### 1. Preprocessing MEG Python

Jupyter notebook with the **entire preprocessing and source reconstruction pipeline** for the SDMT dataset using the OSL Python library from the Oxford Centre for Human Brain Activity (OHBA) Ananalysis Group.

**Reference**: Quinn, A. J., van Es, M. W., Gohil, C., & Woolrich, M. W. (2023). OHBA Software Library in Python (OSL) (Version 0.2.0) [Computer software]. https://doi.org/10.5281/zenodo.6875060

#### Required input files/folders to run this Notebook:

- raw\_dataset\_dir: folder containing all raw. fif files for the SDMT data
- T1\_niifiles: folder containing all the subjects' MRI scans (.nii files)
- T1\_MNI\_niifiles: folder containing all the subjects' already co-registered MRI scans in MATLAB (.nii.gz files)
- · parcellation file:
  - "fmri\_d100\_parcellation\_with\_PCC\_reduced\_2mm\_ss5mm\_ds8mm.nii.gz" with 38 parcels needs to be 4D (3 dimensions for spatial coordinates and 1 for each parcel) with sform code = 1
- Parcels\_38\_names.txt (extra): .txt file with the names of the 38 parcels of the parcellation file

#### Install necessary packages

```
In [1]: #!pip install mne
    #!pip install fieldtrip2mne
    #!pip install fslpy
    #!pip install osl #(from https://github.com/OHBA-analysis/os
    #!pip install numpy --upgrade
    #!pip install pymatreader
    #!pip install trame
    #!pip install ipywidgets
    #!pip install numpy==1.22.4
    #!pip install pandas~=1.3.5
    #!pip install numba~=0.53.1
```

#### Import needed packages

#### Load in dataset - raw .fif files for all patients

```
In [4]: raw_dataset_dir = "/home/data/vub_ms/MEGDATA_ANA/SDMT/DATA/"
    all_fif_files = sorted(glob.glob(raw_dataset_dir + '*.fif'))
    print(len(all_fif_files))
```

#### Remove subjects that should be excluded

```
# The subjects excluded in the preprocessing phase relate to prior findings
         # - issues with MRI scan
         # - issues in the headmodelling step
         # - missing DIODE channel (in the event extraction)
         file IDs = []
         for filename in all_fif_files:
             file_IDs.append(filename[-21:-17]) #gets the 'code' Number per patient
         # Function to quickly find matching elements between 2 lists
         def find matching index(list1, list2):
             inverse index = { element: index for index, element in enumerate(list1)
             return [index
                 for index,element in enumerate(list2) if element in inverse index]
         # Use the function to find which subject IDs have to be removed from the tol
         indices_to_remove = find_matching_index(subject_IDs_to_exclude,file_IDs)
         print(indices_to_remove)
         [2, 29, 55, 57, 63, 75, 76, 94, 112, 116, 121, 128, 129]
In [9]:
         #Retained .fif files (filepaths)
         fif_files = [ele for idx, ele in enumerate(all_fif_files) if idx not in indi
         #Retained indices (subject ID
         file_IDs_retained = [ele for idx, ele in enumerate(file_IDs) if idx not in i
         print(len(fif_files))
         126
In [10]:
         # Quick example to see if a single .fif file can be loaded
         parceled_data = mne.io.read_raw_fif(fif_files[0], preload=True)
         Opening raw data file /home/data/vub_ms/MEGDATA_ANA/SDMT/DATA/meg_0922_SD
         MT_tsss_mc.fif...
                                           56.000 ... 1037.999 secs
             Range : 56000 ... 1037999 =
                                     0.000 ...
         Reading 0 ... 981999 =
                                                981.999 secs...
         /tmp/ipykernel_2716435/3664972164.py:2: RuntimeWarning: This filename (/hom
         e/data/vub_ms/MEGDATA_ANA/SDMT/DATA/meq_0922_SDMT_tsss_mc.fif) does not con
         form to MNE naming conventions. All raw files should end with raw.fif, raw_
         sss.fif, raw_tsss.fif, _meg.fif, _eeg.fif, _ieeg.fif, raw.fif.gz, raw_sss.f
         if.gz, raw_tsss.fif.gz, _meg.fif.gz, _eeg.fif.gz or _ieeg.fif.gz
         parceled_data = mne.io.read_raw_fif(fif_files[0], preload=True)
```

#### Add MRI info/files

```
In [12]: DIR_MRI_FILES = "/home/data/vub_ms/MEGNII/"
         T1_niifiles = sorted(glob.glob(DIR_MRI_FILES + 'MEG_*_MRI_T1.nii'))
         T1_MNI_niifiles = sorted(glob.glob(DIR_MRI_FILES + 'MEG_*_MRI_T1_MNI.nii.gz'
         # We only retain subjects with existing T1 MNI.nii file:
         file IDs MRI = []
         for filename in T1 MNI niifiles:
             file_IDs_MRI.append(filename[-22:-18]) # gets the 'code' from the .nii
         # Match between the patients we want to keep (for preprocessing), and valid
         indices_to_keep = find_matching_index(file_IDs_retained, file_IDs_MRI)
         # Retained T1.nii files
         T1 niifiles = [ele for idx, ele in enumerate(T1 niifiles) if idx in indices
         # Retained T1_MNI.nii.gz files
         T1_MNI_niifiles = [ele for idx, ele in enumerate(T1_MNI_niifiles) if idx in
         print(len(T1_niifiles), f'amount of T1.nii files for {len(fif_files)} patier
         print(len(T1_MNI_niifiles), f'amount of T1_MNI.nii files for {len(fif_files)
         126 amount of T1.nii files for 126 patients
         126 amount of T1_MNI.nii files for 126 patients
```

### **Processing Pipeline - 1 subject**

First, the Python package and all processing steps are tested for 1 single subject. This allows to learn how the package works, how each input needs to specified, and how to solve certain bugs/errors.

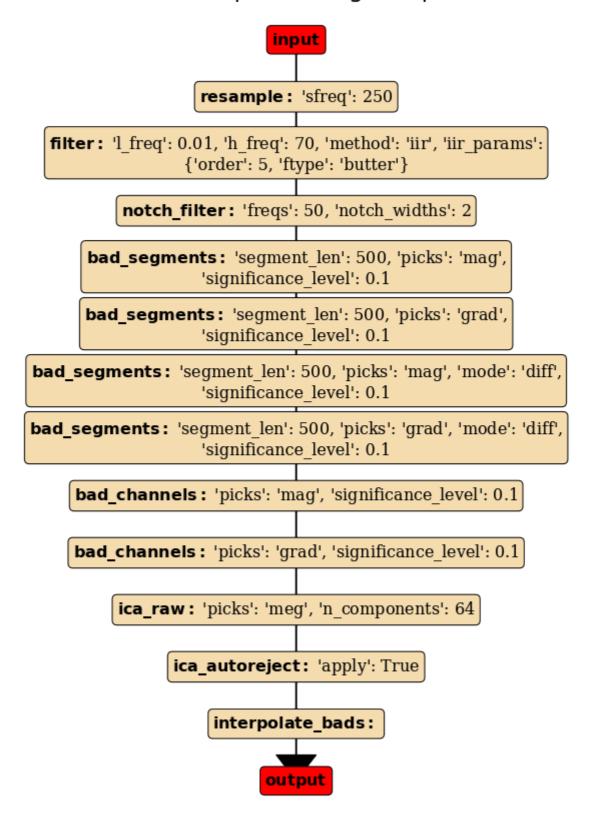
#### **Step 1: Preprocessing**

Preprocessing WITH removal of bad segments and channels

```
In [3]: from osl import preprocessing, utils
        # Directory in which we save the preprocessed data
        PREPROC_DIR = "/home/olivierb/processed_data"
        ## Order of preprocessing steps actually matters in the list of dictionaries
        # Settings
        config = """
            preproc:
            - resample: {sfreq: 250}
            - filter: {l_freq: 0.01, h_freq: 70, method: iir, iir_params: {order: 5,
            - notch_filter: {freqs: 50, notch_widths: 2}
            - bad_segments: {segment_len: 500, picks: mag, significance_level: 0.1}
            - bad segments: {segment_len: 500, picks: grad, significance_level: 0.1}
            - bad_segments: {segment_len: 500, picks: mag, mode: diff, significance_
            - bad_segments: {segment_len: 500, picks: grad, mode: diff, significance
            - bad_channels: {picks: mag, significance_level: 0.1}
            - bad_channels: {picks: grad, significance_level: 0.1}
```

```
- ica_raw: {picks: meg, n_components: 64}
             - ica_autoreject: {apply: true}
             - interpolate_bads: {}
        # Main preprocessing
        preprocessing.run_proc_batch(
            config,
            fif_files[0],
            outdir=PREPROC_DIR,
            overwrite=True,
In [4]:
        osl.preprocessing.plot_preproc_flowchart(config)
        /home/olivierb/osl/preprocessing/batch.py:566: UserWarning: FigureCanvasA
        gg is non-interactive, and thus cannot be shown
          fig.show()
Out[4]: (<Figure size 576x864 with 1 Axes>,
         <Axes: title={'center': 'OSL Preprocessing Recipe'}>)
```

### **OSL Preprocessing Recipe**



**Step 2: Coregistration** 

```
In [5]: #From: https://github.com/OHBA-analysis/osl/blob/main/examples/mrc_meguk/can
    from osl import source_recon, utils

# Settings
config = """
    source_recon:
    - extract_fiducials_from_fif: {} # ok
    - compute_surfaces:
```

```
include nose: False
    - coregister:
       use_nose: False
       use headshape: True
       n init: 50
0.00
# Directories
subject = "/home/olivierb/test/meg_0925_SDMT_tsss_mc/meg_0925_SDMT_tsss_mc_p
# Directory in which we will save the coregistered data
COREG DIR = "/home/olivierb/coreg"
# Directory to the FSL library, same as the one used in MATLAB, supported by
FSL DIR = "/usr/lib/fsl/6.0"
# Run coregistration
source recon.setup fsl(FSL DIR)
source_recon.run_src_batch(
   config,
   src dir=COREG DIR,
    subjects=['meg_0925_SDMT_tsss_mc_preproc_raw.fif'], # name of the subj
   preproc_files=[subject],
                                                           # path to preproce
    smri_files=[T1_MNI_niifiles[0]],
                                                           # path to .nii fil
    )
```

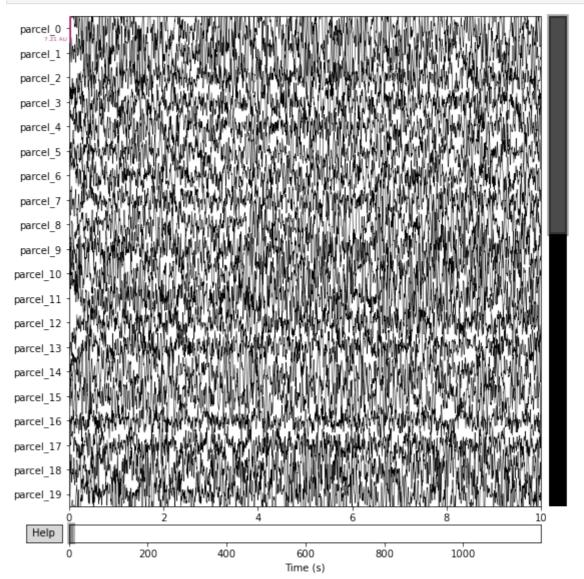
# **Step 3: Source reconstruction (Forward Modelling/Beamforming/Parcellation/Orthogonalisation)**

```
In [ ]: from osl import source_recon
        # '/home/olivierb/38_parcels.nii' => 38 parcels / sform_code=1
        # Settings
        config = """
            source_recon:
            - forward_model:
                model: Single Layer
                                                           # ok: Single Shell in MA
             - beamform_and_parcellate:
                freq_range: [1, 80]
                chantypes: [mag, grad]
                                                             # standard for MEG
                rank: {meq: 60}
                parcellation_file: '/home/olivierb/38_parcels.nii'
                method: spatial_basis
                                                             # ok => spatial_basis or
                orthogonalisation: symmetric
                                                             # ok
        0.00
        # Run beamforming and parcellation
        FSL_DIR = "/usr/lib/fsl/6.0"
        COREG_DIR = "/home/olivierb/coreg"
        SUBJECT = subject = "/home/olivierb/processed_data/meg_0925_SDMT_tsss_mc/meg
        source_recon.setup_fsl(FSL_DIR)
        source_recon.run_src_batch(
            config,
            src dir=COREG DIR,
                                                                    # path to all the
            subjects=['meg_0925_SDMT_tsss_mc_preproc_raw.fif'], # name of the suk
```

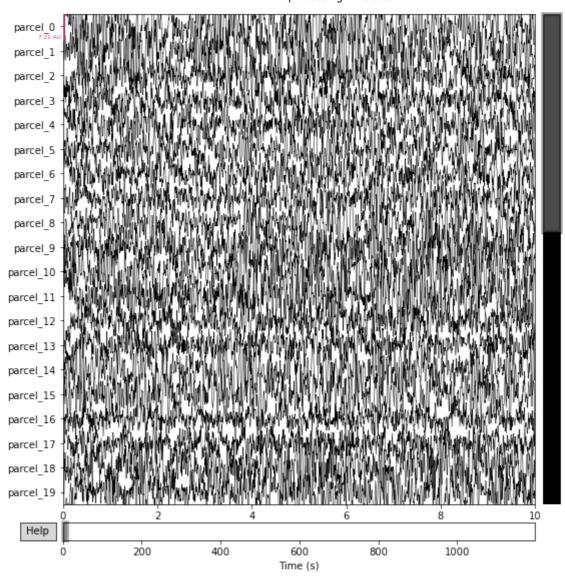
```
preproc_files=[subject] # path to preprod
)
```

#### Plot result of one of parcelated file

```
In [47]: raw = mne.io.read_raw_fif("/home/olivierb/coreg/meg_0925_SDMT_tsss_mc_prepro
In [48]: raw.plot()
```



Out[48]:



# Processing Pipeline - different subject groups in Parallel processing

Here the entire pipeline is ran for a larger amount of subjects at once. The goal is to process all subject files. I avoid processing all subjects in a single run, in case that an unexpected error occurs.

Several CPU cores can be allocated at the same time to perform the processing of several subjects in parallel (faster).

Select subject group to perform analysis on:

```
## 2. index 60-115
#idx_start = 60
#idx_end = len(fif_files)
#input_fif_files = fif_files[idx_start:idx_end]

## 3. index 90-115
idx_start = 90
idx_end = len(fif_files)
input_fif_files = fif_files[idx_start:idx_end]
```

#### **Step 1: Preprocessing**

```
In [ ]: from osl import preprocessing, utils
          # Directory in which we save the preprocessed data
         PREPROC_DIR = "/home/olivierb/processed_data"
         inputs = input_fif_files
         ## Order of preprocessing steps actually matters in the list of dictionaries
          # Settings
         config = """
             preproc:
             - resample: {sfreq: 250}
             - filter: {l_freq: 0.01, h_freq: 70, method: iir, iir_params: {order: 5,
              - notch_filter: {freqs: 50, notch_widths: 2}
             - bad_segments: {segment_len: 500, picks: mag, significance_level: 0.1}
             - bad_segments: {segment_len: 500, picks: grad, significance_level: 0.1}
             - bad_segments: {segment_len: 500, picks: mag, mode: diff, significance_
             - bad_segments: {segment_len: 500, picks: grad, mode: diff, significance
              - bad_channels: {picks: mag, significance_level: 0.1}
             - bad_channels: {picks: grad, significance_level: 0.1}
             - ica_raw: {picks: meg, n_components: 64}
              - ica_autoreject: {apply: true}
             - interpolate_bads: {}
          # Setup parallel processing
         client = Client(n_workers=4, threads_per_worker=1)
          # Main preprocessing
          preprocessing.run_proc_batch(
             config,
             inputs,
             outdir=PREPROC_DIR,
             overwrite=True,
             dask_client = True
         )
In [18]: # Prepare subjects and subject names for the remaining steps in the pipeline
          # Get the group of preprocessed files
         DIR_processed = "/home/olivierb/processed_data/"
         all_processed = sorted(glob.glob(DIR_processed + 'meg_*_SDMT_tsss_mc/'))
```

#get the actual fif files for the current group of subjects

group\_processed\_fif = []

for i in range(idx\_end - idx\_start):

```
group_processed_fif.append(sorted(glob.glob(all_processed[idx_start + i]

# Get the names of the subjects of each preprocessed file (the last of part
group_processed_names = []
for i in range(idx_end - idx_start):
    group_processed_names.append(os.path.basename(group_processed_fif[i]))

# Get the group of T1_MNI.nii files
group_smri = T1_MNI_niifiles[idx_start:idx_end]
print(len(group_smri))
```

#### **Step 2: Coregistration**

```
from osl import source_recon, utils
In [ ]:
        import numpy as np
        # Settings
        config = """
            source_recon:
            - extract_fiducials_from_fif: {} # ok
            - fix_headshape_points: {}
                                                # ok
            - compute_surfaces:
                include nose: False
            - coregister:
                use_nose: False
                use_headshape: True
                n_init: 50
        0.00
        # Directories
        # Directory in which we will save the coregistered data
        COREG_DIR = "/home/olivierb/coreg"
        # Directory to the FSL library, same as the one used in MATLAB, supported by
        FSL_DIR = "/usr/lib/fsl/6.0"
        # Setup parallel processing
        client = Client(n_workers=4, threads_per_worker=1)
        # Run coregistration
        source_recon.setup_fsl(FSL_DIR)
        source_recon.run_src_batch(
            config,
            src_dir=COREG_DIR,
            subjects=group_processed_names,
                                                           # name of the subject (pi
            preproc_files=group_processed_fif,
                                                           # path to preprocessed fi
            smri_files=group_smri,
                                                            # path to .nii file of th
            dask_client=True
```

# **Step 3: Source reconstruction (Forward Modelling/Beamforming/Parcellation/Orthogonalisation)**

```
In []: from osl import source_recon
#'/home/olivierb/38_parcels.nii' => 38 parcels / sform_code=1

# Settings
config = """
```

```
source_recon:
    - forward_model:
        model: Single Layer
                                                                 # ok: Single
    - beamform_and_parcellate:
        freq_range: [1, 80]
        chantypes: [mag, grad]
                                                                 # standard f
        rank: {meg: 60}
        parcellation_file: '/home/olivierb/38_parcels.nii'
        method: spatial basis
                                                                 # ok => spat
        orthogonalisation: None
                                                                 # ok (if you
0.00
# Run beamforming and parcellation
FSL DIR = "/usr/lib/fsl/6.0"
COREG DIR = "/home/olivierb/coreg"
# Setup parallel processing
client = Client(n workers=4, threads per worker=1)
## !!!!!!!!!!! Parallel processing fails for source reconstruction for son
source_recon.setup_fsl(FSL_DIR)
source recon.run src batch(
   confia.
   src dir=COREG DIR,
                                                            # path to all the
                                                            # name of the sub
    subjects=group_processed_names,
   preproc_files=group_processed_fif,
                                                            # path to preprod
   #dask_client=True
```

#### Before we can do the Sign-Flipping (Step 4):

# 1 subject (ID 0995) is missing ECG/EOG channels, the automated ICA artifact rejection can not be executed

For the single subject that did not have EOG/ECG channels

```
In [ ]: from osl import preprocessing, utils
        # Directory in which we save the preprocessed data
        PREPROC_DIR = "/home/olivierb/processed_data"
        ## Order of preprocessing steps actually matters in the list of dictionaries
        # Settings
        config = """
            preproc:
             - resample: {sfreq: 250}
            - filter: {l_freq: 0.01, h_freq: 70, method: iir, iir_params: {order: 5,
            - notch_filter: {freqs: 50, notch_widths: 2}
            - bad_segments: {segment_len: 500, picks: mag, significance_level: 0.1}
            - bad_segments: {segment_len: 500, picks: grad, significance_level: 0.1}
            - bad_segments: {segment_len: 500, picks: mag, mode: diff, significance_
            - bad_segments: {segment_len: 500, picks: grad, mode: diff, significance
            - bad_channels: {picks: mag, significance_level: 0.1}
            - bad_channels: {picks: grad, significance_level: 0.1}
             - interpolate_bads: {}
```

```
# NO ICA FOR SUBJECT 0995 => NO EOG CHANNELS FOUND
#- ica_raw: {picks: meg, n_components: 64}
#- ica_autoreject: {apply: true}

"""

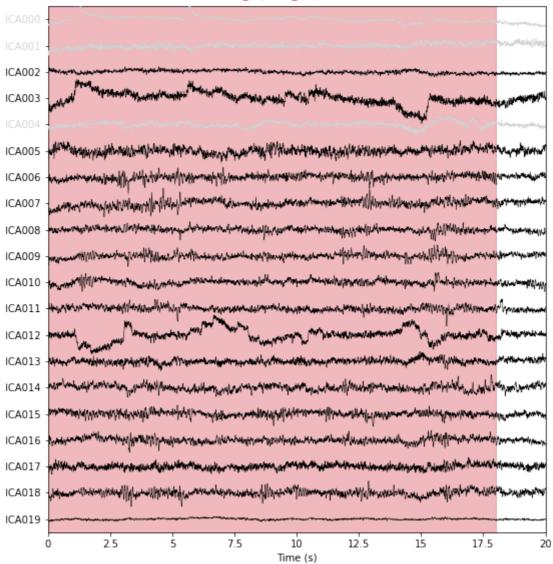
# Main preprocessing
preprocessing.run_proc_batch(
    config,
    fif_files[7],
    outdir=PREPROC_DIR,
    overwrite=True,
)
```

#### Manual ICA - subject 0995

be careful! ICA should be performed on the .fif file after filtering/referencing etc. (Don't accidentally select the file with the already applied manual ICA on it)

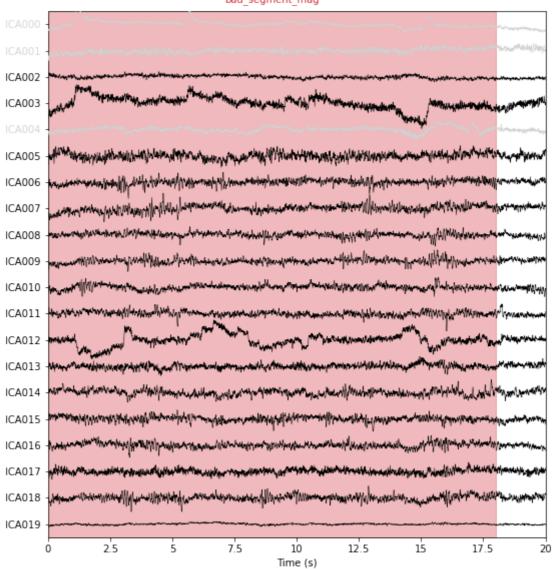
```
In [9]:
          # Load the sinlge subject
          raw = mne.io.read_raw_fif('/home/olivierb/processed_data/meg_0995_SDMT_tsss
          ica = mne.preprocessing.ICA(n_components=64, random_state = 0)
In [10]:
          raw_ica = raw.copy()
          ica.fit(raw ica)
                                   Method
                                                                       fastica
Out[10]:
                                       Fit 76 iterations on raw data (239001 samples)
                            ICA components
                   Available PCA components
                                                                         306
                              Channel types
                                                                     mag, grad
          ICA components marked for exclusion
In [17]:
          ica.plot_sources(raw_ica, show_scrollbars=False)
```

bad\_segment\_mag



Out[17]:

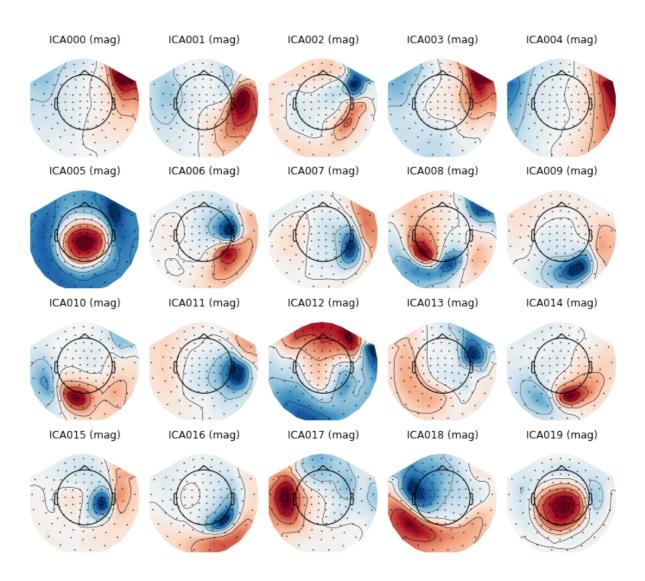
bad\_segment\_mag

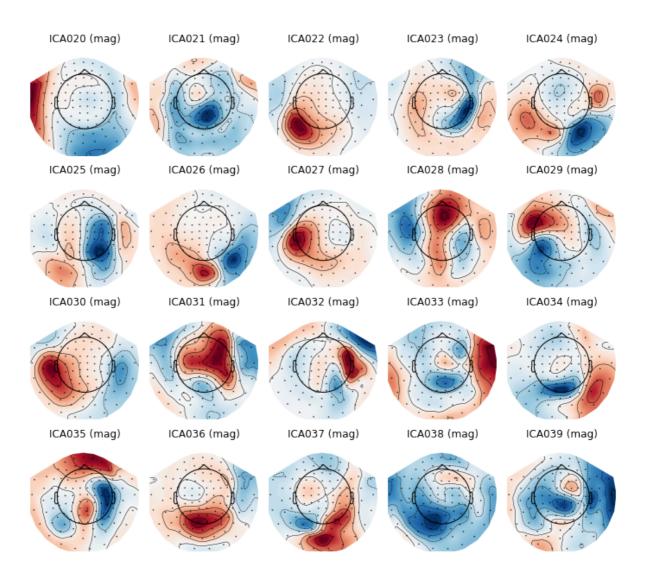


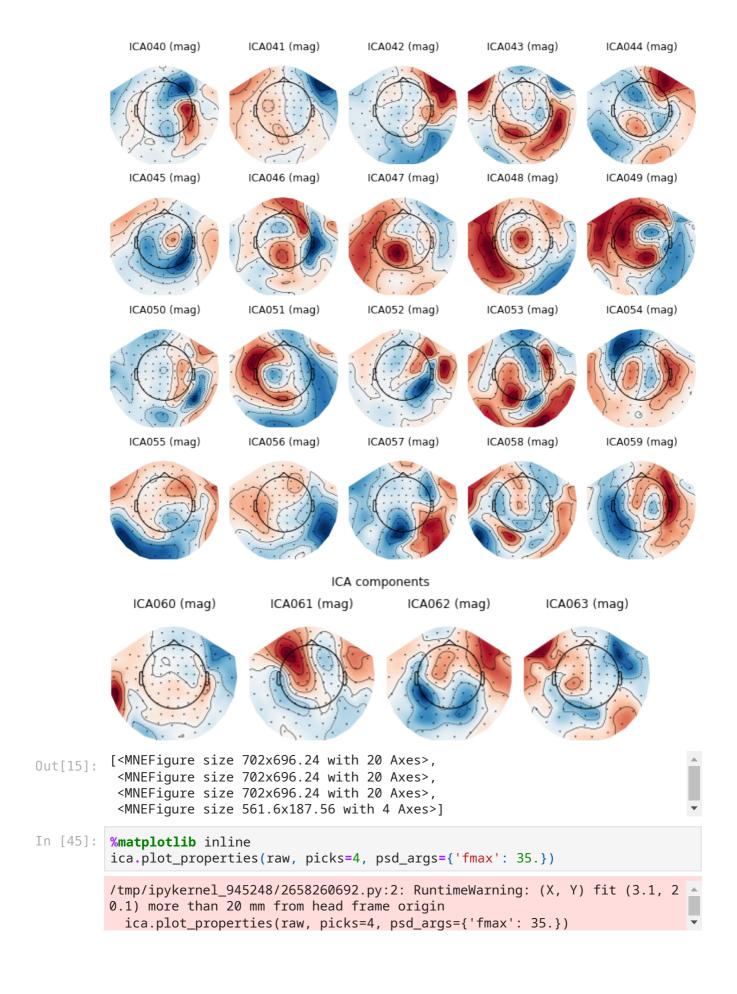
In [15]: %matplotlib inline
 ica.plot\_components()

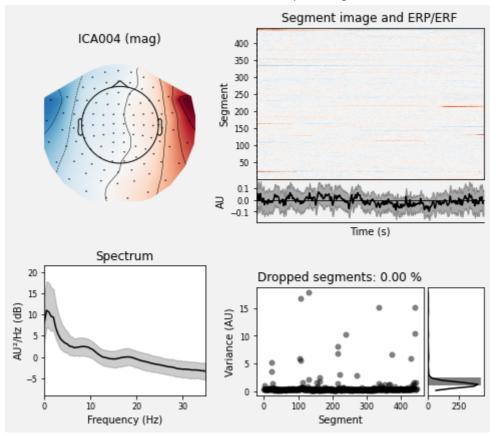
/tmp/ipykernel\_945248/150138342.py:2: RuntimeWarning: (X, Y) fit (3.1, 2
 0.1) more than 20 mm from head frame origin
 ica.plot\_components()

#### ICA components









Out[45]: [<Figure size 504x432 with 6 Axes>]

In [46]: #ICA000, ICA001, ICA003, ICA004
artifact\_picks = 0,1,3,4

#Removing the ICA components containing eyeblinks and eyemovements
ica.exclude = artifact\_picks # indices chosen based on various plots above
reconst\_raw\_1 = raw.copy()
ica.apply(reconst\_raw\_1)

Out[46]:	Measurement date	August 26, 2015 11:01:12 GMT
	Experimenter	neuromag
	Participant	
	Digitized points	299 points
	Good channels	204 Gradiometers, 102 Magnetometers, 3 Stimulus, 12 misc, 9 CHPI
	Bad channels	None
	EOG channels	Not available
	ECG channels	Not available
	Sampling frequency	250.00 Hz
	Highpass	0.10 Hz
	Lowpass	70.00 Hz
	Filenames	meg_0995_SDMT_tsss_mc_preproc_raw.fif
	Duration	00:18:18 (HH:MM:SS)

In [47]: reconst\_raw\_1.save('/home/olivierb/processed\_data/meg\_0995\_SDMT\_tsss\_mc/meg\_

\$

```
In [5]:
       from osl import source recon, utils
         # Settings
        config = """
            source_recon:
            - extract_fiducials_from_fif: {}
                                                # ok
            - compute surfaces:
                 include nose: False
             - coregister:
                use nose: False
                use headshape: True
                n init: 50
         0.00
         # Directories
         subject = "/home/olivierb/test/meg 0995 SDMT tsss mc/meg 0995 SDMT tsss mc p
         # Directory in which we will save the coregistered data
        COREG_DIR = "/home/olivierb/coreg"
         # Directory to the FSL library, same as the one used in MATLAB, supported by
        FSL DIR = "/usr/lib/fsl/6.0"
         # Run coregistration
         source_recon.setup_fsl(FSL_DIR)
         source_recon.run_src_batch(
            config,
            src_dir=COREG_DIR,
            subjects=['meg_0995_SDMT_tsss_mc_preproc_raw.fif'], # name of the subj
            preproc_files=[subject],
                                                                    # path to preproce
            smri files=[T1 MNI niifiles[7]],
                                                                    # path to .nii fil
             )
In [ ]: from osl import source_recon
         # '/home/olivierb/38_parcels.nii' => 38 parcels / sform_code=1
         # Settings
        config = """
            source_recon:
             - forward_model:
                 model: Single Layer
                                                             # ok: Single Shell in MA
             - beamform_and_parcellate:
                freq_range: [1, 80]
                 chantypes: [mag, grad]
                                                             # standard for MEG
                 rank: {meg: 60}
                 parcellation_file: '/home/olivierb/38_parcels.nii'
                 method: spatial_basis
                                                             # ok => spatial_basis or
                 orthogonalisation: symmetric
                                                             # ok
         0.00
         # Run beamforming and parcellation
        FSL_DIR = "/usr/lib/fsl/6.0"
        COREG_DIR = "/home/olivierb/coreg"
        SUBJECT = subject = "/home/olivierb/processed_data/meq_0995_SDMT_tsss_mc/med
         source_recon.setup_fsl(FSL_DIR)
         source_recon.run_src_batch(
            config,
                                                                     # path to all the
            src_dir=COREG_DIR,
```

```
subjects=['meg_0995_SDMT_tsss_mc_preproc_raw.fif'], # name of the sub
preproc_files=[subject] # path to preprod
```

#### **Step 4: Sign-flipping (all files together)**

```
In []: # To fix dipole sign amiguity.

from dask.distributed import Client
from osl import utils
from osl.source_recon import find_template_subject, run_src_batch, setup_fsl

# Directories
SRC_DIR = "/home/olivierb/coreg"
FSL_DIR = "/usr/lib/fsl/6.0"

# Get the parceled data
DIR_parceled = "/home/olivierb/coreg/"
all_parceled = sorted(glob.glob(DIR_parceled + 'meg_*_SDMT_tsss_mc_preproc_r
subjects = all_parceled
setup_fsl(FSL_DIR)

# Find a good template subject to align other subjects to
template = find_template_subject(SRC_DIR, subjects, n_embeddings=15, standar)
```

Get the subject names for all processed files

# Extra: Function to overwrite sform\_code of a .nii file (can be used on both MRI scans & parcelation files)

This is required due to a mismatch in sform\_code for the **parcellation file** (gives an error in osl python):

- Original sform\_code = 4 (normalized coordinates)
- Required sform\_code = 1 (scanner)based anatomical coordinates)

Meaning of the sform codes: https://nifti.nimh.nih.gov/nifti-1/documentation/nifti1fields/nifti1fields pages/qsform.html/document view

```
In [20]:
         import nibabel as nib
         import numpy as np
         import pandas as pd
         ## Parcellation files
         #(original_file_path = "/home/olivierb/osl/source_recon/parcellation/files/1
         # Function to overwrite the sform code of an existing .nii file
         def overwrite sformcode(original file path, output file path):
             # Load the NIfTI image
             nii_img = nib.load(original_file_path)
             # Get the image data and affine matrix
             data = nii_img.get_fdata()
             affine = nii_img.affine
             # Create a new NIfTI image with the modified sform code
             new sformcode = 1  # Set to the desired value
             new_header = nii_img.header.copy()
             new header.set sform(affine, code=new sformcode)
             # Create a new image using the modified data and header
             nii_img_with_modified_header = nib.Nifti1Image(data, affine, header=new_
             # Save the new image to a file
             nib.save(nii_imq_with_modified_header, output_file_path)
             # Reload the saved image
             loaded_img = nib.load(output_file_path)
             # Check the sform_code of the loaded image
             print(loaded_img.header['sform_code'])
             return
```

### Extra: Explore and visualise parcellation file

Plot parcellation for visualisation

```
In [50]: from nilearn import image
    nii_img = image.load_img("/home/fahimeha/PhD/preprocessing/parcellation/fmri
    print(nii_img.shape)
    one_volume = image.index_img(nii_img, 3)
    print(one_volume.shape)
```

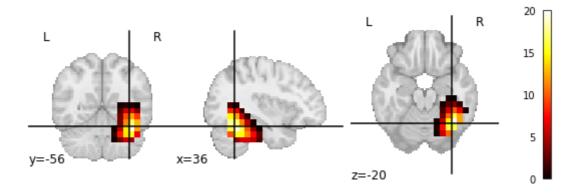
(23, 27, 23, 42) (23, 27, 23)

In [51]: from nilearn import image
 path\_parcel = "/home/olivierb/osl/source\_recon/parcellation/files/fmri\_d100\_
 nii\_img = image.load\_img(path\_parcel)
 print(nii\_img.shape)

(23, 27, 23, 38)

In [52]: from nilearn import plotting
plotting.plot\_stat\_map(one\_volume)

Out[52]: <nilearn.plotting.displays.\_slicers.OrthoSlicer at 0x7f6ed5594640>



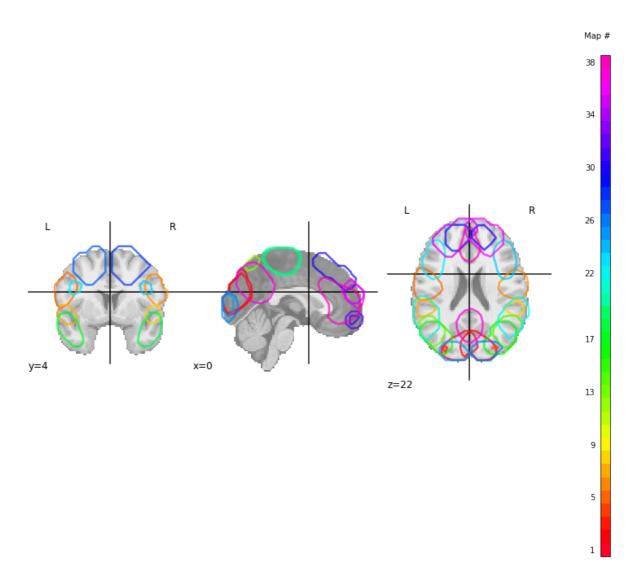
#### In [21]: import nilearn

In [22]: from nilearn.regions import connected\_regions
 from nilearn import datasets, plotting
 import nibabel as nib
 atlas = nib.load("/home/olivierb/38\_parcels.nii")

In [23]: region\_labels = connected\_regions(atlas)

In [24]: import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
 nilearn.plotting.plot\_prob\_atlas(atlas, figure=plt.figure(figsize=(10,10)),

Out[24]: <nilearn.plotting.displays.\_slicers.OrthoSlicer at 0x7f695e0115e0>



#### Extract parcel names for the parcellation file

```
In [25]: ## Parcel names extract

# Open the .txt file for reading
file_path = "/home/olivierb/Downloads/Parcels_38_names.txt"
with open(file_path, 'r') as file:
    lines = file.readlines()

# Strip any leading/trailing whitespace and create a list of strings
parcel_names = [line.strip() for line in lines]

# Print the list of strings
print(parcel_names)

# Parcel indices (how the channel names are stored in the Python parceled .n
parcel_idx= []
for i in range(len(parcel_names)): # 38 parcels
    parcel_idx.append('parcel_' + str(i))
print(parcel_idx)
```

['L Cuneus', 'R Cuneus', 'L Inf Occ', 'R Inf Occ', 'L Supramarginal', 'R Supramarginal', 'L Sup Temp', 'R Sup Temp', 'L Lat SMC', 'R Lat SMC', 'L Sup Parietal', 'R Sup Parietal', 'L Middle Occ', 'R Middle Occ', 'L Sup Occ', 'R Sup Occ', 'L Ant Temp', 'R Ant Temp', 'L Medial SMC', 'R Medial SMC', 'R Medial SMC', 'R Angular', 'L VL PFC', 'R VL PFC', 'L Occ pole', 'R Occ pole', 'L Sup PFC', 'R Sup PFC', 'L Sup Dorsal PFC', 'R Sup Dorsal PFC', 'L Orbitofrontal', 'R Orbitofrontal', 'L Post Temp', 'R Post Temp', 'L Inf Dorsal PFC', 'R Inf Dorsal PFC', 'Medial PFC', 'Posterior Cingulate Cortex']
['parcel\_0', 'parcel\_1', 'parcel\_2', 'parcel\_3', 'parcel\_4', 'parcel\_5', 'parcel\_6', 'parcel\_7', 'parcel\_8', 'parcel\_9', 'parcel\_10', 'parcel\_11', 'parcel\_12', 'parcel\_13', 'parcel\_14', 'parcel\_15', 'parcel\_16', 'parcel\_21', 'parcel\_22', 'parcel\_23', 'parcel\_24', 'parcel\_25', 'parcel\_20', 'parcel\_21', 'parcel\_22', 'parcel\_23', 'parcel\_24', 'parcel\_35', 'parcel\_36', 'parcel\_32', 'parcel\_33', 'parcel\_34', 'parcel\_35', 'parcel\_36', 'parcel\_32', 'parcel\_33', 'parcel\_34', 'parcel\_35', 'parcel\_36', 'parcel\_37']

```
In [26]: from nilearn.image import iter_img
from nilearn.plotting import plot_stat_map, show

for i, cur_img in enumerate(iter_img(atlas)):
    plot_stat_map(
        cur_img,
        title=f"{parcel_idx[i]} - {parcel_names[i]}",
        colorbar=False,
    )

# takes a little while to plot everything
```

/home/olivierb/.local/lib/python3.9/site-packages/nilearn/plotting/displa ys/\_slicers.py:144: RuntimeWarning: More than 20 figures have been opene d. Figures created through the pyplot interface (`matplotlib.pyplot.figur e`) are retained until explicitly closed and may consume too much memory. (To control this warning, see the rcParam `figure.max\_open\_warning`). Con sider using `matplotlib.pyplot.close()`.

figure = plt.figure(figure, figsize=figsize,

