

Frequently Asked Questions

Contents

- [Nix](#)
- [NixOS](#)

Nix

How to operate between Nix paths and strings?

See the [Nix reference manual](#) on [string interpolation](#) and [operators on paths and strings](#)

How to build reverse dependencies of a package?

```
$ nix-shell -p nixpkgs-review --run "nixpkgs-review wip"
```

How can I manage dotfiles in \$HOME with Nix?

See [nix-community/home-manager](#)

What's the recommended process for building custom packages?

Please read [Packaging existing software with Nix](#).

How to use a clone of the Nixpkgs repository to

[Skip to main content](#)

update or write new packages?

Please read [Packaging existing software with Nix](#) and the [Nixpkgs contributing guide](#).

NixOS

How to run non-nix executables?

NixOS cannot run dynamically linked executables intended for generic Linux environments out of the box. This is because, by design, it does not have a global library path, nor does it follow the [Filesystem Hierarchy Standard](#) (FHS).

There are a few ways to resolve this mismatch in environment expectations:

- Use the version packaged in Nixpkgs, if there is one. You can search available packages at <https://search.nixos.org/packages>.
- Write a Nix expression for the program to package it in your own configuration.

There are multiple approaches to this:

- Build from source.

Many open-source programs are highly flexible at compile time in terms of where their files go. For an introduction to this, see [Packaging existing software with Nix](#).

- Modify the program's [ELF header](#) to include paths to libraries using `autoPatchelfHook`.

Do this if building from source isn't feasible.

- Wrap the program to run in an FHS-like environment using `buildFHSEnv`.

This is a last resort, but sometimes necessary, for example if the program downloads and runs other executables.

- Create a library path that only applies to unpackaged programs by using `nix-ld`. Add this to your `configuration.nix`:

```
1 programs.nix-ld.enable = true;
2 programs.nix-ld.libraries = with pkgs; [
3   # Add any missing dynamic libraries for unpackaged programs
4   # here, NOT in environment.systemPackages
5 ];
```

[Skip to main content](#)

Then run `nixos-rebuild switch`, and log out and back in again to propagate the new environment variables. (This is only necessary when enabling `nix-ld`; changes in included libraries take effect immediately on rebuild.)

Note

`nix-ld` does not work for 32-bit executables on `x86_64` machines.

- Run your program in the FHS-like environment made for the Steam package using `steam-run`:

```
$ nix-shell -p steam-run --run "steam-run <command>"
```

How to build my own ISO?

See <http://nixos.org/nixos/manual/index.html#sec-building-image>

How do I connect to any of the machines in NixOS tests?

Apply following patch:

```
diff --git a/nixos/lib/test-driver/test-driver.pl b/nixos/lib/test-driver/test-driver.pl
index 8ad0d67..838fbdd 100644
--- a/nixos/lib/test-driver/test-driver.pl
+++ b/nixos/lib/test-driver/test-driver.pl
@@ -34,7 +34,7 @@ foreach my $vlan (split / /, $ENV{VLANS} || "") {
    if ($pid == 0) {
        dup2(fileno($pty->slave), 0);
        dup2(fileno($stdoutW), 1);
-       exec "vde_switch -s $socket" or _exit(1);
+       exec "vde_switch -tap tap0 -s $socket" or _exit(1);
    }
    close $stdoutW;
    print $pty "version\n";
```





And then the `vde_switch` network should be accessible locally.

How to bootstrap NixOS inside an existing Linux

[Skip to main content](#)

installation?

There are a couple of tools:

-  [nix-community/nixos-anywhere](#)
-  [jeaye/nixos-in-place](#)
-  [elitak/nixos-infect](#)
-  [cleverca22/nix-tests](#)