# **RESTful JSON API**

We include the following overview of our application programming interface in order to explain the calls and interfaces that we are employing in our program. This is aimed to give a comprehensive overview of all calls and explain their meanings.

# **Objects**

# appState

# **Description:**

appState is what the server sends to the client in order to notify the client of the current state of the application.

```
Form:
```

```
appState={
  simulation:simulation
  device:device
  simulations_list:[ simulation_description ]
}
```

# **Explanation:**

- 1. simulation is a simulation object
- 2. device is the device object which belongs to the current user
- simulation\_list is an array of simulation\_description objects, each object contains the name of a simulation, the number of devices in that simulation and number of networks.

# simulation\_description

# **Description:**

A bare-bones description of a of the simulations in the application used for viewing before registering to one.

```
simulation_description={
simulation_id : string
simulation_name: string
num_devices: int
num_networks: int
```

```
}
```

- 1. simulation\_id : the id of the simulation object
- 2. simulation\_name: the name of this simulation
- 3. num devices: the number of devices currently in this simulation
- 4. num networks: the number of networks currently in this simulation

# simulation

# **Description:**

An object which describes a simulation.

# Form:

```
simulation={
```

\_id: string //the unique ID of the simulation

num\_devices: int
num\_networks: int

simulation\_population: int simulation\_name: string tokenMethod: string partition\_list: [partition] activity\_logs: String

}

# Explanation:

- 1. \_id: the unique identifier of this simulation
- 2. num\_devices: the number of devices in this simulation
- 3. num\_networks: the number of networks in this simulation
- 4. simulation\_population: the number of verified users in this simulation
- 5. simulation name: the name of this simulation
- 6. tokenMethod: The method by which tokens are propagated to users
- 7. partition\_list: Holds an array of all partitions, which hold a list of networks
- 8. activity\_logs: holds all of the activities which occurred on the server.

#### **Partition**

# <u>Description:</u>

Holds a list of all partitions in the simulation

```
partition={
    _id: string,
    partition_name: string,
    network_list: [Network]
}

Explanation:
    1. _id: the unique identifier for this partition
    2. network_list: an array of all Network objects
```

#### Network

# **Description:**

Represents a network within the simulation

### Form:

```
Network={
_id: string
network_name: string
network_type: string
partition: string
device_list:[device]
}
```

# Explanation:

- 1. \_id: the unique identifier of this network
- 2. network name: the name of this network
- 3. network type: displays what kind of network this is. For example, wifi, GSM.
- 4. partition: The name of the partition which this device belongs to.
- 5. device list: An array of all devices within this network

# **Device**

### **Description:**

The representation of a device within a simulation.

```
Device={
_id: string
token: string
email: string
```

```
verified: boolean
current_partition: string
current_network: string
registeredOn: string
admin: boolean
networks_created: [string]
current_simulation: string
current_device_name: string
activity: string
}
```

- 1. id: the unique id of the device
- 2. token: the unique token assigned to this device. This is the unique identifier of this device
- 3. email: the email of the user using
- 4. verified: a boolean value specified whether this device has been verified with the simulation.
- 5. current parition: the name of the current partition which this device is a member of .
- 6. current network: the name of the network which this device is a member of.
- 7. registeredOn: The date which this device was verified on.
- 8. admin: whether the device is an admin or not.
- 9. networks created: a list of the names of networks which this device has created.
- 10.current simulation: the name of the current simulation which this device is a part of.
- 11.current device name: the name of this device
- 12.activity: the activity log of this device.

# Simulation\_history

# **Description:**

A list of 'snapshots' of the simulation, one for each event which has occurred to be viewed, and accompanied by the logs.

```
States={
simulation_id: string
state: [ history_state ]
}
```

- 1. simulation\_id: the id of the simulation this states object represents
- 2. state : an array of state\_objects

# history\_state

# **Description:**

The state or 'snapshot' of what the simulation looks like at that point in time. Used to accompany viewing logs.

### Form:

```
state_object ={
timestamp: string
simulation: simulation_object
}
```

# **Explanation:**

- 1. timestamp: the timestamp of when this history\_state was current
- 2. simulation: the simulation object recorded at this timestamp

# event\_queue\_wrapper

# **Description:**

The list of events which have occurred on the client since the previous sync which are to be sent to the server.

#### Form:

```
event_queue_wrapper={
eventQueue:[event]
token:string
simulationName :string
}
```

### **Explanation:**

- 1. eventQueue is an array of event objects (outlined below).
- 2. token is a string representing the unique token of that device
- 3. simulationName is a string representation of the name of the simulation which that device is a member of.

#### event

# **Description:**

An event which occurred on the client side which must be handled by the server.

```
Form:
event={
route: string
event_data: {event_data_object}
time_stamp: string
}
```

- 1. route is a string indicating how the router on the server side should handle this event. It is of the form "/type/event". The different routes are detailed below.
- 2. event data is the information about the event to be handled by the server.
- 3. time\_stamp is the time at which this event occurred.

### file

### **Description:**

A generic file. It contains a type, and data in the form of a text string.

### Form:

```
file={
name: string,
type: ('RDT'/'APP'),
data: string
}
```

# **Routes**

The following is a list of all of the routes which are used to handle the events in the event queue passed to the server.

# /create/Simulation

```
event_data={
num_devices: int
num_networks: int
simulation_population: 0? what is this?
simulation_name: string
```

```
tokenMethod: string (We should just use email for now)
      config map: config map
      activity logs: "why do we need this?
}
/create/Network
event_data={
network_name: string
simulation id: string
}
/create/Device
event_data={
simulation_id: string
device name: string
}
/move/Device/Network
event_data={
network_id: string
simulation_id: string
device_token: string
}
/merge/Partitions
event_data={
partition a id: string
partition_b_id: string
simulation_id: string
}
/authenticate/authToken
event_data={
token: string
}
```

### /divide/Partitions

```
event_data={
partition_id: string
split_networks_list: [network_id]
simulation_id: string
}
```

# Explanation:

partition\_id: the unique id of the partition split\_networks: an array of unique\_id's of networks which are being removed from this partition and put into a new partition simulation\_id: the unique id of this simulation

# /upload/

```
event_data={
simulation_id: string,
files:[file]
}
```

<u>Explanation:</u> This is called when a simulation admin wishes to upload an RDT or an Application to their simulation. The server handles the file types and placing them in the proper directories.