ES6 Tips

Write Minimal ES6 Code

← Swipe



ES

Boolean Casting

Today's recommended method according to Airbnb's style guide ⁽⁹⁾

```
const age = Boolean(input.value)
```

const age = !!input.value

* I'm a bit undecided on this syntax, I guess it's nice if you're familiar with it and want to keep things minimal





Nullish Coalescing

Returns its right-hand side when its left-hand side operand is null or undefined

```
const addId = (user, id) => {
  user.id =
    id !== null && id !== undefined
     ? id
     : "Unknown"
  return user
}
```

```
const addId = (user, id) => {
  user.id = id ?? "Unknown"
  return user
}
```





Destructuring Objects

Write less code by unpacking properties from objects into distinct variables

```
const save = params => {
   saveData(
    params.name,
    params.email,
    params.dob
   )
}
```

```
const save = ({name, email, dob}) => {
   saveData(name, email, dob)
}
```





Destructuring Arrays

Write less code by unpacking values from arrays into distinct variables

```
const data = [
    ["axios", "recharts"],
    ["flocked", "flick"]
];
const plugins = data[0], apps = data[1]
```

```
const data = [
    ["axios", "recharts"],
    ["flocked", "flick"]
];
const [plugins, apps] = data
```





Optional Chaining

Allows you to read the value of a deeply nested property without checking if it's a valid chain

```
const hasValidPostcode = u =>
    u &&
    u.address &&
    u.address.postcode &&
    u.address.postcode.valid
```

NEW

const hasValidPostcode = u =>
 u?.address?.postcode?.valid





Spread Operator

Merge two objects into one using this cool syntax, also very clean when cloning objects

```
const details = { name: "Man Utd" }
const stats = { games: 7, points: 21}

const team = Object.assign(
    {},
    details,
    stats
)
```

```
const details = { name: "Man Utd" }
const stats = { games: 7, points: 21}

const team = {
    ...details,
    ...stats
}
```





Default Parameters

Function parameters default to undefined, so it's useful to set a value for this eventuality

```
const createUser = (name, email) => {
  const user = {
    email,
    name: name ?? "Unknown",
  }
  // create user
}
```

```
const createUser = (
  name = "Unknown",
  email
) => {
  const user = { email, name }
  // create user
}
```





For (of)

Arguably the same amount of code required but for (of) is known to be 24% faster than for Each

```
const array = []
const fillArray = items => {
  items.forEach(i =>
     array.push(i)
  )
}
```

```
const array = []
const fillArray = items => {
  for (let i of items) {
    array.push(i)
  }
}
```



