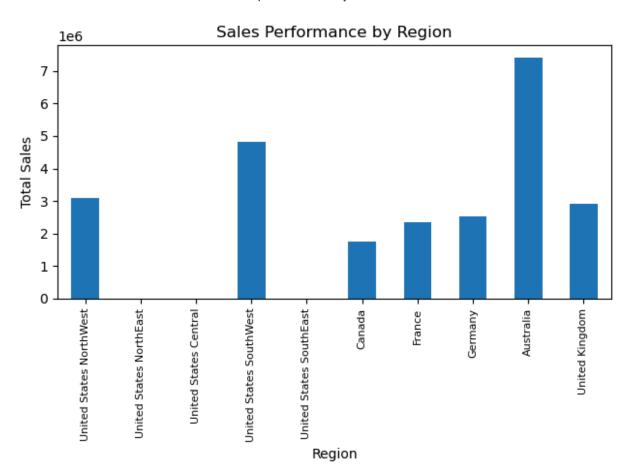
```
In [36]: import sqlite3 as sql
         import pandas as pd
In [ ]: # 1. Establish a connection to the SQLite Database
In [38]: conn = sql.connect('adventure works new.db')
         cursor = conn.cursor()
In [ ]: # 2. Write a SQL query to retrieve the sales and territory data and group the resulti
In [40]: query= ''' select
         TerritoryKey, Region, SUM(OrderValue) as TotalSales
         from Demographics update
         group by TerritoryKey, Region'''
 In [ ]: #3. Load the data into a Pandas dataframe
In [42]: df=pd.read sql query(query,conn)
In [ ]: # 4. Check the datatypes to ensure they are the correct types
In [44]: print(df.dtypes)
        TerritoryKey
                          int64
        Region
                         object
        TotalSales
                        float64
        dtype: object
 In [ ]: # 4.1 View the entire table to look at the regions and their total sales
In [60]: print(df)
           TerritoryKey
                                          Region TotalSales
        0
                      1 United States NorthWest 3095074.30
                      2 United States NorthEast
                                                    6401.56
        1
                          United States Central
        2
                                                    3143.06
        3
                      4 United States SouthWest 4822794.68
        4
                      5 United States SouthEast
                                                 11585.63
        5
                                         Canada 1769245.47
                      7
                                         France 2362642.77
        6
        7
                     8
                                        Germany 2524679.60
        8
                     9
                                       Australia 7416455.01
                    10
                                 United Kingdom 2902561.58
 In [ ]: # 5. Analyse sales performance by Region
In [46]: high performing regions = df[df['TotalSales'] == df['TotalSales'].max()]
         low_performing_regions = df[df['TotalSales'] == df['TotalSales'].min()]
In [ ]: # 6. Retrive result for highest performing region, highest performing region is Austr
```

```
In [48]: print("\nHigh-performing region(s):")
         print(high_performing_regions)
        High-performing region(s):
           TerritoryKey
                            Region TotalSales
                      9 Australia 7416455.01
        8
 In [ ]: # 7. Retrive result for lowest performing region, lowest performing region is United
In [50]: print("\nLow-performing region(s):")
         print(low_performing_regions)
        Low-performing region(s):
           TerritoryKey
                                        Region TotalSales
        2
                      3 United States Central
                                                   3143.06
 In [ ]: # 8. Import matplotlib for visualization of the resulting data
In [52]: import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
In [54]: plt.figure(figsize = (10,6))
         df.plot(kind = 'bar', x='Region', y='TotalSales', legend = False)
         plt.title('Sales Performance by Region')
         plt.ylabel('Total Sales')
         plt.xlabel('Region')
         plt.xticks(rotation = 90, fontsize = 8)
         plt.tight_layout()
         plt.savefig("Sales Performance by Region.png", dpi = 300)
         plt.show()
```



```
In []: # 9. Close the connection
In [30]: conn.close()
In []:
```