

Design

Kris Sowersby

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About

Karbon Slab Stencil was commissioned for Winegrowers of Ara under direction by Matt Remphrey at Parallax Design. After much discussion and field research, we decided that Ara needed a stencil typeface. Matt then came across an early sketch of my Karbon Slab and saw potential for an interesting stencil. He was right, and Ara recieved a typeface that confidently reflects their contemporary landscape and values.

Weights

Regular

Bold

Available formats

Macintosh

OpenType PS (OTF) format

PC

OpenType PS (OTF) format

Price

Family

\$75 US

Karbon Superset (Karbon & Karbon Slab Stencil)

\$400 US

Single weight

\$50 US

Karbon & related families

Karbon Slab Stencil
\$350 US

Karbon

Karbon
\$350 US

Karbon

Karbon & related families

Karbon
\$350 US

Hairline

Thin

Light

Regular

Medium

Semibold

Bold

Hairline Italic

Thin Italic

Light Italic

Regular Italic

Medium Italic

Semibold Italic

Bold Italic

Karbon Slab Stencil
\$75 US

Regular

Bold

Submillimeter
GRAPHITE
Helium
conductivity
ELECTRONS
Atomic
MILLION

43 point headline

Regular

Submillimetre Regime
In the Biosphere

Bold

Submillimetre Regime
In the Biosphere

25 / 29 Regular & Bold

CARBON is the chemical element with symbol C and atomic number 6. As a member of group 14 on the periodic table, it is nonmetallic & tetravalent (making) four electrons available to form covalent chemical bonds. There are three naturally occurring isotopes, with ^{12}C and ^{13}C being stable, while ^{14}C is radioactive, decaying with a half-life of about 5730 years.

16 / 20 Bold

THE NAME CARBON COMES FROM LATIN LANGUAGE CARBO, COAL, AND, IN SOME ROMANCE AND SLAVIC LANGUAGES, THE WORD CARBON CAN REFER BOTH TO THE ELEMENT AND TO COAL. CARBON IS ONE OF THE FEW ELEMENTS KNOWN SINCE ANTIQUITY.

10 / 14 Karbon Regular, Regular Italic & Karbon Slab Stencil Bold

There are several allotropes of carbon of which the best known are graphite, diamond, and amorphous carbon. The physical properties of carbon vary widely with the allotropic form. For example, diamond is highly transparent, while graphite is opaque and black. Diamond is among the hardest materials known, while graphite is soft enough to form a streak on paper (hence its name, from the Greek word *to write*). Diamond has a very low electrical conductivity, while graphite is a very good conductor. Under normal conditions, diamond has the highest thermal conductivity of all known materials. All the allotropic forms are solids under normal conditions but graphite is the most thermodynamically stable.

PHYSICAL PROPERTIES

All forms of carbon are highly stable, requiring high temperature to react even with oxygen. The most common oxidation state of carbon in inorganic compounds is +4, while +2 is found in carbon monoxides and other transitional metal carbonyl complexes. The largest sources of inorganic carbon are limestones, dolomites and carbon dioxide, but significant quantities occur in organic deposits of coal, peat, oil and methane clathrates. Carbon forms more com-

pounds than any other element, with almost ten million purely organic compounds described to date, which are only a tiny fraction of such compounds that are theoretically possible under standard conditions.

ABUNDANCE IN THE EARTH

Carbon is the 15th most abundant elements in the Earth's crust, & the fourth most abundant element in the universe, by mass, after hydrogen, helium, and oxygen. It is present in all known lifeforms. In the human body carbon is the second most abundant element by mass (about 18.5%) after oxygen. This abundance, together with the unique diversity of organic compounds and their unusual polymer-forming ability at the temperatures commonly encountered on Earth, make this element the chemical basis of all known life.

Carbon sublimates in a carbon arc which has a temperature of about 5800 K. Carbon remains solid at much higher temperatures than the highest melting point metals — such as tungsten or rhenium. Although thermodynamically prone to oxidation, carbon will resist oxidation more effectively than elements such as iron and copper

OpenType features

1 Ligatures (liga)

Ligatures are on by default. It is best to leave them on otherwise you may end up with unsightly clashes.

Off

Official final flicker

On

Official final flicker

2 Capital Forms (case)

Activating the All Caps feature subs in cap-specific punctuation, parenthesis, dashes, slashes, @.

Off

¡No! (5) «Nein» Q-R

On

¡NO! (5) «NEIN» Q-R

3 Fractions (frac)

Karbon has prebuilt fractions in 8ths, quarters, thirds, and half. Arbitrary fractions are also supported.

Off

**21/2 cups of cream
17/8 tsp of vanilla**

On

**2 ½ cups of cream
1 ⅞ tsp of vanilla**

4 Slashed zero (zero)

When zero has to be distinguished from O or o. All of the numeral styles on the previous page have a slashed zero.

Off

**GO N-0, O-4, P-6
go n-0, o-4, p-6**

On

**GO N-Ø, O-4, P-6
go n-Ø, o-4, p-6**

Basic character set 72 point, Regular

A B C D E F G H I
J K L M N O P Q R S
T U V W X Y Z
a b c d e f g h i j k l m n
o p q r s t u v w x y z
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0
. , : ; ' " " " ! ?
{ } [] () @ \$ € £ %
& * / < > + - ÷ =

Basic character set 72 point, Bold

A B C D E F G H I
J K L M N O P Q R S
T U V W X Y Z

a b c d e f g h i j k l m n
o p q r s t u v w x y z

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0

. , ; ' " " " ! ?

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& * / < > + - ÷ =

Roman character set

Basic uppercase

A B C D E F G H I J K L M N
O P Q R S T U V W X Y Z

Basic lowercase

a b c d e f g h i j k l m n o p q
r s t u v w x y z

Numerals

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 0 0

Currency symbols

€ \$ ¢ £ ¥

Ligatures

f b f f f h f i f j f k f l
f f b f f h f f i f f j f f k f f l

Fractions

$\frac{1}{2}$ $\frac{1}{3}$ $\frac{2}{3}$ $\frac{3}{4}$ $\frac{1}{8}$ $\frac{3}{8}$
 $\frac{5}{8}$ $\frac{7}{8}$

Punctuation & symbols

/ \ ^ . . ~ o v - u // .
 , , . , , . , ,
 ... ! ¡ ¨ ¿ ¸ * † ‡ § ¶ ^ ~ _ & @ ©
 © ® ℙ ℝ ™ № + − ± × ÷ = ≈ ≠ < >
 + − ± × ÷ = ≈ ≠ < > ≤ ≥ μ π ∞ ∂ ∫
 √ Δ Ω Π Σ / % ‰ ° “ ” „ ‘ ’
 ‹ › « » ⁄ \| ⁄ \| • · — —
 • · — — () [] {} () [] {}

a 0 1 2 3

Accented characters

Uppercase

Á À Â Ã Ä Å Ā Ă Ą Ą Ą Ą
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Accented characters continued

Lowercase

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Regular

7/10

There are several allotropes of carbon of which the best known are graphite, diamond, and amorphous carbon. The physical properties of carbon vary widely with the allotropic form. For example, diamond is highly transparent, while graphite is opaque and black.

8/11

There are several allotropes of carbon of which the best known ones are graphite, diamond, and amorphous carbon. The physical properties of carbon vary widely with the allotropic form. For example, a diamond is highly transparent, while graphite is opaque and black.

9/12

There are several allotropes of carbon of which the best known kinds are graphite, diamond, and amorphous carbon. The physical properties of carbon will vary widely with the allotropic form. For example, diamond is highly transparent, while graphite is opaque and black.

10/13

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11/14

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12/16

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14/18

There are several allotropes of carbon of which the best known are graphite, diamond, and amorphous carbons. The physical properties of carbon vary widely with the allotropic form. For example, diamond is highly transparent, while graphite is opaque and black.

15/19

There are several allotropes of carbons of which the best known are graphite, diamond, and amorphous carbon. Also, the physical properties of carbon varies widely with the allotropic forms. For example, diamond is highly transparent while graphite is opaque and black.

Bold

7 / 10

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15 / 19

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All weights & styles

Supported languages

Latin-1

Albanian
Danish
Dutch
English
Faroese
Finnish
Flemish
German
Icelandic
Indonesian
Irish
Italian
Malay
Norwegian
Portuguese
Scottish Gaelic
Spanish
Swahili
Swedish
Tagalog

Latin Extended-A

Afrikaans
Basque
Breton
Bosnian
Catalan
Croatian
Czech
Esperanto
Estonian
Fijian
French
Frisian
Greenlandic
Hawaiian
Hungarian
Latin
Latvian
Lithuanian
Maltese
Māori
Polish
Provençal
Rhaeto-Romanic
Romanian
Moldavian
Romany
Sámi (Inari)
Sámi (Luli)
Sámi (Northern)
Sámi (Southern)
Samoan
Slovak
Slovenian
Sorbian
Turkish
Welsh

Supported language Czech

7 / 10

že uznání přirozené důstojnosti a rovných a nezcizitelných práv členů lidské rodiny je základem svobody, spravedlnosti a míru ve světě,

8 / 11

že zneuznání lidských práv a pohrdání jimi vedlo k barbarským činům, urážejícím svědomí lidstva, a že vybudování světa, ve kterém lidé, zbavení strachu a nouze, se budou těšit svobodě projevu a přesvědčení, bylo prohlášeno za nejvyšší cíl lidu,

9 / 12

že je nutné, aby lidská práva byla chráněna zákonem, nemá-li být člověk donucen uchýlovat se, když vše ostatní selhalo, k odboji proti tyranii a útlaču,

10 / 13

že je nutné podporovat rozvoj přátelských vztahů mezi národy,

11 / 14

že lid Spojených národů zdůraznil v Chartě znovu svou víru v základní lidská práva, v důstojnost a hodnotu lidské osobnosti, v rovná práva mužů i žen a že se rozhodl podporovat sociální pokrok a vytvořit lepší životní podmínky ve větší svobodě,

12 / 16

že členské státy převzaly závazek zajistit ve spolupráci s Organizací spojených národů všeobecné uznávání a zachovávání lidských práv a základních svobod a

14 / 18

že stejné chápání těchto práv a svobod má nesmírný význam pro dokonalé splnění tohoto závazku,

15 / 19

Valné shromáždění vyhláší tuto Všeobecnou deklaraci lidských práv jakožto společný cíl pro všechny národy a všechny státy za tím účelem, aby se každý jednotlivec a každý orgán společnosti, máje tuto deklaraci stále na mysli, snažil vyučováním a výchovou rozšířit úctu k těmto právům a svobodám a zajistit postupnými opatřeními vnitrostátními i mezinárodními jejich všeobecné a účinné uznávání a zachovávání jak mezi lidem členských států samých, tak i mezi lidem území, jež jsou pod jejich pravomocí.

Supported language Danish

7 / 10

Da anerkendelse af den mennesket iboende værdighed og af de lige og ufortabelige rettigheder for alle medlemmer af den menneskelige familie er grundlaget for frihed, retfærdighed og fred i verden,

8 / 11

da tilsidesættelse af og foragt for menneskerettighederne har ført til barbariske handlinger, der har oprørt menneskehedens samvittighed, og da skabelsen af en verden, hvor menneskene nyder tale- og trosfrihed og frihed for frygt og nød, er blevet forkyndt som folkenes højeste mål,

9 / 12

da det er af afgørende betydning, at menneskerettighederne beskyttes af loven, hvis ikke mennesket som en sidste udvej skal tvinges til at gøre oprør mod tyranni og undertrykkelse,

10 / 13

da det er af afgørende betydning at fremme udviklingen af venskabelige forhold mellem nationerne,

11 / 14

da De forenede Nationers folk i pagten påny har bekræftet deres tro på fundamentale menneskerettigheder, på menneskets værdighed og værd og på lige rettigheder for mænd og kvinder, og har besluttet at fremme sociale fremskridt og højne levevilkårene under større frihed,

12 / 16

da medlemsstaterne har forpligtet sig til i samarbejde med De forenede Nationer at arbejde for fremme af almindelig respekt for og overholdelse af menneskerettigheder og fundamentale frihedsrettigheder,

14 / 18

da en fælles forståelse af disse rettigheder og friheder er af den største betydning for den fulde virkeliggørelse af denne forpligtelse,

15 / 19

derfor nu denne verdenserklæring om menneskerettighederne som et fælles mål for alle folk og alle nationer med det formål, at ethvert menneske og ethvert samfundsorgan stedse med denne erklæring for øje skal stræbe efter gennem undervisning og opdragelse at fremme respekt for disse rettigheder og friheder og gennem fremadskridende nationale og internationale foranstaltninger at sikre, at de anerkendes og overholdes overalt og effektivt, både blandt befolkningerne i medlemsstaterne og blandt befolkningerne i de områder, der befinder sig under deres styre.

Supported language French**7 / 10**

Considérant que la reconnaissance de la dignité inhérente à tous les membres de la famille humaine et de leurs droits égaux et inaliénables constitue le fondement de la liberté, de la justice et de la paix dans le monde,

8 / 11

Considérant que la méconnaissance et le mépris des droits de l'homme ont conduit à des actes de barbarie qui révoltent la conscience de l'humanité et que l'avènement d'un monde où les êtres humains seront libres de parler et de croire, libérés de la terreur et de la misère, a été proclamé comme la plus haute aspiration de l'homme,

9 / 12

Considérant qu'il est essentiel que les droits de l'homme soient protégés par un régime de droit pour que l'homme ne soit pas contraint, en suprême recours, à la révolte contre la tyrannie et l'oppression,

10 / 13

Considérant que dans la Charte les peuples des Nations Unies ont proclamé à nouveau leur foi dans les droits fondamentaux de l'homme, dans la dignité et la valeur de la personne humaine, dans l'égalité des droits des hommes et des femmes, et qu'ils se sont déclarés résolus à favoriser le progrès social et à instaurer de meilleures conditions de vie dans une liberté plus grande,

11 / 14

Considérant qu'il est essentiel d'encourager le développement de relations amicales entre nations,

12 / 16

Considérant que les Etats Membres se sont engagés à assurer, en coopération avec l'Organisation des Nations Unies, le respect universel et effectif des droits de l'homme et des libertés fondamentales,

14 / 18

Considérant qu'une conception commune de ces droits et libertés est de la plus haute importance pour remplir pleinement cet engagement,

15 / 19

L'Assemblée générale Proclame la présente Déclaration universelle des droits de l'homme comme l'idéal commun à atteindre par tous les peuples et toutes les nations afin que tous les individus et tous les organes de la société, ayant cette Déclaration constamment à l'esprit, s'efforcent, par l'enseignement et l'éducation, de développer le respect de ces droits et libertés et d'en assurer, par des mesures progressives d'ordre national et international, la reconnaissance et l'application universelles et effectives, tant parmi les populations des Etats Membres eux-mêmes que parmi celles des territoires placés sous leur juridiction.

Supported language German

7 / 10

Da die Anerkennung der angeborenen Würde und der gleichen und unveräußerlichen Rechte aller Mitglieder der Gemeinschaft der Menschen die Grundlage von Freiheit, Gerechtigkeit und Frieden in der Welt bildet,

8 / 11

da die Nichtanerkennung und Verachtung der Menschenrechte zu Akten der Barbarei geführt haben, die das Gewissen der Menschheit mit Empörung erfüllen, und da verkündet worden ist, daß einer Welt, in der die Menschen Rede- und Glaubensfreiheit und Freiheit von Furcht und Not genießen, das höchste Streben des Menschen gilt,

9 / 12

da es notwendig ist, die Menschenrechte durch die Herrschaft des Rechtes zu schützen, damit der Mensch nicht gezwungen wird, als letztes Mittel zum Aufstand gegen Tyrannei und Unterdrückung zu greifen,

10 / 13

da es notwendig ist, die Entwicklung freundschaftlicher Beziehungen zwischen den Nationen zu fördern,

11 / 14

da die Völker der Vereinten Nationen in der Charta ihren Glauben an die grundlegenden Menschenrechte, an die Würde und den Wert der menschlichen Person und an die Gleichberechtigung von Mann und Frau erneut bekräftigt und beschlossen haben, den sozialen Fortschritt und bessere Lebensbedingungen in größerer Freiheit zu fördern,

12 / 16

da die Mitgliedstaaten sich verpflichtet haben, in Zusammenarbeit mit den Vereinten Nationen auf die allgemeine Achtung und Einhaltung der Menschenrechte und Grundfreiheiten hinzuwirken,

14 / 18

da ein gemeinsames Verständnis dieser Rechte und Freiheiten von größter Wichtigkeit für die volle Erfüllung dieser Verpflichtung ist, verkündet die Generalversammlung

15 / 19

diese Allgemeine Erklärung der Menschenrechte als das von allen Völkern und Nationen zu erreichende gemeinsame Ideal, damit jeder einzelne und alle Organe der Gesellschaft sich diese Erklärung stets gegenwärtig halten und sich bemühen, durch Unterricht und Erziehung die Achtung vor diesen Rechten und Freiheiten zu fördern und durch fortschreitende nationale und internationale Maßnahmen ihre allgemeine und tatsächliche Anerkennung und Einhaltung durch die Bevölkerung der Mitgliedstaaten selbst wie auch durch die Bevölkerung der der ihrer Hoheitsgewalt unterstehenden Gebiete zu...

Supported language Icelandic

7 / 10

Það ber að viðurkenna, að hver maður sé jafnborinn til virðingar og réttinda, er eigi verði af honum tekin, og er þetta undirstaða frelsis, réttlætis og friðar í heiminum.

8 / 11

Hafi mannréttindi verið fyrir borð borin og lítilsvirt, hefur slíkt haft í för með sér siðlausar athafnir, er ofboðið hafa samvizku mannkynsins, enda hefur því verið yfir lýst, að æðsta markmið almennings um heim allan sé að skapa veröld, þar sem menn fái notið málfrelsis, trúfrelsis og óttaleysis um einkalíf afkomu.

9 / 12

Mannréttindi á að vernda með lögum. Að öðrum kosti hljóta menn að grípa til þess örþrifaræðs að rísa upp gegn kúgun og ofbeldi.

10 / 13

Það er mikilsvert að efla vinsamleg samskipti þjóða í milli.

11 / 14

Í stofnskrá sinni hafa Sameinuðu þjóðirnar lýst yfir trú sinni á grundvallaratriði mannréttinda, á göfgi og gildi mannsins og jafnrétti karla og kvernna, enda munu þær beita sér fyrir félagslegum framförum og betri lífsafkomu með auknu frelsi manna.

12 / 16

Aðildarríkin hafa bundizt samtökum um að efla almenna virðingu fyrir og gæzlu hinna mikilsverðustu mannréttinda í samráði við Sameinuðu þjóðirnar.

14 / 18

Til þess að slík samtök megi sem best takast, er það ákaflega mikilvægt, að almennur skilningur verði vakinn á eðli slíkra réttinda og frjálsræðis.

15 / 19

Fyrir því hefur allsherjarþing Sameinuðu þjóðanna fallizt á mannréttindayfirlýsingu þá, sem hér með er birt öllum þjóðum og ríkjum til fyrirmyndar. Skulu einstaklingar og yfirvöld jafnan hafa yfirlýsingu þessa í huga og kappkosta með fræðslu og uppeldi að efla virðingu fyrir réttindum þeim og frjálsræði, sem hér er að stefnt. Ber og hverjum einum að stuðla þeim framförum, innan ríkis og ríkja í milli, er að markmiðum yfirlýsingarinnar stefna, tryggja almenna og virka viðurkenningu á grundvallaratriðum hennar og sjá um, að þau verði í heiðri höfó, bæði meðal þjóða aðildarríkjanna sjálfra og meðal þjóða á landsvæðum þeim, er hlita lögsögu aðildarríkja.

Supported language Norwegian**7 / 10**

Då det å godkjenne det naturlege menneskeverdet med like og umissande rettar for alle menneske på jorda er grunnlaget for fridom, rettferd og fred i verda,

8 / 11

og då hån og vørdsløyse mot menneskerettane har ført til barbariske handlingar som har skaka samvitset til menneskeretta, er framvoksteren i den verda der menneska skal ha talefridom og trusfridom og vere løyste frå otte og naud, kunngjord som det høgste målet for kvart menneske,

9 / 12

og då det er nødvendig at menneskerettane blir verna om av lover slik at menneska ikkje blir tvinga til å finne den siste utvegen i å gjere opprør mot tyranni og trælekår,

10 / 13

og då det er nødvendig å arbeide for betre tilhøve mellom nasjonane,

11 / 14

og då folka i Dei Sameinte Nasjonane har stadfest trua si i denne pakta, på grunnleggjande menneskerettar, på menneskeverd og på same rett for mann og kvinne, og har vedteke å arbeide for sosiale framsteg og betre levevilkår i større fridom,

12 / 16

og då medlemsstatane har bunde seg til å fremje allmenn vørtnad for pakta og halde seg etter menneskerettane og den grunnleggjande fridomen i samarbeid med Dei Sameinte Nasjonane,

14 / 18

og då denne retten og fridomen må bli godkjend av alle dersom pakta skal bli røyndom, Kunngjer Generalforsamlinga

15 / 19

den internasjonale fråsegna om menneskerettane, som skal peike mot eit sams mål for alle folk og nasjonar. Fråsegna må alltid vere i tankane til den einskilde og dei styrande og få dei til å styrkje vørtnaden for rett og fridom gjennom undervisning og oppseding. Dei skal syte for at fråsegna blir allment kjend og etterlevd både i medlemslanda og i tilsynsområda, og arbeide trufast med dette både på nasjonalt og internasjonalt grunnlag.

Supported language Polish

7 / 10

Trzecia Sesja Ogólnego Zgromadzenia ONZ, obradująca w Paryżu, uchwaliła 10 grudnia 1948 roku jednomyślnie Powszechną Deklarację Praw Człowieka. Dokument ten stanowi niewątpliwie jedno z największych i najtrwalszych osiągnięć ONZ. Przetłumaczona na większość języków świata Powszechna Deklaracja Praw Człowieka zbiera oraz porządkuje osiągnięcia i postulaty człowieka, który od wielu setek lat toczy nie skończoną jeszcze walkę o swoją wolność i swoją godność.

8 / 11

Zważywszy, że uznanie przyrodzonej godności oraz równych i niezbywalnych praw wszystkich członków wspólnoty ludzkiej jest podstawą wolności, sprawiedliwości i pokoju świata,

9 / 12

Zważywszy, że nieposzanowanie i nieprzestrzeganie praw człowieka doprowadziło do aktów barbarzyństwa, które wstrząsnęły sumieniem ludzkości, i że ogłoszono uroczyste jako najwznioślejszy cel ludzkości dążenie do zbudowania takiego świata, w którym ludzie korzystać będą z wolności słowa i przekonań oraz z wolności od strachu i nędzy,

10 / 13

Zważywszy, że konieczne jest zawarowanie praw człowieka przepisami prawa, aby nie musiał, doprowadzony do ostateczności, uciekać się do buntu przeciw tyranii i uciskowi,

11 / 14

Zważywszy, że konieczne jest popieranie rozwoju przyjaznych stosunków między narodami,

12 / 16

Zważywszy, że Narody Zjednoczone przywróciły swą wiarę w podstawowe prawa człowieka, godność i wartość jednostki oraz w równouprawnienie mężczyzn i kobiet, oraz wyraziły swe zdecydowanie popierania postępu społecznego i poprawy warunków życia w większej wolności,

14 / 18

Zważywszy, że Państwa Członkowskie podjęły się we współpracy z Organizacją Narodów Zjednoczonych zapewnić powszechne poszanowanie i przestrzeganie praw człowieka i podstawowych wolności,

15 / 19

Zważywszy, że jednakowe rozumienie tych praw i wolności ma olbrzymie znaczenie dla ich pełnej realizacji, Przeto zgromadzenie ogólne Ogłasza Uroczyste niniejszą Powszechną Deklarację Praw Człowieka jako wspólny najwyższy cel wszystkich ludów i wszystkich narodów, aby wszyscy ludzie i wszystkie organy społeczeństwa — mając stale w pamięci niniejszą Deklarację — dążyły w drodze nauczania i wychowywania do rozwijania poszanowania tych praw i wolności i aby zapewniły za pomocą postępowych...

Supported language Portuguese**7 / 10**

Considerando que o reconhecimento da dignidade inerente a todos os membros da família humana e dos seus direitos iguais e inalienáveis constitui o fundamento da liberdade, da justiça e da paz no mundo;

8 / 11

Considerando que o desconhecimento e o desprezo dos direitos do Homem conduziram a actos de barbárie que revoltam a consciência da Humanidade e que o advento de um mundo em que os seres humanos sejam livres de falar e de crer, libertos do terror e da miséria, foi proclamado como a mais alta inspiração do Homem;

9 / 12

Considerando que é essencial a protecção dos direitos do Homem através de um regime de direito, para que o Homem não seja compelido, em supremo recurso, à revolta contra a tirania e a opressão;

10 / 13

Considerando que é essencial encorajar o desenvolvimento de relações amistosas entre as nações;

11 / 14

Considerando que, na Carta, os povos das Nações Unidas proclamam, de novo, a sua fé nos direitos fundamentais do Homem, na dignidade e no valor da pessoa humana, na igualdade de direitos dos homens e das mulheres e se declaram resolvidos a favorecer o progresso social e a instaurar melhores condições de vida dentro de uma liberdade mais ampla;

12 / 16

Considerando que os Estados membros se comprometeram a promover, em cooperação com a Organização das Nações Unidas, o respeito universal e efectivo dos direitos do Homem e das liberdades fundamentais;

14 / 18

Considerando que uma concepção comum destes direitos e liberdades é da mais alta importância para dar plena satisfação a tal compromisso: A Assembléia Geral proclama a presente Declaração Universal dos Direitos Humanos

15 / 19

como ideal comum a atingir por todos os povos e todas as nações, a fim de que todos os indivíduos e todos os órgãos da sociedade, tendo-a constantemente no espírito, se esforcem, pelo ensino e pela educação, por desenvolver o respeito desses direitos e liberdades e por promover, por medidas progressivas de ordem nacional e internacional, o seu reconhecimento e a sua aplicação universais e efectivos tanto entre as populações dos próprios Estados membros como entre as dos territórios colocados sob a sua jurisdição.

Supported language Turkish

7 / 10

İnsanlık ailesinin bütün üyelerinde bulunan haysiyetin ve bunların eşit ve devir kabul etmez haklarının tanınması hususunun, hürriyetin, adaletin ve dünya barışının temeli olmasına,

8 / 11

İnsan haklarının tanınmaması ve hor görülmesinin insanlık vicdanını isyana sevkeden vahşiliklere sebep olmuş bulunmasına, dehşetten ve yoksulluktan kurtulmuş insanların, içinde söz ve inanma hürriyetlerine sahip olacakları bir dünyanın kurulması en yüksek amaçları olarak ilan edilmiş bulunmasına,

9 / 12

İnsanın zulüm ve baskıya karşı son çare olarak ayaklanmaya mecbur kalmaması için insan haklarının bir hukuk rejimi ile korunmasının esaslı bir zaruret olmasına,

10 / 13

Uluslararası dostça ilişkiler geliştirilmesini teşvik etmenin esaslı bir zaruret olmasına,

11 / 14

Birleşmiş Milletler halklarının, Antlaşmada, insanın ana haklarına, insan şahsının haysiyet ve değerine, erkek ve kadınların eşitliğine olan imanlarını bir kere daha ilan etmiş olmalarına ve sosyal ilerlemeyi kolaylaştırmaya, daha geniş bir hürriyet içerisinde daha iyi hayat şartları kurmaya karar verdiklerini beyan etmiş bulunmalarına,

12 / 16

Üye devletlerin, Birleşmiş Milletler Teşkilatı ile işbirliği ederek insan haklarına ve ana hürriyetlerine bütün dünyada gerçekten saygı gösterilmesinin teminini taahhüt etmiş olmalarına,

14 / 18

Bu haklar ve hürriyetlerin herkesçe aynı şekilde anlaşılmasının yukarıdaki taahhüdün yerine getirilmesi için son derece önemli bulunmasına göre,

15 / 19

Birleşmiş Milletler Genel Kurulu, İnsanlık topluluğunun bütün fertleriyle uzuvlarının bu beyannameyi daima gözönünde tutarak öğretim ve eğitim yoluyla bu haklar ve hürriyetlere saygıyı geliştirmeye, gittikçe artan milli ve milletlerarası tedbirlerle gerek bizzat üye devletler ahalisi gerekse bu devletlerin idaresi altındaki ülkeler ahalisi arasında bu hakların dünyaca fiilen tanınmasını ve tatbik edilmesini sağlamaya gayret etmeleri amacıyla bütün halklar ve milletler için ulaşılabilecek ortak ideal olarak işbu İnsan Hakları Evrensel Beyannamesini ilan eder.

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