LAMP or LEMP Setup

Disclaimer: вы смотрите просто запись лекции, это **HE** специально подготовленный видеокурс!



What is LAMP or LEMP?



Initial assumptions and links

Assumptions: you are able to create a VirtualBox VM, you know how to use Linux, you are able to install Linux.

Just in case:

https://ubuntu.com/download/server

https://askubuntu.com

https://stackoverflow.com

https://google.com

Yes, we use Server edition. If you prefer Desktop edition – it's up to you.

Create a VirtualBox VM with the following settings

Minimal Preferred 8192 is better © 4096 MB **RAM** 1024 MB HDD 25 GB 250 GB **CPU** 1 core 4 cores Other settings are not really Network 1 NAT NAT important... Network 2 Host-only Host-only

Step 2: install (or upgrade) Ubuntu server

Install the latest Ubuntu server from ubuntu.com.

As usual, perform the next commands (just in case):

```
sudo apt-get update
sudo apt-get upgrade
sudo reboot now
```

Step 3: connect through SSH

List network interfaces:

ip address

Find your host-only adapter ip (something like this):

inet 192.168.56.102/24

Connect to this ip with your preferred SSH client:

putty.exe -ssh 192.168.56.102:22

Step 4: install Apache httpd

Install Apache httpd:

sudo apt-get install apache2

Test current config:

sudo apache2ctl configtest

Start Apache httpd:

sudo systemctl start apache2

Step 5: test Apache httpd connection

On your host OS connect to your VM via browser:

http://192.168.56.102



Step 6: install MySQL

Install MySQL:

sudo apt-get install mysql-server

Configure MySQL:

sudo mysql_secure_installation

Restart MySQL:

sudo systemctl restart mysql

Step 7: install PHP

Install PHP:

sudo apt-get install php
libapache2-mod-php php-xml phpmysql

Stop MySQL and Apache httpd:

sudo systemctl stop mysql
sudo systemctl stop apache2

Step 8: configure Apache httpd (part 1)

Enable mod_rewrite:

sudo a2enmod rewrite

In /etc/apache2/apache2.conf:

Replace

AllowOverride None

With

AllowOverride All

Step 8: configure Apache httpd (part 2)

In /etc/apache2/sites-available/000-default.conf:

Replace

DocumentRoot /var/www/html

With

DocumentRoot /var/www

In /etc/php/8.0/apache2/php.ini set the next values:

output buffering

Off

max_execution_time

300

memory limit

32G

error_reporting

E_ALL

display errors

On

In /etc/php/8.0/apache2/php.ini set the next values:

display startup errors

error log

post_max_size

upload_max_filesize

date.timezone

On

error.log

32G

32G

"Europe/Minsk"

In /etc/php/8.0/apache2/php.ini enable extensions:

curl gd mbstring mysqli pdo mysql

Download the latest version from

https://www.phpmyadmin.net/:

```
wget {the_latest_version_URL}
```

Extract it into /var/www/phpmyadmin:

```
unzip {zip_file} -d /var/www
mv /var/www/{oldname} /var/www/phpmyadmin
```

Step 11: reboot and test

Reboot your VM:

sudo reboot now

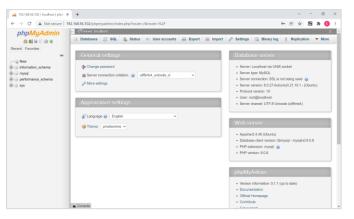
On your host OS connect to your VM via browser:

http://192.168.56.102/phpmyadmin/



Step 12: perform pre-final check

Login to phpMyAdmin with you MySQL credentials:



In case of "access denied":

```
sudo mysql

UPDATE `mysql`.`user` SET `plugin` =
'mysql_native_password' WHERE `User`='root';

ALTER USER 'root'@'localhost' IDENTIFIED WITH
mysql_native_password BY 'password_here';

FLUSH PRIVILEGES;
```

Almost done!

Step 13: install Nginx

Stop Apache httpd:

sudo systemctl stop apache2

Install Nginx:

sudo apt-get install nginx

Install PHP fpm:

sudo apt-get install php-fpm

Step 14: configure Nginx (part 1)

In /etc/nginx/sites-available/default:

```
Replace listen 80 default_server
With listen 81 default_server
Replace listen [::]:80 default_server
With listen [::]:81 default_server
```

Step 14: configure Nginx (part 2)

In /etc/nginx/sites-available/default:

```
Replace root /var/www/html
With root /var/www
Replace index index.html
With index index.php index.html
```

In /etc/nginx/sites-available/default:

After

```
location / {
    # First attempt to serve request as file, then
    # as directory, then fall back to displaying a 404.
    try_files $uri $uri/ = 404;
}
```

Add

```
location ~ \.php$ {
  include snippets/fastcgi-php.conf;
  fastcgi_pass unix:/var/run/php/php8.0-fpm.sock;
}
```

Step 15: test Nginx configuration

Text Nginx configuration:

sudo nginx -t

In /etc/php/8.0/fpm/php.ini set the next values:

output buffering

Off

max_execution_time

300

memory limit

32G

error_reporting

E_ALL

display errors

On

In /etc/php/8.0/fpm/php.ini set the next values:

display startup errors

error log

post_max_size

upload_max_filesize

date.timezone

On

error.log

32G

32G

"Europe/Minsk"

Step 16: configure PHP for Nginx

Check the version!

In /etc/php/8.0/fpm/php.ini set the next values:

0

Check the version!

In /etc/php/8.0/fpm/php.ini enable extensions:

curl

gd

mbstring

mysqli

pdo_mysql

Step 17: reboot and test

Reboot your VM:

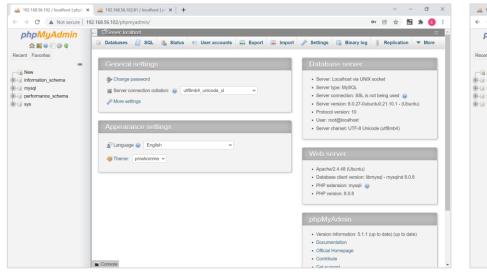
sudo reboot now

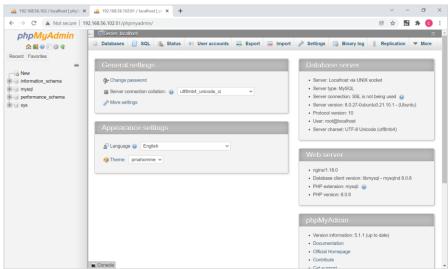
On your host OS connect to your VM via browser:

http://192.168.56.102/phpmyadmin/

http://192.168.56.102:81/phpmyadmin/

Done!





Useful idea 1: see your PHP configuration

In /var/www create a "info.php" with such code:

```
<?php
phpinfo();</pre>
```

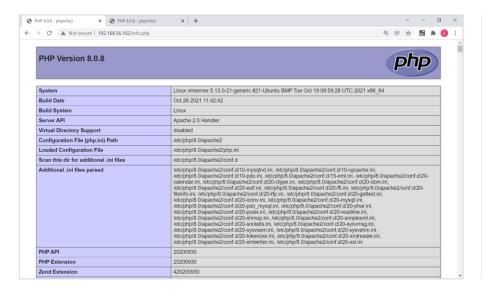
This is the DocumentRoot. All your PHP applications should be here (or in subfolders).

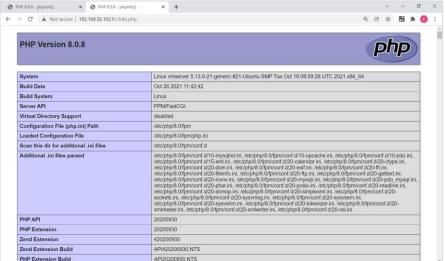
On your host OS open it via browser:

```
http://192.168.56.102/info.php
```

http://192.168.56.102:81/info.php

Useful idea 1: see your PHP configuration





Useful idea 2: do some enhancements

Setup and configure PHP for CLI.

Setup FTP server.

Configure virtual hosts.

These actions are not necessary but may simplify your work.

Useful idea 3: simplify your work with FAR (far2l)

Install far2l:

```
sudo add-apt-repository ppa:far21-team/ppa
sudo apt-get update
sudo apt-get install far21
```

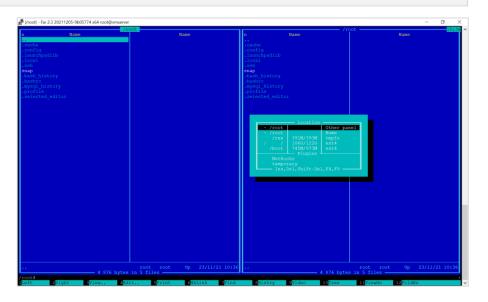
Use patched putty terminal:

https://github.com/unxed/putty4far21

Useful idea 3: simplify your work with FAR (far2l)

Run far2l and enjoy:

sudo far21 --tty



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