Assignment - I

CHRISTOPHER OHARA (31459079)

cao36@njit.edu

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DC Servomotor - DCS1

NB: Input is a step-function with an ending value of one.

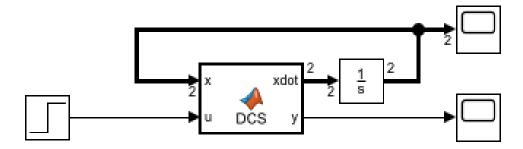


Figure 1: DCS Simulink Model

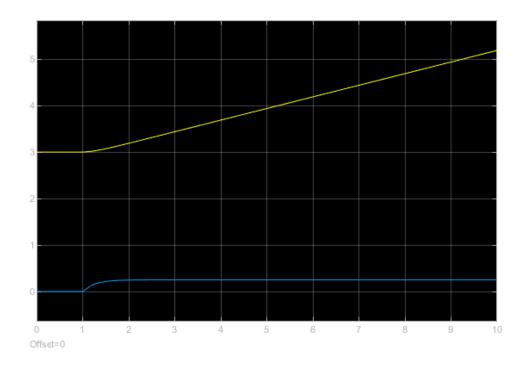


Figure 2: DCS Scope - Output of xdot

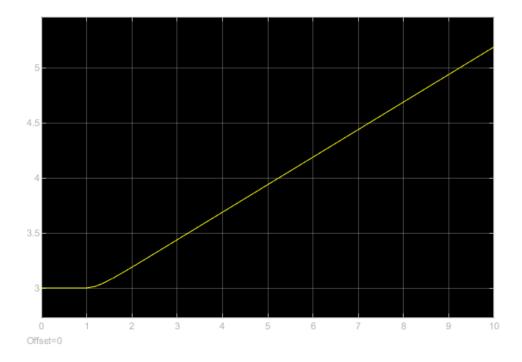


Figure 3: DCS Scope - Output of y

Listing 1: DCS

```
function [xdot, y] = DCS(x, u)
a = 4;
b = 1;
xdot1 = x(2);
xdot2 = -a*x(2)+u;
xdot = [xdot1; xdot2];
y = x(1);
```

Motor-Driven Pendulum - PEN1

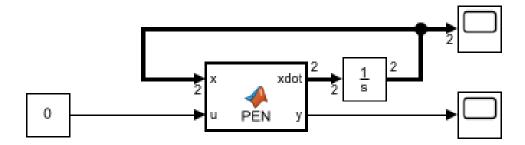


Figure 4: PEN Simulink Model

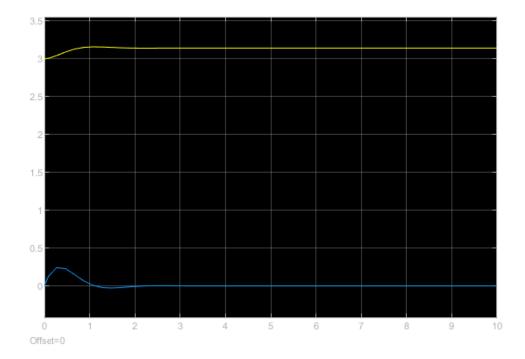


Figure 5: PEN Scope - Output of xdot

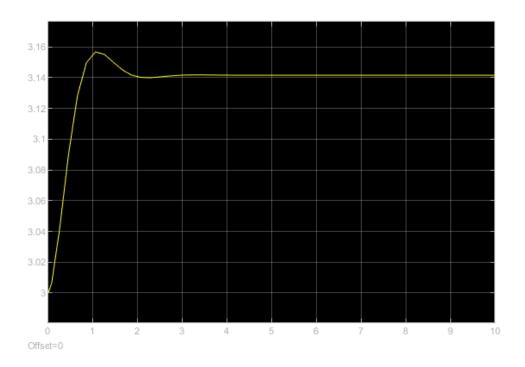


Figure 6: PEN Scope - Output of y

Listing 2: PEN

```
function [xdot, y] = PEN(x, u)
a = 4;
b = 1;
gol = 12;
xdot1 = x(2);
xdot2 = gol*sin(x(1))-a*x(2)+b*u;
xdot = [xdot1; xdot2];
y = x(1);
```

Third-Order Heat Conduction - TH31

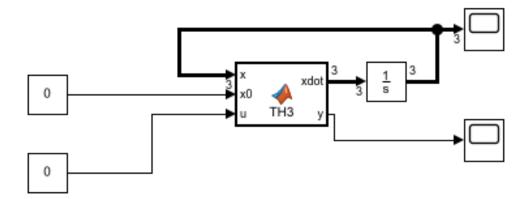


Figure 7: PEN Simulink Model

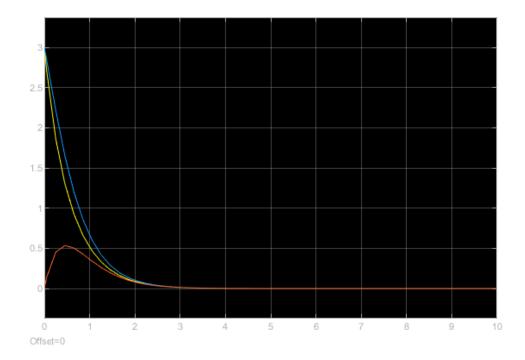


Figure 8: PEN Scope - Output of xdot

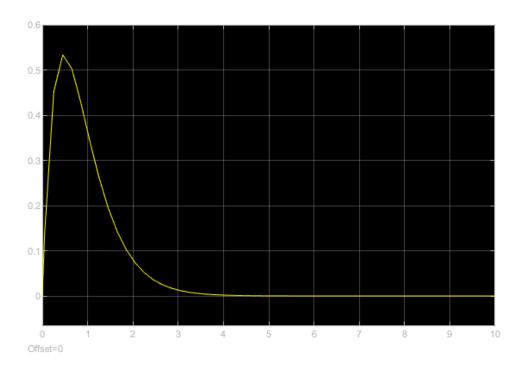


Figure 9: PEN Scope - Output of y

Listing 3: TH3

```
function [xdot, y] = TH3(x, x0, u)
xdot1 = -3*x(1) + x(2) + u;
xdot2 = x(1) - 2*x(2) - x(3);
xdot3 = x(2) - 3*x(3) + x0;
xdot = [xdot1; xdot2; xdot3];
y = x(3);
```

Pendulum on Cart - PCA1

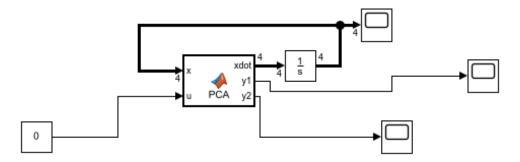


Figure 10: PCA Simulink Model

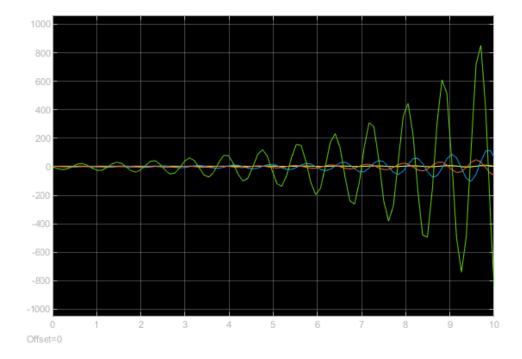


Figure 11: PCA Scope - Output of xdot

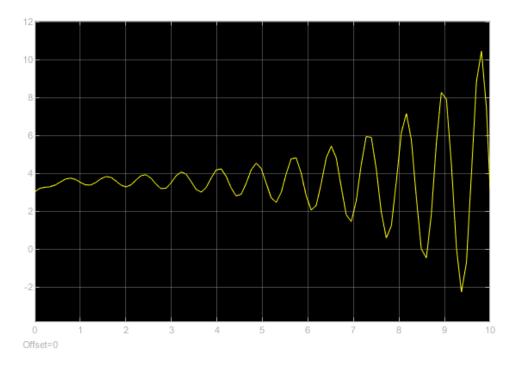


Figure 12: PCA Scope - Output of y1

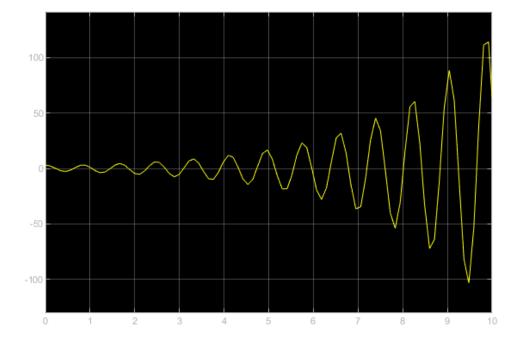


Figure 13: PCA Scope - Output of y2

Listing 4: PCA

```
1
  function [xdot, y1, y2] = PCA(x, u)
  a = 4;
  b = 1;
3
  M = 1;
4
5
  m = 0.4;
  g = 9.81;
  L = 0.25*M;
8
  xdot1 = x(3);
  xdot2 = x(4);
  10
11
12
  xdot = [xdot1; xdot2; xdot3; xdot4];
13
  y1 = x(1);
  y2 = x(2);
```

References

- [1] B. Friedland, Observer-Based Control System Design Lecture Notes for ECE660.
- [2] B. Friedland, Control System Design: An Introduction to State Space Methods, McGraw-Hill, 1985. ISBN:0070224412 (Reprinted by Dover Publications May 2005, ISBN: 0-486-44278-0.)