```
Øving 7
13,1:
    2.
    3. Lav 2, = x, + ix,
               22=X2+1/2
         Z-Z,
           =\frac{X_1+iY_1}{X_2+iY_2}
           =\frac{(X_1+iY_1)(X_2-iY_2)}{(X_2+iY_2)(X_2-iY_2)}
           -X, X2+Y, Y2+ : X2Y, -X, Y2 OK.
        \frac{26-18!}{6-2!} - \frac{26\cdot 6+(-18)\cdot (-2)}{36+4} + \frac{6\cdot (-18)-26\cdot (-2)}{36+4}
                   -\frac{24}{5} - \frac{7}{5}
         2, =-2+5:
         =3-i
        Z1 - -2-5;
Z2 - 3+;
             -\frac{(-2)\cdot 3+(-5)\cdot 1}{9+1}+\frac{3\cdot (-5)-(-2)\cdot 1}{9+1}
             -\frac{(-2)\cdot 3+5\cdot (-1)}{9+1}+\frac{3\cdot 5-(-2)\cdot (-1)}{9+1}
             =- 11 + ° 13
            =-\frac{10}{10}-\frac{13}{510}
     16,
        2-x+iy
         Im(\frac{1}{2}) = \frac{1}{2i}(\frac{1}{2} - \frac{1}{2})
                    =\frac{1}{2i}\left(\frac{1}{x+iy}-\frac{1}{x-iy}\right)
                    =\frac{1}{2i}\left(-\frac{2y}{x^2+y^2}i\right)
            =-\frac{\sqrt{2}}{\sqrt{2}+\sqrt{2}}
         I_{m}\left(\frac{1}{2^{2}}\right)=
 13,2
         2= 1+0
         ~-\(\frac{1^2+1^2}{}\)
           =/2
        0=tan'(+)
           二世
         \Rightarrow = \sqrt{2} \left( \cos\left(\frac{\pi}{4}\right) + i \sin\left(\frac{\pi}{4}\right) \right)
                             > Re
    8
         Z-3-2;
           =1+2:
         ~=V12+221
          = 1/5
        \Theta = tan'\left(\frac{2}{7}\right)
           =63.43° 21,107
         => = \sqrt{5} (\cos(1.107) + i \sin(1.107))
    2 1 Im
         ==1/3±;
         avg(z_1)=tan'(\frac{1}{\sqrt{3}})
                      - HG
        arg(z_2)=tan(\frac{-1}{\sqrt{3}})
   21,
        3/1-i=w
                  =R_{\omega}^{i\phi}
        W3=1-0
             =reit
        v=1/2
        0=tan(-1)
           ---
        W3=12e-i7
        R^3 = \sqrt{2}
         30=-サーセ・ショ、トークノス
        3/1-i € {√2eit √2eit]
   25
        4/1=w
             =Re 50
         \\\\ = :
             -e (#
        124=1
         40一些少・2m
        4/7 €
 13.3
        Ra (=)<1
         Re(\frac{1}{z}) = Re(\frac{X - ix}{1 \ge 1^2})
                    - X
- TZI2
                    = X / ( )
         \Rightarrow \times < x^2 + y^2
         \Rightarrow -x^2 + x < y^2
       \int (z)^{-} \int |z|^{2} Im(z), z^{\pm}0

\int (z)^{-} \int |z|^{2} Im(z), z^{\pm}0
       J(0)=(=0
         zo=0
         12-0/48
         => /(2)-0|=|=|2]Im(=)
                                  = \left| \frac{1}{2} \right|^{2} \cdot \frac{-\operatorname{Im}(8)}{|3|^{2}}
                                  =-Im(2)
     16
       \int (x) = \begin{cases} \frac{\text{Im}(z^2)}{|z|^2}, z \neq 0 \\ 0, z = 0 \end{cases}
        x(0)=L=0
         ≥<sub>0</sub> =0
         12-0/5
         \Rightarrow |f(x)-0| = |\frac{Im((x^2-y^2)+2xyi)}{|z|^2}|
                                 \frac{-2xy}{-1212}
     18
         \left(\frac{z-i}{z+i}\right)' = \frac{(z'-1)\cdot(z+i)-(z-i)(z'+1)}{(z+i)^2}
                      _ = 2 / 2+2 / i - 2 - i - 22 / - 2+i 2 / + i 

- (2+i)<sup>2</sup>
```

- 22/i-22/