Hosmer-Lemeshow VS Z-score Test on Portfolio Level

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Probability of Default Predictive Power Tests

- Divided into two groups:
 - 1 tests applicable on the rating scale level
 - 2 tests applicable on the rating grade or portfolio level.
- Sometimes, practitioners compare the p-value of a test at the rating scale level with the p-value of a test at the portfolio level. However, are they comparable?
- What is the testing hypothesis for each group and test?

Hosmer-Lemeshow Test - Rating Scale Level

$$HL = \sum_{g=1}^{G} \frac{(N_g P D_g - d_g)^2}{N_g P D_g (1 - P D_g)}$$

where:

- *G* is the number of rating grades
- ullet N_g is the number of observations in the rating grade g
- PD_g is the calibrated PD for the rating grade g
- ullet d_g is the number of observed defaults in the rating grade g.

Under the assumption that the HL test statistic follows the chi-square distribution with G degrees of freedom, a p-value is calculated accordingly.

Testing hypothesis - the calibrated PD is true.

Z-score Test - Rating Grade or Portfolio Level

$$Z_{score} = rac{ODR - PD}{\sqrt{rac{PD(1-PD)}{n}}}$$

where:

- ODR is the observed default rate
- PD is the calibrated PD
- n is the number of observations.

Under the assumption that the Z_{score} test statistic follows the standard normal distribution, a p-value is calculated accordingly.

The most commonly used testing hypothesis - the calibrated PD is not underestimated.

Hosmer-Lemeshow VS Z-score on Portfolio Level

Are they comparable?

Example:

```
Rating Grade # observations # defaults
                                                   UDB.
                                                           PD
## 1
                                             3 0.0638 0.0307
               RG1
                                47
## 2
               RG2
                                95
                                            20 0.2105 0.1161
## 3
               RG3
                                68
                                            17 0.2500 0.2907
               RG4
                                53
                                            24 0.4528 0.5514
               R.G.5
                                37
                                            28 0.7568 0.7648
## 5
```

p-values:

```
## Hosmer-Lemeshow test Z-score test on portfolio level
## 1 2.70% 38.89%
```

Hosmer-Lemeshow VS Z-score on Portfolio Level cont.

Can we adjust inputs to account only for the underestimation?

Example:

```
Rating Grade # observations # defaults
                                                           PD PD corrected
##
                                                  ODR
## 1
                                             3 0.0638 0.0307
               RG1
                                47
                                                                     0.0307
## 2
               RG2
                                95
                                                                     0.1161
                                            20 0.2105 0.1161
## 3
              RG3
                                68
                                            17 0.2500 0.2907
                                                                     0.2500
               RG4
                                53
                                            24 0.4528 0.5514
                                                                     0.4528
                                37
## 5
               R.G.5
                                            28 0.7568 0.7648
                                                                     0.7568
```

p-values:

```
## Hosmer-Lemeshow test Z-score test on portfolio level
## 1 7.53% 8.58%
```