GnuCOBOL Manual

for GnuCOBOL 3.1-dev

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GnuCOBOL (formerly OpenCOBOL) is a free COBOL compiler and runtime. cobc translates COBOL source to executable using intermediate C together with a designated C compiler and linker. cobcrun is a module loader to run generated modules, libcob provides the necessary runtime.

This manual corresponds to GnuCOBOL 3.1-dev.

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Table of Contents

1	Getting started	$\dots \dots 1$
	1.1 Hello, world!	1
2	${f Compile} \ldots \ldots {f Compile}$	2
	2.1 Compiler options	2
	2.1.1 Help options	2
	2.1.2 Build target	$\dots \dots 2$
	2.1.3 Source format	
	2.1.4 Warning options	
	2.1.5 Configuration options	
	2.1.6 Listing options	
	2.1.7 Debug switches	
	2.1.8 Miscellaneous	
	2.2 Multiple sources	
	2.2.1 Static linking	
	2.2.2 Dynamic linking	
	2.2.2.1 Driver program	
	2.2.2.2 Compiling programs separately	
	2.2.4 Using library	
	2.3 C interface	
	2.3.1 Writing Main Program in C	
	2.3.2 Static linking with COBOL programs	
	2.3.3 Dynamic linking with COBOL programs	
	2.3.4 Static linking with C programs	
	2.3.5 Dynamic linking with C programs	
	2.3.6 Redirecting output to a (FILE *)	
3	Customize	16
•		
	3.1 Customizing compiler	
	5.2 Customizing norary	10
4	Optimize	17
4	-	
	4.1 Optimize options	
	4.2 Optimize call	
	4.3 Optimize binary	11
5	Debug	18
	5.1 Debug options	
	oil Bedag opeione	
6	Non-standard extensions	19
	6.1 SELECT ASSIGN TO	
	6.1.1 Literal file	19
	6.1.2 <variable></variable>	
	6.1.3 <environment variable=""></environment>	
	6.2 Indexed file packages	

6.3	$\operatorname{Ext}\epsilon$	ended ACCEPT statement	19
	6.3.1	LINE	20
	6.3.2	COLUMN	20
	6.3.3	AUTO-SKIP	. 20
	6.3.4	BACKGROUND-COLOR	. 20
	6.3.5	BELL	20
	6.3.6	BLINK	20
	6.3.7	FOREGROUND-COLOR	. 20
	6.3.8	LOWLIGHT	. 20
	6.3.9	PROMPT	20
	6.3.10	PROTECTED	. 21
	6.3.11	SIZE	21
	6.3.12	UPDATE	. 21
	6.3.13	ON EXCEPTION	21
	6.3.14	NOT ON EXCEPTION	. 21
6.4	ACC	CEPT special keys	21
	6.4.1	Arrow keys	21
	6.4.2	Backspace key	21
	6.4.3	Delete keys	
	6.4.4	End key	
	6.4.5	Home key	
	6.4.6	Insert key	
	6.4.7	Tab keys	
6.5	$\operatorname{Ext}\epsilon$	ended DISPLAY statement	
	6.5.1	BELL	
	6.5.2	BLANK	
	6.5.3	ERASE	
	6.5.4	SIZE	
	6.5.5	Figurative Constants	
6.6		NTENT-LENGTH	
6.7	CON	NTENT-OF	. 24
7	${f Syste}$	em Routines	25
7.1	CBL	_GC_GETOPT	25
7.2	CBL	J_GC_HOSTED	
7.3		J_GC_NANOSLEEP	
7.4		_GC_FORK	
7.5	CBL	J_GC_WAITPID	30
App	endi	x A Compiler cobc options	31
A.:		ions	
A.:		rning options npiler options	
A.:		npiler optionsnpiler dialect configuration options	
A.	4 Con	npher dialect configuration options	. 50
A	1.		11
App	endi		
В.		nmon reserved words	
B.2		ra (obsolete) context sensitive words	
В.3	3 Inte	rnal registers	59
App	endi	x C Intrinsic Functions	60

Appendix D	System routines		
E.1 System nar E.2 System nar	System names mes: device mes: feature mes: switch		
Appendix F	Compiler Configuration	66	
Appendix G	Module loader cobcrun options	72	
Appendix H	Runtime configuration	73	
	structions		
	nvironment		
	onment		
)		
H.6 Report I/C		80	
Appendix I	GNU Free Documentation License	81	

1 Getting started

1.1 Hello, world!

This is a sample program that displays "Hello, world!":

```
---- hello.cob ------

* Sample COBOL program

IDENTIFICATION DIVISION.

PROGRAM-ID. hello.

PROCEDURE DIVISION.

DISPLAY "Hello, world!".

STOP RUN.
```

The compiler, cobc, is executed as follows:

```
$ cobc -x hello.cob
$ ./hello
Hello, world!
```

The executable file name (hello in this case) is determined by removing the extension from the source file name.

You can specify the executable file name by specifying the compiler option -o as follows:

```
$ cobc -x -o hello-world hello.cob
$ ./hello-world
Hello, world!
```

The program can be written in a more modern style, with free format code, inline comments, the GOBACK verb and an optional END-DISPLAY terminator:

```
*> Sample GnuCOBOL program
identification division.
program-id. hellonew.
procedure division.
display
"Hello, new world!"
end-display
goback.
```

To compile free-format code, you must use the compiler option -free.

```
$ cobc -x -free hellonew.cob
$ ./hellonew
Hello, new world!
```

2 Compile

This chapter describes how to compile COBOL programs using GnuCOBOL.

2.1 Compiler options

The compiler cobc accepts the options described in this section. The compiler arguments follow the general syntax cobc options file [file...]. A complete list of options can be displayed by using the option --help.

2.1.1 Help options

The following switches display information about the compiler:

--help, -h

Display help screen (see Appendix A [Appendix A], page 31). No further actions will be taken.

--version

Display compiler version, author package date and executable build date. -V will also display version. No further actions will be taken.

--info Display build information along with the default and current compiler configurations. No further actions will be taken except for further display options.

--version, -v

Verbosely display the programs invoked during compilation and additional diagnostics. Use multiple times to increase the verbosity.

--list-reserved

Display reserved words (see Appendix B [Appendix B], page 41). A Yes/No output shows if the word is supported¹, context sensitive and its aliases. The given options for reserved words specified for example by option <code>-std=dialect</code> will be taken into account. No further actions will be taken except for further display options.

--list-intrinsics

Display intrinsic functions (see Appendix C [Appendix C], page 60). A Y/N field shows if the function is implemented. No further actions will be taken except for further display options.

--list-system

Display system routines (see Appendix D [Appendix D], page 63). No further actions will be taken except for further display options.

--list-mnemonics

Display mnemonic names (see Appendix E [Appendix E], page 65). No further actions will be taken except for further display options.

2.1.2 Build target

The compiler cobc treats files like *.cob, *.cbl as COBOL source code, *.c as C source code, *.o as object code, *.i as preprocessed code and *.so as dynamic modules and knows how to handle such files in the generation, compilation, and linking steps.

The special input name - takes input from stdin which is assumed to be COBOL source, and uses a default output name of a.out (or a.so/c/o/i, selected as appropriate) for the build type.

¹ Support may be partial or complete.

By default, the compiler builds a dynamically loadable module.

The following options specify the target type produced by the compiler:

- -E Preprocess only: compiler directives are executed, comment lines are removed and COPY statements are expanded. The output is saved in file *.i.
- -C Translation only. COBOL source files are translated into C files. The output is saved in file *.c.
- -S Compile only. Translated C files are compiled by the C compiler to assembler code. The output is saved in file *.s.
- -c Compile and assemble. This is equivalent to cc -c. The output is saved in file *.o.
- -m Compile, assemble, and build a dynamically loadable module (i.e., a shared library). The output is saved in file *.so.² This is the default behaviour.
- -b Compile, assemble, and combine all input files into a single dynamically loadable module. Unless -o is also used, the output is saved using the first filename as *.so.
- -x Include the main function in the output, creating an executable image. The main entry point being the first program in the file.

This option takes effect at the translation stage. If you give this option with -C, you will see the main function at the end of the generated C file.

-j, -job, -j=args, -job=args

Run job after compilation. Either from executable with -x, or with cobcrun when compiling a module. Optional arguments args, if given, are passed to the program or module command line.

-I directory

Add directory to copy/include search path.

-L directory

Add directory to library search path.

- -1 lib Link the library lib.
- -D define Pass define to the COBOL compiler.
- -o file Place the output into file.

2.1.3 Source format

GnuCOBOL supports both fixed and free source format. The default format is the fixed format. This can be overridden either by the >>SOURCE [FORMAT] [IS] {FIXED|FREE} directive, or by one of the following options:

- -free, -F Free format. The program-text area starts in column 1 and continues till the end of line (effectively 255 characters in GnuCOBOL).
- -fixed Fixed format. Source code is divided into: columns 1-6, the sequence number area; column 7, the indicator area; columns 8-72, the program-text area; and columns 72-80 as the reference area.³

² The extension varies depending on your host.

 $^{^{3}}$ Historically, fixed format was based on 80-character punch cards.

2.1.4 Warning options

Warnings are diagnostic messages that report constructions that are not inherently erroneous but that are risky or suggest there may have been an error.

The following options do not enable specific warnings but control the kinds of diagnostics produced by cobc.

-fsyntax-only

Check Check the code for syntax errors, but don't do anything beyond that.

-fmax-errors=n

Limits the maximum number of error messages to n, at which point cobc bails out rather than attempting to continue processing the source code. If n is 0, there is no limit on the number of error messages produced. If -Wfatal-errors is also specified, then -Wfatal-errors takes precedence over this option.

- -w Inhibit all warning messages.
- -Werror Make all warnings into errors.

-Werror=warning

Make the specified warning into an error. The specifier for a warning is appended; for example -Werror=obsolete turns the warnings controlled by -Wobsolete into errors. This switch takes a negative form, to be used to negate -Werror for specific warnings; for example -Wno-error=obsolete makes -Wobsolete warnings not be errors, even when -Werror is in effect.

Note that specifying -Werror=foo automatically implies -Wfoo. However, -Wno-error=foo does not imply anything.

-Wfatal-errors

This option causes the compiler to abort compilation on the first error occurred rather than trying to keep going and printing further error messages.

You can request many specific warnings with options beginning with '-W', for example -Wimplicit-define to request warnings on implicit declarations. Each of these specific warning options also has a negative form beginning '-Wno' to turn off warnings; for example, -Wno-implicit-define. This manual lists only one of the two forms, whichever is not the default.

Some options, such as -Wall and -Wextra, turn on other options, such as -Wtruncate. The combined effect of positive and negative forms is that more specific options have priority over less specific ones, independently of their position in the command-line. For options of the same specificity, the last one takes effect.

-Wall Enable all the warnings about constructions that some users consider questionable, and that are easy to avoid (or modify to prevent the warning).

The list of warning flags turned on by this option is shown in --help.

-Wextra, -W

Enable every possible warning that is not dialect specific. This includes more information than -Wall would normally provide.

(This option used to be called -W. The older name is still supported, but the newer name is more descriptive.)

-Wwarning

Enable single warning warning.

-Wno-warning

Disable single warning warning.

Chapter 2: Compile

5

-Warchaic

Warn if archaic features are used, such as continuation lines or the NEXT SENTENCE statement.

-Wcall-params

Warn if non-01/77-level items are used as arguments in a CALL statement. This is not set with -Wall.

-Wcolumn-overflow

Warn if text after column 72 in FIXED format. This is not set with -Wall.

-Wconstant

Warn inconsistent constant

-Wimplicit-define

Warn if implicitly defined data items are used.

-Wlinkage

Warn dangling LINKAGE items. This is not set with -Wall.

-Wobsolete

Warn if obsolete features are used.

-Wparentheses

Warn about any lack of parentheses around AND within OR.

-Wredefinition

Warn about incompatible redefinitions of data items.

-Wstrict-typing

Warn about type mismatch strictly.

-Wterminator

Warn about the lack of scope terminator END-XXX. This is not set with -Wall.

-Wtruncate

Warn on possible field truncation. This is not set with -Wall.

-Wunreachable

Warn if statements are unreachable. This is not set with -Wall.

-Wadditional

Enable warnings that don't have an own warning flag.

2.1.5 Configuration options

The compiler uses many dialect specific options. These may be set via a defined dialect by -std=, a configuration file by -conf= or by using the single dialect flags directly.

See Appendix F [Compiler Configuration], page 66, and config/*.conf.

Note concerning the defined dialects: The GnuCOBOL compiler tries to limit both the feature-set and reserved words to the specified compiler when the "strict" dialects are used. COBOL sources compiled with these dialects are therefore *likely* to compile with the specified compiler and vice versa: sources that were compiled on the specified compiler should compile without any issues with GnuCOBOL.

With the "non-strict" dialects GnuCOBOL will activate the complete feature-set where it doesn't directly conflict with the specified dialect, including reserved words. COBOL sources compiled with these dialects therefore may work only with GnuCOBOL. COBOL sources may need a change because of reserved words in GnuCOBOL, otherwise offending words word-1 and word-2 may be removed by -fno-reserved=word-1, word-1.

Chapter 2: Compile 6

The dialects COBOL-85, X/Open COBOL, COBOL 2002 and COBOL 2014 are always "strict".

-std=dialect

Compiler uses the given dialect to determine certain compiler features and warnings.

-std=default

GnuCOBOL dialect, supporting many of the COBOL 2002 and COBOL 2014 features, many extensions found in other dialects and its own feature-set

-std=cobol85

COBOL-85 without any extensions other than the amendment Intrinsic Function Module (1989), source compiled with this dialect is likely to compile with most COBOL compilers

-std=xopen

X/Open COBOL (based on COBOL-85) without any vendor extensions, source compiled with this dialect is likely to compile with most COBOL compilers; will warn items that "should not be used in a conforming X/Open COBOL source program"

-std=cobol2002, -std=cobol2014

COBOL 2002 / COBOL 2014 without any vendor extensions, use -Warchaic and -Wobsolete if archaic/obsolete features should be flagged

-std=ibm-strict, -std=ibm

IBM compatible

-std=mvs-strict, -std=mvs

MVS compatible

-std=mf-strict, -std=mf

Micro Focus compatible

-std=bs2000-strict, -std=bs2000

BS2000 compatible

-std=acu-strict, -std=acu

ACUCOBOL-GT compatible

-std=rm-strict, -std=rm

RM/COBOL compatible

-std=realia-strict, -std=realia

CA Realia II compatible

-freserved-words=dialect

Compiler uses the given dialect to determine the reserved words.

-conf=<file>

User-defined dialect configuration.

You can override each single configuration entry by using compiler configuration options on the command line.

Examples:

- -frelax-syntax-checks
- -frenames-uncommon-levels=warning
- -fnot-reserved=CHAIN, SCREEN
- -ftab-width=4

See Appendix A [Compiler cobc options], page 31.

Mon May 14 10:23:45 2018 Page 0001

2.1.6 Listing options

- -t=file Generate and place the standard print listing into file.
- -T=file Generate and place a wide print listing into *file.

--tlines=lines

Specify lines per page in print listing, default = 55. Set to zero for no additional page breaks.

-ftsymbols

Generate symbol table in listing.

-fno-theader

Suppress all headers from listing while keeping page breaks.

-fno-tmessages

Suppress warning and error summary from listing.

-fno-tsource

Suppress actual source from listing (for example to only produce the cross-reference).

-P, -Pdirectory, -P=file

GnuCOBOL 3.0.0

000020

Generate and place a preprocessed listing (old format) into filename.lst, directory/filename.lst, file.

-Xref

-X Generate cross reference in the listing.

Here is an example program listing with the options -t -ftsymbols:

test.cbl

```
I.TNF.
       PG/LN A...B......
000001
              IDENTIFICATION
                              DIVISION.
000002
              PROGRAM-ID.
000003
              ENVIRONMENT DIVISION.
000004
              CONFIGURATION SECTION.
000005
              DATA
                              DIVISION.
000006
              WORKING-STORAGE SECTION.
              COPY 'values.cpy'.
000007
000001C
              78 I
                     VALUE 20.
                     VALUE 5000.
000002C
              78 J
              78 M
000003C
                     VALUE 5.
                 SETUP-REC.
800000
              01
000009
                 05 FL1
                               PIC X(04).
                 05 FL2
                               PIC ZZZZZ.
000010
000011
                 05 FL3
                               PIC 9(04).
                               PIC 9(08) COMP.
000012
                 05 FL4
000013
                 05 FL5
                               PIC 9(04) COMP-4.
000014
                 05 FL6
                               PIC Z,ZZZ.99.
                 05 FL7
                               PIC S9(05) SIGN LEADING SEPARATE.
000015
000016
                 05 FI.8
                               PIC X(04).
000017
                 05 FL9 REDEFINES FL8 PIC 9(04).
                 05 FLA.
000018
000019
                     10 FLB OCCURS I TIMES.
```

15 FLC PIC X(02).

```
000021
                       10 FLD
                                  PIC X(20).
000022
                   05 FLD1
                                  PIC X(100).
000023
                   05 FLD2 OCCURS M TO J TIMES DEPENDING ON FL5.
                       10 FILLER PIC X(01).
000024
000025
                       FLD3
                                  PIC X(3).
                                  PIC X(4).
000026
                   05 FLD4
000027
               PROCEDURE
                                 DIVISION.
000028
                   STOP RUN.
```

The first part of the listing lists the program text. If the program text is a COPY the line number reflects the COPY line number and is appended with a 'C'.

When the wide list option -T is specified, the SEQUENCE columns (for fixed-form referenceformat) are included in the listing.

The second part of the listing file is the listing of the Symbol Table:

GnuCOBOL 3.0.0	test.cb	1	Mon May 14	10:23:45 2018	Page 0002
SIZE TYPE	LVL	NAME		PICTURE	
5204 GROUP 0004 ALPHANUMERIC	01 05	SETUP-REC FL1		X(04)	

5204	GROUP	01	SETUP-REC	
0004	ALPHANUMERIC	05	FL1	X(04)
0005	ALPHANUMERIC	05	FL2	ZZZZZ
0004	ALPHANUMERIC	05	FL3	9(04)
0004	NUMERIC	05	FL4	9(08) COMP
0002	NUMERIC	05	FL5	9(04) COMP
8000	ALPHANUMERIC	05	FL6	Z,ZZZ.99
0006	ALPHANUMERIC	05	FL7	S9(05)
0004	ALPHANUMERIC	05	FL8	X(04)
0004	ALPHANUMERIC-R	05	FL9	9(04)
0060	ALPHANUMERIC	05	FLA	
0040	ALPHANUMERIC	10	FLB	OCCURS 20
0002	ALPHANUMERIC	15	FLC	X(02)
0020	ALPHANUMERIC	10	FLD	X(20)
0100	ALPHANUMERIC	05	FLD1	X(100)
5000	ALPHANUMERIC	05	FLD2	OCCURS 5 TO 5000
0001	ALPHANUMERIC	10	FILLER	X(01)
0003	ALPHANUMERIC	05	FLD3	X(3)
0004	ALPHANUMERIC	05	FLD4	X(4)

If the symbol redefines another variable the TYPE is marked with 'R'. If the symbol is an array the OCCURS phrase is in the PICTURE field.

The last part of the listing file is the summary of warnings an error in the compilation group:

- O warnings in compilation group
- 2 errors in compilation group

2.1.7 Debug switches

```
-debug, -d
```

Enable all run-time error checks.

- Produce C debugging information in the output. -g
- Generate trace code (log executed procedures, if tracing is enabled). -ftrace
- -ftraceall

Generate trace code (log executed procedures and statements, if tracing is enabled).

Chapter 2: Compile 9

-fsource-location

Generate source location code (implied by -debug or -g).

-fstack-check

Enable PERFORM stack checking (implied by -debug or -g).

-fdebugging-line

Enable debugging lines (D in indicator column; >>D directive).

-0 Enable optimization of code size and execution speed. See your C compiler documentation, for example man gcc for details.

-02 Optimize even more.

-0s Optimize for size. Optimizer will favour code size over execution speed.

-fnotrunc

Do not truncate binary fields according to PICTURE.

2.1.8 Miscellaneous

-ext <extension>

Add default file extension.

-fmfcomment

Treat lines with * or / in column 1 as comment (fixed-form reference-format only).

-acucomment

Treat | as an inline comment marker.

-fsign=ASCII

Numeric display sign ASCII (default on ASCII machines).

-fsign=EBCDIC

Numeric display sign EBCDIC (default on EBCDIC machines).

-fintrinsics=[ALL|intrinsic function name(,name,...)]

Allow use of all or specific intrinsic functions without FUNCTION keyword.

Note: defining this within your source with CONFIGURATION SECTION. REPOSITORY. is preferred.

-ffold-copy=LOWER

Fold COPY subject to lower case (default no transformation).

-ffold-copy=UPPER

Fold COPY subject to upper case (default no transformation).

-save-temps(=<dir>)

Save intermediate files (by default, in current directory).

-fimplicit-init

Do automatic initialization of the COBOL runtime system.

2.2 Multiple sources

This section describes how to compile a program from multiple source files.

This section also describes how to build a shared library that can be used by any COBOL program and how to use external libraries in COBOL programs.

2.2.1 Static linking

The easiest way of combining multiple files is to compile them into a single executable.

One way is to compile all the files in one command:

```
$ cobc -x -o prog main.cob subr1.cob subr2.cob
```

Another way is to compile each file with the option -c, and link them at the end. The top-level program must be compiled with the option -x.

```
$ cobc -c subr1.cob
$ cobc -c subr2.cob
$ cobc -c -x main.cob
$ cobc -x -o prog main.o subr1.o subr2.o
You can link C routines as well using either method:
$ cobc -o prog main.cob subrs.c
```

or

```
$ cobc -c subrs.c
$ cobc -c -x main.cob
$ cobc -x -o prog main.o subrs.o
```

Any number of functions can be contained in a single C file.

The linked programs will be called dynamically; that is, the symbol will be resolved at run time. For example, the following COBOL statement

```
CALL "subr" USING X.
will be converted into equivalent C code like this:
  int (*func)() = cob_resolve("subr");
  if (func != NULL)
    func (X);
```

With the compiler option -fstatic-call, more efficient code will be generated:

```
subr(X).
```

Please notice that this option only takes effect when the called program name is in a literal (like CALL "subr"). With a data name (like CALL SUBR), the program is still called dynamically.

2.2.2 Dynamic linking

There are two methods to achieve this: a driver program, or compiling the main program and subprograms separately.

2.2.2.1 Driver program

Compile all programs with the option -m:

```
$ cobc -m main.cob subr.cob
```

This creates the shared object files main.so and subr.so.⁴

Before running the main program, install the module files in your library directory:

```
$ cp subr.so /your/cobol/lib
```

Set the runtime variable ${\tt COB_LIBRARY_PATH}$ to your library directory, and run the main program:

```
$ export COB_LIBRARY_PATH=/your/cobol/lib
```

(*Please notice:* You may set the variable via a runtime configuration file, see Appendix H [Runtime Configuration], page 73. You may also set the variable to directly point to the directory where you compiled the sources.)

⁴ The extension used depends on your operating system.

Chapter 2: Compile

Now execute your program:

\$ cobcrun main

2.2.2.2 Compiling programs separately

The main program is compiled as usual:

```
$ cobc -x -o main main.cob
```

Subprograms are compiled with the option -m:

```
$ cobc -m subr.cob
```

This creates a module file subr.so⁵.

Before running the main program, install the module files in your library directory:

\$ cp subr.so /your/cobol/lib

Now, set the environment variable COB_LIBRARY_PATH to your library directory, and run the main program:

```
$ export COB_LIBRARY_PATH=/your/cobol/lib
```

\$./main

2.2.3 Building library

You can build a shared library by combining multiple COBOL programs and even C routines:

```
$ cobc -c subr1.cob
$ cobc -c subr2.cob
$ cc -c subr3.c
$ cc -shared -o libsubrs.so subr1.o subr2.o subr3.o
```

2.2.4 Using library

You can use a shared library by linking it with your main program.

Before linking the library, install it in your system library directory:

```
$ cp libsubrs.so /usr/lib
```

or install it somewhere else and set LD_LIBRARY_PATH:

```
$ cp libsubrs.so /your/cobol/lib
```

```
$ export LD_LIBRARY_PATH=/your/cobol/lib
```

Then, compile the main program, linking the library as follows:

```
$ cobc -x main.cob -L/your/cobol/lib -lsubrs
```

2.3 C interface

This chapter describes how to combine C programs with COBOL programs.

2.3.1 Writing Main Program in C

Include libcob.h in your C program and call cob_init before using any COBOL module. Do a cleanup afterwards, either by calling cob_stop_run (if your program should terminate) or by calling cob_tidy (if your program should execute further on without any more COBOL calls, calling both functions in this sequence can be done multiple times).

```
#include <libcob.h>
int
main (int argc, char **argv)
```

 $^{^{5}}$ The extension used depends on your operating system.

```
/* initialize your program */
       /* initialize the COBOL run-time library */
       cob_init (argc, argv);
       /* rest of your program */
       /* Clean up and terminate - This does not return */
       cob_stop_run (return_status);
  You can write cobc_init(0, NULL); if you do not want to pass command line arguments to
COBOL.
  You can compile your C program as follows:
     cc -c `cob-config --cflags` main.c
  The compiled object must be linked with libcob as follows:
     cc -o main main.o `cob-config --libs`
2.3.2 Static linking with COBOL programs
Let's call the following COBOL module from a C program:
     ---- say.cob ------
            IDENTIFICATION DIVISION.
            PROGRAM-ID. say.
            ENVIRONMENT DIVISION.
```

```
IDENTIFICATION DIVISION.

PROGRAM-ID. say.

ENVIRONMENT DIVISION.

DATA DIVISION.

LINKAGE SECTION.

01 hello PIC X(7).

01 world PIC X(6).

PROCEDURE DIVISION USING hello world.

EXIT PROGRAM.
```

This program accepts two arguments, displays them, and exits.

From the viewpoint of C, this is equivalent to a function having the following prototype:

```
So, your main program will look like as follows:
    --- hello.c -------
#include <libcob.h>

extern int say(char *hello, char *world);
int
main()
{
    int ret;
    char hello[8] = "Hello, ";
    char world[7] = "world!";
```

extern int say(char *hello, char *world);

2.3.3 Dynamic linking with COBOL programs

You can find a COBOL module having a specific name by using the C function cob_resolve, which takes the module name as a string and returns a pointer to the module function.

cob_resolve returns NULL if there is no module. In this case, the function cob_resolve_error returns the error message.

```
Let's see an example:
  ---- hello-dynamic.c ------
  #include <libcob.h>
  static int (*say)(char *hello, char *world);
  int main()
  {
    int ret;
    char hello[8] = "Hello, ";
    char world[7] = "world!";
    /* initialize the COBOL run-time library */
    cob_init(0, NULL);
    /* Find the module with PROGRAM-ID "say". */
    say = cob_resolve("say");
    /* If there is no such module, show error and exit. */
    if(say == NULL) {
      fprintf(stderr, "%s\n", cob_resolve_error());
      exit(1);
    }
    /* Call the module found ... */
    ret = say(hello, world);
```

2.3.4 Static linking with C programs

Let's call the following C function from COBOL:

```
int say.c ----
int say(char *hello, char *world)
{
  int i;
  for(i = 0; i < 7; i++)
    putchar(hello[i]);
  for(i = 0; i < 6; i++)
    putchar(world[i]);
  putchar('\n');
  return 0;
}</pre>
```

This program is equivalent to the program in say.cob above.

Note that, unlike C, the arguments passed from COBOL programs are not terminated by the null character (i.e., $'\0'$).

You can call this function in the same way you call COBOL programs:

```
$ cc -c say.c
$ cobc -c -static -x hello.cob
$ cobc -x -o hello hello.o say.o
$ ./hello
Hello, world!
```

2.3.5 Dynamic linking with C programs

You can create a dynamically-linked module from a C program by passing an option -shared to the C compiler:

```
$ cc -shared -o say.so say.c
$ cobc -x hello.cob
$ export COB_LIBRARY_PATH=.
$ ./hello
Hello, world!
```

2.3.6 Redirecting output to a (FILE *)

From a module written in C you can call cob_set_runtime_option to set the exact (FILE *) which is used to write trace data to. In common.h is the following:

```
enum cob_runtime_option_switch {
     COB_SET_RUNTIME_TRACE_FILE
                                              /* 'p' is FILE * */
     COB_SET_RUNTIME_DISPLAY_PRINTER_FILE
                                              /* 'p' is FILE * */
     COB_SET_RUNTIME_RESCAN_ENV
                                              /* rescan environment variables */
     COB_SET_RUNTIME_DISPLAY_PUNCH_FILE
                                              /* 'p' is FILE * */
  };
  COB_EXPIMP void cob_set_runtime_option (enum cob_runtime_option_switch opt, void *
So from you C code you can tell the GnuCOBOL runtime to redirect TRACE output by:
  cob_set_runtime_option (COB_SET_RUNTIME_TRACE_FILE, (void*)((FILE*)myfd));
You could also redirect all DISPLAY UPON PRINTER output to a file by:
  cob_set_runtime_option (COB_SET_RUNTIME_DISPLAY_PRINTER_FILE, (void*)((FILE*)myfd));
You could also redirect all DISPLAY UPON SYSPUNCH output to a file by:
  cob_set_runtime_option (COB_SET_RUNTIME_DISPLAY_PUNCH_FILE, (void*)((FILE*)myfd));
Another routine can be used to return the current value of the option.
  COB_EXPIMP void *cob_get_runtime_option
                                                (enum cob_runtime_option_switch opt);
```

3 Customize

3.1 Customizing compiler

These settings are effective at compile-time.

Environment variables (default value in brackets):

COB_CC C compiler ("gcc")

COB_CFLAGS

Flags passed to the C compiler ("-I\$(PREFIX)/include")

COB_LDFLAGS

Flags passed to the C compiler ("")

COB_LIBS Standard libraries linked with the program ("-L\$(PREFIX)/lib -lcob")

COB_LDADD

Additional libraries linked with the program ("")

3.2 Customizing library

These settings are effective at run-time. You can set them either via the environment or by a runtime configuration file.

To set the global runtime configuration file export COB_RUNTIME_CONFIG to point to your configuration file. To set an explicit runtime configuration file for a single run via cobcrun you can use its option -c file, --config=file.

For displaying the current runtime settings you can use the option -r, --runtime-env of cobcrun.

For a complete list of runtime variables, aliases, their default values and options to set them see Appendix H [Runtime Configuration], page 73.

4 Optimize

4.1 Optimize options

There are five compiler options for optimization: -00, -0, -0s, -02, -03. These options enable optimization at both translation (from COBOL to C) and compilation (C to assembly) levels.

Currently, there is no difference between these optimization options at the translation level. The option -0, -0s or -02 is passed to the C compiler as is and used for C level optimization.

4.2 Optimize call

When a CALL statement is executed, the called program is linked at run time. By specifying the compiler option -fstatic-call, you can statically link the program at compile time and call it efficiently. (see Section 2.2.1 [Static linking], page 10)

4.3 Optimize binary

By default, data items of usage binary or comp are stored in big-endian form. On those machines whose native byte order is little-endian, this is not quite efficient.

If you prefer, you can store binary items in the native form of your machine. Set the config option binary-byteorder to native in your config file (see Chapter 3 [Customize], page 16).

In addition, setting the option binary-size to 2-4-8 or 1-2-4-8 is more efficient than others.

5 Debug

5.1 Debug options

The compiler option <code>-debug</code> can be used during the development of your programs. It enables all run-time error checking, such as subscript boundary checks and numeric data checks, and displays run-time errors with source locations.

6 Non-standard extensions

6.1 SELECT ASSIGN TO

A file may be assigned to a literal file, a file in a variable, or a file in an environment variable.

6.1.1 Literal file.

```
Assign to a literal file.

Select file assign to "/tmp/myfile.txt".
```

6.1.2 <variable>

Assign to a file which name is read from a variable. Select file assign to my-file.

```
O1 my-file pic x(512).

Move "/tmp/myfile.txt" to my-file.

Open output <file>.
```

6.1.3 <environment variable>

```
Assign to a file in an environment variable. export myfile=/tmp/myfile.txt
```

Select file assign to external myfile.

6.2 Indexed file packages

<This section is in progress.>

6.3 Extended ACCEPT statement

Extended ACCEPT statements allow for full control of items accepted from the screen. Items accept by line and column positioning.

All commands following WITH are optional.

```
ACCEPT variable-1

LINE variable-2 | literal-1 COLUMN variable-3 | literal-2

WITH

AUTO-SKIP | AUTO

BACKGROUND-COLOR variable-4 | literal-3

BELL | BEEP

BLINK

FOREGROUND-COLOR variable-5 | literal-4

LOWLIGHT | HIGHLIGHT

PROMPT

PROTECTED

SIZE [IS] variable-6 | literal-5

UPDATE

ON EXCEPTION

exception processing
```

NOT ON EXCEPTION normal processing END-ACCEPT.

6.3.1 LINE

The line number of variable-2 or literal-1 to accept the field.

6.3.2 COLUMN

The column number of variable-3 or literal-2 to accept the field.

6.3.3 AUTO-SKIP

The word AUTO may be used for AUTO-SKIP.

With this option the ACCEPT statement returns after the last character is typed at the end of the field. This is the same as if the Enter key were pressed.

Without this option the cursor remains at the end of the field and waits for the user to press Enter.

The Right-Arrow key returns from the end of the field. The Left-Arrow key returns from the beginning. See Section 6.4 [ACCEPT special], page 21.

The Alt-Right-Arrow and Alt-Left-Arrow keys never AUTO-SKIP.

6.3.4 BACKGROUND-COLOR

The background color is the color used behind the characters.

Variable-4 or literal-3 must be numeric. See file screenio.cpy for the color assignments to variable-4 or literal-3.

6.3.5 BELL

The word BEEP may be used for BELL.

The system beeps when the cursor moves to accept from this field. On some systems, there is no sound. Some other method may indicate a beep, such a flashing screen or pop up window.

6.3.6 BLINK

The field blinks while the user enters the data. This can help small menu selection fields to stand out.

6.3.7 FOREGROUND-COLOR

The foreground color is the color used for the characters.

Variable-5 or literal-4 must be numeric. See file screenio.cpy for the color assignments to variable-5 or literal-4.

6.3.8 LOWLIGHT

The LOWLIGHT and HIGHLIGHT phrases vary the intensity of the field.

LOWLIGHT displays with lower intensity and HIGHLIGHT displays with higher intensity. Having neither LOWLIGHT nor HIGHLIGHT displays at normal intensity.

These may have different levels of intensity, if at all, depending on the make and model of the screens.

6.3.9 PROMPT

Display the field with prompt characters as the cursor moves to accept from this field.

6.3.10 PROTECTED

PROTECTED is ignored.

6.3.11 SIZE

The size of variable-1 to accept from the screen.

Variable-6 or literal-5 must be numeric.

SIZE <greater than zero>

If variable-6 or literal-5 is less than the length of variable-1 then only the SIZE number of characters accept into the field. Variable-1 pads with spaces after SIZE to the end of the field.

If variable-6 or literal-5 is greater than variable-1, then the screen pads with spaces after variable-1 to the SIZE length.

SIZE ZERO

<SIZE option not specified>

The variable-1 accepts to its field length.

6.3.12 UPDATE

The contents of variable-1 displays on the screen as the ACCEPT begins. This allows the user to update the field without having to type it all again.

Without this option, the ACCEPT field is always blank.

6.3.13 ON EXCEPTION

Check the special register cob-crt-status for the special key that was pressed. This includes Escape, Tab, Back-Tab, F-keys, arrows, etc... See screenio.cpy for the values.

6.3.14 NOT ON EXCEPTION

Reset any F-key indicator because no special key was pressed.

6.4 ACCEPT special keys

Special keys are available for extended ACCEPT statements.

The COB-CRT-STATUS values are in the screenio.cpy copy file.

6.4.1 Arrow keys

The Left-Arrow key moves the cursor to the left. Without AUTO-SKIP the cursor stops at the beginning of the field. With AUTO-SKIP it returns with the COB-SCR-KEY-LEFT value of 2009. See Section 6.3 [Extended ACCEPT], page 19.

The Alt-Left-Arrow key is the same as Left-Arrow except that it never returns, even for AUTO-SKIP.

The Right-Arrow key moves the cursor to the right. Without AUTO-SKIP the cursor stops at the end of the field. With AUTO-SKIP it returns with the COB-SCR-KEY-RIGHT value of 2010. See Section 6.3 [Extended ACCEPT], page 19.

The Alt-Right-Arrow key is the same as Right-Arrow except that it never returns, even for AUTO-SKIP.

6.4.2 Backspace key

The Backspace key moves the cursor, and the remainder of the text, to the left.

6.4.3 Delete keys

The Delete key deletes the cursor's character and moves the remainder of the text to the left. The cursor does not move.

The Alt-Delete key deletes all text from the cursor to the end of the field.

6.4.4 End key

The End key moves the cursor after the last non-space character. Pressing the End key again moves the cursor to the end of the field. Repeated pressing moves the cursor back and forth.

6.4.5 Home key

The Home key moves the cursor to the first non-space character. Pressing the Home key again moves the cursor to the beginning of the field. Repeated pressing moves the cursor back and forth.

6.4.6 Insert key

The Insert key changes the insert mode.

The value of the insert mode is used in all following ACCEPT statements while the program is running.

When the insert mode is on, typed characters move the existing characters to the right until field is full. When it is off, typed characters type over existing characters.

Note: The insert mode is ignored for fields with a size of 1.

The insert mode can also be changed by the COB_INSERT_MODE setting at any time, see Appendix H [Runtime Configuration], page 73.

6.4.7 Tab keys

The Tab key returns from the ACCEPT with the COB-SCR-TAB value of 2007.

The Shift-Tab key returns with the COB-SCR-BACK-TAB value of 2008.

6.5 Extended DISPLAY statement

Extended DISPLAY statements allow for full control of items that display on the screen. Items display by line and column positioning.

```
DISPLAY variable-1 | literal-1 | figurative constant
LINE line COLUMN column
WITH BELL
BLANK LINE | SCREEN
ERASE EOL | EOS
SIZE [IS] variable-2 | literal-2
END-DISPLAY.
```

6.5.1 BELL

Ring the bell. It is optional.

6.5.2 BLANK

Clear the whole line or screen. It is optional.

BLANK LINE

Clear the line from the beginning of the line to the end of the line.

BLANK SCREEN

Clear the whole screen.

6.5.3 ERASE

Clear the line or screen from LINE and COLUMN. It is optional.

ERASE EOL

Clear the line from LINE and COLUMN to the end of the line.

ERASE EOS

Clear the screen from LINE and COLUMN to the end of the screen.

6.5.4 SIZE

The size of variable-1, literal-1, or figurative-constant to display onto the screen. It is optional.

SIZE positive-integer

If SIZE is less than the length of variable-1 or literal-1 then only the SIZE number of characters display.

If SIZE is greater than the length of variable-1 or literal-1, then the screen pads with spaces after the field to the SIZE length.

Figurative constants display repeatedly the number of times in SIZE. Except that LOW-VALUES always positions the cursor (see SIZE ZERO below).

SIZE ZERO

<SIZE option not specified>

Variable-1 or literal-1 displays with the field length.

6.5.5 Figurative Constants

Certain figurative constants and values have special functions. All other figurative constants display as a single character.

SPACE Display spaces from LINE and COLUMN to the end of the screen. This is the same as WITH ERASE EOS.

LOW-VALUE

Position the cursor to LINE and COLUMN. The next DISPLAY statement does not need a LINE or COLUMN to display at that position.

ALL X"01"

Display spaces from LINE and COLUMN to the end of the line. This is the same as WITH ERASE EOL.

ALL X"02"

Clear the whole screen. This is the same as WITH BLANK SCREEN.

ALL X"07"

Ring the bell. This is the same as WITH BELL.

6.6 CONTENT-LENGTH

FUNCTION CONTENT-LENGTH returns the length of NUL byte terminated data given a pointer:

identification division.

program-id. zlen.

data division.

working-storage section.

01 ptr usage pointer.

```
01 str pic x(4) value z"abc".

*> Testing CONTENT-LENGTH
  procedure division.

set ptr to address of str
  display content-length(ptr)

goback.
end program hosted.
```

6.7 CONTENT-OF

FUNCTION CONTENT-OF returns an alphanumeric field given a pointer and optional length:

Data from pointer is returned as a COBOL field either by scanning for a NUL byte or using the optional length. Reference modification of result allowed.

```
identification division.
program-id. contents.
data division.
working-storage section.
01 ptr usage pointer.
01 str pic x(4) value z"abc".

*> Testing CONTENT-OF
procedure division.

set ptr to address of str
display content-of(ptr)
display content-of(ptr, 2)
display content-of(ptr)(2:2)

goback.
end program hosted.
```

7 System Routines

For a complete list of supported system routines, see Appendix D [System routines], page 63.

7.1 CBL_GC_GETOPT

CBL_GC_GETOPT provides the quite well-known option parser, getopt, for GnuCOBOL. The usage of this system routine is described by the following example.

```
identification division.
program-id. prog.
data division.
working-storage section.
    78 shortoptions value "jkl".
    01 longoptions.
        05 optionrecord occurs 2 times.
            10 optionname
                            pic x(25).
            10 has-value
                            pic 9.
            10 valpoint
                            pointer value NULL.
            10 return-value pic x(4).
    01 longind
                   pic 99.
    01 long-only
                   pic 9 value 1.
    01 return-char pic x(4).
    01 opt-val
                   pic x(10).
    01 counter
                   pic 9 value 0.
```

We first need to define the necessary fields for getopt's shortoptions (so), longoptions (lo), longoption index (longind), long-only-option (long-only) and also the fields for return values return-char and opt-val (arbitrary size with trimming, see return codes).

The shortoptions are written down as an alphanumeric field (i.e., a string with arbitrary size) as follows:

```
"ab:c::d"
```

This means we want getopt to look for shortoptions named a, b, c or d and we demand an option value for b and we are accepting an optional one for c.

The longoptions are defined as a table of records with oname, has-value, valpoint and val.

- oname defines the name of a longoption.
- has-value defines if an option value is demanded (has-val = 1), optional (has-val = 2) or not required (has-val = 0).
- valpoint is a pointer used to specify an address to save getopt's return value to. The pointer is optional. If it is NULL, getopt returns a value as usual. If you use the pointer it has to point to a PIC X(4) field.
- The field val is a PIC X(4) character which is returned if the longoption was recognized.

The longoption structure is immutable! You can only vary the number of records.

Now we have the tools to run CBL_GC_GETOPT within the procedure division.

```
procedure division.
  move "version" to optionname (1).
```

```
(1).
move 0
             to has-value
move "v"
             to return-value (1).
move "verbose" to optionname
                              (2).
                              (2).
move 0
       to has-value
move "V"
              to return-value (2).
perform with test after until return-code = -1
   call 'CBL_GC_GETOPT' using
      by reference shortoptions longoptions longind
      by value long-only
      by reference return-char opt-val
    end-call
    display return-char end-display
   display opt-val end-display
end-perform
stop run.
```

The example shows how we initialize all parameters and call the routine until CBL_GC_GETOPT runs out of options and returns -1.

The return-char might contain the following:

- regular character if an option was recognized
- '?' if we have an undefined or ambiguous option
- '1' if we have a non-option (only if first byte of so is '-')
- '0' if valpoint != NULL and we are writing the return value to the specified address
- '-1' if we don't have any more options (or reach the first non-option if first byte of so is '+')

The return-codes of CBL_GC_GETOPT are:

- 1 if we've got a non-option (only if first byte of so is '-')
- 0 if valpoint != NULL and we are writing the return value to the specified address
- -1 if we don't have any more options (or reach the first non-option if first byte of so is '+')
- 2 if we have got an truncated option value in opt-val (because opt-val was too small)
- 3 if we got a regular answer from getopt

7.2 CBL_GC_HOSTED

CBL_GC_HOSTED provides access to the following C hosted variables:

- argc to binary-long by value
- argv to pointer to char **
- stdin, stdout, stderr to pointer
- errno giving address of errno in pointer to binary-long, use based for more direct access and conditional access to the following variables:
- tzname pointer to pointer to array of two char pointers
- timezone C long, will be seconds west of UTC
- daylight C int, will be 1 during daylight savings

System will need to HAVE_TIMEZONE defined for these to return anything meaningful. Attempts made when they are not available return 1 from CBL_GC_HOSTED.

It returns 0 when match, 1 on failure, case matters as does length, "arg" won't match. The usage of this system routine is described by the following example. HOSTED identification division. program-id. hosted. data division. working-storage section. 01 argc usage binary-long. 01 argv usage pointer. 01 stdin usage pointer. 01 stdout usage pointer. 01 stderr usage pointer. 01 errno usage pointer. 01 err usage binary-long based. 01 domain usage float-long value 3.0. 01 tzname usage pointer. 01 tznames usage pointer based. 05 tzs usage pointer occurs 2 times. 01 timezone usage binary-long. 01 daylight usage binary-short. *> Testing CBL_GC_HOSTED procedure division. call "CBL_GC_HOSTED" using stdin "stdin" display "stdin : " stdin call "feof" using by value stdin display "feof stdin : " return-code call "CBL_GC_HOSTED" using stdout "stdout" display "stdout : " stdout call "fprintf" using by value stdout by content "Hello" & x"0a" call "CBL_GC_HOSTED" using stderr "stderr" : " stderr display "stderr call "fprintf" using by value stderr by content "on err" & x"0a" call "CBL_GC_HOSTED" using argc "argc" display "argc : " argc call "CBL_GC_HOSTED" using argv "argv" display "argv : " argv call "args" using by value argc argv

call "CBL_GC_HOSTED" using errno "errno"

: " errno

display "&errno

```
set address of err to errno
display "errno
                            : " err
call "acos" using by value domain
display "errno after acos(3.0): " err ", EDOM is 33"
call "CBL_GC_HOSTED" using argc "arg"
display "'arg' lookup : " return-code
call "CBL_GC_HOSTED" using null "argc"
display "null with argc : " return-code
display "argc is still : " argc
*> the following only returns zero if the system has HAVE_TIMEZONE set
call "CBL_GC_HOSTED" using daylight "daylight "
display "'timezone' lookup : " return-code
if return-code not = 0
   display "system doesn't has timezone"
else
   display "timezone is : " timezone
   call "CBL_GC_HOSTED" using daylight "daylight "
   display "'daylight' lookup : " return-code
   display "daylight is : " daylight
   set environment "TZ" to "PST8PDT"
   call static "tzset" returning omitted on exception continue end-call
   call "CBL_GC_HOSTED" using tzname "tzname"
   display "'tzname' lookup : " return-code
   *> tzs(1) will point to z"PST" and tzs(2) to z"PDT"
   if return-code equal 0 and tzname not equal null then
       set address of tznames to tzname
       if tzs(1) not equal null then
         display "tzs #1
                                       : " tzs(1)
       end-if
       if tzs(2) not equal null then
                                      : " tzs(2)
         display "tzs #2
       end-if
   end-if
end-if
goback.
end program hosted.
```

7.3 CBL_GC_NANOSLEEP

CBL_GC_NANOSLEEP allows you to pause the program for nanoseconds. The actual precision depends on the system.

```
*> Waiting a half second call "CBL_GC_NANOSLEEP" using "500000000" end-call
```

*> Waiting five seconds using compiler string catenation for readability call "CBL_GC_NANOSLEEP" using "500" & "0000000" end-call

7.4 CBL_GC_FORK

CBL_GC_FORK allows you to fork the current COBOL process to a new one. The current content of the process' storage (including LOCAL-STORAGE) will be identical, any file handles get invalid in the new process, positions and file / record locks are only available to the original process.

This system routine is not available on Windows (exception: GCC on Cygwin).

Parameters: none Returns: PID (the child process gets '0' returned, the calling process gets the PID of the created children). Negative values are returned for system dependent error codes and -1 if the function is not available on the current system.

```
IDENTIFICATION DIVISION.
PROGRAM-ID. prog.
DATA DIVISION.
WORKING-STORAGE SECTION.
01 CHILD-PID PIC S9(9) BINARY.
              PIC S9(9) BINARY.
01 WAIT-STS
PROCEDURE DIVISION.
    CALL "CBL_GC_FORK" RETURNING CHILD-PID END-CALL
    EVALUATE TRUE
       WHEN CHILD-PID = ZERO
          PERFORM CHILD-CODE
       WHEN CHILD-PID > ZERO
          PERFORM PARENT-CODE
       WHEN CHILD-PID = -1
          DISPLAY 'CBL_GC_FORK is not available '
                  'on the current system!'
          END-DISPLAY
          PERFORM CHILD-CODE
          MOVE O TO CHILD-PID
          PERFORM PARENT-CODE
       WHEN OTHER
          MULTIPLY CHILD-PID BY -1 END-MULTIPLY
          DISPLAY 'CBL_GC_FORK returned system error: '
                  CHILD-PID
          END-DISPLAY
    END-EVALUATE
    STOP RUN.
CHILD-CODE.
    CALL "C$SLEEP" USING 1 END-CALL
    DISPLAY "Hello, I am the child"
```

```
END-DISPLAY
    MOVE 2 TO RETURN-CODE
    CONTINUE.
PARENT-CODE.
    DISPLAY "Hello, I am the parent"
    END-DISPLAY
    CALL "CBL_GC_WAITPID" USING CHILD-PID RETURNING WAIT-STS
    END-CALL
    MOVE O TO RETURN-CODE
    EVALUATE TRUE
       WHEN WAIT-STS >= 0
          DISPLAY 'Child ended with status: '
                  WAIT-STS
          END-DISPLAY
       WHEN WAIT-STS = -1
          DISPLAY 'CBL_GC_WAITPID is not available '
                  'on the current system!'
          END-DISPLAY
       WHEN WAIT-STS < -1
          MULTIPLY -1 BY WAIT-STS END-MULTIPLY
          DISPLAY 'CBL_GC_WAITPID returned system error: 'WAIT-STS
          END-DISPLAY
    END-EVALUATE
    CONTINUE.
```

7.5 CBL_GC_WAITPID

CBL_GC_WAITPID allows you to wait until another system process ended. Additional you can check the process' return code.

Parameters: none Returns: function-status / child-status Negative values are returned for system dependent error codes and -1 if the function is not available on the current system.

```
CALL "CBL_GC_WAITPID" USING CHILD-PID RETURNING WAIT-STS END-CALL MOVE 0 TO RETURN-CODE DISPLAY 'CBL_GC_WAITPID ended with status: 'WAIT-STS END-DISPLAY
```

Appendix A Compiler cobc options

The following list of options was extracted from cobc --help and shows all available compiler options with a short description.

A.1 Options

-h, -help

display this help and exit

-V, -version

display compiler version and exit

-i, -info

display compiler information (build/environment) and exit

-v, -verbose

display compiler version and the commands invoked by the compiler

-vv, -verbose=2

like -v but additional pass verbose option to assembler/compiler

-vvv, -verbose=3

like -vv but additional pass verbose option to linker

-q, -brief

reduced displays, commands invoked not shown

-### like -v but commands not executed

-x build an executable program

-m build a dynamically loadable module (default)

-j [args], -job[=args]

run program after build, passing args

-std=dialect

warnings/features for a specific dialect dialect can be one of: default, cobol2014, cobol2002, cobol85, xopen, ibm-strict, ibm, mvs-strict, mvs, mf-strict, mf, bs2000-strict, bs2000, acu-strict, acu, rm-strict, rm; see configuration files in directory config

-F, -free

use free source format

-fixed use fixed source format (default)

-0, -02, -03, -0s

enable optimization

-00 disable optimization

-g enable C compiler debug and stack check

-d, -debug

enable all run-time error checking, equal to -fec=EC-ALL -fstack-check

-fec=exception-name

enable code generation for exception-name, sets -fsource-location

-fno-ec=exception-name

disable code generation for exception-name

```
-d, -debug
           enable all run-time error checking
-d, -debug
           enable all run-time error checking
-o file
           place the output into file
-b
           combine all input files into a single dynamically loadable module
           preprocess only; do not compile or link
-E
-C
           translation only; convert COBOL to C
-S
           compile only; output assembly file
-с
           compile and assemble, but do not link
-T file
           generate and place a wide program listing into file
-t file
           generate and place a program listing into file
--tlines=lines
           specify lines per page in listing, default = 55
-P[=dir or file]
           generate preprocessed program listing (.lst)
-Xref
           generate cross reference through 'cobxref' (V. Coen's 'cobxref' must be in path)
-I directory
           add directory to copy/include search path
-L directory
           add directory to library search path
-1 lib
           link the library lib
-A options
           add options to the C compile phase
-Q options
           add options to the C link phase
-D define
           define define for COBOL compilation
-K entry generate CALL to entry as static
-conf=file
           user-defined dialect configuration; see -std
-list-reserved
           display reserved words
-list-intrinsics
           display intrinsic functions
-list-mnemonics
           display mnemonic names
-list-system
           display system routines
-save-temps[=dir]
           save intermediate files; default: current directory
-ext extension
```

add file extension for resolving COPY

A.2 Warning options

- -Wall enable most warnings (all except as noted below)
- -Wextra like -Wall but enable some extra warning flags
- -Wno-warning

disable warning enabled by default, -Wall or -Wextra

-Wadditional

additional warnings only raised with -Wall

-Wno-unfinished

do not warn if unfinished features are used; always active

-Wno-pending

do not warn if pending features are mentioned; always active

-Wobsolete

warn if obsolete features are used

-Warchaic

warn if archaic features are used

-Wredefinition

warn about incompatible redefinition of data items

-Wtruncate

warn about field truncation from constant assignments

-Wpossible-truncate

warn about possible field truncation; not set with -Wall

-Woverlap

warn about overlapping MOVE of items

-Wpossible-overlap

warn about MOVE of items that may overlap depending on variables; $not\ set\ with$ -Wall

-Wparentheses

warn about lack of parentheses around AND within OR

-Wstrict-typing

warn strictly about type mismatch

-Wimplicit-define

warn about implicitly defined data items

-Wcorresponding

warn about CORRESPONDING with no matching items

-Winitial-value

warn if initial VALUE clause is ignored

-Wprototypes

warn about missing FUNCTION prototypes/definitions

-Warithmetic-osvs

warn if arithmetic expression precision has changed

-Wcall-params

warn about non 01/77 items for CALL parameters; not set with -Wall

-Wconstant-expression

warn about expressions that always resolve to true/false

-Wcolumn-overflow

warn about text after program-text area, FIXED format; not set with -Wall

-Wterminator

warn about lack of scope terminator END-XXX; not set with -Wall

-Wlinkage

warn about dangling LINKAGE items; not set with -Wall

-Wunreachable

warn about likely unreachable statements; not set with -Wall

-Wno-dialect

do not warn about dialect specific issues; always active

-Wothers do not warn about different issues; always active

-Werror treat all warnings as errors

-Wno-error

don't treat warnings as errors

-Werror=warning

treat specified warning as error

-Wno-error=warning

don't treat specified warning as error

A.3 Compiler options

-fsign=[ASCII|EBCDIC]

define display sign representation; default: machine native

-ffold-copy=[UPPER|LOWER]

fold COPY subject to value; default: no transformation

-ffold-call=[UPPER|LOWER]

fold PROGRAM-ID, CALL, CANCEL subject to value; default: no transformation

-fdefaultbyte=value

initialize fields without ${\tt VALUE}$ to value ; decimal 0..255 or any quoted character ; default: initialize to picture

-fmax-errors=number

maximum number of errors to report before compilation is aborted; default: 128

-fdump=scope

dump data fields on abort, scope may be a combination of: ALL, WS, LS, RD, FD, SC

-fcallfh=function

use external provided EXTFH interface module function for I/O

-fintrinsics=[ALL|intrinsic function name(,name,...)]

intrinsics to be used without FUNCTION keyword

A.4 Compiler dialect configuration options

-freserved-words=value

use of complete/fixed reserved words

-ftab-width=1..12

set number of spaces that are assumed for tabs

-ftext-column=72..255

set right margin for source (fixed format only)

-fpic-length=number

maximum number of characters allowed in the PICTURE character-string

-fword-length=1..63

maximum word-length for COBOL (= programmer defined) words

-fliteral-length=number

maximum literal size in general

-fnumeric-literal-length=1..38

maximum numeric literal size

-fbinary-size=value

binary byte size - defines the allocated bytes according to PIC, may be one of: 2-4-8, 1-2-4-8, 1-8

-fbinary-byteorder=value

binary byte order, may be one of: native, big-endian

-fassign-clause=value

how to interpret 'ASSIGN word': as 'ASSIGN EXTERNAL word' or 'ASSIGN DYNAMIC word', may be one of: dynamic, external, ibm (= external), mf (= dynamic)

-fscreen-section-rules=value

which compiler's rules to apply to SCREEN SECTION item clauses, may be one of: acu, gc, mf, rm, std, xopen

-ffilename-mapping

resolve file names at run time using environment variables.

-fpretty-display

alternate formatting of numeric fields

-fbinary-truncate

numeric truncation according to ANSI

-fcomplex-odo

allow complex OCCURS DEPENDING ON

-findirect-redefines

allow REDEFINES to other than last equal level number

-flarger-redefines-ok

allow larger REDEFINES items

-frelax-syntax-checks

allow certain syntax variations (e.g. REDEFINES position)

-frelax-level-hierarchy

allow non-matching level numbers

-fselect-working

require ASSIGN USING items to be in WORKING-STORAGE

-fsticky-linkage

LINKAGE-SECTION items remain allocated between invocations

-fmove-ibm

MOVE operates as on IBM (left to right, byte by byte)

-fperform-osvs

exit point of any currently executing perform is recognized if reached

-farithmetic-osvs

limit precision in intermediate results to precision of final result (less accurate)

-fconstant-folding

evaluate constant expressions at compile time

-fhostsign

allow hexadecimal value 'F' for NUMERIC test of signed PACKED DECIMAL field

-fprogram-name-redefinition

program names don't lead to a reserved identifier

-faccept-update

set WITH UPDATE clause as default for ACCEPT dest-item, instead of WITH NO UPDATE

-faccept-auto

set WITH AUTO clause as default for ACCEPT dest-item, instead of WITH TAB

-fconsole-is-crt

assume CONSOLE IS CRT if not set otherwise

-fno-echo-means-secure

NO-ECHO hides input with asterisks like SECURE

-fline-col-zero-default

assume a field DISPLAY starts at LINE 0 COL 0 (i.e. at the cursor), not LINE 1 COL 1

-fdisplay-special-fig-consts

special behaviour of DISPLAY SPACE/ALL X'01'/ALL X'02'/ALL X'07'

-fbinary-comp-1

COMP-1 is a 16-bit signed integer

-fnumeric-pointer

POINTER is a 64-bit unsigned integer

-fmove-non-numeric-lit-to-numeric-is-zero

imply zero in move of non-numeric literal to numeric items

-fimplicit-assign-dynamic-var

implicitly define a variable if an ASSIGN DYNAMIC does not match any data item

-fcomment-paragraphs=support

comment paragraphs in IDENTIFICATION DIVISION (AUTHOR, DATE-WRITTEN, ...)

-fmemory-size-clause=support

MEMORY-SIZE clause

-fmultiple-file-tape-clause=support

MULTIPLE-FILE-TAPE clause

- -flabel-records-clause=support LABEL-RECORDS clause
- -fvalue-of-clause=support VALUE-OF clause
- -fdata-records-clause=support DATA-RECORDS clause
- -ftop-level-occurs-clause=support OCCURS clause on top-level
- -fsame-as-clause=support SAME AS clause
- -ftype-to-clause=support TYPE TO clause
- -fusage-type=support
 USAGE type-name
- $\hbox{-fsynchronized-clause=} {\it support} \\ \hbox{SYNCHRONIZED clause}$
- -fspecial-names-clause=support SPECIAL-NAMES clause
- -fgoto-statement-without-name=support
 GOTO statement without name
- -fstop-literal-statement=support
 STOP-literal statement
- -fstop-identifier-statement=support
 STOP-identifier statement
- -fdebugging-mode=support DEBUGGING MODE and debugging indicator
- -fuse-for-debugging=support
 USE FOR DEBUGGING
- -fpadding-character-clause=support PADDING CHARACTER clause
- $\begin{tabular}{ll} \texttt{fnext-sentence-phrase} = & support \\ & \texttt{NEXT SENTENCE phrase} \\ \end{tabular}$
- $\begin{tabular}{l} \texttt{flisting-statements=} support\\ & \text{listing-directive statements EJECT, SKIP1, SKIP2, SKIP3} \end{tabular}$
- -ftitle-statement=support listing-directive statement TITLE
- -fentry-statement=support
 ENTRY statement
- $\begin{tabular}{ll} -fmove-noninteger-to-alphanumeric=support\\ move noninteger to alphanumeric \end{tabular}$
- -fmove-figurative-constant-to-numeric=support move figurative constants to numeric

- -fmove-figurative-space-to-numeric=support move figurative constant SPACE to numeric
- -fmove-figurative-quote-to-numeric=support
 move figurative constant QUOTE to numeric
- -fodo-without-to=support
 OCCURS DEPENDING ON without to
- -fsection-segments=support section segments
- -falter-statement=support
 ALTER statement
- -fnumeric-boolean=support boolean literals (B'1010')
- -fhexadecimal-boolean=support hexadecimal-boolean literals (BX'A')
- -fnational-literals=support national literals (N'UTF-16 string')
- -fhexadecimal-national-literals=support hexadecimal-national literals (NX'265E')
- -fnational-character-literals=support non-standard national literals (NC'UTF-16 string')
- -fhp-octal-literals=support
 HP COBOL octal literals (%377)
- -facu-literals=support
 ACUCOBOL-GT literals (#B #O #H #X)
- -fword-continuation=support continuation of COBOL words
- -fnot-exception-before-exception=support NOT ON EXCEPTION before ON EXCEPTION
- -faccept-display-extensions=support
 extensions to ACCEPT and DISPLAY
- -frenames-uncommon-levels=support
 RENAMES of 01-, 66- and 77-level items
- -fsymbolic-constant=support constants defined in SPECIAL-NAMES
- -fconstant-78=support constant with level 78 item (note: has left to right precedence in expressions)
- -fconstant-01=support constant with level 01 CONSTANT AS/FROM item
- -fperform-varying-without-by=support
 PERFORM VARYING without BY phrase (implies BY 1)

-freference-out-of-declaratives=support

references to sections not in DECLARATIVES from within DECLARATIVES

-fprogram-prototypes=support

CALL/CANCEL with program-prototype-name

-fcall-convention-mnemonic=support

specifying call-convention by mnemonic

-fcall-convention-linkage=support

specifying call-convention by WITH ... LINKAGE

-fnumeric-value-for-edited-item=support

numeric literals in VALUE clause of numeric-edited items

-fincorrect-conf-sec-order=support

incorrect order of CONFIGURATION SECTION paragraphs

-fdefine-constant-directive=support

allow >> DEFINE CONSTANT var AS literal

-ffree-redefines-position=support

REDEFINES clause not following entry-name in definition

-frecords-mismatch-record-clause=support

record sizes does not match RECORD clause

-frecord-delimiter=support

RECORD DELIMITER clause

-fsequential-delimiters=support

BINARY-SEQUENTIAL and LINE-SEQUENTIAL phrases in RECORD DELIMITER

-frecord-delim-with-fixed-recs=support

RECORD DELIMITER clause on file with fixed-length records

-fmissing-statement=support

missing statement (e.g. empty IF / PERFORM)

$\verb|-fzero-length-literals| = support$

zero-length literals, e.g. " and ""

-fxml-generate-extra-phrases=support

XML GENERATE's phrases other than COUNT IN

-fcontinue-after=support

AFTER phrase in CONTINUE statement

-fgoto-entry=support

ENTRY FOR GOTO and GOTO ENTRY statements

-fassign-variable=support

ASSIGN [TO] variable in SELECT

-fassign-using-variable=support

ASSIGN USING/VARYING variable in SELECT

-fassign-ext-dyn=support

ASSIGN EXTERNAL/DYNAMIC in SELECT

-fassign-disk-from=support

ASSIGN DISK FROM variable in SELECT where *support* is one of the following: 'ok', 'warning', 'archaic', 'obsolete', 'skip', 'ignore', 'error', 'unconformable'

$\verb|-fnot-reserved=| word|$

word to be taken out of the reserved words list

$\verb|-freserved=| word|$

word to be added to reserved words list

-freserved=word:alias

word to be added to reserved words list as alias

-fnot-register=word

special register to disable

-fregister=word

special register to enable

Appendix B Reserved Words

The following list of reserved words was extracted from cobc --list-reserved and shows the reserved words, an implementation

Please notice: This list is highly specific to the option <code>-std=dialect</code> and reserved word options (<code>-freserved=word</code>, <code>-fno-reserved=word</code>) in effect. You can get the list for a given <code>dialect</code> by calling <code>cobc -std=dialect --list-reserved</code>.

B.1 Common reserved words

Reserved word	Implemented	Aliases
3-D	Yes (C/S)	
ABSENT	Yes	
ACCEPT	Yes	
ACCESS	Yes	
ACTION	Yes (C/S)	
ACTIVE-CLASS	No	
ACTIVE-X	Yes (C/S)	
ACTUAL	Yes (C/S)	
ADD	Yes	
ADDRESS	Yes	
ADJUSTABLE-COLUMNS	Yes (C/S)	
ADVANCING	Yes	
AFTER	Yes	
ALIGNED	No	
ALIGNMENT	Yes (C/S)	
ALL	Yes	
ALLOCATE	Yes	
ALLOWING	Yes (C/S)	
ALPHABET	Yes	
ALPHABETIC	Yes	
ALPHABETIC-LOWER	Yes	
ALPHABETIC-UPPER	Yes	
ALPHANUMERIC	Yes	
ALPHANUMERIC-EDITED	Yes	
ALSO	Yes	
ALTER	Yes	
ALTERNATE	Yes	
AND	Yes	
ANY	Yes	
ANYCASE	No	
APPLY	Yes (C/S)	
ARE	Yes	
AREA	Yes	AREAS
AREAS	Yes	AREA
ARGUMENT-NUMBER	Yes	
ARGUMENT-VALUE	Yes	
ARITHMETIC	Yes (C/S)	
AS	Yes	
ASCENDING	Yes	
ASCII	Yes (C/S)	

ASSIGN	Yes	
AT	Yes	
ATTRIBUTE	Yes (C/S)	
ATTRIBUTES	Yes (C/S)	
AUTO	Yes (C/S)	AUTO-SKIP, AUTOTERMINATE
AUTO-DECIMAL	Yes (C/S)	
AUTO-SKIP	Yes	AUTO, AUTOTERMINATE
AUTO-SPIN	Yes (C/S)	
AUTOMATIC	Yes	
AUTOTERMINATE	Yes	AUTO, AUTO-SKIP
AWAY-FROM-ZERO	Yes (C/S)	
B-AND	No	
B-NOT	No	
B-OR	No	
B-XOR	No	
BACKGROUND-COLOR	Yes (C/S)	BACKGROUND-COLOUR
BACKGROUND-COLOUR	Yes	BACKGROUND-COLOR
BACKGROUND-HIGH	Yes	
BACKGROUND-LOW	Yes	
BACKGROUND-STANDARD	Yes	
BAR	Yes (C/S)	
BASED	Yes	
BEEP	Yes	BELL
BEFORE	Yes	
BELL	Yes (C/S)	BEEP
BINARY	Yes	
BINARY-C-LONG	Yes	
BINARY-CHAR	Yes	
BINARY-DOUBLE	Yes	BINARY-LONG-LONG
BINARY-INT	Yes	BINARY-LONG
BINARY-LONG	Yes	BINARY-INT
BINARY-LONG-LONG	Yes	BINARY-DOUBLE
BINARY-SEQUENTIAL	Yes (C/S)	
BINARY-SHORT	Yes	
BIT	Yes	
BITMAP	Yes (C/S)	
BITMAP-END	Yes (C/S)	
BITMAP-HANDLE	Yes (C/S)	
BITMAP-NUMBER	Yes (C/S)	
BITMAP-START	Yes (C/S)	
BITMAP-TIMER	Yes (C/S)	
BITMAP-TRAILING	Yes (C/S)	
BITMAP-TRANSPARENT-COLOR	Yes (C/S)	
BITMAP-WIDTH	Yes (C/S)	
BLANK	Yes	
BLINK	Yes (C/S)	
BLOCK	Yes	
BOOLEAN	No	
BOTTOM	Yes	
BOX	Yes (C/S)	
BOXED	$\operatorname{Yes}\left(\mathrm{C/S}\right)$	
BULK-ADDITION	$\operatorname{Yes}\left(\mathrm{C/S}\right)$	
-	(-/~/	

DIION	$V_{}(C/C)$	
BUSY	Yes (C/S)	
BUTTONS BY	Yes (C/S) Yes	
BYTE-LENGTH	Yes (C/S)	
C C	Yes (C/S)	
CALENDAR-FONT	Yes (C/S)	
CALL	Yes	
CANCEL	Yes	
CANCEL-BUTTON	Yes (C/S)	
CAPACITY	Yes (C/S)	
CARD-PUNCH	Yes (C/S)	
CARD-READER	Yes (C/S)	
CASSETTE	Yes (C/S)	
CCOL	Yes (C/S)	
CD	Yes	
CELL	Yes (C/S)	CELLS
CELL-COLOR	Yes (C/S)	0
CELL-DATA	Yes (C/S)	
CELL-FONT	Yes (C/S)	
CELL-PROTECTION	Yes (C/S)	
CELLS	Yes	CELL
CENTER	Yes (C/S)	
CENTERED	Yes (C/S)	
CENTERED-HEADINGS	Yes (C/S)	
CENTURY-DATE	Yes (C/S)	
CF	Yes	
СН	Yes	
CHAIN	No	
CHAINING	Yes	
CHANGED	Yes (C/S)	
CHARACTER	Yes	
CHARACTERS	Yes	
CHECK-BOX	Yes (C/S)	
CLASS	Yes	
CLASS-ID	No	
CLASSIFICATION	Yes (C/S)	
CLEAR-SELECTION	Yes (C/S)	
CLINE	Yes (C/S)	
CLINES	Yes (C/S)	
CLOSE	Yes	
COBOL	Yes (C/S)	
CODE	Yes	
CODE-SET	Yes	
COL	Yes	
COLLATING	Yes	
COLOR	Yes	aut utiba
COLORS	$\operatorname{Yes} (C/S)$	COLOURS
COLOURS	Yes	COLORS
COLS	Yes Yes	
COLUMN COLUMN-COLOR	Yes (C/S)	
COLUMN-DIVIDERS	Yes (C/S)	
OOFOLIII _ DT A TDEIPO	100 (0/0)	

CURSOR

COLUMN-FONT	Yes (C/S)	
COLUMN-HEADINGS	Yes (C/S)	
COLUMN-PROTECTION	Yes (C/S)	
COLUMNS	Yes	
COMBO-BOX	Yes (C/S)	
COMMA	Yes	
COMMAND-LINE	Yes	
COMMIT	Yes	
COMMON	Yes	
COMMUNICATION	Yes	
COMP	Yes	COMPUTATIONAL
COMP-0	Yes	COMPUTATIONAL-O
COMP-1	Yes	COMPUTATIONAL-1
COMP-2	Yes	COMPUTATIONAL-2
COMP-3	Yes	COMPUTATIONAL-3
COMP-4	Yes	COMPUTATIONAL-4
COMP-5	Yes	COMPUTATIONAL-5
COMP-6	Yes	COMPUTATIONAL-6
COMP-N	Yes	COMPUTATIONAL-N
COMP-X	Yes	COMPUTATIONAL-X
COMPUTATIONAL	Yes	COMP
COMPUTATIONAL-O	Yes	COMP-O
COMPUTATIONAL-1	Yes	COMP-1
COMPUTATIONAL-2	Yes	COMP-2
COMPUTATIONAL-3	Yes	COMP-3
COMPUTATIONAL-4	Yes	COMP-4
COMPUTATIONAL-5	Yes	COMP-5
COMPUTATIONAL-6	Yes	COMP-6
COMPUTATIONAL-N	Yes	COMP-N
COMPUTATIONAL-X	Yes	COMP-X
COMPUTE	Yes	
CONDITION	Yes	
CONFIGURATION	Yes	
CONSTANT	Yes	
CONTAINS	Yes	
CONTENT	Yes	
CONTINUE	Yes	
CONTROL	Yes	
CONTROLS	Yes	
CONVERSION	Yes (C/S)	
CONVERTING	Yes	
COPY	Yes	
COPY-SELECTION	Yes (C/S)	
CORE-INDEX	Yes (C/S)	
CORR	Yes	CORRESPONDING
CORRESPONDING	Yes	CORR
COUNT	Yes	001111
CRT	Yes	
CRT-UNDER	Yes	
CSIZE	Yes (C/S)	
CURRENCY	Yes	
CITEGO	Vas	

Yes

CURSOR-COL	Yes (C/S)	
CURSOR-COLOR	Yes (C/S)	
CURSOR-FRAME-WIDTH	Yes (C/S)	
CURSOR-ROW	Yes (C/S)	
CURSOR-X	Yes (C/S)	
CURSOR-Y	Yes (C/S)	
CUSTOM-PRINT-TEMPLATE	Yes (C/S)	
CYCLE	Yes (C/S)	
CYL-INDEX	Yes (C/S)	
CYL-OVERFLOW	Yes (C/S)	
DASHED	Yes (C/S)	
DATA	Yes	
DATA-COLUMNS	Yes (C/S)	
DATA-POINTER	No	
DATA-TYPES		
	Yes (C/S)	
DATE	Yes (C/C)	
DATE-ENTRY	$\operatorname{Yes}\left(\mathrm{C/S}\right)$	
DAY	Yes	
DAY-OF-WEEK	Yes	
DE	Yes	
DEBUGGING	Yes	
DECIMAL-POINT	Yes	
DECLARATIVES	Yes	
DEFAULT	Yes	
DEFAULT-BUTTON	Yes (C/S)	
DEFAULT-FONT	Yes	
DELETE	Yes	
DELIMITED	Yes	
DELIMITER	Yes	
DEPENDING	Yes	
DESCENDING	Yes	
DESTINATION	Yes	
DESTROY	Yes	
DETAIL	Yes	
DISABLE	Yes	
DISC	Yes (C/S)	
DISK	Yes (C/S)	
DISP	Yes (C/S)	
DISPLAY	Yes	
DISPLAY-COLUMNS	Yes (C/S)	
	Yes (C/S)	
DISPLAY-FORMAT	Yes	
DIVIDE		
DIVIDER-COLOR	$\operatorname{Yes} (C/S)$	
DIVIDERS	Yes (C/S)	
DIVISION	Yes	
DOTDASH	$\operatorname{Yes}\left(\mathrm{C/S}\right)$	
DOTTED	$\operatorname{Yes}\left(\mathrm{C/S}\right)$	
DOUBLE	Yes	FLOAT-LONG
DOWN	Yes	
DRAG-COLOR	Yes (C/S)	
DROP-DOWN	Yes (C/S)	
DROP-LIST	Yes (C/S)	

DUPLICATES	Yes	
DYNAMIC	Yes	
EBCDIC	Yes (C/S)	
EC	Yes	
ECH0	Yes	
EGI	Yes	
ELEMENT	Yes (C/S)	
ELSE	Yes	
EMI	Yes	
EMPTY-CHECK	Yes	${\tt REQUIRED}$
ENABLE	Yes	
ENCODING	Yes (C/S)	
ENCRYPTION	Yes (C/S)	
END	Yes	
END-ACCEPT	Yes	
END-ADD	Yes	
END-CALL	Yes	
END-CHAIN	No	
END-COLOR	Yes (C/S)	
END-COMPUTE	Yes	
END-DELETE	Yes	
END-DISPLAY	Yes	
END-DIVIDE	Yes	
END-EVALUATE	Yes	
END-IF	Yes	
END-JSON	Yes	
END-MODIFY	Yes (C/S)	
END-MULTIPLY	Yes	
END-OF-PAGE	Yes	EOP
END-PERFORM	Yes	
END-READ	Yes	
END-RECEIVE	Yes	
END-RETURN	Yes	
END-REWRITE	Yes	
END-SEARCH	Yes	
END-START	Yes	
END-STRING	Yes	
END-SUBTRACT	Yes	
END-UNSTRING	Yes	
END-WRITE	Yes	
END-XML	Yes	
ENGRAVED	Yes (C/S)	
ENSURE-VISIBLE	Yes (C/S)	
ENTRY	Yes	
ENTRY-CONVENTION	Yes (C/S)	
ENTRY-FIELD	Yes (C/S)	
ENTRY-REASON	$\operatorname{Yes}\left(\mathrm{C/S}\right)$	
ENVIRONMENT NAME	Yes	
ENVIRONMENT NALUE	Yes	
ENVIRONMENT-VALUE	Yes	
EO FOI	No War (C/S)	
EOL	Yes (C/S)	

EOP	Yes	END-OF-PAGE
EOS	Yes (C/S)	
EQUAL	Yes	EQUALS
EQUALS	Yes	EQUAL
ERASE	Yes (C/S)	
ERROR	Yes	
ESCAPE	Yes	
ESCAPE-BUTTON	Yes (C/S)	
ESI	Yes	
EVALUATE	Yes	
EVENT	Yes	
EVENT-LIST	Yes (C/S)	
EVERY	Yes (C/S)	
EXCEPTION	Yes	
EXCEPTION-OBJECT	No	
EXCEPTION-VALUE	Yes (C/S)	
EXCLUSIVE	Yes	
EXHIBIT	Yes	
EXIT	Yes	
EXPAND	Yes (C/S)	
EXPANDS	No (C/S)	
EXTEND	Yes	
EXTENDED-SEARCH	Yes (C/S)	
EXTERN	Yes (C/S)	
EXTERNAL	Yes	
EXTERNAL-FORM	Yes	
F	Yes (C/S)	
FACTORY	No	
FALSE	Yes	
FD	Yes	
FHFCD	Yes (C/S)	
FHKEYDEF	Yes (C/S)	
FILE	Yes	
FILE-CONTROL	Yes	
FILE-ID	Yes	
FILE-LIMIT	Yes (C/S)	
FILE-LIMITS	Yes (C/S)	
FILE-NAME	Yes (C/S)	
FILE-POS	Yes (C/S)	
FILL-COLOR	Yes (C/S)	
FILL-COLOR2	Yes (C/S)	
FILL-PERCENT	Yes (C/S)	
FILLER	Yes	
FINAL	Yes	
FINISH-REASON	Yes (C/S)	
FIRST	Yes	
FIXED	Yes	
FIXED-FONT	Yes	
FIXED-WIDTH	Yes (C/S)	
FLAT	Yes (C/S)	
FLAT-BUTTONS	Yes (C/S)	
FLOAT	Yes	FLOAT-SHORT

T. O. F. D. T. V. D. V. 400	NT	
FLOAT-BINARY-128	No	
FLOAT-BINARY-32	No	
FLOAT-BINARY-64	No	
FLOAT-DECIMAL-16	Yes	
FLOAT-DECIMAL-34	Yes	
FLOAT-EXTENDED	No	
FLOAT-INFINITY	No	
FLOAT-LONG	Yes	DOUBLE
FLOAT-NOT-A-NUMBER	No (C/S)	
FLOAT-SHORT	Yes	FLOAT
FLOATING	Yes	
FONT	Yes	
FOOTING	Yes	
FOR	Yes	
FOREGROUND-COLOR	Yes (C/S)	FOREGROUND-COLOUR
	` ' '	
FOREGROUND-COLOUR	Yes	FOREGROUND-COLOR
FOREVER	$\operatorname{Yes} (C/S)$	
FORMAT	No	
FRAME	Yes (C/S)	
FRAMED	Yes (C/S)	
FREE	Yes	
FROM	Yes	
FULL	Yes (C/S)	LENGTH-CHECK
FULL-HEIGHT	Yes (C/S)	
FUNCTION	Yes	
FUNCTION-ID	Yes	
FUNCTION-POINTER	No	
GENERATE	Yes	
GET	No	
GIVING	Yes	
GLOBAL	Yes	
GO	Yes	
GO-BACK	$\operatorname{Yes} (C/S)$	
GO-FORWARD	$\operatorname{Yes} (C/S)$	
GO-HOME	$\operatorname{Yes} (C/S)$	
GO-SEARCH	Yes (C/S)	
GOBACK	Yes	
GRAPHICAL	Yes (C/S)	
GREATER	Yes	
GRID	Yes (C/S)	
GROUP	Yes	
GROUP-USAGE	No	
GROUP-VALUE	Yes (C/S)	
HANDLE	Yes	
HAS-CHILDREN	Yes (C/S)	
HEADING	Yes	
HEADING-COLOR	Yes (C/S)	
HEADING-DIVIDER-COLOR	Yes (C/S)	
HEADING-FONT	Yes (C/S)	
HEAVY	Yes (C/S)	
HEIGHT-IN-CELLS	Yes (C/S)	
HIDDEN-DATA	Yes (C/S)	
HILDDEN DATA	100 (0/0)	

HIGH-COLOR	Yes (C/S)	
HIGH-VALUE	Yes	HIGH-VALUES
HIGH-VALUES	Yes	HIGH-VALUE
HIGHLIGHT	Yes (C/S)	
HOT-TRACK	Yes (C/S)	
HSCROLL	Yes (C/S)	
HSCROLL-POS	Yes (C/S)	
I-0	Yes	
I-O-CONTROL	Yes	
ICON	Yes (C/S)	
ID	Yes	
IDENTIFICATION	Yes	
IDENTIFIED	Yes	
IF	Yes	
IGNORE	Yes	
IGNORING	Yes (C/S)	
IMPLEMENTS	No (C/S)	
IN	Yes	
INDEPENDENT	Yes (C/S)	
INDEX	Yes	
INDEXED	Yes	
INDICATE	Yes	
INHERITS	No	
INITIAL	Yes	
		TNITTT A I T7P
INITIALISE	Yes	INITIALIZE
INITIALISED	Yes	INITIALIZED
INITIALIZE	Yes	INITIALISE
INITIALIZED	Yes (C/S)	INITIALISED
INITIATE	Yes	
INPUT	Yes	
INPUT-OUTPUT	Yes	
INPUT-OUTPUT INQUIRE		
	Yes	
INQUIRE	Yes Yes	
INQUIRE INSERT-ROWS	Yes Yes Yes (C/S)	
INQUIRE INSERT-ROWS INSERTION-INDEX	Yes Yes (C/S) Yes (C/S)	
INQUIRE INSERT-ROWS INSERTION-INDEX INSPECT	Yes Yes Yes (C/S) Yes (C/S) Yes	
INQUIRE INSERT-ROWS INSERTION-INDEX INSPECT INTERFACE	Yes Yes Yes (C/S) Yes (C/S) Yes No No	
INQUIRE INSERT-ROWS INSERTION-INDEX INSPECT INTERFACE INTERFACE-ID INTERMEDIATE	Yes Yes (C/S) Yes (C/S) Yes No	
INQUIRE INSERT-ROWS INSERTION-INDEX INSPECT INTERFACE INTERFACE-ID INTERMEDIATE INTO	Yes Yes Yes (C/S) Yes (C/S) Yes No No Yes (C/S) Yes	
INQUIRE INSERT-ROWS INSERTION-INDEX INSPECT INTERFACE INTERFACE-ID INTERMEDIATE INTO INTRINSIC	Yes Yes Yes (C/S) Yes (C/S) Yes No No Yes (C/S) Yes Yes (C/S)	
INQUIRE INSERT-ROWS INSERTION-INDEX INSPECT INTERFACE INTERFACE-ID INTERMEDIATE INTO INTRINSIC INVALID	Yes Yes Yes (C/S) Yes (C/S) Yes No No Yes (C/S) Yes Yes (C/S) Yes Yes (C/S)	
INQUIRE INSERT-ROWS INSERTION-INDEX INSPECT INTERFACE INTERFACE-ID INTERMEDIATE INTO INTRINSIC INVALID INVOKE	Yes Yes Yes (C/S) Yes (C/S) Yes No No Yes (C/S) Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes No	
INQUIRE INSERT-ROWS INSERTION-INDEX INSPECT INTERFACE INTERFACE-ID INTERMEDIATE INTO INTRINSIC INVALID INVOKE IS	Yes Yes Yes (C/S) Yes (C/S) Yes No No Yes (C/S) Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	
INQUIRE INSERT-ROWS INSERTION-INDEX INSPECT INTERFACE INTERFACE-ID INTERMEDIATE INTO INTRINSIC INVALID INVOKE IS ITEM	Yes Yes Yes (C/S) Yes (C/S) Yes No No Yes (C/S) Yes Yes Yes (C/S) Yes No Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	
INQUIRE INSERT-ROWS INSERTION-INDEX INSPECT INTERFACE INTERFACE-ID INTERMEDIATE INTO INTRINSIC INVALID INVOKE IS ITEM ITEM-TEXT	Yes Yes Yes (C/S) Yes (C/S) Yes No No Yes (C/S) Yes Yes Yes (C/S) Yes	
INQUIRE INSERT-ROWS INSERTION-INDEX INSPECT INTERFACE INTERFACE-ID INTERMEDIATE INTO INTRINSIC INVALID INVOKE IS ITEM ITEM-TEXT ITEM-TO-ADD	Yes Yes Yes (C/S) Yes (C/S) Yes No No Yes (C/S) Yes Yes Yes (C/S) Yes Yes Yes (C/S) Yes Yes Yes (C/S) Yes Yes (C/S) Yes Yes (C/S)	
INQUIRE INSERT-ROWS INSERTION-INDEX INSPECT INTERFACE INTERFACE-ID INTERMEDIATE INTO INTRINSIC INVALID INVOKE IS ITEM ITEM-TEXT ITEM-TO-ADD ITEM-TO-DELETE	Yes Yes Yes (C/S) Yes (C/S) Yes No No Yes (C/S) Yes (C/S) Yes (C/S) Yes (C/S) Yes (C/S)	
INQUIRE INSERT-ROWS INSERTION-INDEX INSPECT INTERFACE INTERFACE-ID INTERMEDIATE INTO INTRINSIC INVALID INVOKE IS ITEM ITEM-TEXT ITEM-TO-ADD ITEM-TO-DELETE ITEM-TO-EMPTY	Yes Yes Yes (C/S) Yes (C/S) Yes No No Yes (C/S) Yes (C/S) Yes (C/S) Yes (C/S) Yes (C/S) Yes (C/S)	
INQUIRE INSERT-ROWS INSERTION-INDEX INSPECT INTERFACE INTERFACE-ID INTERMEDIATE INTO INTRINSIC INVALID INVOKE IS ITEM ITEM-TEXT ITEM-TO-ADD ITEM-TO-EMPTY ITEM-VALUE	Yes Yes Yes (C/S) Yes (C/S) Yes No No Yes (C/S) Yes Yes Yes (C/S) Yes Yes (C/S) Yes Yes (C/S)	
INQUIRE INSERT-ROWS INSERTION-INDEX INSPECT INTERFACE INTERFACE-ID INTERMEDIATE INTO INTRINSIC INVALID INVOKE IS ITEM ITEM-TEXT ITEM-TO-ADD ITEM-TO-DELETE ITEM-TO-EMPTY ITEM-VALUE JSON	Yes Yes Yes (C/S) Yes (C/S) Yes No No Yes (C/S) Yes Yes (C/S) Yes Yes (C/S) Yes Yes (C/S)	
INQUIRE INSERT-ROWS INSERTION-INDEX INSPECT INTERFACE INTERFACE-ID INTERMEDIATE INTO INTRINSIC INVALID INVOKE IS ITEM ITEM-TEXT ITEM-TO-ADD ITEM-TO-EMPTY ITEM-VALUE	Yes Yes Yes (C/S) Yes (C/S) Yes No No Yes (C/S) Yes Yes Yes (C/S) Yes Yes (C/S) Yes Yes (C/S)	JUSTIFIED JUST

	T. 7	
KEPT	Yes	
KEY	Yes	
KEYBOARD	Yes (C/S)	
LABEL	Yes	
LABEL-OFFSET	Yes (C/S)	
LARGE-FONT	Yes	
LARGE-OFFSET	Yes (C/S)	
LAST	Yes	
LAST-ROW	Yes (C/S)	
LAYOUT-DATA	Yes (C/S)	
LAYOUT-MANAGER	Yes	
LC_ALL	No (C/S)	
LC_COLLATE	No (C/S)	
LC_CTYPE	No (C/S)	
LC_MESSAGES	No (C/S)	
LC_MONETARY	No (C/S)	
LC_NUMERIC	No (C/S)	
LC_TIME	No (C/S)	
LEADING	Yes	
LEADING-SHIFT	Yes (C/S)	
LEAVE	Yes (C/S)	
LEFT	Yes	
LEFT-JUSTIFY	No	
LEFT-TEXT	Yes (C/S)	
LEFTLINE	Yes	
LENGTH	Yes	
LENGTH-CHECK	Yes	FULL
LESS	Yes	
LIKE	Yes	
LIMIT	Yes	
LIMITS	Yes	
LINAGE		
	Yes	
LINAGE-COUNTER	Yes	
	Yes Yes	
LINAGE-COUNTER LINE LINE-COUNTER	Yes Yes Yes	
LINAGE-COUNTER LINE LINE-COUNTER LINE-SEQUENTIAL	Yes Yes Yes (C/S)	
LINAGE-COUNTER LINE LINE-COUNTER LINE-SEQUENTIAL LINES	Yes Yes Yes (C/S) Yes	
LINAGE-COUNTER LINE LINE-COUNTER LINE-SEQUENTIAL LINES LINES-AT-ROOT	Yes Yes Yes (C/S) Yes Yes (C/S)	
LINAGE-COUNTER LINE LINE-COUNTER LINE-SEQUENTIAL LINES LINES-AT-ROOT LINKAGE	Yes Yes Yes Yes (C/S) Yes Yes (C/S) Yes	
LINAGE-COUNTER LINE LINE-COUNTER LINE-SEQUENTIAL LINES LINES-AT-ROOT LINKAGE LIST-BOX	Yes Yes Yes Yes (C/S) Yes Yes (C/S) Yes Yes (C/S)	
LINAGE-COUNTER LINE LINE-COUNTER LINE-SEQUENTIAL LINES LINES-AT-ROOT LINKAGE LIST-BOX LM-RESIZE	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes (C/S) Yes Yes (C/S) Yes Yes (C/S) Yes	
LINAGE-COUNTER LINE LINE-COUNTER LINE-SEQUENTIAL LINES LINES-AT-ROOT LINKAGE LIST-BOX LM-RESIZE LOC	Yes Yes Yes Yes (C/S)	
LINAGE-COUNTER LINE LINE-COUNTER LINE-SEQUENTIAL LINES LINES-AT-ROOT LINKAGE LIST-BOX LM-RESIZE	Yes Yes Yes Yes (C/S)	
LINAGE-COUNTER LINE LINE-COUNTER LINE-SEQUENTIAL LINES LINES-AT-ROOT LINKAGE LIST-BOX LM-RESIZE LOC LOCAL-STORAGE LOCALE	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes (C/S) Yes Yes (C/S) Yes Yes (C/S) Yes Yes (C/S) Yes Yes Yes (C/S)	
LINAGE-COUNTER LINE LINE-COUNTER LINE-SEQUENTIAL LINES LINES-AT-ROOT LINKAGE LIST-BOX LM-RESIZE LOC LOCAL-STORAGE	Yes Yes Yes Yes (C/S) Yes Yes (C/S) Yes Yes (C/S) Yes Yes (C/S) Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	
LINAGE-COUNTER LINE LINE-COUNTER LINE-SEQUENTIAL LINES LINES-AT-ROOT LINKAGE LIST-BOX LM-RESIZE LOC LOCAL-STORAGE LOCALE LOCK LOCK-HOLDING	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes (C/S) Yes Yes (C/S) Yes Yes (C/S) Yes Yes (C/S) Yes Yes Yes (C/S) Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes	
LINAGE-COUNTER LINE LINE-COUNTER LINE-SEQUENTIAL LINES LINES-AT-ROOT LINKAGE LIST-BOX LM-RESIZE LOC LOCAL-STORAGE LOCALE LOCK LOCK LOCK-HOLDING LONG-DATE	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes (C/S) Yes Yes (C/S) Yes Yes (C/S) Yes Yes (C/S) Yes	
LINAGE-COUNTER LINE LINE-COUNTER LINE-SEQUENTIAL LINES LINES-AT-ROOT LINKAGE LIST-BOX LM-RESIZE LOC LOCAL-STORAGE LOCALE LOCK LOCK-HOLDING LONG-DATE LOW-COLOR	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes (C/S) Yes Yes (C/S) Yes Yes (C/S) Yes Yes (C/S) Yes	
LINAGE-COUNTER LINE LINE-COUNTER LINE-SEQUENTIAL LINES LINES-AT-ROOT LINKAGE LIST-BOX LM-RESIZE LOC LOCAL-STORAGE LOCALE LOCK LOCK-HOLDING LONG-DATE LOW-COLOR LOW-VALUE	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes (C/S) Yes Yes (C/S) Yes Yes (C/S) Yes Yes (C/S) Yes Yes Yes (C/S) Yes	LOW-VALUES
LINAGE-COUNTER LINE LINE-COUNTER LINE-SEQUENTIAL LINES LINES-AT-ROOT LINKAGE LIST-BOX LM-RESIZE LOC LOCAL-STORAGE LOCALE LOCK LOCK-HOLDING LONG-DATE LOW-COLOR LOW-VALUES	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes (C/S) Yes Yes (C/S) Yes Yes (C/S) Yes Yes (C/S) Yes	LOW-VALUES LOW-VALUE
LINAGE-COUNTER LINE LINE-COUNTER LINE-SEQUENTIAL LINES LINES-AT-ROOT LINKAGE LIST-BOX LM-RESIZE LOC LOCAL-STORAGE LOCALE LOCK LOCK-HOLDING LONG-DATE LOW-COLOR LOW-VALUE LOW-VALUES LOWER	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes (C/S) Yes Yes (C/S) Yes Yes (C/S) Yes Yes Yes (C/S) Yes	
LINAGE-COUNTER LINE LINE-COUNTER LINE-SEQUENTIAL LINES LINES-AT-ROOT LINKAGE LIST-BOX LM-RESIZE LOC LOCAL-STORAGE LOCALE LOCK LOCK-HOLDING LONG-DATE LOW-COLOR LOW-VALUES	Yes Yes Yes Yes Yes (C/S) Yes Yes (C/S) Yes Yes (C/S) Yes Yes (C/S) Yes	

	(()
LOWLIGHT	Yes (C/S)
MAGNETIC-TAPE	Yes (C/S)
MANUAL	Yes
MASS-UPDATE	Yes (C/S)
MASTER-INDEX	Yes (C/S)
MAX-LINES	Yes (C/S)
MAX-PROGRESS	Yes (C/S)
MAX-TEXT	Yes (C/S)
MAX-VAL	Yes (C/S)
MEDIUM-FONT	Yes
MEMORY	Yes (C/S)
MENU	Yes
MERGE	Yes
MESSAGE	Yes
METHOD	No
METHOD-ID	No
MIN-VAL	Yes (C/S)
MINUS	Yes
MODE	Yes
MODIFY	Yes
MODULES	Yes (C/S)
MOVE	Yes
MULTILINE	Yes (C/S)
MULTIPLE	Yes
MULTIPLY	Yes
NAME	Yes (C/S)
NAMED	Yes (C/S)
NAMESPACE	Yes (C/S)
NAMESPACE-PREFIX	Yes (C/S)
NATIONAL	Yes
NATIONAL-EDITED	Yes
NATIVE	Yes
NAVIGATE-URL	Yes (C/S)
NEAREST-AWAY-FROM-ZERO	Yes (C/S)
NEAREST-EVEN	Yes (C/S)
NEAREST-TOWARD-ZERO	Yes (C/S)
NEGATIVE	Yes
NESTED	Yes
NEW	Yes
NEXT	Yes
NEXT-ITEM	Yes (C/S)
NO	Yes
NO-AUTO-DEFAULT	Yes (C/S)
NO-AUTOSEL	Yes (C/S)
NO-BOX	Yes (C/S)
NO-DIVIDERS	Yes (C/S)
NO-ECHO	Yes
NO-F4	Yes (C/S)
NO-FOCUS	Yes (C/S)
NO-GROUP-TAB	Yes (C/S)
NO-KEY-LETTER	Yes (C/S)
NO-SEARCH	Yes (C/S)
	. , ,

NO-UPDOWN	Yes (C/S)	
NOMINAL	Yes (C/S)	
NONE	No (C/S)	
NONNUMERIC	$\operatorname{Yes}\left(\mathrm{C/S}\right)$	
NORMAL	$\operatorname{Yes}\left(\mathrm{C/S}\right)$	
NOT	Yes	
NOTAB	Yes (C/S)	
NOTHING	Yes	
NOTIFY	Yes (C/S)	
NOTIFY-CHANGE	Yes (C/S)	
NOTIFY-DBLCLICK	$\operatorname{Yes}\left(\mathrm{C/S}\right)$	
NOTIFY-SELCHANGE	Yes (C/S)	
NULL	Yes	NULLS
NULLS	Yes	NULL
NUM-COL-HEADINGS	Yes (C/S)	NOLL
NUM-ROWS	Yes (C/S)	
NUMBER	Yes	
NUMBERS	Yes	
NUMERIC	Yes	
NUMERIC-EDITED	Yes	
OBJECT	Yes	
OBJECT-COMPUTER	Yes	
OBJECT-REFERENCE	No	
OCCURS	Yes	
	Yes	
OF		
OFF	Yes (C/S)	
OK-BUTTON	$\operatorname{Yes}\left(\mathrm{C/S}\right)$	
OMITTED	Yes	
ON CONT. V.	Yes	
ONLY	Yes	
OPELONAL	Yes	
OPTIONAL	Yes	
OPTIONS	Yes	
OR	Yes	
ORDER	Yes	00.01.01.01.00
ORGANISATION	Yes	ORGANIZATION
ORGANIZATION	Yes	ORGANISATION
OTHER	Yes	
OTHERS	Yes (C/S)	
OUTPUT	Yes	
OVERFLOW	Yes	
OVERLAP-LEFT	Yes (C/S)	OVERLAP-TOP
OVERLAP-TOP	Yes (C/S)	OVERLAP-LEFT
OVERLINE	Yes	
OVERRIDE	No	
PACKED-DECIMAL	Yes	
PADDING	Yes	
PAGE	Yes	
PAGE-COUNTER	Yes	
PAGE-SETUP	Yes (C/S)	
PAGED	Yes (C/S)	
PARAGRAPH	Yes (C/S)	

PARENT	Yes (C/S)	
PARSE	Yes (C/S)	
PASCAL	Yes (C/S)	
PASSWORD	Yes (C/S)	
PERFORM	Yes	
PERMANENT	Yes (C/S)	
PF	Yes	
PH	Yes	
PHYSICAL	Yes	
PIC	Yes	PICTURE
PICTURE	Yes	PIC
PIXEL	Yes (C/S)	PIXELS
PIXELS	Yes	PIXEL
PLACEMENT	Yes (C/S)	FIACL
PLUS	Yes	
POINTER	Yes	
POP-UP		
POS	Yes (C/S) Yes	
POSITION	Yes	
POSITION-SHIFT POSITIVE	Yes (C/S) Yes	
PREFIXED		
	No (C/S) Yes	
PRESENT		
PREVIOUS	Yes (C/S)	
PRINT NO PROMPT	Yes (C/S)	
PRINT_NO-PROMPT	Yes (C/S)	
PRINT-PREVIEW	$\operatorname{Yes} (C/S)$	
PRINTER	$\operatorname{Yes} (C/S)$	
PRINTER-1	Yes (C/S)	
PRINTING	Yes	
PRIORITY	Yes	
PROCEDURE	Yes	DD CGD AM DOTHERD
PROCEDURE-POINTER	Yes	PROGRAM-POINTER
PROCEDURES	Yes	
PROCEED	Yes	
PROCESSING	Yes (C/S)	
PROGRAM	Yes	
PROGRAM-ID	Yes	DD COUDING DO THEED
PROGRAM-POINTER	Yes (C/G)	PROCEDURE-POINTER
PROGRESS	Yes (C/S)	
PROHIBITED	Yes (C/S)	
PROMPT	Yes	
PROPERTIES	Yes (C/S)	
PROPERTY	Yes	
PROTECTED	Yes (C/S)	
PROTOTYPE	No	
PURGE	Yes	
PUSH-BUTTON	$\operatorname{Yes} (C/S)$	
QUERY-INDEX	Yes (C/S)	
QUEUE	Yes	
QUOTE	Yes	QUOTES
QUOTES	Yes	QUOTE

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RADIO-BUTTON	Yes (C/S)	
RAISE	Yes	
RAISED	Yes (C/S)	
RAISING	No	
RANDOM	Yes	
RD	Yes	
READ	Yes	
READ-ONLY	Yes (C/S)	
READERS	Yes (C/S)	
RECEIVE	Yes	
RECORD	Yes	
RECORD-DATA	Yes (C/S)	
RECORD-OVERFLOW	Yes (C/S)	
RECORD-TO-ADD	Yes (C/S)	
RECORD-TO-DELETE	Yes (C/S)	
RECORDING	Yes	
RECORDS	Yes	
RECURSIVE	Yes (C/S)	
REDEFINES	Yes	
REEL	Yes	
REFERENCE	Yes	
REFERENCES	Yes	
REFRESH REGION COLOR	Yes (C/S)	
REGION-COLOR	Yes (C/S)	
RELATION	No (C/S)	
RELATIVE	Yes	
RELEASE	Yes	
REMAINDER	Yes	
REMOVAL	Yes	
RENAMES	Yes	
REORG-CRITERIA	Yes (C/S)	
REPLACE	Yes	
REPLACING	Yes	
REPORT	Yes	
REPORTING	Yes	
REPORTS	Yes	
REPOSITORY	Yes	
REQUIRED	Yes (C/S)	EMPTY-CHECK
REREAD	Yes (C/S)	
RERUN	Yes (C/S)	
RESERVE	Yes	
RESET	Yes	
RESET-GRID	Yes (C/S)	
RESET-LIST	Yes (C/S)	
RESET-TABS	Yes (C/S)	
RESUME	No	
RETRY	Yes	
RETURN	Yes	
RETURNING	Yes	
REVERSE	Yes	
REVERSE-VIDEO	Yes (C/S)	
REVERSED	Yes	
1 VIII T 1 II E VIV 1 II V	100	

DELITAD	V
REWIND	Yes
REWRITE	Yes
RF	Yes
RH	Yes
RIGHT	Yes
RIGHT-ALIGN	Yes (C/S)
RIGHT-JUSTIFY	No
RIMMED	Yes (C/S)
ROLLBACK	Yes
ROUNDED	Yes
ROUNDING	Yes (C/S)
ROW-COLOR	Yes (C/S)
	. , ,
ROW-COLOR-PATTERN	Yes (C/S)
ROW-DIVIDERS	Yes (C/S)
ROW-FONT	Yes (C/S)
ROW-HEADINGS	Yes (C/S)
ROW-PROTECTION	Yes (C/S)
RUN	Yes
S	Yes (C/S)
SAME	Yes
SAVE-AS	Yes (C/S)
SAVE-AS-NO-PROMPT	Yes (C/S)
SCREEN	Yes
SCROLL	Yes (C/S)
SCROLL-BAR	Yes (C/S)
SD SD	Yes
SEARCH	Yes
SEARCH-OPTIONS	Yes (C/S)
SEARCH-TEXT	Yes (C/S)
SECONDS	Yes (C/S)
	` ' '
SECTION	Yes (C(S)
SECURE	Yes (C/S)
SEGMENT	Yes
SEGMENT-LIMIT	Yes
SELECT	Yes
SELECT-ALL	Yes (C/S)
SELECTION-INDEX	Yes (C/S)
SELECTION-TEXT	Yes (C/S)
SELF	No
SELF-ACT	Yes (C/S)
SEND	Yes
SENTENCE	Yes
SEPARATE	Yes
SEPARATION	Yes (C/S)
SEQUENCE	Yes
SEQUENTIAL	Yes
SET	Yes
SHADING	Yes (C/S)
SHADOW	Yes (C/S)
SHARING	Yes
SHORT-DATE	Yes (C/S)
	. , ,
SHOW-LINES	Yes (C/S)

SHOW-SEL-ALWAYS Yes C(\(\) S SIGN Yes	SHOW-NONE	Yes (C/S)	
SIGN			
SIGNED		` ' '	
SIGNED-INT			
SIGNED-LONG			
SIGNED-SHORT Yes			
SIZE			
SMALL-FONT Yes SORT Yes SORT-WERGE Yes SORT-ORDER Yes (C/S) SURCE Yes SURCESOURCE Yes SURCESOURCES No SPACE Yes SPACE Yes SPACE Yes SPACES SPACE SPACE Yes SPACE SPACE SPACE Yes SPACE SPACE SPACE SPACE <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td></td<>			
SORT			
SORT-MERGE Yes SORT-ORDER Yes SOURCE Yes SOURCE-COMPUTER Yes SOURCES No SPACE Yes SPACE Yes SPACES Yes SPACES Yes SPECIAL-NAMES Yes SPENDER Yes (C/S) SQUARE Yes (C/S) STANDARD Yes STANDARD-1 Yes STANDARD-2 Yes STANDARD-BINARY Yes (C/S) STARTAT Yes START-Y Yes (C/S) START-Y Yes (C/S) STATEMENT No (C/S) STATIC Yes (C/S) STATUC-LIST Yes (C/S) STATUS-BAR Yes STATUS-BAR Yes STATUS-TEXT Yes (C/S) STEP Yes STERING Yes STERING Yes STRING Yes STYLE Yes <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td></t<>			
SORT-ORDER Yes SOURCE Yes SOURCE-COMPUTER Yes SOURCES No SPACE Yes SPACES SPACE Yes SPACE SPACES Yes SPACE SPECIAL-NAMES Yes SPACE SPECIAL-NAMES Yes SPACE SPINNER Yes (C/S) STANDARD STANDARD Yes STANDARD Yes STANDARD-1 Yes STANDARD-2 Yes STANDARD-2 STANDARD-BINARY Yes (C/S) STANDARD-DECIMAL Yes (C/S) START Yes Yes START-X Yes (C/S) START-Y Yes (C/S) Yes STATIC Yes (C/S) Yes STATUS-BAR Yes (C/S) Yes STATUS-BAR Yes (C/S) Yes STATUS-BAR Yes (C/S) Yes STEP Yes Yes STRING Yes Yes			
SOURCE Yes SOURCES No SPACE Yes SPACES SPACE Yes SPACES SPACES Yes SPACES SPACES Yes SPACE SPECIAL-NAMES Yes SPACE SPECIAL-NAMES Yes SPACE SPECIAL-NAMES Yes SPACE SPINNER Yes (C/S) STAMDARD-BELL STAMDARD Yes Yes STANDARD-1 Yes Yes STANDARD-BINARY Yes (C/S) Yes STANDARD-DECIMAL Yes (C/S) Yes START Yes Yes START-X Yes (C/S) Yes START-Y Yes (C/S) Yes STATIC Yes (C/S) Yes STATIC-LIST Yes Yes STATUS-BAR Yes (C/S) Yes STATUS-BAR Yes (C/S) Yes STEP Yes Yes STEP Yes Yes			
SOURCE-COMPUTER Yes SOURCES No SPACE Yes SPACES SPACES Yes SPACES SPACES Yes SPACE SPECIAL NAMES Yes SPACE SPECIAL NAMES Yes SPACE SPECIAL NAMES Yes SPACE SPECIAL NAMES Yes SPACE SPACES Yes SPACE SPACES SPACE SPACE SPECIAL NAMES Yes SPACE SPACE SPACE SPACE SPACES SPACE SPACES SPACES SPACE SPACE SPACES SPACE SPACE SPACES SPACE SPACE SPACE SPACE SPACE SPACE SPACE SPACE SPACE SPACE SPACE STANDARD Yes C/S) STANDARD Yes C/S) STANTARY Yes C/S) STATI			
SOURCES No SPACE Yes SPACES SPACES Yes SPACE SPACES Yes SPACE SPECIAL-NAMES Yes SPACE SPINNER Yes (C/S) STANDARD STANDARD Yes STANDARD STANDARD-1 Yes STANDARD-2 STANDARD-BINARY Yes (C/S) STANDARD-BINARY Yes (C/S) STANDARD-DECIMAL Yes (C/S) START Yes C(S) STARTY Yes (C/S) STATIC STATEMENT No (C/S) STATIC STATUS Yes Yes STATUS-BAR Yes (C/S) Yes STATUS-BAR Yes (C/S) Yes STATUS-TEXT Yes (C/S) Yes STEP Yes (C/S) Yes STEP Yes Yes STRING Yes Yes STPLE Yes Yes SUB-QUEUE-1 Yes Yes SUB-QUEUE-2			
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$\begin{array}{lll} \text{SUPER} & \text{No} \\ \text{SUPPRESS} & \text{Yes} \\ \text{SYMBOL} & \text{No} \left(\text{C/S} \right) \\ \text{SYMBOLIC} & \text{Yes} \end{array}$			
$\begin{array}{cc} {\tt SUPPRESS} & {\tt Yes} \\ {\tt SYMBOL} & {\tt No} \; ({\tt C/S}) \\ {\tt SYMBOLIC} & {\tt Yes} \end{array}$			
$\begin{array}{cc} {\tt SYMBOL} & {\tt No} \; ({\rm C/S}) \\ {\tt SYMBOLIC} & {\tt Yes} \end{array}$			
SYMBOLIC Yes			
		` ' '	
SYNC Yes SYNCHRONISED, SYNCHRONIZED			
	SYNC	Yes	SYNCHRONISED, SYNCHRONIZED

SYNCHRONISED Yes SYNC, SYNCHRONISED SYNCHRONIZED Yes SYNC, SYNCHRONISED SYSTEM-DEFAULT Yes (C/S) SYSTEM-DEFAULT Yes (C/S) SYSTEM-DEFAULT Yes (C/S) TAB-TO-ADD Yes (C/S) (C/S) TAB-TO-DELETE Yes (C/S) TABLE Yes (C/S) TALLYING Yes (C/S) TEMEDORARY Yes (C/S) (C/S) TEMPORARY Yes (C/S) (C/S) TEMINAL-INFO Yes (C/S) (C/S) TEMINATION-VALUE Yes (C/S) (C/S) TEST Yes (C/S) TEMINATION-VALUE Yes (C/S) TEMINATION-VALUE Yes (C/S) TEMINATION-VALUE Yes (C/S) THAN Yes (C/S) THAN Yes (C/S) THAND Yes (C/S) THREADD Yes (THRU THREADD Yes <td< th=""><th></th><th></th><th></th></td<>			
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SYSTEM-INFO	SYNCHRONIZED	Yes	SYNC, SYNCHRONISED
SYSTEM-OFFSET	SYSTEM-DEFAULT	Yes	
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TILED-HEADINGS Yes (C/S) TIME Yes TIME-OUT Yes (C/S) TIMEOUT TIMEOUT Yes (C/S) TIMEOUT TIMES Yes TITLE Yes (C/S) TITLE Yes (C/S) TITLE-POSITION Yes (C/S) TO Yes TOWARD-GREATER Yes (C/S) TOWARD-LESSER Yes (C/S) TRACK Yes (C/S) TRACK Yes (C/S) TRACK-AREA Yes (C/S) TRACK-LIMIT Yes (C/S) TRACKS Yes (C/S) TRAILING Yes TRAILING Yes TRAILING-SHIFT Yes (C/S) TRAILING-SIGN NO TRANSPARENT Yes (C/S) TREE-VIEW Yes (C/S) TRUE Yes TRUNCATION Yes TRUNCATION Yes TRUNCATION Yes TYPEDEF Yes TYPEDEF Yes TYPEDEF Yes TYPEDEF Yes	THUMB-POSITION	Yes (C/S)	
TIME	TILED-HEADINGS	` ' '	
TIMEOUT Yes TIME-OUT TITLE Yes (C/S) TITLE-POSITION Yes (C/S) TO Yes (C/S) TOP Yes (C/S) TOWARD-GREATER Yes (C/S) TRACK Yes (C/S) TRACK Yes (C/S) TRACK-AREA Yes (C/S) TRACKS Yes (C/S) TRADITIONAL-FONT Yes (C/S) TRAILING Yes (C/S) TRAILING-SHIFT Yes (C/S) TRAILING-SIGN No No TRAILING-SIGN Yes (C/S) TREE-VIEW Yes (C/S) TRUE Yes (C/S) TYPE Yes (C/S) TYPE Yes (C/S)	TIME	` ' '	
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TITLE Yes (C/S) TITLE-POSITION Yes (C/S) TO Yes TOP Yes TOWARD-GREATER Yes (C/S) TOWARD-LESSER Yes (C/S) TRACK Yes (C/S) TRACK-AREA Yes (C/S) TRACK-LIMIT Yes (C/S) TRACKS Yes (C/S) TRADITIONAL-FONT Yes TRAILING Yes TRAILING-SHIFT Yes (C/S) TRAILING-SIGN No TRANSFORM Yes TRANSPARENT Yes (C/S) TRUE Yes TRUNCATION Yes (C/S) TYPE Yes TYPEDEF Yes U Yes (C/S)	TIMEOUT	` ' '	TIME-OUT
TITLE-POSITION Yes TO Yes TOP Yes TOWARD-GREATER Yes (C/S) TOWARD-LESSER Yes (C/S) TRACK Yes (C/S) TRACK-AREA Yes (C/S) TRACK-LIMIT Yes (C/S) TRACKS Yes (C/S) TRADITIONAL-FONT Yes TRAILING Yes TRAILING-SHIFT Yes (C/S) TRAILING-SIGN No TRANSFORM Yes TRANSPARENT Yes (C/S) TRUE Yes TRUNCATION Yes (C/S) TYPE Yes TYPEDEF Yes U Yes (C/S)	TIMES	Yes	
TO Yes TOWARD-GREATER Yes (C/S) TOWARD-LESSER Yes (C/S) TRACK Yes (C/S) TRACK-AREA Yes (C/S) TRACK-LIMIT Yes (C/S) TRACKS Yes (C/S) TRADITIONAL-FONT Yes TRAILING Yes TRAILING-SHIFT Yes (C/S) TRAILING-SIGN No TRANSFORM Yes TRANSPARENT Yes (C/S) TRUE Yes TRUNCATION Yes (C/S) TYPE Yes TYPEDEF Yes U Yes (C/S)	TITLE	Yes (C/S)	
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TOWARD-GREATER Yes (C/S) TOWARD-LESSER Yes (C/S) TRACK Yes (C/S) TRACK-AREA Yes (C/S) TRACK-LIMIT Yes (C/S) TRACKS Yes (C/S) TRADITIONAL-FONT Yes TRAILING Yes TRAILING-SHIFT Yes (C/S) TRANSFORM Yes TRANSPARENT Yes (C/S) TRUE Yes TRUNCATION Yes (C/S) TYPE Yes TYPEDEF Yes U Yes (C/S)	TO	Yes	
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	TOP	Yes	
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TRACK-AREA Yes (C/S) TRACKS Yes (C/S) TRADITIONAL-FONT Yes TRAILING Yes TRAILING-SHIFT Yes (C/S) TRAILING-SIGN No TRANSFORM Yes TRANSPARENT Yes (C/S) TRUE Yes TRUNCATION Yes (C/S) TYPE Yes TYPEDEF Yes U Yes (C/S)	TOWARD-LESSER		
TRACK-LIMIT Yes (C/S) TRACKS Yes (C/S) TRADITIONAL-FONT Yes TRAILING Yes TRAILING-SHIFT Yes (C/S) TRAILING-SIGN No TRANSFORM Yes TRANSPARENT Yes (C/S) TRUE Yes TRUNCATION Yes (C/S) TYPE Yes TYPEDEF Yes U Yes (C/S)	TRACK	Yes (C/S)	
TRACKS Yes (C/S) TRADITIONAL-FONT Yes TRAILING Yes TRAILING-SHIFT Yes (C/S) TRAILING-SIGN No TRANSFORM Yes TRANSPARENT Yes (C/S) TRUE Yes TRUNCATION Yes (C/S) TYPE Yes TYPEDEF Yes U Yes (C/S)	TRACK-AREA	Yes (C/S)	
TRADITIONAL-FONT Yes TRAILING Yes (C/S) TRAILING-SHIFT Yes (C/S) TRAILING-SIGN No TRANSFORM Yes TRANSPARENT Yes (C/S) TRUE Yes TRUNCATION Yes (C/S) TYPE Yes TYPEDEF Yes U Yes (C/S)	TRACK-LIMIT	Yes (C/S)	
TRAILING Yes TRAILING-SHIFT Yes (C/S) TRAILING-SIGN No TRANSFORM Yes TRANSPARENT Yes (C/S) TREE-VIEW Yes (C/S) TRUE Yes TRUNCATION Yes (C/S) TYPE Yes TYPEDEF Yes U Yes (C/S)	TRACKS	Yes (C/S)	
TRAILING-SHIFT Yes (C/S) TRAILING-SIGN No TRANSFORM Yes TRANSPARENT Yes (C/S) TREE-VIEW Yes (C/S) TRUE Yes TRUNCATION Yes (C/S) TYPE Yes TYPEDEF Yes U Yes (C/S)	TRADITIONAL-FONT	Yes	
TRAILING-SIGN No TRANSFORM Yes TRANSPARENT Yes (C/S) TREE-VIEW Yes (C/S) TRUE Yes TRUNCATION Yes (C/S) TYPE Yes TYPEDEF Yes U Yes (C/S)	TRAILING	Yes	
TRANSFORM Yes TRANSPARENT Yes (C/S) TREE-VIEW Yes (C/S) TRUE Yes TRUNCATION Yes (C/S) TYPE Yes TYPEDEF Yes U Yes (C/S)	TRAILING-SHIFT	Yes (C/S)	
$\begin{array}{lll} \text{TRANSPARENT} & \text{Yes } (\text{C/S}) \\ \text{TREE-VIEW} & \text{Yes } (\text{C/S}) \\ \text{TRUE} & \text{Yes} \\ \text{TRUNCATION} & \text{Yes } (\text{C/S}) \\ \text{TYPE} & \text{Yes} \\ \text{TYPEDEF} & \text{Yes} \\ \text{U} & \text{Yes } (\text{C/S}) \\ \end{array}$	TRAILING-SIGN	No	
TREE-VIEW Yes (C/S) TRUE Yes TRUNCATION Yes (C/S) TYPE Yes TYPEDEF Yes U Yes (C/S)	TRANSFORM	Yes	
TRUE Yes TRUNCATION Yes (C/S) TYPE Yes TYPEDEF Yes U Yes (C/S)	TRANSPARENT	Yes (C/S)	
$\begin{array}{ccc} \text{TRUNCATION} & \text{Yes } (\text{C/S}) \\ \text{TYPE} & \text{Yes} \\ \text{TYPEDEF} & \text{Yes} \\ \text{U} & \text{Yes } (\text{C/S}) \end{array}$	TREE-VIEW	Yes (C/S)	
TYPE Yes TYPEDEF Yes U Yes (C/S)	TRUE		
TYPEDEF Yes U Yes (C/S)	TRUNCATION	, , ,	
$ ext{U}$ Yes (C/S)	TYPE		
UCS-4 $Yes (C/S)$		` ' '	
	UCS-4	Yes (C/S)	

UNBOUNDED	Yes (C/S)	
UNDERLINE	Yes (C/S)	
UNFRAMED	Yes (C/S)	
UNIT	Yes	
UNIVERSAL	No	
UNLOCK	Yes	
UNSIGNED	Yes	
UNSIGNED-INT	Yes	
UNSIGNED-LONG	Yes	
UNSIGNED-SHORT	Yes	
UNSORTED	Yes (C/S)	
UNSTRING	Yes	
UNTIL	Yes	
UP	Yes	
UPDATE	Yes	
UPDATERS		
UPON	Yes (C/S) Yes	
UPPER		
	Yes (C/S) Yes	
USAGE	Yes	
USE		
USE-ALT	Yes (C/S)	
USE-RETURN	Yes (C/S)	
USE-TAB	Yes (C/S)	
USER	$\operatorname{Yes}\left(\mathrm{C/S}\right)$	
USER-DEFAULT	Yes	
USING	Yes (C(G)	
UTF-16	Yes (C/S)	
UTF-8	Yes (C/S)	
V	Yes (C/S)	
VAL-STATUS	No	
VALID	No	
VALIDATE	Yes	
VALIDATE-STATUS	No	
VALIDATING	Yes (C/S)	
VALUE	Yes	VALUES
VALUE-FORMAT	$\operatorname{Yes}\left(\mathrm{C/S}\right)$	
VALUES	Yes	VALUE
VARIABLE	Yes (C/S)	
VARIANT	Yes	
VARYING	Yes	
VERTICAL	Yes (C/S)	
VERY-HEAVY	Yes (C/S)	
VIRTUAL-WIDTH	Yes (C/S)	
VOLATILE	Yes	
VPADDING	Yes (C/S)	
VSCROLL	Yes (C/S)	
VSCROLL-BAR	Yes (C/S)	
VSCROLL-POS	Yes (C/S)	
VTOP	Yes (C/S)	
WAIT	Yes	
WEB-BROWSER	Yes (C/S)	
WHEN	Yes	

WIDTH	Yes (C/S)	
WIDTH-IN-CELLS	Yes (C/S)	
WINDOW	Yes	
WITH	Yes	
WORDS	Yes	
WORKING-STORAGE	Yes	
WRAP	Yes (C/S)	
WRITE	Yes	
WRITE-ONLY	Yes (C/S)	
WRITE-VERIFY	Yes (C/S)	
WRITERS	Yes (C/S)	
X	Yes (C/S)	
XML	Yes	
XML-DECLARATION	Yes (C/S)	
Y	Yes (C/S)	
YYYYDDD	Yes (C/S)	
YYYYMMDD	Yes (C/S)	
ZERO	Yes	ZEROES, ZEROS
ZERO-FILL	No (C/S)	
ZEROES	Yes	ZERO, ZEROS
ZEROS	Yes	ZERO, ZEROES

B.2 Extra (obsolete) context sensitive words

AUTHOR, DATE-COMPILED, DATE-MODIFIED, DATE-WRITTEN, INSTALLATION, REMARKS, SECURITY

B.3 Internal registers

Register	Implemented	Definition
'ADDRESS OF' phrase	Yes	USAGE POINTER
COB-CRT-STATUS	Yes	PICTURE 9(4) USAGE DISPLAY
		VALUE ZERO
DEBUG-ITEM	Yes	PICTURE X(n) USAGE DISPLAY
'LENGTH OF' phrase	Yes	CONSTANT USAGE BINARY-LONG
NUMBER-OF-CALL-PARAMETERS	Yes	USAGE BINARY-LONG
RETURN-CODE	Yes	GLOBAL USAGE BINARY-LONG VALUE
		ZERO
SORT-RETURN	Yes	GLOBAL USAGE BINARY-LONG VALUE
		ZERO
TALLY	Yes	GLOBAL PICTURE 9(5) USAGE
		BINARY VALUE ZERO
WHEN-COMPILED	Yes	CONSTANT PICTURE X(16) USAGE
		DISPLAY
XML-CODE	Yes	GLOBAL PICTURE S9(9) USAGE
		BINARY VALUE O
JSON-CODE	Yes	GLOBAL PICTURE S9(9) USAGE
		BINARY VALUE O

Appendix C Intrinsic Functions

The following list of intrinsic functions was extracted from cobc --list-intrinsics and shows the names of the available functions, an implementation note and the number of parameters.

Intrinsic **Implemented** Function **Parameters** ABS Yes 1 ACOS Yes 1 ANNUITY Yes 2 ASIN Yes 1 ATAN Yes 1 BOOLEAN-OF-INTEGER No 2 BYTE-LENGTH Yes 1 - 2 CHAR Yes 1 CHAR-NATIONAL No 1 COMBINED-DATETIME Yes 2 CONCAT Yes Unlimited CONCATENATE Yes Unlimited CONTENT-LENGTH Yes 1 CONTENT-OF Yes 1 - 2 COS Yes 1 CURRENCY-SYMBOL Yes 0 CURRENT-DATE Yes 0 DATE-OF-INTEGER Yes 1 DATE-TO-YYYYMMDD Yes 1 - 3 DAY-OF-INTEGER Yes 1 DAY-TO-YYYYDDD Yes 1 - 3 DISPLAY-OF No 1 - 2 E Yes 0 EXCEPTION-FILE Yes 0 EXCEPTION-FILE-N No O EXCEPTION-LOCATION Yes 0 EXCEPTION-LOCATION-N No O EXCEPTION-STATEMENT Yes 0 EXCEPTION-STATUS Yes 0 EXP Yes 1 EXP10 Yes 1 FACTORIAL Yes 1 FORMATTED-CURRENT-DATE Yes 1 FORMATTED-DATE Yes 2 FORMATTED-DATETIME Yes 4 - 5 FORMATTED-TIME Yes 3 - 4 FRACTION-PART Yes 1 HIGHEST-ALGEBRAIC Yes 1 INTEGER Yes 1 INTEGER-OF-BOOLEAN No 1 INTEGER-OF-DATE Yes 1 INTEGER-OF-DAY Yes 1 INTEGER-OF-FORMATTED-DATE Yes 2 INTEGER-PART Yes 1

```
LENGTH Yes 1 - 2
LENGTH-AN Yes 1
LOCALE-COMPARE Yes 2 - 3
LOCALE-DATE Yes 1 - 2
LOCALE-TIME Yes 1 - 2
LOCALE-TIME-FROM-SECONDS Yes 1 -
LOG Yes 1
LOG10 Yes 1
LOWER-CASE Yes 1
LOWEST-ALGEBRAIC Yes 1
MAX Yes Unlimited
MEAN Yes Unlimited
MEDIAN Yes Unlimited
MIDRANGE Yes Unlimited
MIN Yes Unlimited
MOD Yes 2
MODULE-CALLER-ID Yes 0
MODULE-DATE Yes 0
MODULE-FORMATTED-DATE Yes 0
MODULE-ID Yes 0
MODULE-PATH Yes 0
MODULE-SOURCE Yes 0
MODULE-TIME Yes 0
MONETARY-DECIMAL-POINT Yes 0
MONETARY-THOUSANDS-SEPARATOR Yes
NATIONAL-OF No 1 - 2
NUMERIC-DECIMAL-POINT Yes 0
NUMERIC-THOUSANDS-SEPARATOR Yes
NUMVAL Yes 1
NUMVAL-C Yes 2
NUMVAL-F Yes 1
ORD Yes 1
ORD-MAX Yes Unlimited
ORD-MIN Yes Unlimited
PI Yes 0
PRESENT-VALUE Yes Unlimited
RANDOM Yes 0 - 1
RANGE Yes Unlimited
REM Yes 2
REVERSE Yes 1
SECONDS-FROM-FORMATTED-TIME Yes
SECONDS-PAST-MIDNIGHT Yes 0
SIGN Yes 1
SIN Yes 1
SQRT Yes 1
STANDARD-COMPARE No 2 - 4
STANDARD-DEVIATION Yes Unlimited
```

STORED-CHAR-LENGTH Yes 1 SUBSTITUTE Yes Unlimited SUBSTITUTE-CASE Yes Unlimited SUM Yes Unlimited TAN Yes 1 TEST-DATE-YYYYMMDD Yes 1 TEST-DAY-YYYYDDD Yes 1 TEST-FORMATTED-DATETIME Yes 2 TEST-NUMVAL Yes 1 TEST-NUMVAL-C Yes 2 TEST-NUMVAL-F Yes 1 TRIM Yes 1 - 2 UPPER-CASE Yes 1 VARIANCE Yes Unlimited WHEN-COMPILED Yes 0 YEAR-TO-YYYY Yes 1 - 3

Appendix D System routines

The following list of system routines was extracted from cobc --list-system and shows the names of the available system routines along with the number of parameters.

a	D .
System routine	Parameters
SYSTEM	1
CBL_AND	3
CBL_ALARM_SOUND	0
CBL_BELL_SOUND	0
CBL_CHANGE_DIR	1
CBL_CHECK_FILE_EXIST	2
CBL_CLOSE_FILE	1
CBL_COPY_FILE	2
CBL_CREATE_DIR	1
CBL_CREATE_FILE	5
CBL_DELETE_DIR	1
CBL_DELETE_FILE	1
CBL_EQ	3
CBL_ERROR_PROC	2
CBL_EXIT_PROC	2
CBL_FLUSH_FILE	1
CBL_GET_CSR_POS	1
CBL_GET_CURRENT_DIR	3
CBL_GET_SCR_SIZE	2
CBL_IMP	3
CBL_NIMP	3
CBL_NOR	3
CBL_NOT	2
CBL_OPEN_FILE	5
CBL_OR	3
CBL_READ_FILE	5
CBL_READ_KBD_CHAR	1
CBL_RENAME_FILE	2
CBL_SET_CSR_POS	1
CBL_TOLOWER	2
CBL_TOUPPER	2
CBL_WRITE_FILE	5
CBL_XOR	3
CBL_GC_FORK	0
CBL_GC_GETOPT	6
CBL_GC_HOSTED	2
CBL_GC_NANOSLEEP	1
CBL_GC_PRINTABLE	1 - 2
CBL_GC_WAITPID	1
CBL_OC_GETOPT	6
CBL_OC_HOSTED	2
CBL_OC_NANOSLEEP	1
C\$CALLEDBY	1
C\$CHDIR	2
C\$COPY	3
C\$DELETE	2

C\$FILEINFO	2
C\$GETPID	0
C\$JUSTIFY	1 - 2
C\$MAKEDIR	1
C\$NARG	1
C\$PARAMSIZE	1
C\$PRINTABLE	1 - 2
C\$SLEEP	1
C\$TOLOWER	2
C\$TOUPPER	2
EXTFH	2
X"91"	3
X"E4"	0
X"E5"	0
X"F4"	2
X"F5"	2

Appendix E System names

The following list of system names was extracted from cobc --list-mnemonics and shows the system names categorized by their type.

E.1 System names: device

SYSIN, SYSIPT, STDIN, SYSOUT, SYSLIST, SYSLST, SYSPCH, SYSPUNCH, STDOUT, PRINTER, PRINTER-1, SYSERR, STDERR, CONSOLE

E.2 System names: feature

 $\texttt{C01}, \ \texttt{C02}, \ \texttt{C03}, \ \texttt{C04}, \ \texttt{C05}, \ \texttt{C06}, \ \texttt{C07}, \ \texttt{C08}, \ \texttt{C09}, \ \texttt{C10}, \ \texttt{C11}, \ \texttt{C12}, \ \texttt{S01}, \ \texttt{S02}, \ \texttt{S03}, \ \texttt{S04}, \ \texttt{S05}, \ \texttt{CSP}, \ \texttt{FORMFEED}, \ \texttt{TOP}, \ \texttt{CALL-CONVENTION}$

E.3 System names: switch

SWITCH-0, SWITCH-1, SWITCH-2, SWITCH-3, SWITCH-4, SWITCH-5, SWITCH-6, SWITCH-7, SWITCH-8, SWITCH-9, SWITCH-10, SWITCH-11, SWITCH-12, SWITCH-13, SWITCH-14, SWITCH-15, SWITCH-16, SWITCH-17, SWITCH-18, SWITCH-19, SWITCH-20, SWITCH-21, SWITCH-22, SWITCH-23, SWITCH-24, SWITCH-25, SWITCH-26, SWITCH-27, SWITCH-28, SWITCH-29, SWITCH-31, SWITCH-32, SWITCH-33, SWITCH-34, SWITCH-35, SWITCH-36

Appendix F Compiler Configuration

The following list was extracted from config/default.conf.

```
# Value: any string
name: "GnuCOBOL"
# Value: enum
standard-define
                                0
         CB\_STD\_OC = 0,
#
         CB_STD_MF,
#
         CB_STD_IBM,
         CB_STD_MVS,
#
         CB_STD_BS2000,
#
         CB_STD_ACU,
         CB_STD_85,
#
         CB_STD_2002,
         CB_STD_2014
# Value: int
tab-width:
                                8
text-column:
                                72
# Maximum word-length for COBOL words / Programmer defined words
# Be aware that GC checks the word length against COB_MAX_WORDLEN
# first (currently 63)
word-length:
                                63
# Maximum literal size in general
literal-length:
                                8191
# Maximum numeric literal size (absolute maximum: 38)
numeric-literal-length:
# Maximum number of characters allowed in the character-string (max. 255)
pic-length:
                                255
# Default assign type
# Value: 'dynamic', 'external'
assign-clause:
                                dynamic
# If yes, file names are resolved at run time using
# environment variables.
# For example, given ASSIGN TO "DATAFILE", the file name will be
 1. the value of environment variable 'DD_DATAFILE' or
# 2. the value of environment variable 'dd_DATAFILE' or
# 3. the value of environment variable 'DATAFILE' or
# 4. the literal "DATAFILE"
# If no, the value of the assign clause is the file name.
filename-mapping:
                                yes
```

arithmetic-osvs:

```
# Alternate formatting of numeric fields
pretty-display:
# Allow complex OCCURS DEPENDING ON
complex-odo:
# Allow REDEFINES to other than last equal level number
indirect-redefines:
# Binary byte size - defines the allocated bytes according to PIC
              signed unsigned bytes
               -----
              1 - 4
# '2-4-8'
                      same
               5 - 9 same
              10 - 18 same
#
#
# '1-2-4-8'
             1 - 2
                      same
               3 - 4
                      same
                                    2
#
#
               5 - 9 same
              10 - 18 same
#
              1 - 2
# '1--8'
                      1 - 2 1
               3 - 4 3 - 4
#
                                    2
               5 - 6
                        5 - 7
#
                                    3
               7 - 9 8 - 9
#
              10 - 11 10 - 12
#
              12 - 14 13 - 14
#
#
              15 - 16 15 - 16
                                   7
              17 - 18 17 - 18
binary-size:
                             1-2-4-8
# Numeric truncation according to ANSI
binary-truncate:
# Binary byte order
# Value: 'native', 'big-endian'
binary-byteorder:
                             big-endian
# Allow larger REDEFINES items
larger-redefines-ok:
                             no
# Allow certain syntax variations (eg. REDEFINES position)
relax-syntax-checks:
# Perform type OSVS - If yes, the exit point of any currently
# executing perform is recognized if reached.
perform-osvs:
# Compute intermediate decimal results like IBM OSVS
```

no

```
# MOVE like IBM (mvc); left to right, byte by byte
move-ibm:
# SELECT RELATIVE KEY and ASSIGN fields must be in WORKING-STORAGE
select-working:
# If yes, linkage-section items remain allocated
# between invocations.
sticky-linkage:
                                nο
# If yes, allow non-matching level numbers
relax-level-hierarchy:
# If yes, evaluate constant expressions at compile time
constant-folding:
# Allow Hex 'F' for NUMERIC test of signed PACKED DECIMAL field
hostsign:
                                no
# If yes, set WITH UPDATE clause as default for ACCEPT dest-item,
# except if WITH NO UPDATE clause is used
accept-update:
# If yes, set WITH AUTO clause as default for ACCEPT dest-item,
# except if WITH TAB clause is used
accept-auto:
# If yes, DISPLAYs and ACCEPTs are, by default, done on the CRT (i.e., using
# curses).
console-is-crt:
                                nο
# If yes, allow redefinition of the current program's name. This prevents its
# use in a prototype-format CALL/CANCEL statement.
program-name-redefinition:
# If yes, NO ECHO/NO-ECHO/OFF is the same as SECURE (hiding input with
# asterisks, not spaces).
no-echo-means-secure:
                                nο
# If yes, the first item in a field screen ACCEPT/DISPLAY (e.g. DISPLAY x UPON
# CRT) is located after the previous ACCEPT/DISPLAY (as though LINE 0 COL 0 had
# been specified).
line-col-zero-default:
                                yes
# If yes, DISPLAY SPACES acts as ERASE EOS, DISPLAY X"01" acts as ERASE EOL,
# DISPLAY X"02" acts as BLANK SCREEEN and DISPLAY X"07" acts as BELL. Note
# DISPLAY LOW-VALUE is excluded from this; it will always just position the
# cursor.
display-special-fig-consts:
                                no
# If yes, COMP-1 is a signed 16-bit integer and any PICTURE clause is ignored.
binary-comp-1:
                                no
```

hexadecimal-national-literals:

```
# If yes, POINTER is handled as BINARY-DOUBLE UNSIGNED instead of its own class
numeric-pointer:
                                no
# auto-adjust to zero like MicroFocus does
move-non-numeric-lit-to-numeric-is-zero: no
# If yes, implicitly define a variable for an ASSIGN DYNAMIC which does not
# match an existing data item.
implicit-assign-dynamic-var:
                                yes
# What rules to apply to SCREEN SECTION items clauses
screen-section-rules:
                                gc
# Dialect features
# Value: 'ok', 'warning', 'archaic', 'obsolete', 'skip', 'ignore', 'error',
         'unconformable'
alter-statement:
                                         obsolete
comment-paragraphs:
                                         obsolete
call-overflow:
                                         archaic
data-records-clause:
                                         obsolete
debugging-mode:
                                         ok
use-for-debugging:
                                         ok
                                                 # may be a user-defined word
listing-statements:
                                         skip
                                                 # may be a user-defined word
title-statement:
                                         skip
entry-statement:
                                         ok
goto-statement-without-name:
                                         obsolete
label-records-clause:
                                         obsolete
memory-size-clause:
                                         obsolete
move-noninteger-to-alphanumeric:
                                         error
move-figurative-constant-to-numeric:
                                         archaic
move-figurative-space-to-numeric:
                                         error
move-figurative-quote-to-numeric:
                                         obsolete
multiple-file-tape-clause:
                                         obsolete
next-sentence-phrase:
                                         archaic
odo-without-to:
                                         warning
padding-character-clause:
                                         obsolete
section-segments:
                                         ignore
stop-literal-statement:
                                         obsolete
stop-identifier-statement:
                                         obsolete
same-as-clause:
                                         ok
type-to-clause:
                                         ok
usage-type:
                                                 ok
synchronized-clause:
                                         ok
special-names-clause:
                                         ok
top-level-occurs-clause:
                                         ok
value-of-clause:
                                         obsolete
numeric-boolean:
                                         ok
hexadecimal-boolean:
                                         ok
national-literals:
                                         ok
```

ok

national-character-literals: warning acu-literals: unconformable unconformable hp-octal-literals: word-continuation: warning not-exception-before-exception: ok accept-display-extensions: ok renames-uncommon-levels: ok symbolic-constant: ok constant-78: ok constant-01: ok perform-varying-without-by: ok reference-out-of-declaratives: warning program-prototypes: ok call-convention-mnemonic: ok call-convention-linkage: ok numeric-value-for-edited-item: ok incorrect-conf-sec-order: ok archaic define-constant-directive: free-redefines-position: warning records-mismatch-record-clause warning record-delimiter: ok sequential-delimiters: ok record-delim-with-fixed-recs: ok missing-statement: warning zero-length-literals: ok xml-generate-extra-phrases: ok continue-after: ok goto-entry: warning assign-variable: ok assign-using-variable: ok assign-ext-dyn: ok assign-disk-from: ok # use complete word list; synonyms and exceptions are specified below reserved-words: default # not-reserved: # Value: Word to be taken out of the reserved words list not-reserved: TERMINAL # reserved: Entries of the form word-1=word-2 define word-1 as an alias for default # reserved word word-2. No spaces are allowed around the equal sign. reserved: AUTO-SKIP=AUTO AUTOTERMINATE=AUTO reserved: reserved: BACKGROUND-COLOUR=BACKGROUND-COLOR BEEP=BELL reserved: reserved: BINARY-INT=BINARY-LONG BINARY-LONG-LONG=BINARY-DOUBLE reserved: CELLS=CELL reserved: reserved: COLOURS=COLORS reserved: EMPTY-CHECK=REQUIRED

reserved: EQUALS=EQUAL

reserved: FOREGROUND-COLOUR=FOREGROUND-COLOR

reserved: HIGH-VALUES=HIGH-VALUE reserved: INITIALISE=INITIALIZE reserved: INITIALISED=INITIALIZED

reserved: LENGTH-CHECK=FULL reserved: LOW-VALUES=LOW-VALUE

reserved: ORGANISATION=ORGANIZATION

reserved: PIXELS=PIXEL

reserved: SYNCHRONISED=SYNCHRONIZED

reserved: TIMEOUT=TIME-OUT
reserved: VALUES=VALUE
reserved: ZEROES=ZERO
reserved: ZEROS=ZERO

Appendix G Module loader cobcrun options

The following list of options was extracted from cobcrun --help and shows all available options for the module loader with a short description.

- -h, -help
- display this help and exit
- -V, -version

display cobcrun and runtime version and exit

-i, -info

display runtime information (build/environment)

-v, -verbose

display extended output with -info

-c file, -config=file

set runtime configuration from file

-r, -runtime-config

display current runtime configuration (value and origin for all settings)

-M module, -module=module

set entry point module name and/or load path where -M module prepends any directory to the dynamic link loader library search path and any basename to the module preload list (COB_LIBRARY_PATH and/or COB_PRELOAD)

Appendix H Runtime configuration

The following list was extracted from config/runtime.cfg.

H.1 General instructions

The initial runtime.cfg file is found in the \$COB_CONFIG_DIR, which defaults to installdir/gnucobol/config (see cobcrun --info for the local path that is configured). The environment variable COB_RUNTIME_CONFIG may define a different runtime configuration file to read.

If settings are included in the runtime environment file multiple times then the last setting value is used, no warning occurs.

Settings via environment variables always take precedence over settings that are given in runtime configuration files. And the environment is checked after completing processing of the runtime configuration file(s)

All values set to string variables or environment variables are checked for \${envvar} and replacement is done at the time of the setting. You can also specify a default value for the case that envvar is not set: \${envvar:default} (the format \${envvar:-default}) is supported, too).

Any environment variable may be set with the directive setenv.

Example: setenv COB_LIBARAY_PATH \${LD_LIBRARY_PATH}

Any environment variable may be unset with the directive unsetenv (one var per line).

Example: unsetenv COB_LIBRARY_PATH

Runtime configuration files can include other files with the directive include.

Example: include my-runtime-configuration-file

To include another configuration file only if it is present use the directive includeif. You can also use \${envvar} inside this.

Example: includeif \${HOME}/mygc.cfg

If you want to reset a parameter to its default value use reset parametername.

Most runtime variables have boolean values, some are switches, some have string values, integer values (if not explicit noted: unsigned) and some are size values. The boolean values will be evaluated as following: to true: 1, Y, ON, YES, TRUE (no matter of case) to false: 0, N, OFF A 'size' value is an unsigned integer optionally followed by K, M, or G for kilo, mega or giga.

For convenience a parameter in the runtime.cfg file may be defined by using either the environment variable name or the parameter name. In most cases the environment variable name is the parameter name (in upper case) with the prefix COB_.

For a complete list of the settings in use see cobcrun --runtime-config.

Note: If you want to *slightly* speed up a program's startup time, remove all of the comments from the actual real configuration file that is processed.

H.2 General environment

Environment name: COB_DISABLE_WARNINGS
Parameter name: disable_warnings

Purpose: turn off runtime warning messages

Type: boolean

Default: false

Example: DISABLE_WARNINGS TRUE

Environment name: COB_ENV_MANGLE Parameter name: env_mangle

Purpose: names checked in the environment would get non alphanumeric

change to '_'

Type: boolean Default: false

Example: ENV_MANGLE TRUE

Environment name: COB_SET_DEBUG
Parameter name: debugging_mode

Purpose: to enable USE ON DEBUGGING procedures that were active

during compile-time because of WITH DEBUGGING MODE,

otherwise the code generated will be skipped

Type: boolean Default: false

Example: COB_SET_DEBUG 1

Environment name: COB_SET_TRACE
Parameter name: set_trace

Purpose: to enable COBOL trace feature

Type: boolean Default: false

Example: SET_TRACE TRUE

Environment name: COB_TRACE_FILE Parameter name: trace_file

Purpose: to define where COBOL trace output should go Type: string : \$\$ is replaced by process id

Default: stderr

Example: TRACE_FILE \${HOME}/mytrace.\$\$

Environment name: COB_TRACE_FORMAT Parameter name: trace_format

Purpose: to define format of COBOL trace output

Type: string

Default: "%P %S Line: %L"

 $\ensuremath{\mbox{{\it 'P}}}$ is replaced by Program-Id/Function-Id minimal length 29

with prefix

 $\mbox{\ensuremath{\mbox{\sc MI}}}$ is replaced by Program-Id/Function-Id variable length,

without prefix

%L is replaced by Line number, right justified, length 6

%S is replaced by statement type and name

%F is replaced by source file name

Example: TRACE_FORMAT "Line: %L %S" Note: format of GC2.2 and older:

"PROGRAM-ID: %I Line: %L %S"

Environment name: COB_DUMP_FILE Parameter name: dump_file

Purpose: to define where COBOL dump output should go
Note: The -fdump=all compile option prepares for dump
Type: string : \$\$ is replaced by process id

Default: stderr

Example: DUMP_FILE \${HOME}/mytrace.log

Environment name: COB_DUMP_WIDTH
Parameter name: dump_width

Purpose: to define COBOL dump line length

Type: integer Default: 100

Example: dump_width 120

Environment name: COB_CURRENT_DATE
Parameter name: current_date

Purpose: specify an alternate Date/Time to be returned to ACCEPT

clauses this is used for testing purposes or to tweak

a missing offset partial setting is allowed

Type: numeric string in format YYYYDDMMHH24MISS or date string

Default: the operating system date is used
Example: COB_CURRENT_DATE "2016/03/16 16:40:52"
current_date YYYYMMDDHHMMSS+01:00

H.3 Call environment

Environment name: COB_LIBRARY_PATH
Parameter name: library_path

Purpose: paths for dynamically-loadable modules

Type: string

Note: the default paths .:/installpath/extras are always

added to the given paths

Example: LIBRARY_PATH /opt/myapp/test:/opt/myapp/production

Environment name: COB_PRE_LOAD Parameter name: pre_load

Purpose: modules that are loaded during startup, can be used

to CALL COBOL programs or C functions that are part

of a module library

Type: string

Note: the modules listed should NOT include extensions, the

runtime will use the right ones on the various platforms,

COB_LIBRARY_PATH is used to locate the modules

Example: PRE_LOAD COBOL_function_library:external_c_library

Environment name: COB_LOAD_CASE
Parameter name: load_case

Purpose: resolve ALL called program names to UPPER or LOWER case

Type: Only use UPPER or LOWER

Default: if not set program names in CALL are case sensitive

Example: LOAD_CASE UPPER

Environment name: COB_PHYSICAL_CANCEL Parameter name: physical_cancel

Purpose: physically unload a dynamically-loadable module on CANCEL,

this frees some RAM and allows the change of modules during

run-time but needs more time to resolve CALLs (both to

active and not-active programs)

Alias: default_cancel_mode, LOGICAL_CANCELS (0 = yes)

Type: boolean (evaluated for true only)

Default: false

Example: PHYSICAL_CANCEL TRUE

H.4 File I/O

Environment name: COB_VARSEQ_FORMAT Parameter name: varseq_format

Purpose: declare format used for variable length sequential files

- different types and lengths precede each record

- 'length' is the data length, does not include the prefix

Type: 0 means 2 byte record length (big-endian) + 2 NULs

1 means 4 byte record length (big-endian)

2 means 4 byte record length (local machine int)

3 means 2 byte record length (big-endian)

Default: 0

Example: VARSEQ_FORMAT 1

Environment name: COB_FILE_PATH
Parameter name: file_path

Purpose: define default location where data files are stored

Type: file path directory
Default: . (current directory)
Example: FILE_PATH \${HOME}/mydata

Environment name: COB_LS_FIXED Parameter name: ls_fixed

Purpose: Defines if LINE SEQUENTIAL files should be fixed length

(or variable, by removing trailing spaces)

Alias: STRIP_TRAILING_SPACES (0 = yes)

Type: boolean Default: false

Example: LS_FIXED TRUE

Environment name: COB_LS_NULLS
Parameter name: ls_nulls

Purpose: Defines for LINE SEQUENTIAL files what to do with data

which is not DISPLAY type. This could happen if a LINE

SEQUENTIAL record has BINARY/COMP data fields in it.

Type: boolean Default: false

Note: The TRUE setting will insert a null character x"00" before

those values to escape them, and redo on read-in.

Example: LS_NULL = TRUE

Environment name: COB_SYNC Parameter name: sync

Purpose: Should the file be synced to disk after each write/update

Type: boolean
Default: false
Example: SYNC: TRUE

Environment name: COB_SORT_MEMORY Parameter name: sort_memory

Purpose: Defines how much RAM to assign for sorting data

if this size is exceeded the SORT will be done

on disk instead of memory

Type: size but must be more than 1M

Default: 128M

Example: SORT_MEMORY 64M

Environment name: COB_SORT_CHUNK Parameter name: sort_chunk

Purpose: Defines how much RAM to assign for sorting data in chunks

Type: size but must be within 128K and 16M

Default: 256K

Example: SORT_CHUNK 1M

H.5 Screen I/O

Environment name: COB_BELL Parameter name: bell

Purpose: Defines how a request for the screen to beep is handled

Type: FLASH, SPEAKER, FALSE, BEEP

Default: BEEP

Example: BELL SPEAKER

Environment name: COB_REDIRECT_DISPLAY Parameter name: redirect_display

Purpose: Defines if DISPLAY output should be sent to 'stderr'

Type: boolean Default: false

Example: redirect_display Yes

Environment name: COB_SCREEN_ESC
Parameter name: screen_esc

Purpose: Enable handling of ESC key during ACCEPT

Type: boolean Default: false

Note: is only evaluated if COB_SCREEN_EXCEPTIONS is active

Example: screen_esc Yes

Environment name: COB_SCREEN_EXCEPTIONS
Parameter name: screen_exceptions

Purpose: enable exceptions for function keys during ACCEPT

Type: boolean Default: false

Example: screen_exceptions Yes

Environment name: COB_TIMEOUT_SCALE Parameter name: timeout_scale

Purpose: specify translation in milliseconds for ACCEPT clauses

BEFORE TIME value / AFTER TIMEOUT

Type: integer

0 means 1000 (Micro Focus COBOL compatible), 1 means 100

(ACUCOBOL compatible), 2 means 10, 3 means 1

Default: 0

Note: the minimum and possible maximum value depend on the

screenio library used

Example: timeout_scale 3

Environment name: COB_INSERT_MODE Parameter name: insert_mode

Purpose: specify default insert mode for ACCEPT; 0=off, 1=on

Type: boolean Default: false

Note: also sets the cursor type (if available)

Example: insert_mode Y

Environment name: COB_MOUSE_FLAGS
Parameter name: mouse_flags

Purpose: specify which mouse events will be sent as function key

to the application during ACCEPT and how they will be

handled

Type: int (by bits)

Default: 1

Note: O disables the mouse cursor, any other value enables it,

any value containing 1 will enable internal handling (click

to position, double-click to enter).

See copy/screenio.cpy for list of events and their values.

Alias: MOUSE_FLAGS

Example: 11 (enable internal handling => 1, left press => 2,

double-click => 8; 1+2+8=11)

Environment name: COB_MOUSE_INTERVAL Parameter name: mouse_interval

Purpose: specifies the maximum time (in thousands of a second)

that can elapse between press and release events for them

to be recognized as a click.

Type: int (0 - 166)

Default: 100

Note: 0 disables the click resolution (instead press + release

are recognized), also disables positioning by mouse click

Environment name: COB_DISPLAY_PRINT_PIPE
Parameter name: display_print_pipe

Purpose: Defines command line used for sending output of

DISPLAY UPON PRINTER to (via pipe)

This is very similar to Micro Focus COBPRINTER

Note: Each executed DISPLAY UPON PRINTER statement causes a

new invocation of command-line (= new process start). Each invocation receives the data referenced in $\frac{1}{2}$

the DISPLAY statement and is followed by an end-of-file condition.

COB_DISPLAY_PRINT_FILE, if set, takes precedence

over COB_DISPLAY_PRINT_PIPE.

Alias: COBPRINTER
Type: string
Default: not set

Example: print 'cat >>/tmp/myprt.log'

Environment name: COB_DISPLAY_PRINT_FILE Parameter name: display_print_file

Purpose: Defines file to be appended to by DISPLAY UPON PRINTER

Note: Each DISPLAY UPON PRINTER opens, appends and closes the file.

Type: string : \$\$ is replaced by process id

Default: not set

Example: display_printer '/tmp/myprt.log'

Environment name: COB_DISPLAY_PUNCH_FILE Parameter name: display_punch_file

Purpose: Defines file to be created on first

DISPLAY UPON SYSPUNCH/SYSPCH

Note: The file will be only be closed on runtime exit.

Type: string: \$\\$\$ is replaced by process id

Default: not set

Example: display_punch './punch_\$\$.out'

Environment name: COB_LEGACY
Parameter name: legacy

Purpose: keep behavior of former runtime versions, currently only

for setting screen attributes for non input fields

Type: boolean

Default: not set

Example: legacy true

Environment name: COB_EXIT_WAIT Parameter name: exit_wait

Purpose: to wait on main program exit if an extended screenio

DISPLAY was issued without an ACCEPT following

Type: boolean Default: true

Example: COB_EXIT_WAIT off

Environment name: COB_EXIT_MSG
 Parameter name: exit_msg

Purpose: string to display if COB_EXIT_WAIT is processed, set to ''

if no actual display but an ACCEPT should be done

Type: string

Default: 'end of program, please press a key to exit' (localized)

Example: COB_EXIT_MSG ''

H.6 Report I/O

Environment name: COB_COL_JUST_LRC
 Parameter name: col_just_lrc

Purpose: If true, then COLUMN defined as LEFT, RIGHT or CENTER

will have the data justified within the field limits

If false, then the data is just copied into the column as is

Type: boolean Default: TRUE

Example: col_just_lrc True

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