# Math Functions

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#### Intro

While PHP was never considered to be a "math operations language", it still has a lot of math functions, and a lot of operations require those functions.

Full list: <a href="https://www.php.net/manual/en/ref.math.php">https://www.php.net/manual/en/ref.math.php</a>

#### Rounding numbers

To round a number in PHP we may use **round**, **ceil**, **floor** functions. Unlike in many other languages, **round** function in PHP is really powerful.

```
<?php
echo round(3.4) . "\n"; // 3
echo round(3.5) . "\n"; // 4
echo round(3.6) . "\n"; // 4
echo round(3.6, 0) . "\n"; //4
echo round (5.045, 2) . "\n"; // 5.05
echo round(5.055, 2) . "\n"; // 5.06
echo round (345, -2) . "\n"; //300
echo round(345, -3) . "\n"; // 0
echo round(678, -2) . "\n"; // 700
echo round(678, -3). "\n"; // 1000
echo ceil(4.3) . "\n"; // 5
echo ceil(9.999) . "\n"; // 10
echo ceil(-3.14) . "\n"; //-3
echo floor(4.3). "\n"; // 4
echo floor(9.999). "\n"; // 9
echo floor(-3.14). "\n"; // -4
```

#### Generating random numbers

And again: unlike many other languages PHP provides simple and convenient way to generate a random number within defined range.

```
<?php
// Get random integer
echo mt \ rand(1, 999) . "\n"; // e.g., 743
// Get random float
function getRandomFloat(float $min, float $max) : float {
    if ($min >= $max) {
        throw new Exception ("The minimum border should be less than a maximum border.");
    return ($min + lcg value() * (abs($max - $min)));
echo getRandomFloat(0.5, 0.7) . "\n"; // e.g., 0.51656109828938
```

### Changing base

And again: unlike many other languages PHP provides simple and convenient way to change a base of a number.

## Detecting minimal and maximal values

And again: unlike many other languages PHP provides simple and convenient way to detect a min/max value.

```
<?php
data = array(5, 3, 9, 2);
echo max(\$data) . "\n"; // 9
echo max(9, 12, 6, 8) . "\n"; // 12
echo min(\$data) . "\n"; // 2
echo min(9, 12, 6, 8) . "\n"; //6
$data = array('Test', 'ABC', 'ZZZ', 'Just a string');
echo max(\$data) . "\n"; // ZZZ
echo min($data) . "\n"; // ABC
```

### Other potentially useful functions

These functions may also be useful in some arithmetical operations. Just a quick overview:

```
<?php
echo abs (-4.2) . "\n"; // 4.2
echo abs(5) . "\n"; //5
echo abs(-5) . "\n"; //5
echo pi() . "\n";; // 3.1415926535898
echo M PI . "\n";; // 3.1415926535898
echo pow(2, 8) . "\n"; // 256
echo pow(-1, 20) . "\n"; // 1
echo pow(0, 0) . "\n"; // 1
echo pow(10, -1) . "\n"; // 0.1
echo pow(-1, 5.5) . "\n"; // NAN
```

### Detecting incorrect operation results

While dealing with numbers there is always a potential risk to get overflow or "not a number" at all.

```
<?php
a = 1;
b = 10;
$c = 0;
$d = -5;
if (is finite($a + $b)) {
    echo ($a + $b) . "\n";
if (is infinite(log($c))) {
    echo "Sorry, it is impossible to calculate log(" . $c . ")\n";
} else {
    echo log(\$c) . "\n";
if (is nan(sqrt($d))) {
    echo "Sorry, it is impossible to calculate sqrt(" . $d . ") in real numbers.\n";
} else {
    echo sqrt($d) . "\n";
```

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