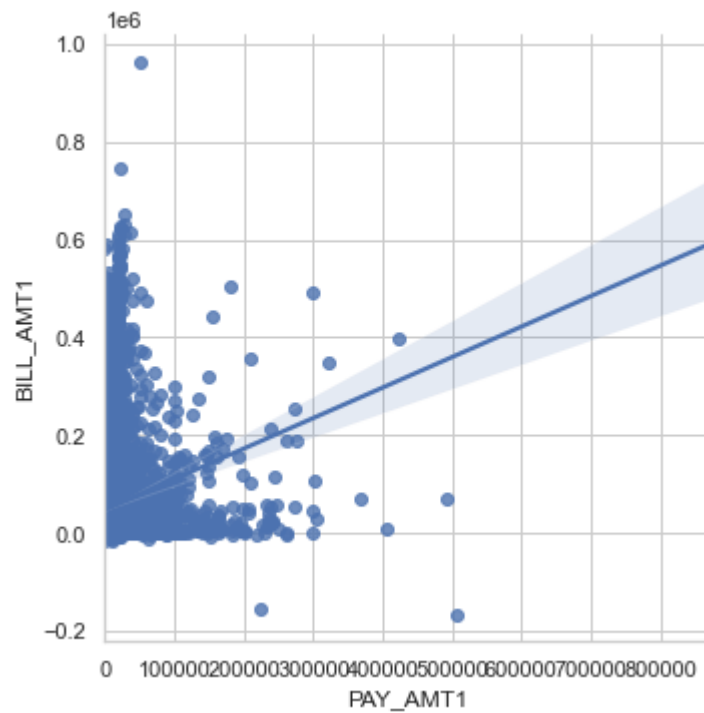


```
In [50]: sns.countplot(x="default payment next month", hue="PAY_2", data=data)
plt.legend(loc='right')
plt.show()
```



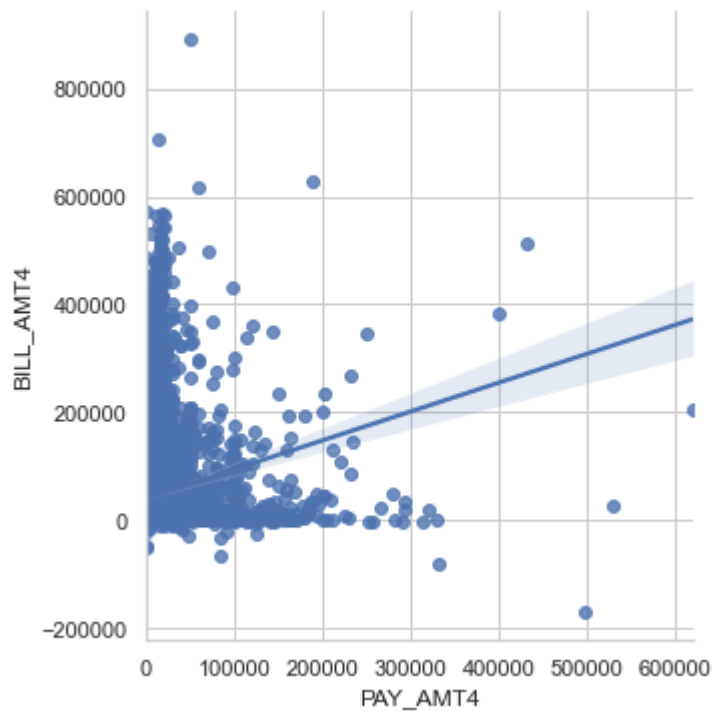
In [41]: *#CORRELATION*

```
sns.set(style="whitegrid")  
ax = sns.lmplot(x="PAY_AMT1", y="BILL_AMT1", data=data)
```



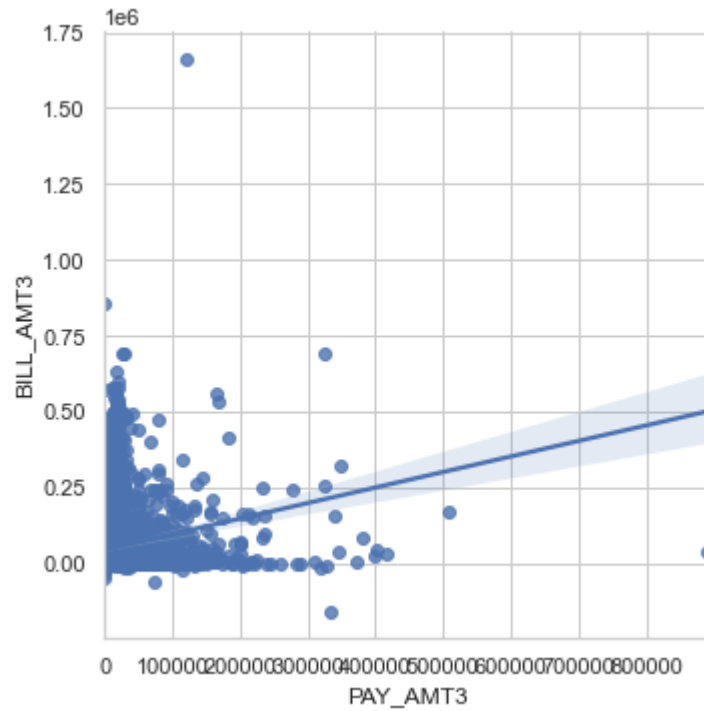
In [ ]: *#As you can see, there is a positive correlation between the BILL\_AMT1 and the PA*

```
In [40]: sns.set(style="whitegrid")  
ax = sns.lmplot(x="PAY_AMT4", y="BILL_AMT4", data=data)
```



In [ ]: *a positive correlation between the BILL\_AMT4 and the PAY\_AMT4. With the increase*

```
In [33]: sns.set(style="whitegrid")  
ax = sns.lmplot(x="PAY_AMT3", y="BILL_AMT3", data=data)
```



```
In [ ]: #As you can see, there is a positive correlation between the BILL_AMT3 and the PA
```