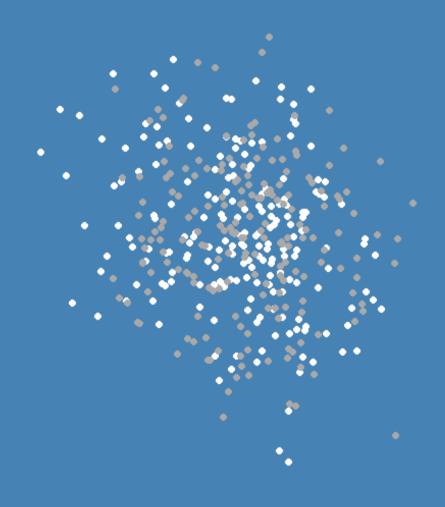
Introduction to R

2.7 Merging Data Frames

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Defining the Issue

Let's say you are collecting data on your own, and you compile observational data from various sources.

One dataset might be on countries' gdp per capita.

```
gdp_data <- read.csv2("dat/gdp_data.csv")</pre>
print(gdp data)
##
           country gdp_capita
## 1 United States
                       59.939
## 2
             China
                      8.612
## 3
             Japan
                      38.214
           Germany
## 4
                       44.680
## 5
             India
                      1.980
```

Defining the Issue

Let's say you are collecting data on your own, and you compile observational data from various sources.

The other dataset might be on countries' freedom house scores.

```
fh_data <- read.csv2("dat/fh_data.csv")

print(fh_data)

## country fh
## 1 United States 83
## 2 China 9
## 3 Japan 96
## 4 Germany 94
## 5 India 66</pre>
```

How to merge these two data frames?

```
print(gdp_data)
##
          country gdp_capita
## 1 United States
                      59.939
## 2
        China 8.612
## 3
            Japan
                  38.214
          Germany
## 4
                    44.680
## 5
            India
                     1.980
print(fh data)
##
          country fh
## 1 United States 83
## 2
            China 9
## 3
            Japan 96
          Germany 94
## 4
            India 66
## 5
```

Simply use the cbind() function.

```
data <- as.data.frame(
  cbind(gdp_data, fh_data)
)</pre>
```

```
print(data)
```

```
##
         country gdp_capita
                                country fh
## 1 United States 59.939 United States 83
## 2
           China 8.612
                                  China 9
## 3
           Japan
                 38.214
                                 Japan 96
                   44.680
                                Germany 94
## 4
         Germany
                                  India 66
## 5
           India
                   1,980
```

Simply use the cbind() function.

```
data <- as.data.frame(</pre>
  cbind(gdp_data, fh_data[,-1])
print(data)
##
          country gdp_capita fh_data[, -1]
## 1 United States
                     59.939
                                       83
## 2
            China 8.612
                                       96
## 3
     Japan 38.214
                                       94
## 4
      Germany
                    44.680
## 5
            India
                    1.980
                                       66
colnames(data)[3] <- "fh"</pre>
```

```
print(data)
```

```
## country gdp_capita fh
## 1 United States 59.939 83
## 2 China 8.612 9
## 3 Japan 38.214 96
## 4 Germany 44.680 94
## 5 India 1.980 66
```

Merging Data Frames - Different Orders

```
gdp_data <- read.csv2("dat/gdp_data_alt.csv")</pre>
How to merge these two data frames?
print(gdp_data)
##
         country gdp capita
          China
## 1
                    8.612
## 2 United States 59.939
           Japan 38.214
## 3
## 4
                   44.680
     Germany
## 5
            India
                    1.980
print(fh data)
##
          country fh
## 1 United States 83
## 2
        China 9
## 3
            Japan 96
      Germany 94
## 4
## 5
            India 66
```

Merging Data Frames - Different Orders

Use the merge() function.

■ The variable country becomes the key that relates observations to each other

```
data <- as.data.frame(
  merge(gdp_data, fh_data, by = "country")
)</pre>
```

```
print(data)
```

```
## country gdp_capita fh
## 1 China 8.612 9
## 2 Germany 44.680 94
## 3 India 1.980 66
## 4 Japan 38.214 96
## 5 United States 59.939 83
```

References

Parts of this course are inspired by the following resources:

- Wickham, Hadley and Garrett Grolemund, 2017. R for Data Science Import, Tidy, Transform, Visualize, and Model Data. O'Reilly.
- Bahnsen, Oke and Guido Ropers, 2022. *Introduction to R for Quantitative Social Science*. Course held as part of the GESIS Workshop Series.
- Breuer, Johannes and Stefan Jünger, 2021. *Introduction to R for Data Analysis*. Course held as part of the GESIS Summer School in Survey Methodology.
- Teaching material developed by Verena Kunz, David Weyrauch, Oliver Rittmann and Viktoriia Semenova.