# Associations of bereavement during and after COVID-19 lockdown with subsequent health and wellbeing among UK adults

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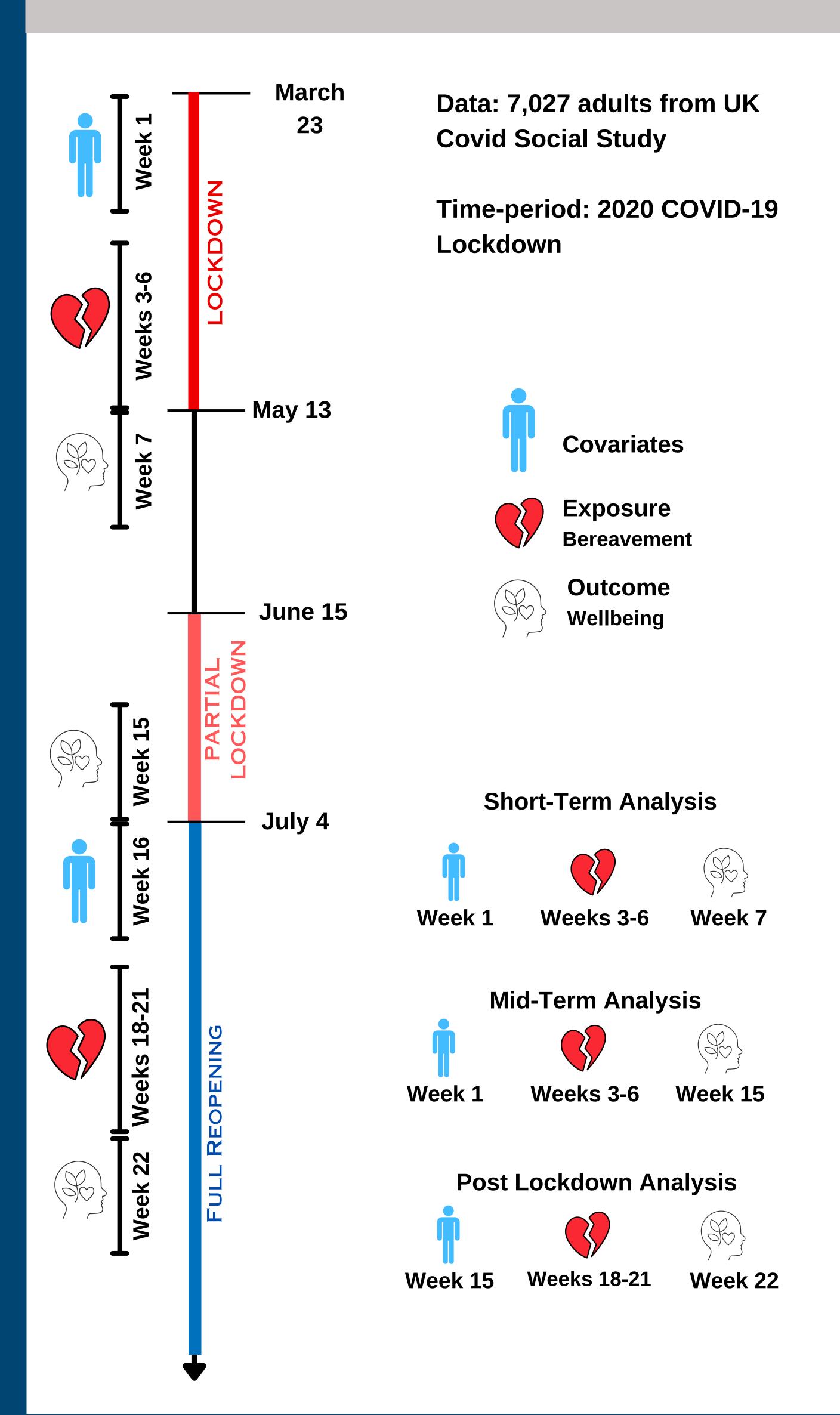
\* Equal contributions

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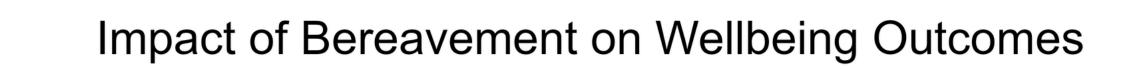
## Objectives

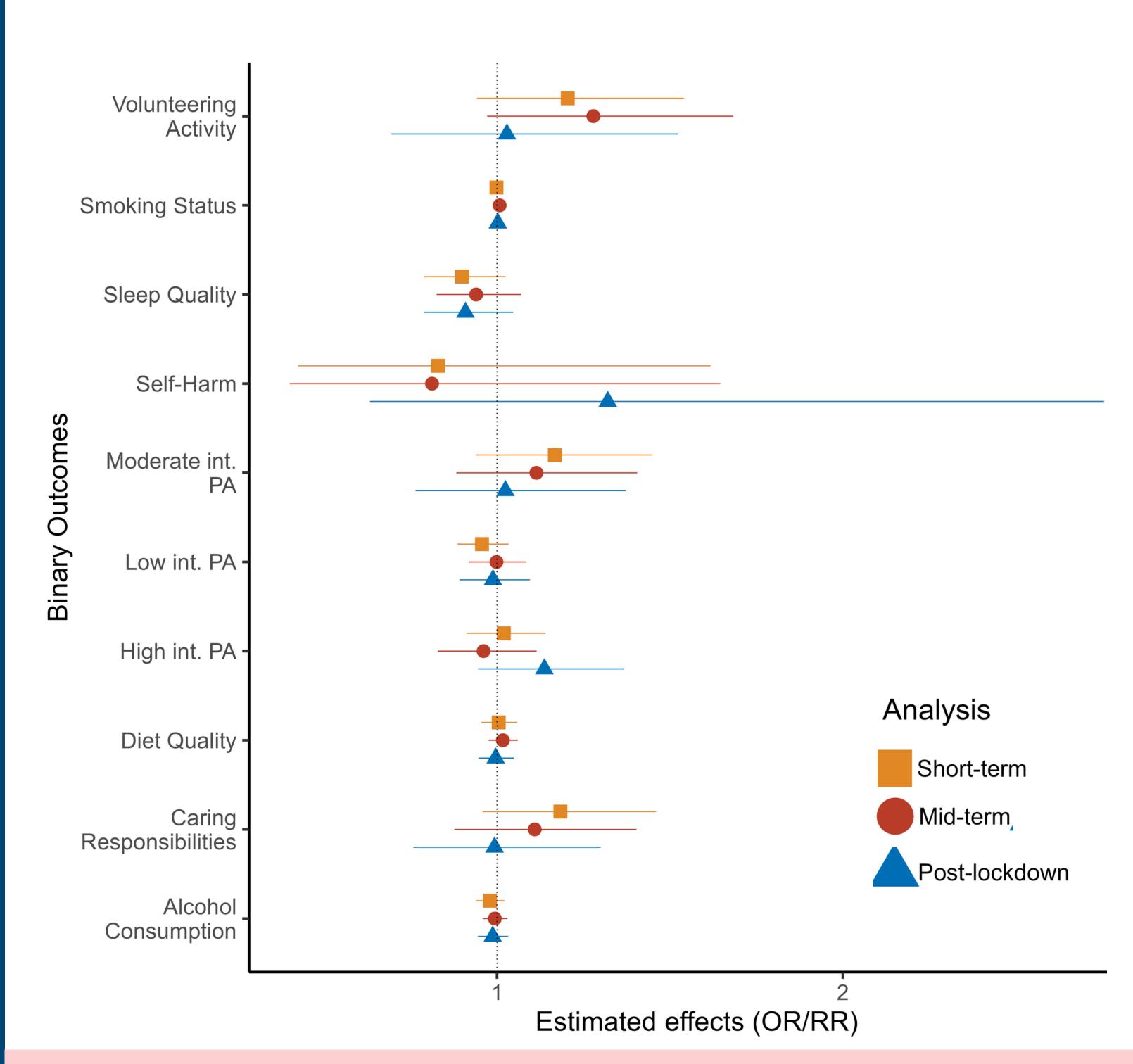
- How did bereavement during the COVID-19 lockdown impact mental wellbeing?
- Does the timing of bereavement (during or after lockdown) affect the severity of its impact on wellbeing?
- What are the short-term, mid-term, and postlockdown effects of bereavement on different aspects of life?

## Methods



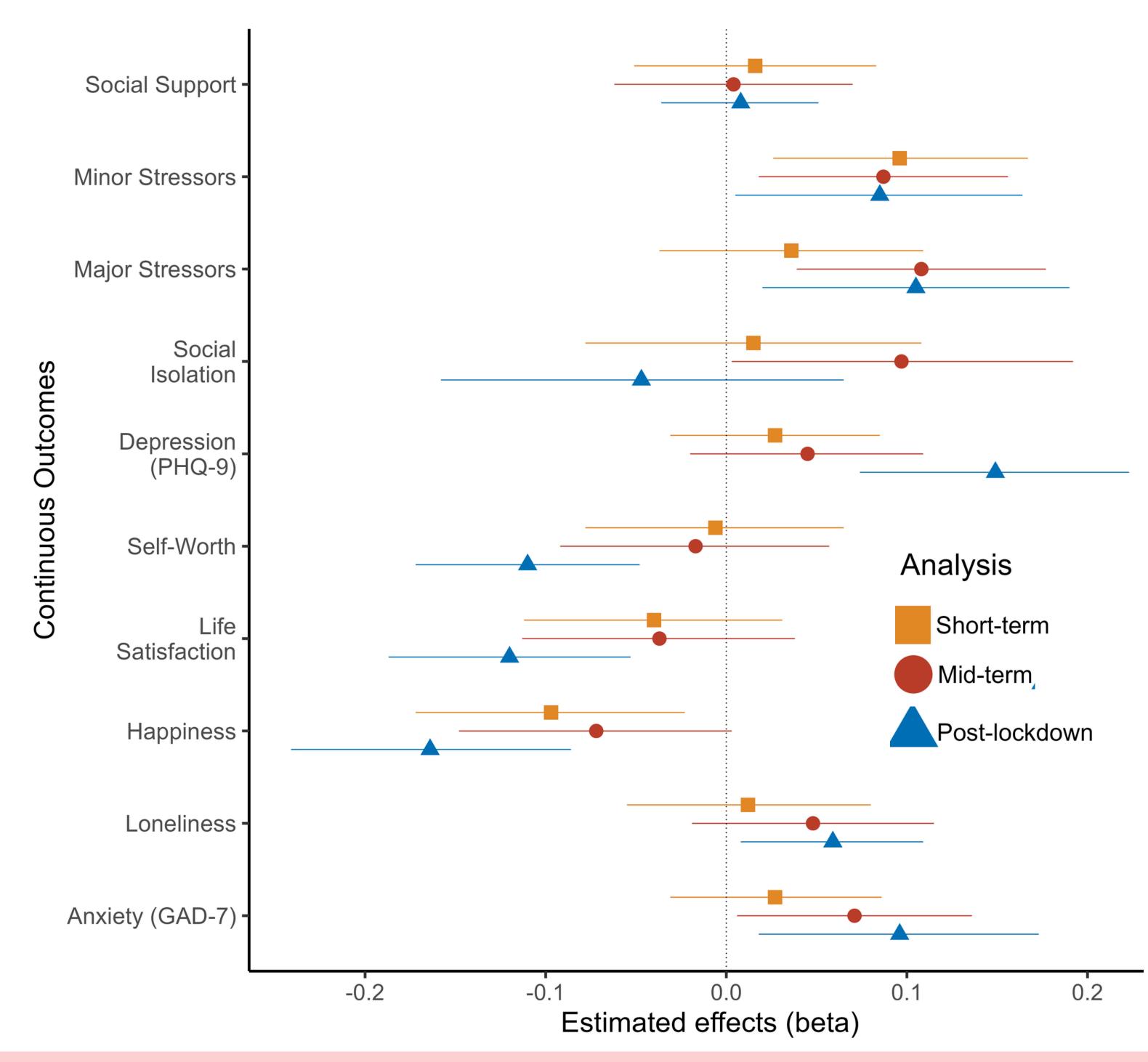
## Results





Post-lockdown bereavement was associated with a significant increase in self-harm, while those bereaved during lockdown exhibited higher levels of volunteering in the mid-term.

#### Impact of Bereavement on Wellbeing Outcomes

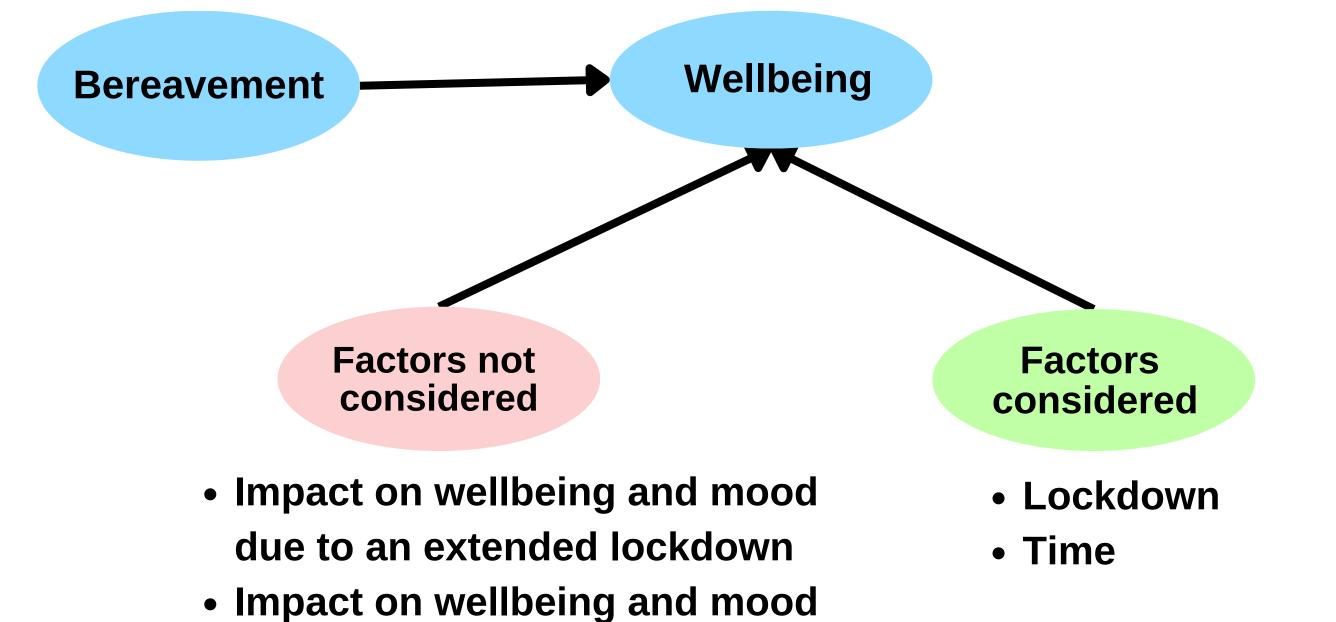


Short term effects of bereavement during lockdown resulted in declines in happiness and increase in minor stressors, while mid term effects were increased social isolation and anxiety. Post-lockdown bereavement led to significant drops in life satisfaction, happiness, and self-worth, along with higher levels of depression and anxiety.

## Discussion

#### **Comparative Insights:**

- Anxiety and Major Stressors: Consistently significant across post-lockdown and mid-term analyses. Indicates bereavment affects these outcomes regardless of timing.
- Social Isolation: Not significant in short-term, but was shown to be significant in the mid-term. Suggests a delayed impact.
- Week 7 vs Week 15: Decline in wellbeing, between these two samples could be due to the stress of the ongoing lockdown or a general sense of pessimism; further study of non-exposed subjects is needed.
- Week 7 vs Week 22: Further drop in wellbeing, likely due to post-lockdown deaths. However, baseline optimism during reopening may have affected results.



## Conclusion

due to lifting of the lockdown

- Bereavement during lockdown led to immediate declines in happiness and increases in minor stressors, with delayed effects such as increased social isolation and major stressors in the mid-term.
- Bereavement after lockdown was associated with higher levels of depression, anxiety, and loneliness
- These findings emphasize the importance of timing in bereavement support, suggesting the need for tailored interventions to address both immediate and delayed effects on wellbeing.

## Contact



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Research Experience:

- 1. PCOS and Body-Image in US Women, *PCOS Challenge*
- 2. Intangible and Indirect Burden of PCOS An Economic Burden Study, *PCOS Challenge*
- 3. Diversity in Head and Neck Clinical Trials, *Boston Medical Center*

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