

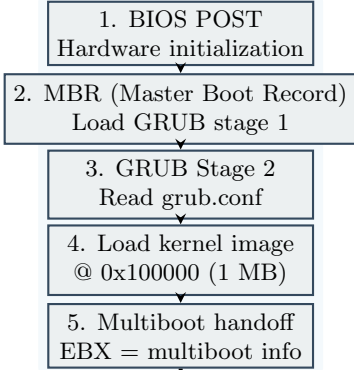
MINIX 3.4.0 Complete Boot Sequence

From GRUB Bootloader to Userspace Execution

Source files:

kernel/main.c:115-328 (kmain), pm/main.c:50 (PM), rs/main.c:38 (RS)

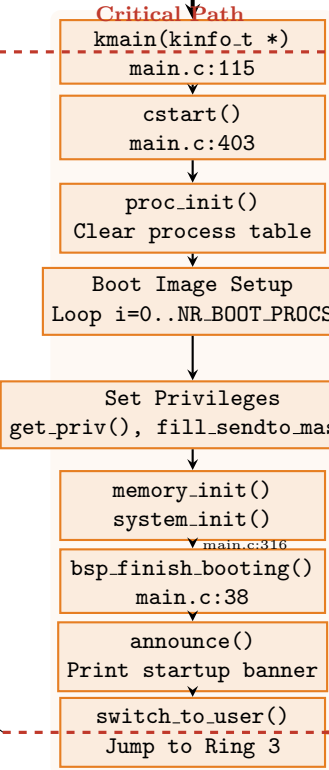
PHASE 1: Bootloader



Multiboot info contains:

- Boot modules (servers)
- Memory map
- Kernel command line

PHASE 2: kmain()



Critical Path

prot_init() - segments
init_clock() - timers
env_get() - boot params

Set up processes:

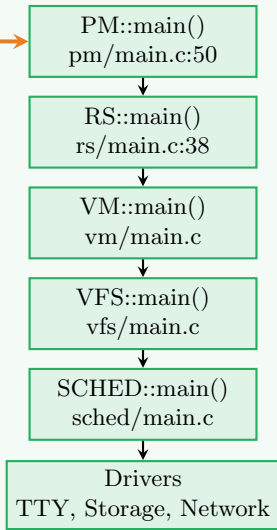
- Kernel tasks (i; NR_TASKS)
- VM (Virtual Memory)
- PM, RS, VFS, SCHED
- Drivers, servers

Assign capabilities:

- Ring 0 for kernel tasks
- IPC targets
- Kernel call masks

cpu_identify()
Unset RTS_PROC_STOP
boot_cpu_init.timer()
fbu_init()

PHASE 3: Servers (Ring 3)



Process Manager:
fork(), exec(), exit()
Signal handling

Reincarnation Server:
Service monitoring
Restart crashed server

Virtual Memory:
Page fault handling
Memory allocation

Virtual File System:
File operations
Mount points

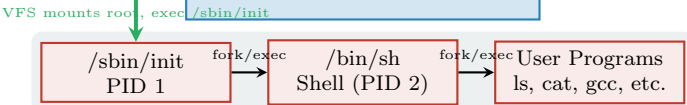
Scheduler:
CPU time allocation
Priority management

SEF Framework
All servers use SEF
(Self-Healing Framework)

SEF (Self-Healing Framework)

- sef_local_startup()
- sef_cb_init_fresh()
- Register callbacks
- sef_startup() - blocks until ready

PHASE 4: Userspace



Boot Time: 1-3 seconds

Ring 0
(Kernel)

Ring 3
(User)