



# A Scalable Smart Solution for Modern Poultry Farming: Technical Insights



19329



# Technical Report

## I. Summary

The **Smart Poultry Monitoring System** addresses critical challenges in poultry farming, such as managing environmental parameters that affect poultry health and productivity. With Egypt's growing population and rising demand for poultry products, the system leverages IoT technologies to optimize farm conditions, reducing losses and enhancing meat production.

Key features include the integration of sensors such as the DHT11 for temperature and humidity, and the MQ135 for ammonia ( $\text{NH}_3$ ) and carbon dioxide ( $\text{CO}_2$ ) detection. These sensors are connected to an ESP32 microcontroller for real-time data transmission and storage in a MySQL database. A web-based dashboard provides intuitive visualizations and alerts via LED indicators when thresholds are exceeded.

Testing demonstrated effective real-time monitoring and data accuracy, with updates every 20 seconds. The system's ability to alert farmworkers promptly and provide actionable insights makes it a practical solution for improving poultry farm efficiency. Future enhancements could include AI-based health monitoring and advanced sensor upgrades to further enhance functionality.

## II. Introduction

The **Smart Poultry Monitoring System** was developed to address challenges in Egypt's poultry farming, exacerbated by population growth and environmental stressors such as temperature, humidity, ammonia ( $\text{NH}_3$ ), and carbon dioxide ( $\text{CO}_2$ ) levels. By integrating IoT-enabled sensors and real-time monitoring, this system enhances productivity and sustainability in poultry farming.

This report outlines the sensor integration process, signal interpretation techniques, and system performance in a test environment..

## III. Methodology

### A. Sensor Integration

The system incorporates the following components for environmental monitoring:

#### **1. DHT11 Sensor:**

- **Function:** Measures temperature ( $\pm 2^\circ\text{C}$  accuracy) and humidity ( $\pm 5\%$  accuracy).
- **Integration:** Connected to the ESP32 microcontroller for real-time data transmission.

#### **2. MQ135 Sensor:**

- **Function:** Detects ammonia and carbon dioxide levels with accuracy above  $\pm 3\%$ .
- **Integration:** Directly linked to the ESP32 for data relay.

#### **3. ESP32 Module:**

- **Purpose:** Central control unit with Wi-Fi capability for data transmission.
- **Role:** Processes sensor data and sends it to the SQL database.

#### **4. Alert Mechanisms:**

- **LED Indicators:**
  - Red for temperature or humidity threshold breaches.
  - Green for  $\text{CO}_2$  levels above 300 ppm.
  - Blue for  $\text{NH}_3$  levels above 30 ppm.

The system is powered by batteries with a DC-DC step-down regulator to maintain a stable voltage supply.

## **B. Signal Interpretation Techniques**

### **1. Data Formatting:**

- Sensor readings were converted into standardized formats before transmission.
- Float data types were handled to ensure compatibility between sensors and the MySQL database.

### **2. Real-Time Data Processing:**

- The ESP32 module was programmed to send HTTP GET requests containing sensor data every 20 seconds.
- A validation script in PHP ensured data integrity before insertion into the database.

### **3. Visualization:**

- Data was displayed using a web dashboard with half-pie charts that changed colors upon threshold breaches, providing intuitive alerts.

### **4. Error Mitigation:**

- Initial trials revealed issues with data transmission and type compatibility, which were resolved by:
  - Upgrading from Arduino Nano to ESP32 for enhanced wireless capability.
  - Implementing a validation layer in PHP scripts for data type conversion.

## **IV. Findings**

### **A. System Performance in Test Environment**

## 1. Testing Conditions:

- Simulated temperature and humidity changes using heat and moisture sources.
- Ammonia levels were artificially elevated via a chemical reaction ( $\text{NH}_4\text{Cl} + \text{NaOH} \rightarrow \text{NaCl} + \text{NH}_3 + \text{H}_2\text{O}$ ).
- $\text{CO}_2$  levels were tested using an incense stick.

## 2. Results:

- **Initial Readings:** Temperature: 24.75°C, Humidity: 52%,  $\text{NH}_3$ : 10.18 ppm,  $\text{CO}_2$ : 100.5 ppm.
- Threshold breaches triggered LED alerts, with real-time updates visible on the dashboard.

## 3. Data Transmission:

- Post-upgrades, data refresh rates improved to less than 30 seconds.
- The system demonstrated consistent and accurate data representation on the web dashboard.

## 4. User Experience:

- The intuitive interface allowed non-technical users to monitor parameters effectively.

## VI. Conclusion

The **Smart Poultry Monitoring System** demonstrated robust sensor integration and reliable signal interpretation, ensuring real-time monitoring of critical environmental parameters. The system's effective alert mechanism and user-friendly dashboard make it a scalable and practical solution for poultry farm management.

## VII. Recommendations

Future upgrades could include advanced sensors (e.g., DHT22, MH-Z19), AI-powered flock health monitoring, and automated feeding systems to further enhance functionality.

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