Team SB1 Paris

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Detecting chromatin compartments.

Input: Hi-C matrices from different cell lines data from all chromosomes at 25 kb and 100 kb res.

Methodology:

1 step: Data preparation protocol (binning, filtering, SCN, division O/E,correlation matrix)

2 step: Signal extraction: 1st eigenvector or HMM

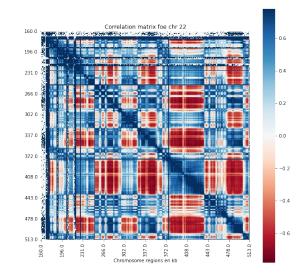
Indication of 2 compartments: active (euchromatin), inactive(heterochromatin)

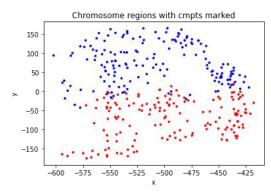
Output: Vector of chromosomal regions with corresponding compartment type.

Questions about:

- increasing number of compartment
 (HMM with more than 2 hidden states, 3D visualisation, epigenetic marks analysis?)
- increasing of resolution?
- analysis of inter chromosomal contacts?

Results - Chromosome 22

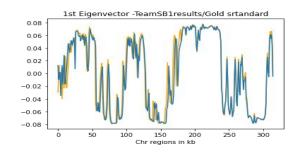


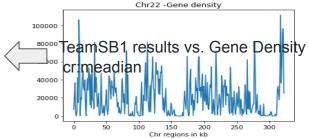


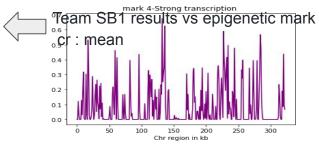
p	recision	recall	f1-score	support
Active	0.93	0.83	0.88	150
Inactive	0.86	0.95	0.90	165
weighted av	/a 0.89	0.89	0.89	315

p	recision	recall	f1-score	support
Active	0.70	0.71	0.71	158
Inanactive	0.72	0.70		165
weighted av	vg 0.71	0.71		323

Active	0.59	0.83	0.69	158
Inactive	0.74	0.45	0.56	165
weighted avo	0.67	0.64	0.63	323







Challenges:

- Technical: memory issues, code implementation issues
- Theoretical:
 - understanding of data preparation and signal extraction pipeline especially the role of correct filtration
 - correct interpretation of gene density and epigenetic marks (setting correct thresholds)
 - Still open questions about: increasing the resolution and defining the best number of compartments? HMM?

