

## Homework 4 (100 points)

### Sequence Models

The homework will be due in 2 weeks from the day of release.

***A Recurrent Neural Network (RNN) is a neural network that can be used when your data is treated as a sequence, where the particular order of the data-points matter. You will implement an RNN for this assignment in part 1. In part 2, you will demonstrate the usage of any of the word-embeddings we discussed in class. Upload a .txt file with a link to your file as your submission on Submittity (You may have 2 different links for both tasks).***

***You need to perform the following tasks for this homework:***

In your project, you will pick a dataset (time-series) and an associated problem that can be solved via sequence models. You must describe why you need sequence models to solve this problem. Include a link to the dataset source. Next, you should pick an RNN framework that you would use to solve this problem (This framework can be in TensorFlow, PyTorch or any other Python Package).

### Task 1 (60 points):

**Part 1 (30 points):** Implement your RNN either using an existing framework OR you can implement your own RNN cell structure. In either case, describe the structure of your RNN and the activation functions you are using for each time step and in the output layer. Define a metric you will use to measure the performance of your model (NOTE: Performance should be measured both for the validation set and the test set).

**Part 2 (35 points):** Update your network from part 1 with first an LSTM and then a GRU based cell structure (You can treat both as 2 separate implementations). Re-do the training and performance evaluation. What are the major differences you notice? Why do you think those differences exist between the 3 implementations (basic RNN, LSTM and GRU)?

**Note:** *In part 1 and 2, you must perform sufficient data-visualization, pre-processing and/or feature-engineering if needed. The overall performance visualization of the loss function should also be provided.*

**Part 3 (10 points):** Can you use the traditional feed-forward network to solve the same problem. Why or why not? (Hint: Can time series data be converted to usual features that can be used as input to a feed-forward network?)

### Task 2 (25 points):

In this task, use any of the pre-trained word embeddings. The Wor2vec embedding link provided with the lecture notes can be useful to get started. Write your own code/function that

uses these embeddings and outputs **cosine similarity** and a **dissimilarity** score for any 2 pair of words (read as user input). The dissimilarity score should be defined by you. You either can have your own idea of a dissimilarity score or refer to literature (cite the paper you used). In either case clearly describe how this score helps determine the dissimilarity between 2 words.

*Note: Dissimilarity measure has been an important metric for recommender systems trying to introduce 'Novelty and Diversity' in assortments (as opposed to only accuracy). You might find different metrics of dissimilarity in recommender system's literature.*