Combinations with Repetitions

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Outline

Review

Salad

Combinations with Repetitions

Review

We considered selections of k items out of n possible options

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	With repetitions	Without repetitions
Ordered		
Unordered		

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Consider $k = 2$ and $n = 3$ options: a, b, c

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Unordered		

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Current state of things:

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Example: Voting

There are k voters that vote for one of n candidates

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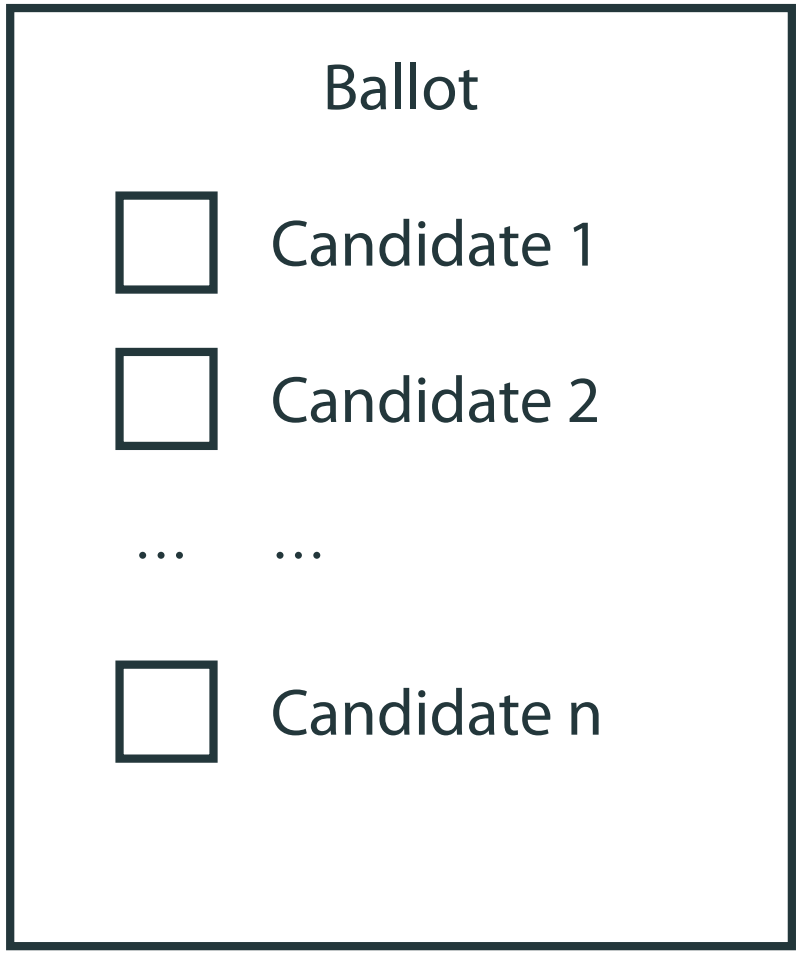

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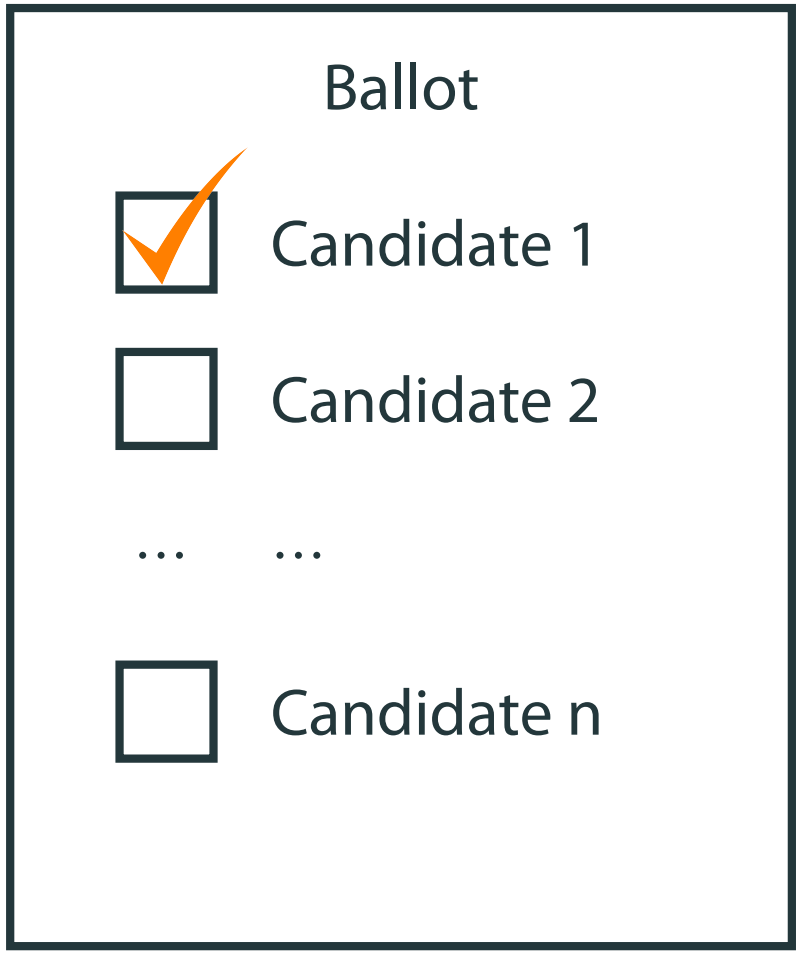

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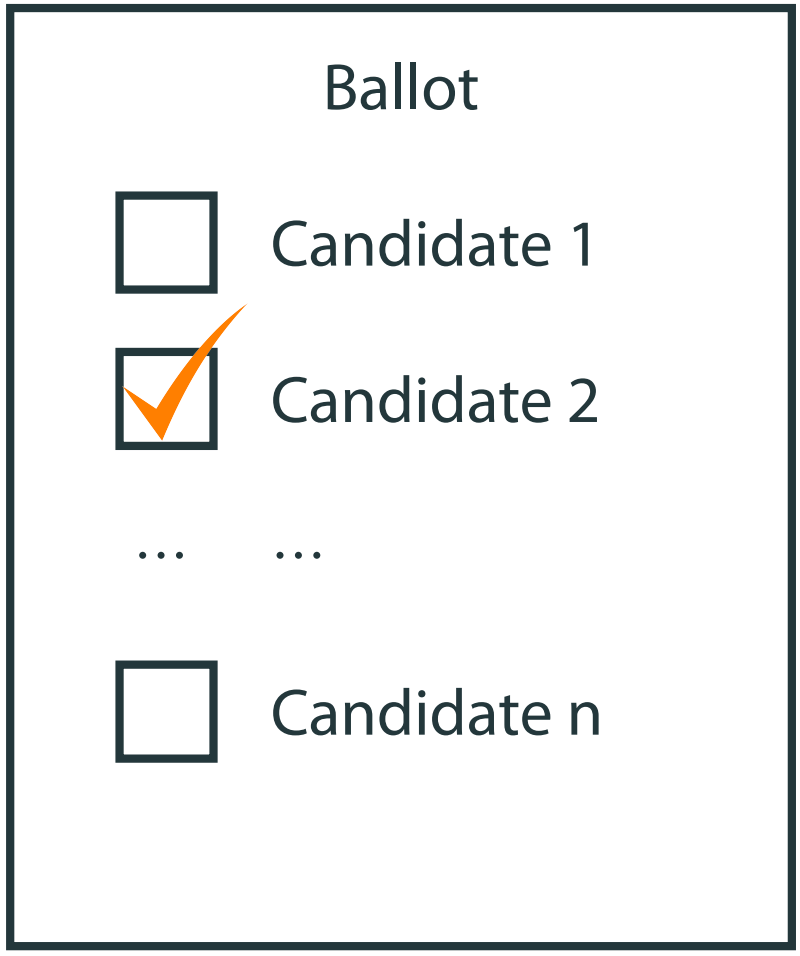

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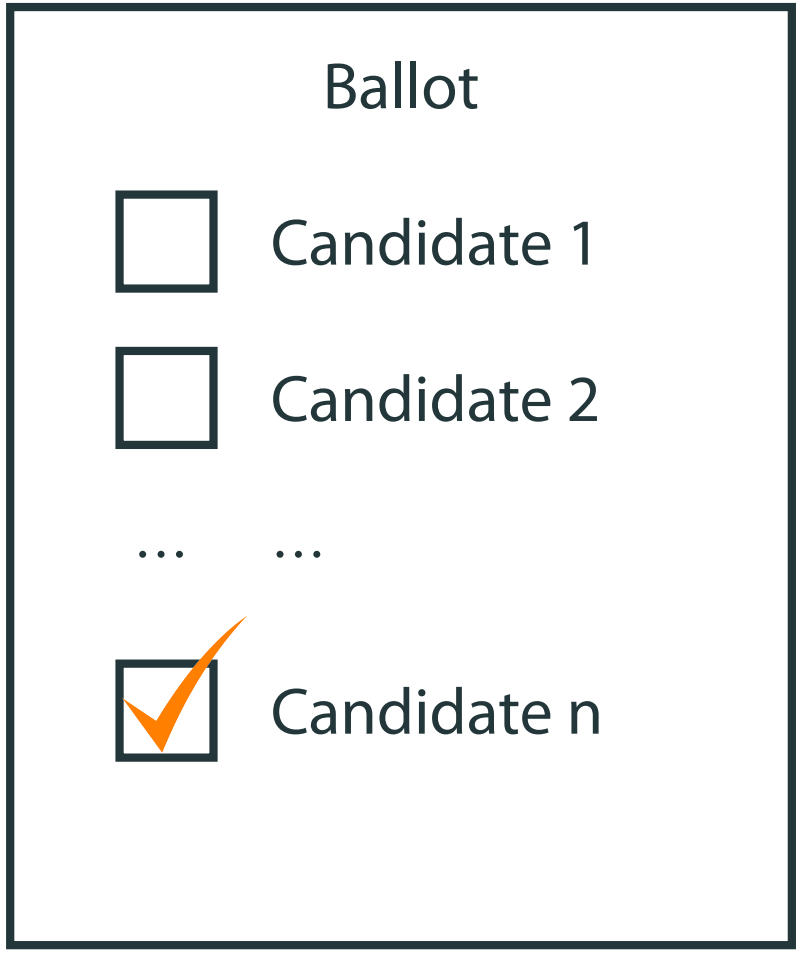

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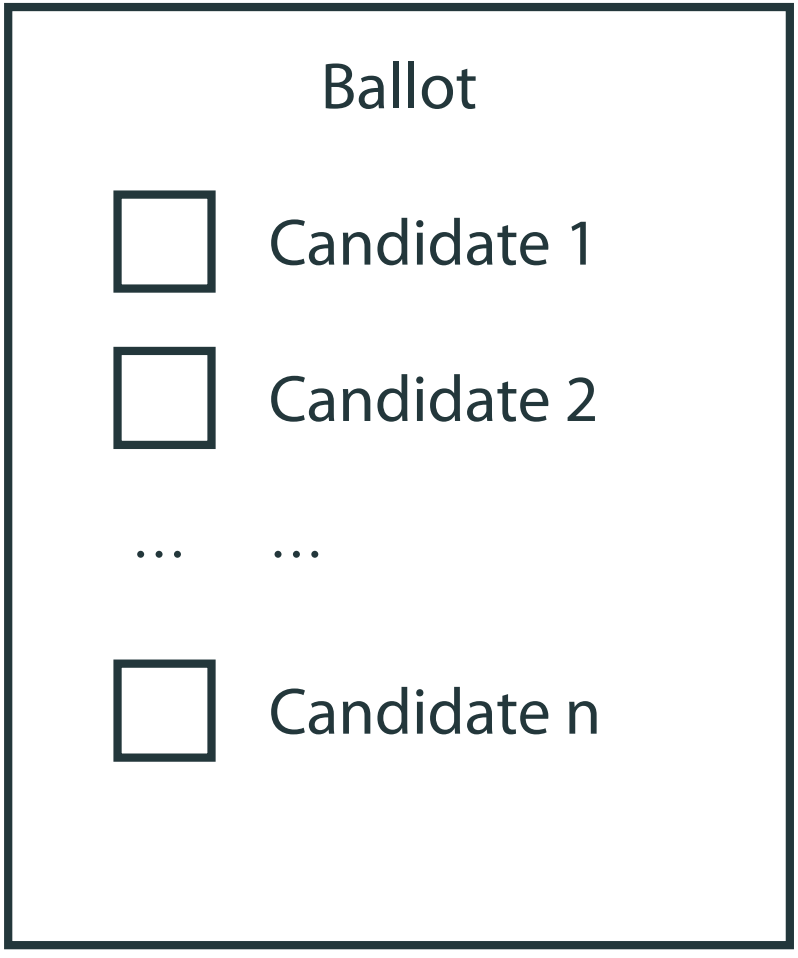

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There are k voters that vote for one of n candidates

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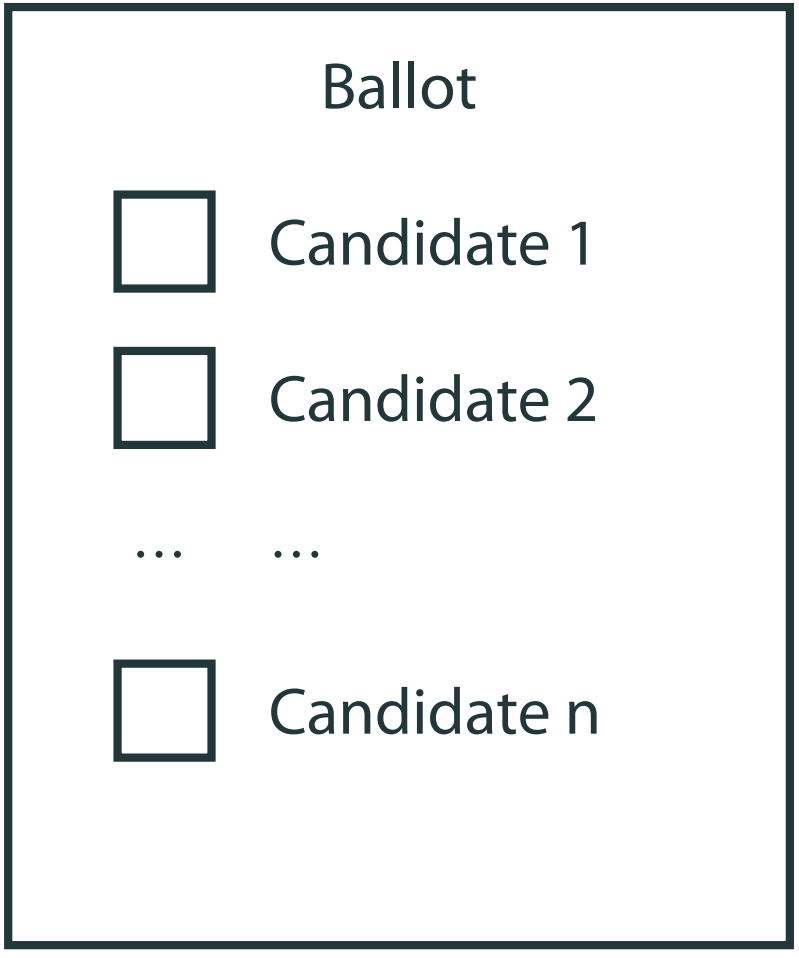

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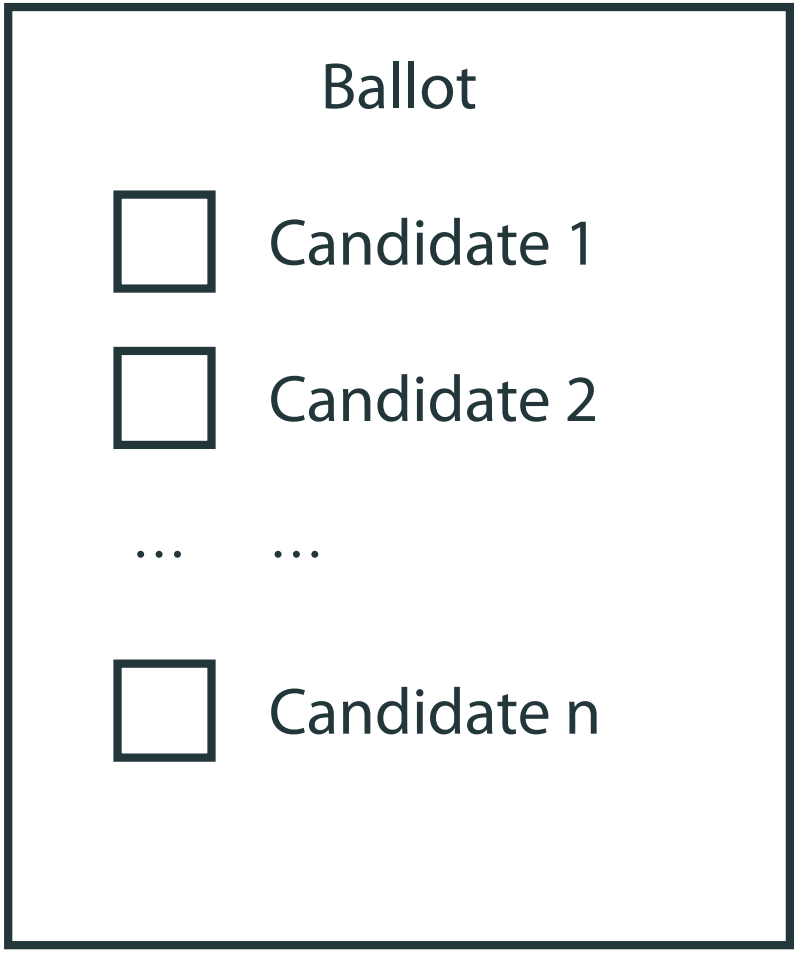
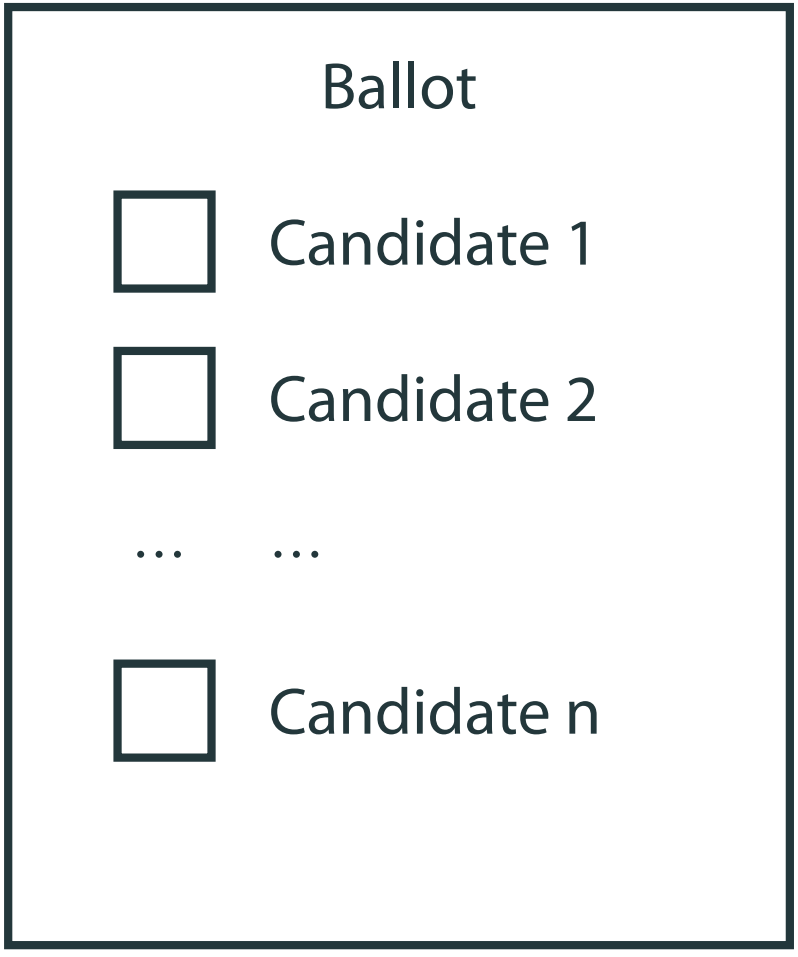


Example: Voting

There are k voters that vote for one of n candidates

- All votes equally matter
- So votes are unordered
- Candidates can be voted for several times
- So voters as a group pick k people out of n with repetitions



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- Order does not matter

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- Order does not matter
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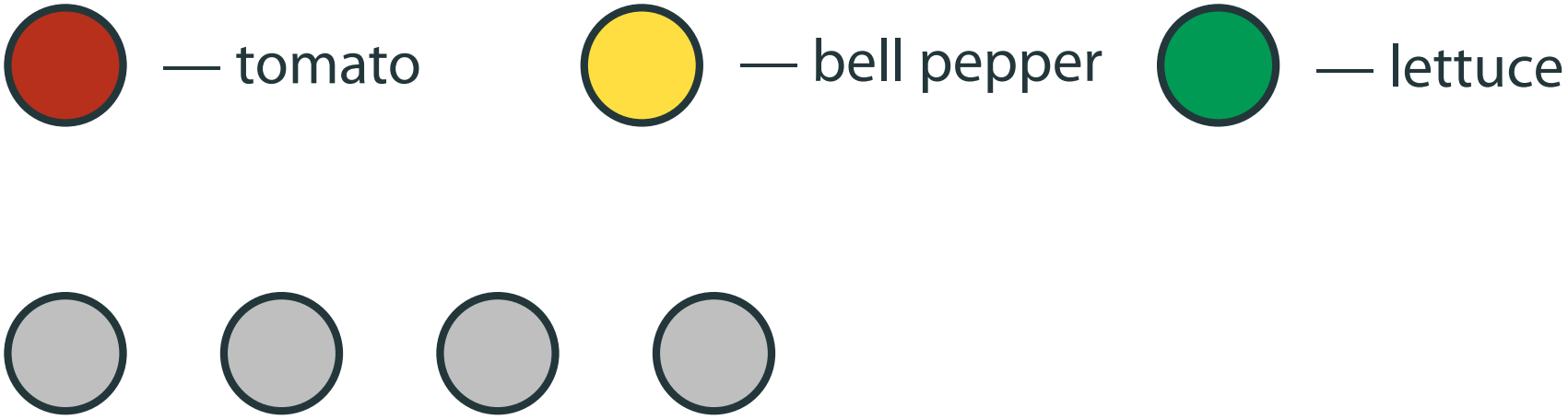
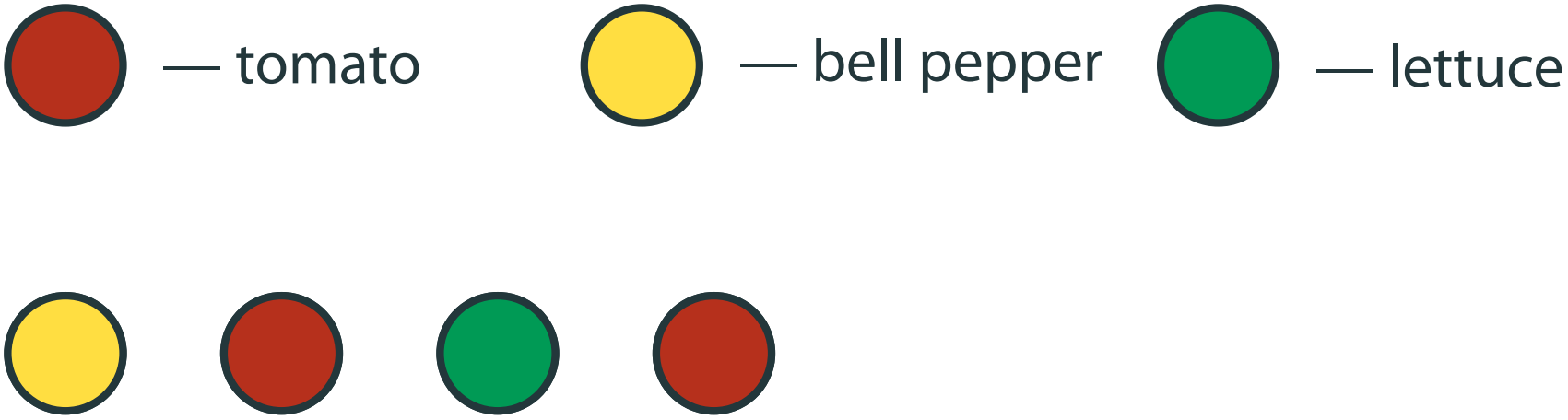
- Still do not know how to count
- We will list all possible salads, then count them
- But we want to do it wisely

Salad



Salad



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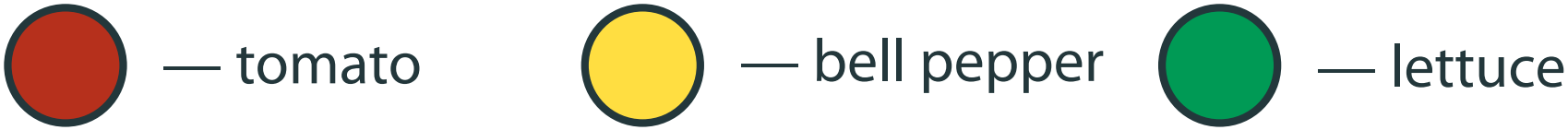
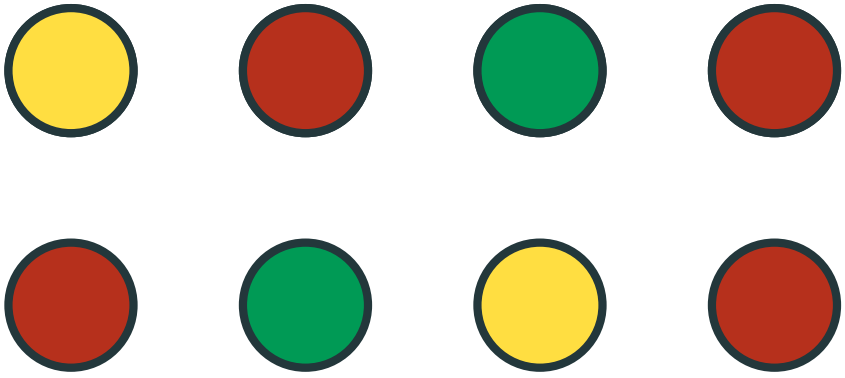
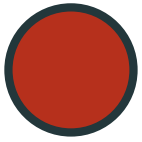
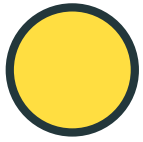


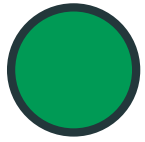


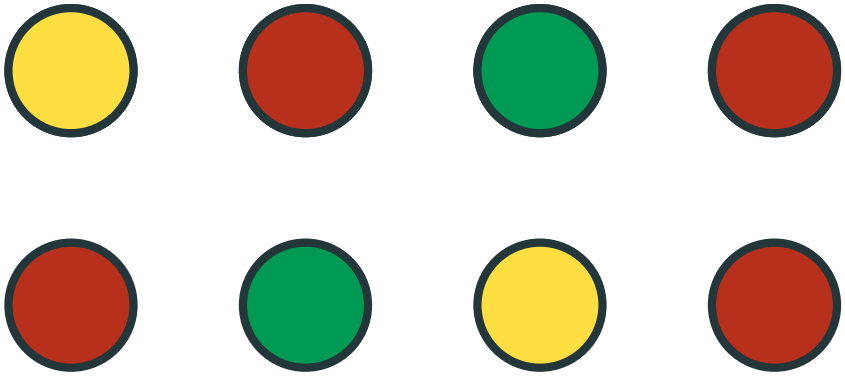
The same salad

Salad

 — tomato

 — bell pepper

 — lettuce



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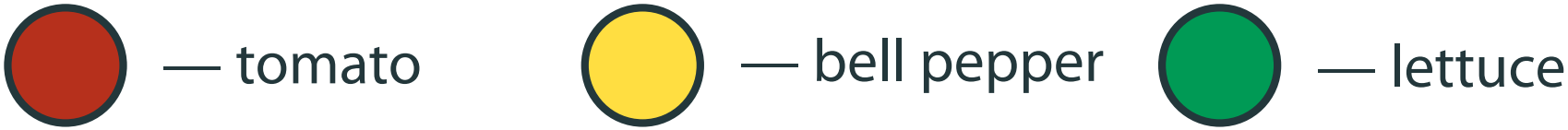
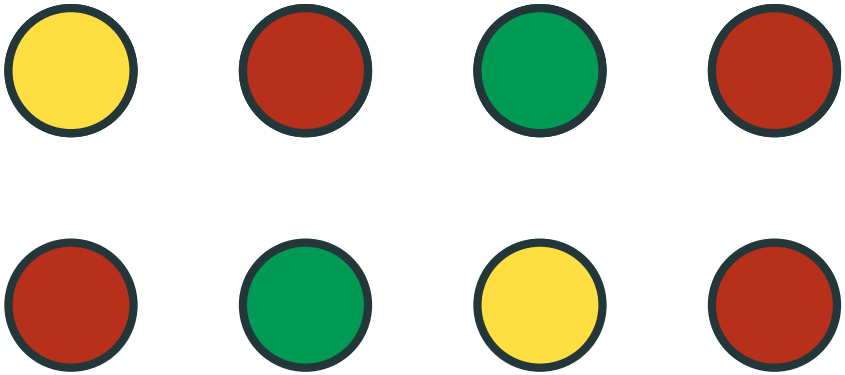
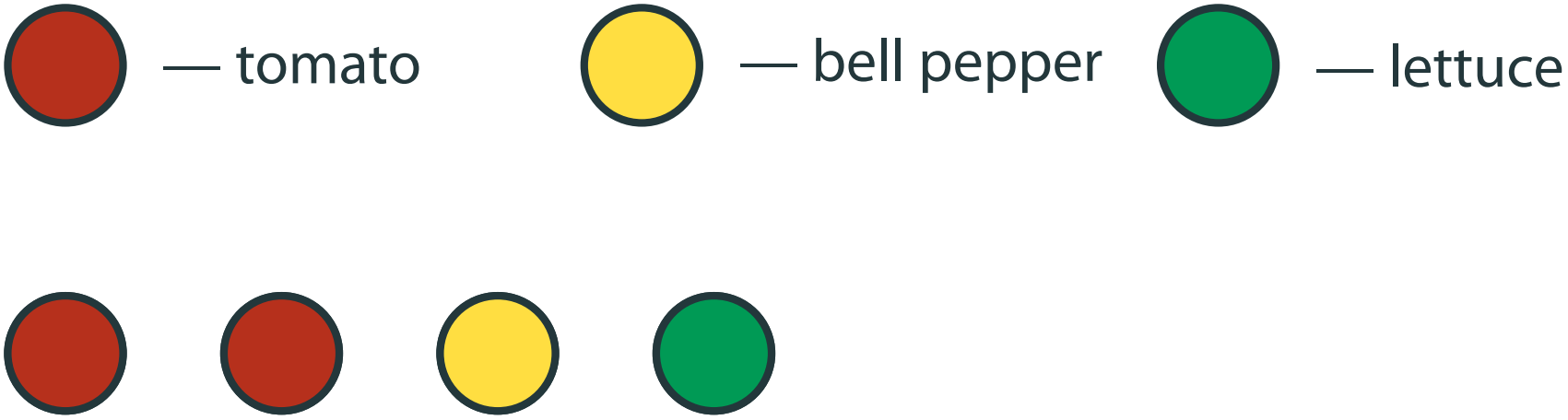




The same salad

- The order does not matter
- So let's draw tomatoes first, then bell peppers, then lettuce

Salad



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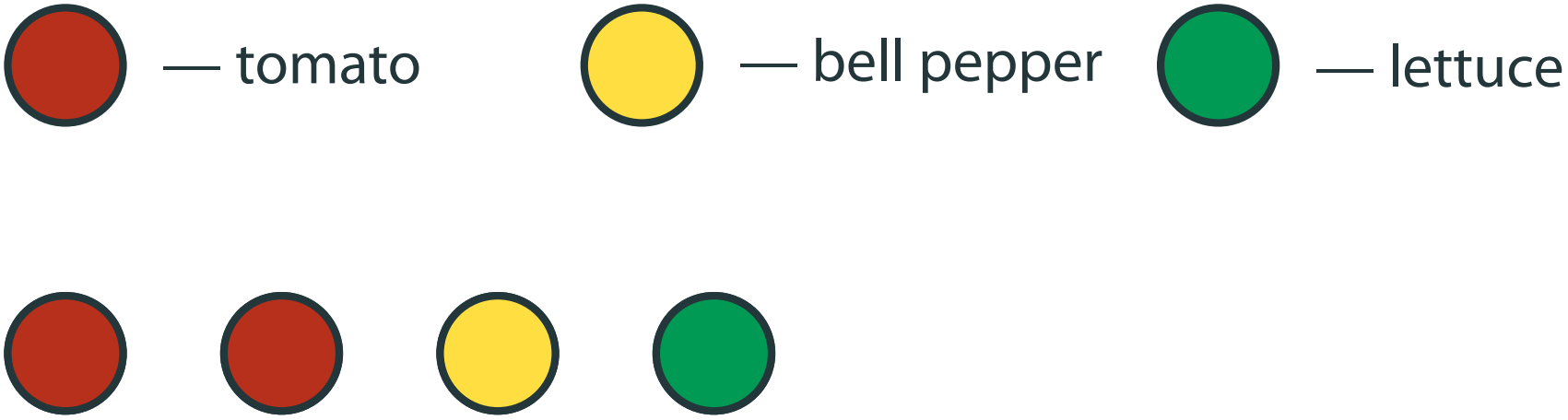

- The order does not matter
- So let's draw tomatoes first, then bell peppers, then lettuce
- Let's consider all possible numbers of tomatoes in the salad and count in each case separately

Salad

Salad

Case 1: 4 tomatoes

Salad

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Salad

Case 1: 4 tomatoes

- 4 tomatoes: 1 salad

Salad

Case 2: 3 tomatoes

- 4 tomatoes: 1 salad

Salad

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- 4 tomatoes: 1 salad

Salad

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- 4 tomatoes: 1 salad

Salad

Case 2: 3 tomatoes

- 4 tomatoes: 1 salad
- 3 tomatoes: 2 salads

Salad

Case 3: 2 tomatoes

- 4 tomatoes: 1 salad
- 3 tomatoes: 2 salads

Salad

Case 3: 2 tomatoes

- 4 tomatoes: 1 salad
- 3 tomatoes: 2 salads

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Case 3: 2 tomatoes

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- 4 tomatoes: 1 salad
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Case 3: 2 tomatoes

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- 3 tomatoes: 2 salads
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Salad

Case 4: 1 tomato

- 4 tomatoes: 1 salad
- 3 tomatoes: 2 salads
- 2 tomatoes: 3 salads

Salad

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Salad

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- 3 tomatoes: 2 salads
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- 1 tomato: 4 salads

Salad

Case 5: 0 tomatoes

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- 3 tomatoes: 2 salads
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Salad

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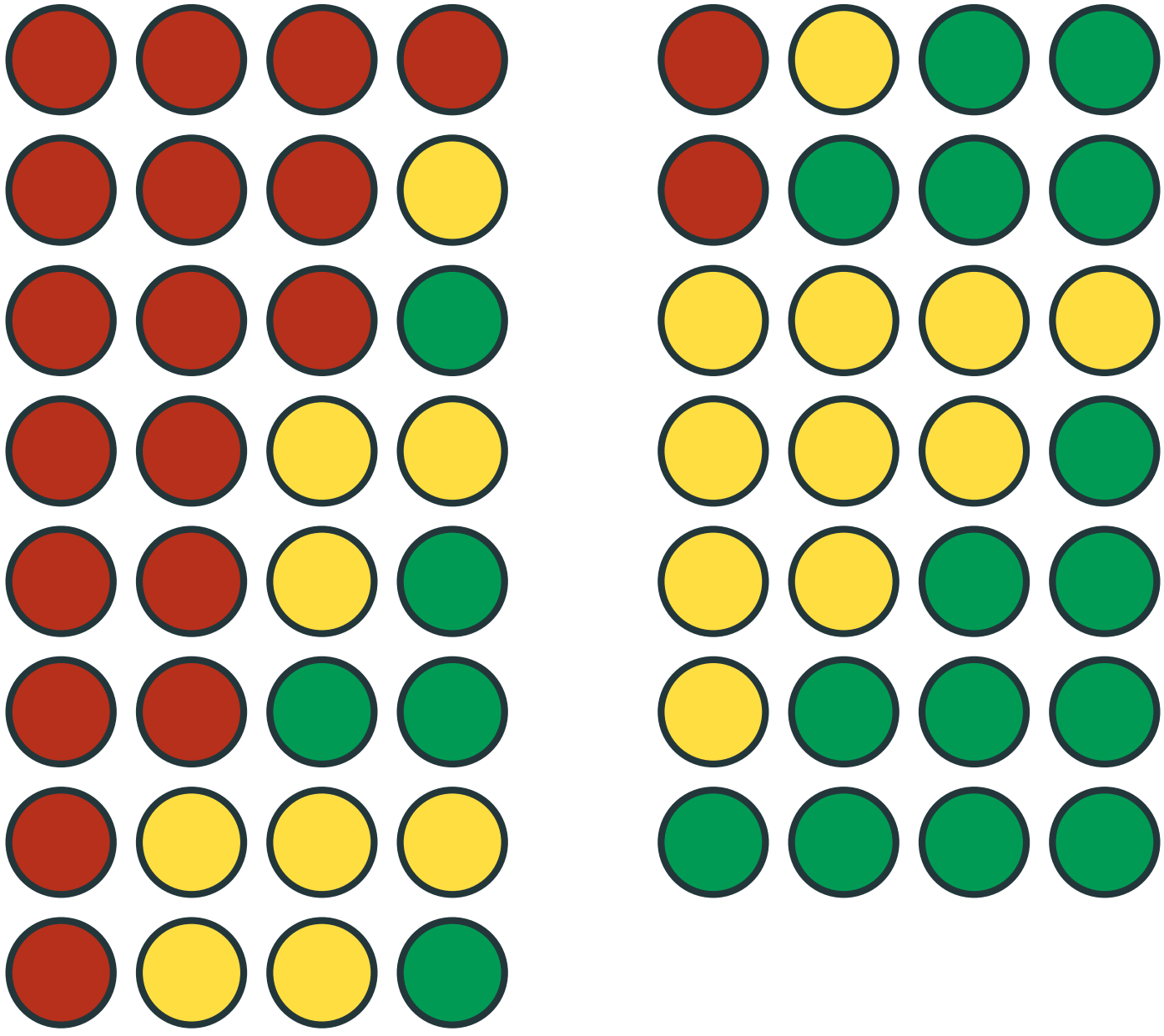
- 2 tomatoes: 3 salads
- 1 tomato: 4 salads
- 0 tomatoes: 5 salads

Salad

Case 5: 0 tomatoes

- 4 tomatoes: 1 salad
- 3 tomatoes: 2 salads
- 2 tomatoes: 3 salads
- 1 tomato: 4 salads
- 0 tomatoes: 5 salads
- In total: 15 salads

List of all Salads



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- Same structure for larger salads
- But more complicated for more ingredients
- Yet, the same strategy works for recursive counting for any salad size and any number of ingredients

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We have an unlimited supply of tomatoes, bell peppers, lettuce and eggplant. We want to make a salad out of 7 units among these four ingredients (we do not have to use all ingredients). How many different salads we can make?

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- But now we will obtain a formula

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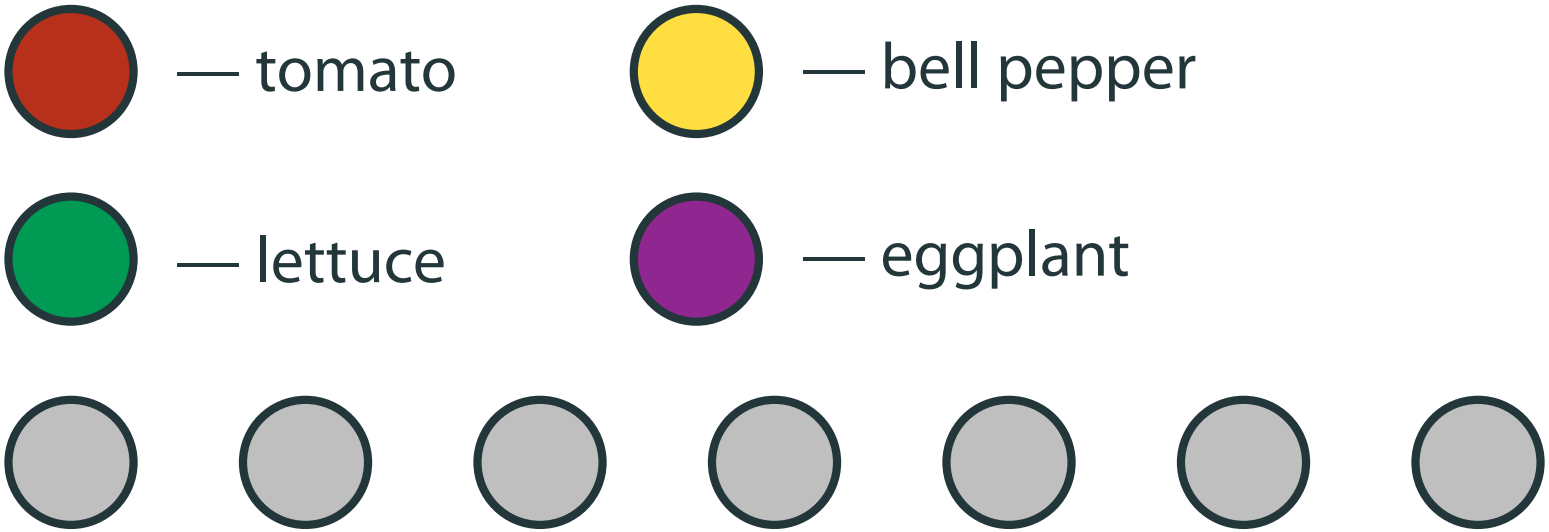
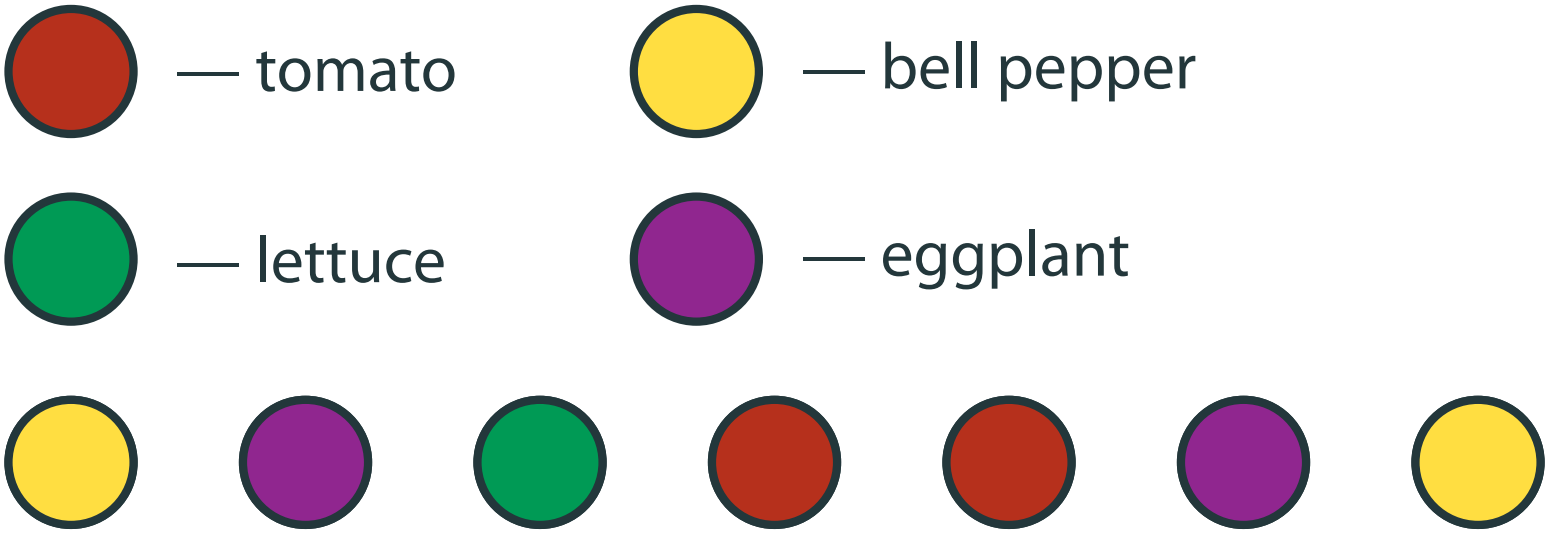
- We can use recursive counting here as well
- But now we will obtain a formula
- This will be a general solution

Large Salad



Large Salad



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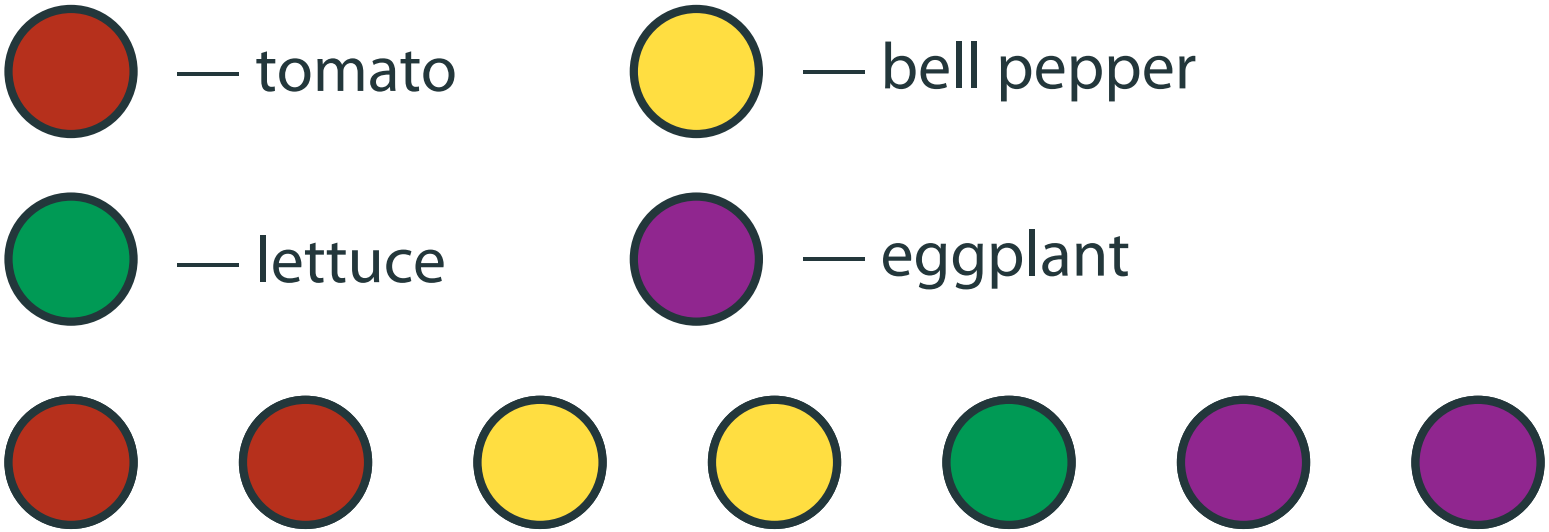
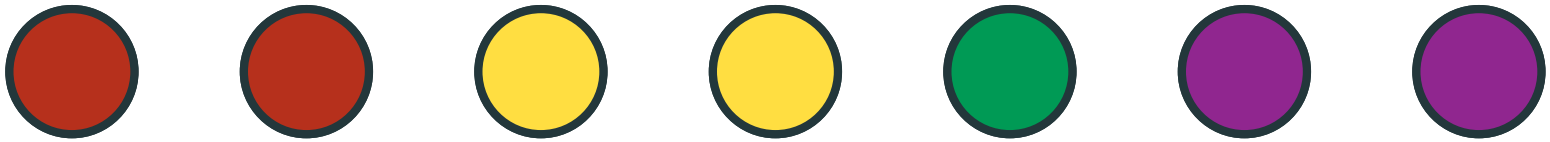
Large Salad



- The order does not matter
- Let's list first tomatoes, then bell pepper, then lettuce, then eggplant

Large Salad



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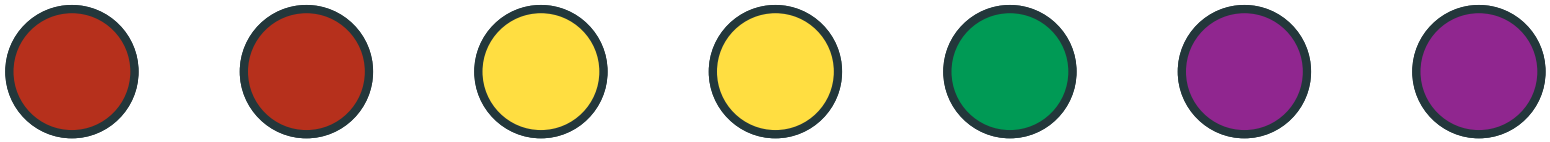
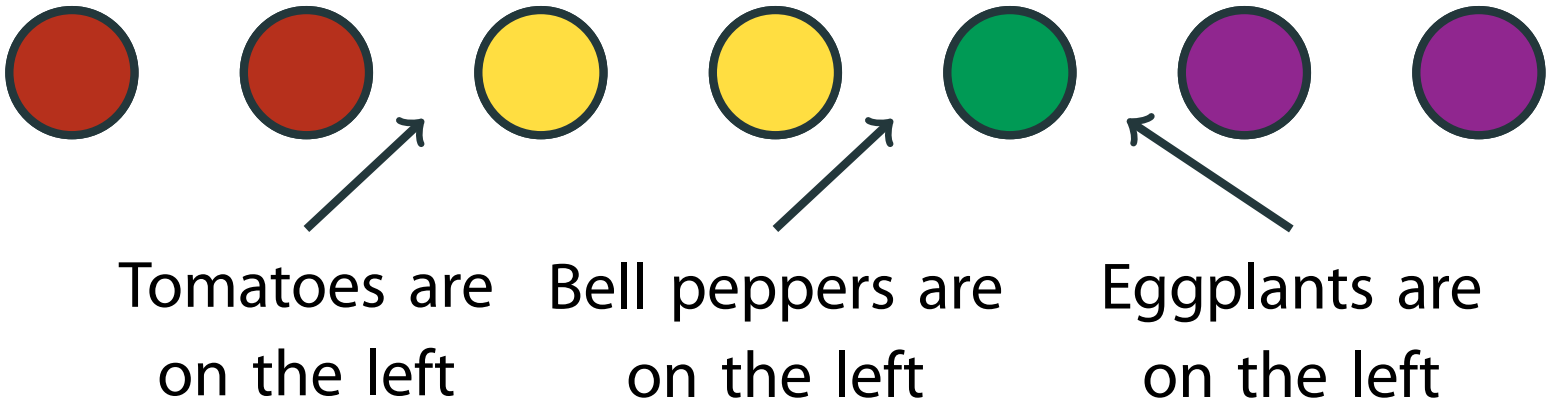


- Idea 1: to specify the list it is enough to indicate where the ingredients switch

Large Salad



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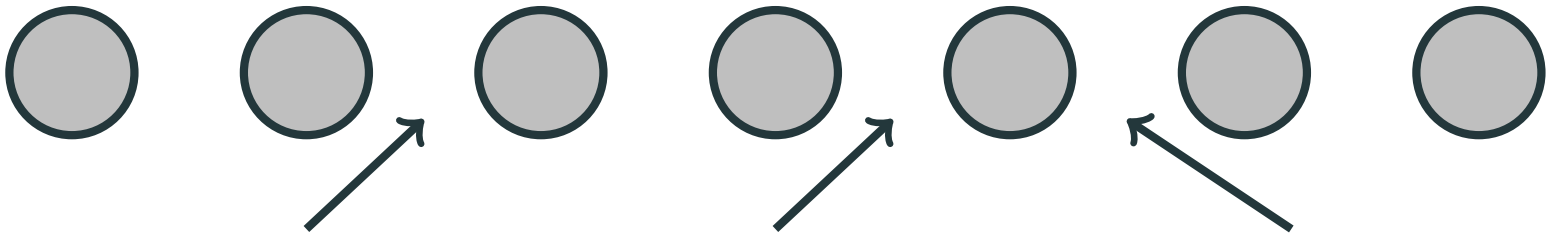

Tomatoes are on the left

Bell peppers are on the left

Eggplants are on the left

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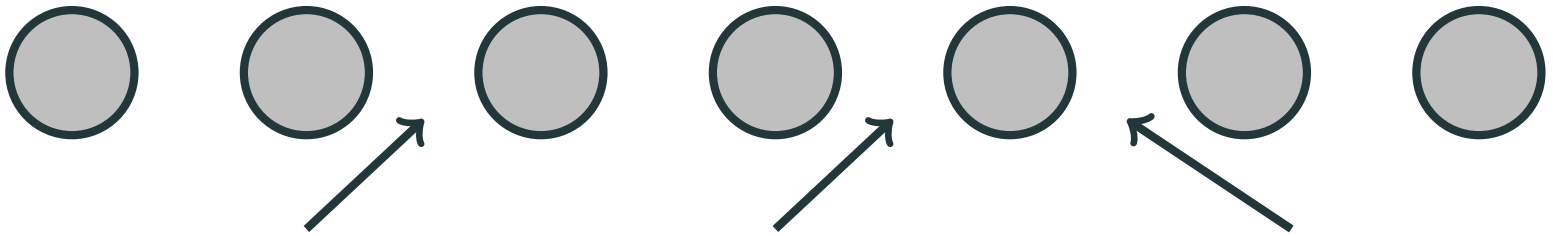
Large Salad



Tomatoes are on the left

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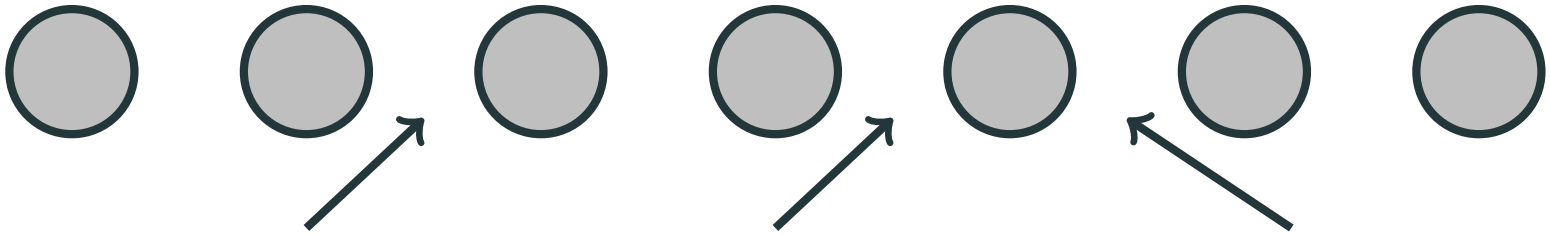
Eggplants are on the left

- Idea 1: to specify the list it is enough to indicate where the ingredients switch
- Idea 2: Do not even need the text descriptions

Large Salad



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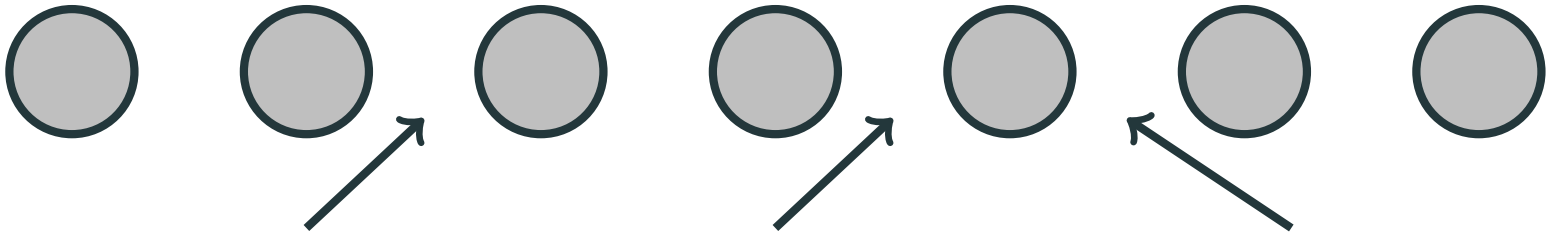

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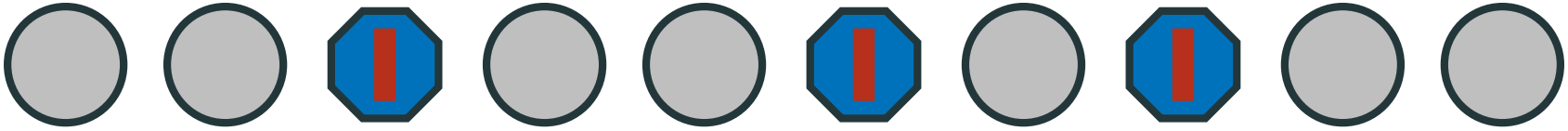
- Idea 3: Can represent places of switch as delimiter signs

Large Salad



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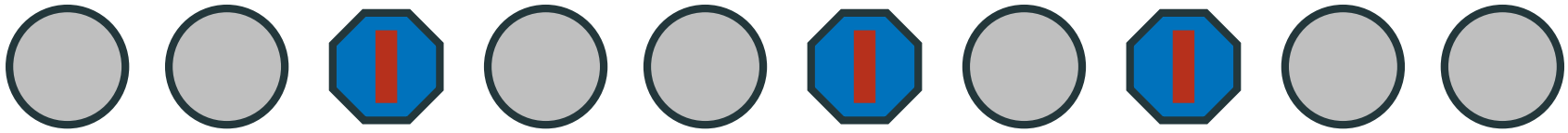
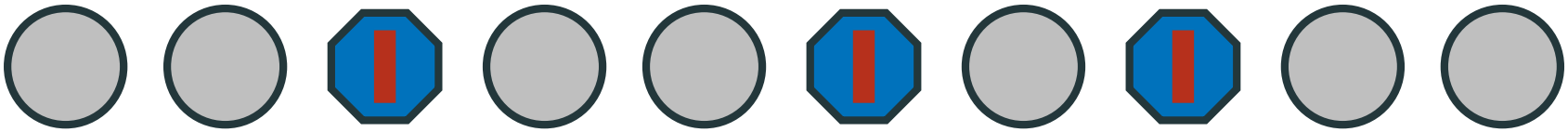


- Idea 1: to specify the list it is enough to indicate where the ingredients switch
- Idea 2: Do not even need the text descriptions
- Idea 3: Can represent places of switch as delimiter signs
- The salad can still be restored: tomatoes are on the left from the left delimiter, bell peppers are next, and so on

Large Salad



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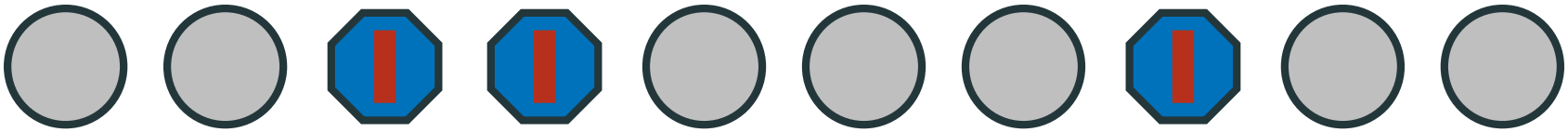

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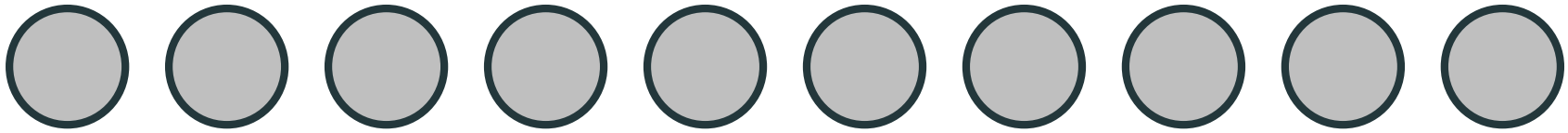

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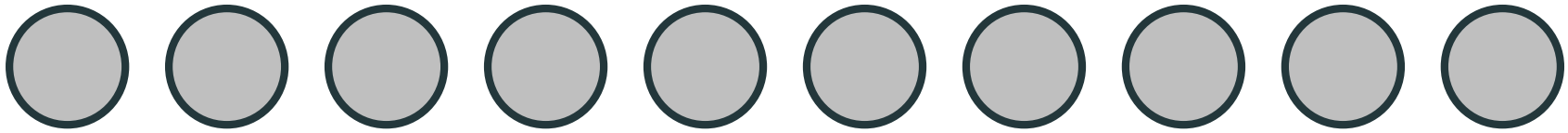

- What if there are no, say, bell peppers in the original salad?
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- Now, to specify the salad we need to pick three positions among 10 to place delimiters
- These are combinations! The answer to the problem is $\binom{10}{3} = 120$!

How We Got There

Problem

We have an unlimited supply of tomatoes, bell peppers, lettuce and eggplant. We want to make a salad out of 7 units among these four ingredients (we do not have to use all ingredients). How many different salads we can make?

Main ideas:

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- Order salad in a convenient way
- Salad is determined by delimiters between types of ingredients
- Place delimiters in the line with ingredients
- It is left to choose delimiters in the line — old problem

General case

Combinations with Repetitions

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- Size of the combination = size of salad
- Number of objects = number of ingredients
- The same argument works
- Why $k+n-1$ and $n-1$?
- n ingredients mean $n-1$ delimiters; choosing $(n-1)$ element in the line of $k+(n-1)$ elements

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We considered selections of k items out of n possible options

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	With repetitions	Without repetitions
Ordered	Tuples n^k	k-permutations $\frac{n!}{(n-k)!}$
Unordered	Combinations with repetitions $\binom{k+n-1}{n-1}$	Combinations $\binom{n}{k}$