## Homework 1

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## Monte Carlo method

We aim to find the area of the figure bounded by these curves:

```
y=2|x|-\pi; \ x\in [-\tfrac{\pi}{2},\tfrac{\pi}{2}] \ y=|sin(2x)|; \ x\in [-\tfrac{\pi}{2},\tfrac{\pi}{2}]
```

It can be done using Monte Carlo method.

From the equations (or a picture) we know that  $x_{min} = -\frac{\pi}{2}$ ,  $x_{max} = \frac{\pi}{2}$ ,  $y_{min} = -\pi$ ,  $y_{max} = 1$ The algorithm is the following:

- 1) Generate a dot with random (x, y) coordinates within the  $[x_{min}; x_{max}] \times [y_{min}; y_{max}]$  rectangle;
- 2) Check whether or not these coordinates are within the given figure;
- 3) Count the number of dots (k) than pass this criteria;
- 4) Repeat N times
- 5) Calculate the area of the figure using this formula:

$$S = \frac{k}{N} S_0$$

where  $S_0$  is the area of the  $[x_{min}; x_{max}] \times [y_{min}; y_{max}]$  rectangle

```
N <- 100000
k <- 0

for (i in 1:N) {
    x <- runif(1, min = -pi/2, max = pi/2)
    y <- runif(1, min = -pi, max = 1)
    if (y >= 2*abs(x) - pi && y <= abs(sin(2*x))){
        k <- k + 1
    }
}

cat('k =', k)</pre>
```

```
## k = 53321
```

```
S_0 <- pi*(1+pi)
S <- k/N*S_0
```

```
cat('Area of the rectangle: S_0 = ', S_0)

## Area of the rectangle: S_0 = 13.0112

cat('Area of the figure S = ', S)
```

## Area of the figure S = 6.9377