

**Machine Learning (911.236)**

## Exercise sheet F

**Exercise 1.**

5 P.

Construct an example showing that the **0–1 loss function** may suffer from **local minima**. In particular, take  $\mathcal{X} = \mathbb{R}^2$  and construct a training sample

$$S \in (\mathcal{X} \times \{\pm 1\})^m$$

for which there exists a vector  $\mathbf{w}$  and some  $\epsilon > 0$  such that . . .

- . . . for any  $\mathbf{w}'$  with

$$\|\mathbf{w}' - \mathbf{w}\| \leq \epsilon$$

we have

$$L_S(\mathbf{w}) \leq L_S(\mathbf{w}')$$

**but**

- . . . there exists some  $\mathbf{w}^*$  such that

$$L_S(\mathbf{w}^*) \leq L_S(\mathbf{w}) .$$

This would show that  $\mathbf{w}$  is **not** a global minimum of  $L_S$ .

*Hint:* Consider homogeneous halfspaces (parametrized by  $\mathbf{w}$ ), i.e.,  $h_{\mathbf{w}}(\mathbf{x}) = \langle \mathbf{w}, \mathbf{x} \rangle$  and think about unit vectors and a very very small training set :) The Cauchy-Schwarz inequality might also be of great help!