## Asset Correlation Estimation in the Vasicek Model

The Bias Quantification Process

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# The Functional Form and Parameters of the Vasicek-Distributed Variable

The Vasicek distribution is a two-parameter (  $0 and <math>0 < \rho < 1$ ) continuous distribution on the range 0 to 1. If a variable x has a Vasicek distribution, then x can be represented as:

$$x = \phi \left( \frac{\phi^{-1}(p) - \sqrt{\rho}z}{\sqrt{1 - \rho}} \right)$$

#### where:

- p and  $\rho$  are the parameters of the distribution, commonly referred to as the average default rate and asset correlation, respectively;
- z represents the systemic factor drawn from the standard normal distribution; and
- $\phi$  and  $\phi^{-1}$  denote the distribution and quantile function of the standard normal distribution, respectively.

### The Parameters Estimation Methods

The parameters of the Vasicek distribution can be estimated using one of the following methods:

- Direct Moment Matching
- Indirect Moment Matching
- 3 Maximizing the Log-Likelihood of the Vasicek Probability Density Function
- Quantile-Based Estimation

While each method produces nearly unbiased estimators for parameter p, this is not the case with parameter  $\rho$ .

The following slides detail the process of bias quantification in estimating  $\rho$  (asset correlation) using the Indirect Moment Matching (IMM) method. First, we introduce the IMM estimation method, then move on to the steps involved in bias quantification, and conclude with a simulation for a hypothetical portfolios.

Note that although only one estimation method will be presented, the same process applies to others as well.

# Indirect Moment Matching

$$\hat{p} = \phi \left( \frac{\hat{\mu}_{x}}{\sqrt{1 + \hat{\sigma}_{x}^{2}}} \right)$$

$$\hat{\rho} = \frac{\hat{\sigma}_{x}^{2}}{1 + \hat{\sigma}_{x}^{2}}$$

#### where:

- $\hat{\mu}_{\rm x}$  is defined as  $\hat{\mu}_{\rm x} = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^T \phi^{-1}({\rm x}_i)}{T}$  and  $\phi^{-1}$  denotes the quantile function of the standard normal distribution; and
- $\hat{\sigma}_x^2$  is defined as  $\hat{\sigma}_x^2 = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^T (\phi^{-1}(x_i) \hat{\mu}_x)^2}{T-1}$  with  $\phi^{-1}$  being the quantile function of the standard normal distribution.

## Bias Quantification Process

The following steps outline the bias quantification process using Monte Carlo simulations:

- Collect default rate data.
- Select the parameters estimation method for the Vasicek model.
- Sased on the collected default rates and the selected method, estimate the parameters p<sub>observed</sub> and ρ<sub>observed</sub>.
- **③** Given the number of observations (years) of the default rate (T) and the estimated parameter  $p_{observed}$ , define the data-generating process of the Vasicek model with the true value of the asset correlation parameter  $\rho_{true}$ .
- **3** Based on the *N* Monte Carlo simulations, optimize the data-generating process for  $\rho_{true}$  by minimizing the difference between the average value of the  $\rho_{true}$  distribution and the  $\rho_{observed}$ .

Note that the presented process assumes that the parameters of the Vasicek model estimated based on the observed data represent the average value of the true parameters' distribution.

## Simulation Setup and Results

The following table presents the simulation inputs of the hypothetical portfolio:

```
T p_observed rho_observed
##
    5
            0.05
                    0.1865590
    6
            0.05
                    0.1890025
##
            0.05 0.1909595
##
##
            0.05 0.1915025
##
    9
            0.05 0.1931158
##
   10
            0.05
                    0.1929290
```

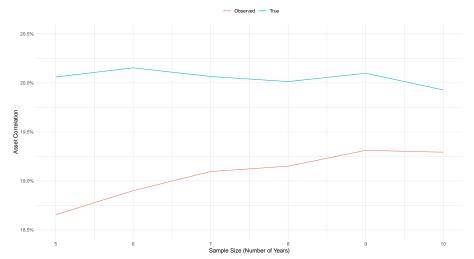
Note that the above values are directly obtained from the Vasicek model data-generating process with the value of  $\rho_{true}$  being 0.20. Therefore, the expected bias quantification should report values close to the difference between 0.20 and the  $\rho_{observed}$  values.

After running the (N = 10,000) Monte Carlo simulations for bias quantification of the asset correlation parameter, the following additional values have been obtained:

```
##
    T p observed rho observed
                                       bias rho true
##
    5
             0.05
                     0.1865590 -0.014037978 0.2005970
##
    6
             0.05
                     0.1890025 -0.012527848 0.2015303
    7
            0.05
                    0.1909595 -0.009688797 0.2006483
##
##
    8
             0.05
                    0.1915025 -0.008628467 0.2001309
##
    9
             0.05
                     0.1931158 -0.007862726 0.2009786
    10
             0.05
                     0.1929290 -0.006351165 0.1992802
```

## Simulation Setup and Results cont.





# Simulation Setup and Results cont.

