

EPAM University Programs

DevOps external course

Module 2 Virtualization and Cloud Basic

TASK 2.4

Работа с lxc в Ubuntu

Documentation - <https://help.ubuntu.com/its/serverguide/lxd.html>

<https://linuxcontainers.org/lxd/getting-started-cli/>

1. Установить lxc (screenshot)

```
root@user-VirtualBox:~# lxc --version
3.0.3
```

2. Запустить lxc launch для любой из версий Убунту (screenshot)

```
root@user-VirtualBox:~# lxc launch ubuntu:18.04
To start your first container, try: lxc launch ubuntu:18.04

Creating the container
Container name is: literate-stud
Starting literate-stud
```

3. По окончании загрузки убедиться, что машина стартовала lxc list (screenshot)

```
root@user-VirtualBox:~# lxc list
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| NAME | STATE | IPV4 | IPV6 | TYPE | SNAPSHOTS |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
| literate-stud | RUNNING | 10.213.243.236 (eth0) | fd42:9ae4:8786:22b0:216:3eff:fe7d:e0de (eth0) | PERSISTENT | 0 |
+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+-----+
```

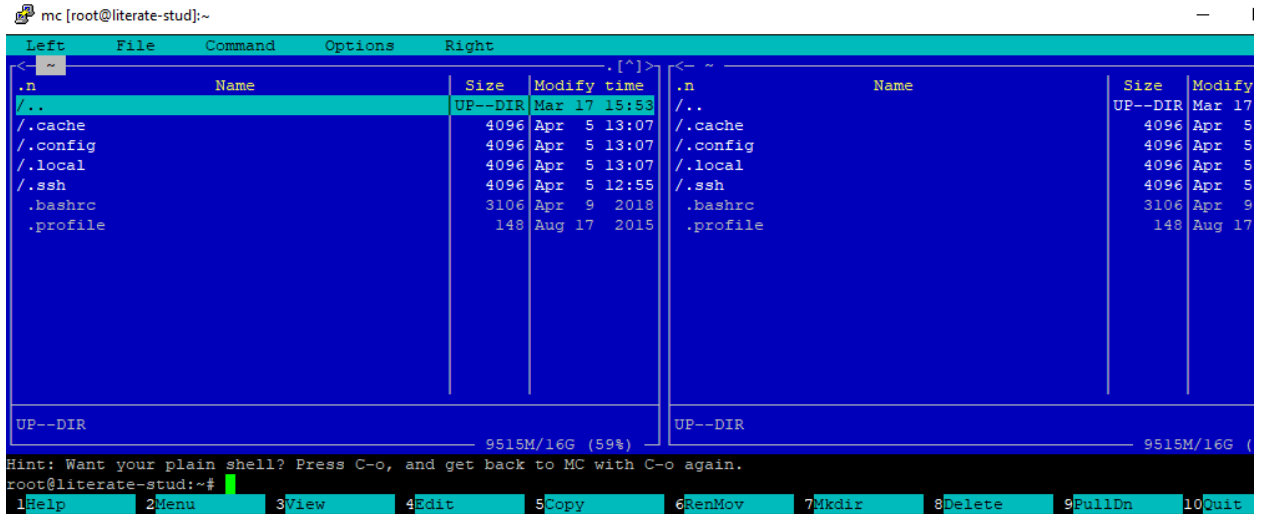
4. Зайдите в контейнер с командной строкой bash /bin/bash (screenshot)

```
root@user-VirtualBox:~# lxc exec literate-stud /bin/bash
root@literate-stud:~#
```

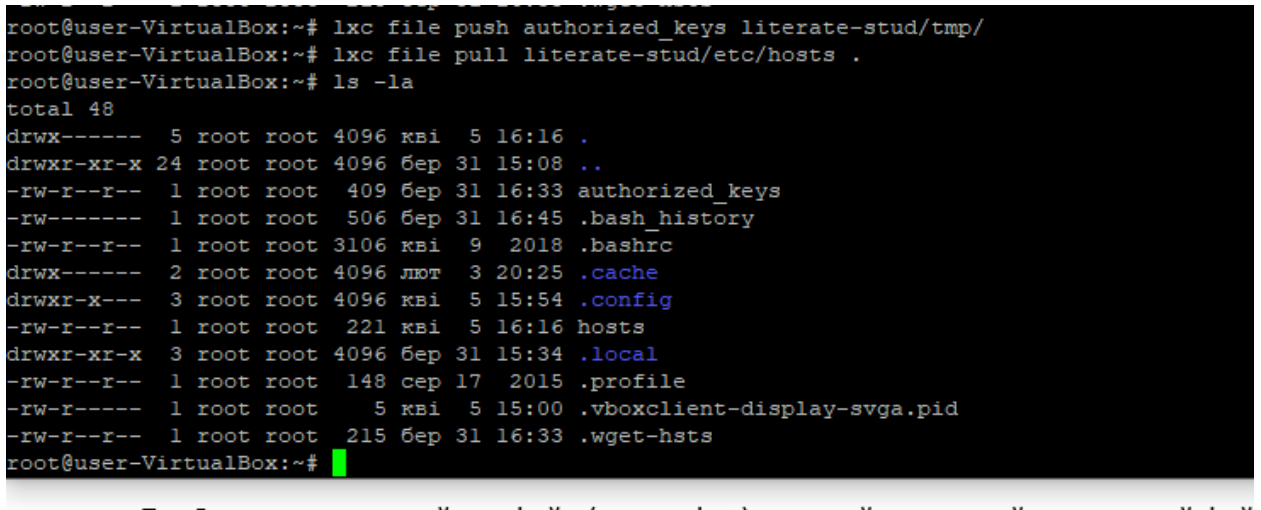
5. Запустите обновление apt-get update (screenshot)

```
Get:27 http://archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu bionic-backports/universe amd64 Packages [4020 B]
Get:28 http://archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu bionic-backports/universe Translation-en [1900 B]
Fetched 18.5 MB in 7s (2662 kB/s)
Reading package lists... Done
root@literate-stud:~#
```

6. Установите (apt-get install) любую программу в контейнер. Например mc. Проверьте работоспособность. (screenshot)



7. Загрузите в контейнер файл (screenshot) и скачайте с контейнера другой файл (screenshot).

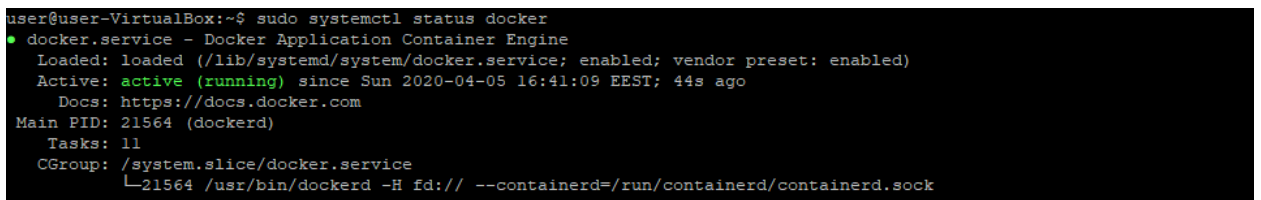


Работа с Docker в Ubuntu

Documentation - <https://www.digitalocean.com/community/tutorials/how-to-install-and-use-docker-on-ubuntu-18-04>

<https://docs.docker.com>

8. Установить docker (screenshot)



9. Запустить поиск сконфигурированных решений для "ubuntu"(screenshot)

```
user@user-VirtualBox:~$ docker search ubuntu
```

NAME	OFFICIAL	AUTOMATED	DESCRIPTION	STARS
ubuntu			Ubuntu is a Debian-based Linux operating sys...	10715
[OK]				
dorowu/ubuntu-desktop-lxde-vnc			Docker image to provide HTML5 VNC interface ...	410
[OK]				
rastasheep/ubuntu-sshd			Dockerized SSH service, built on top of offi...	245
[OK]				
consol/ubuntu-xfce-vnc			Ubuntu container with "headless" VNC session...	212
[OK]				
ubuntu-upstart			Upstart is an event-based replacement for th...	107
[OK]				
ansible/ubuntu14.04-ansible			Ubuntu 14.04 LTS with ansible	98
[OK]				
neurodebian			NeuroDebian provides neuroscience research s...	68
[OK]				
landlinternet/ubuntu-16-nginx-php-phpmyadmin-mysql-5			ubuntu-16-nginx-php-phpmyadmin-mysql-5	50
[OK]				

10. Скачать любой из образов на локальную машину. (screenshot)

```
user@user-VirtualBox:~$
user@user-VirtualBox:~$ docker pull ubuntu
Using default tag: latest
latest: Pulling from library/ubuntu
5bed26d33875: Pull complete
f11b29a9c730: Pull complete
930bdal95c84: Pull complete
78bf9a5ad49e: Pull complete
Digest: sha256:bec5a2727be7fff3d308193cfde3491f8fbala2ba392b7546b43a051853a341d
Status: Downloaded newer image for ubuntu:latest
docker.io/library/ubuntu:latest
```

11. Запустить команду просмотра загруженных на компьютер образов. (screenshot)

```
user@user-VirtualBox:~$ docker images
```

REPOSITORY	TAG	IMAGE ID	CREATED	SIZE
ubuntu	latest	4e5021d210f6	2 weeks ago	64.2MB

```
user@user-VirtualBox:~$
```

12. Запустите обновление apt-get update (screenshot)



```

root@ddd6f06531ba:/# cd /tmp/
root@ddd6f06531ba:/tmp# ls -la
total 12
drwxrwxrwt 1 root root 4096 Apr  5 14:18 .
drwxr-xr-x 1 root root 4096 Apr  5 14:18 ..
-rw-r--r-- 1 root root 409 Mar 31 13:33 authorized_keys
root@ddd6f06531ba:/tmp#

```

15. Прочитать документацию и кратко описать основные 7 команд Dockerfile

## 1) FROM

FROM [--platform=<platform>] <image> [AS <name>]

FROM ubuntu:18.04

The **FROM** instruction initializes a new build stage and sets the [Base Image](#) for subsequent instructions. As such, a valid **Dockerfile** must start with a **FROM** instruction. The image can be any valid image – it is especially easy to start by **pulling an image** from the [Public Repositories](#).

## 2) COPY

COPY ./app

COPY has two forms:

- COPY [--chown=<user>:<group>] <src>... <dest>
- COPY [--chown=<user>:<group>] ["<src>",... "<dest>"] (this form is required for paths containing whitespace)

The **COPY** instruction copies new files or directories from <src> and adds them to the filesystem of the container at the path <dest>.

Multiple <src> resources may be specified but the paths of files and directories will be interpreted as relative to the source of the context of the build.

## 3) RUN

RUN make /app

RUN has 2 forms:

- RUN <command> (shell form, the command is run in a shell, which by default is /bin/sh -c on Linux or cmd /S /C on Windows)
- RUN ["executable", "param1", "param2"] (exec form)

The **RUN** instruction will execute any commands in a new layer on top of the current image and commit the results. The resulting committed image will be used for the next step in the **Dockerfile**.

## 4) CMD

`CMD python /app/app.py`

The `CMD` instruction has three forms:

- `CMD ["executable", "param1", "param2"]` (*exec form, this is the preferred form*)
- `CMD ["param1", "param2"]` (*as default parameters to ENTRYPOINT*)
- `CMD command param1 param2` (*shell form*)

There can only be one `CMD` instruction in a `Dockerfile`. If you list more than one `CMD` then only the last `CMD` will take effect.

**The main purpose of a `CMD` is to provide defaults for an executing container.** These defaults can include an executable, or they can omit the executable, in which case you must specify an `ENTRYPOINT` instruction as well.

## 5) EXPOSE

`EXPOSE 80/tcp`

`EXPOSE <port> [<port>/<protocol>...]`

The `EXPOSE` instruction informs Docker that the container listens on the specified network ports at runtime. You can specify whether the port listens on TCP or UDP, and the default is TCP if the protocol is not specified.

The `EXPOSE` instruction does not actually publish the port. It functions as a type of documentation between the person who builds the image and the person who runs the container, about which ports are intended to be published. To actually publish the port when running the container, use the `-p` flag on `docker run` to publish and map one or more ports, or the `-P` flag to publish all exposed ports and map them to high-order ports.

## 6) ENTRYPOINT

`ENTRYPOINT ["/usr/sbin/apache2ctl", "-D", "FOREGROUND"]`

`ENTRYPOINT` has two forms:

- `ENTRYPOINT ["executable", "param1", "param2"]` (*exec form, preferred*)
- `ENTRYPOINT command param1 param2` (*shell form*)

An `ENTRYPOINT` allows you to configure a container that will run as an executable.

Command line arguments to `docker run <image>` will be appended after all elements in an *exec form* `ENTRYPOINT`, and will override all elements specified using `CMD`. This allows arguments to be passed to the

entry point, i.e., `docker run <image> -d` will pass the `-d` argument to the entry point. You can override the `ENTRYPOINT` instruction using the `docker run --entrypoint` flag.

## 7) VOLUME

`VOLUME ["/data"]`

The `VOLUME` instruction creates a mount point with the specified name and marks it as holding externally mounted volumes from native host or other containers. The value can be a JSON array, `VOLUME ["/var/log/"]`, or a plain string with multiple arguments, such as `VOLUME /var/log` or `VOLUME /var/log /var/db`.

Работа с Kubernetes в Ubuntu

<https://ubuntu.com/kubernetes/install> ; <https://microk8s.io/docs/>

16. Установить microk8s (screenshot)

```
root@user-VirtualBox:~# sudo snap install microk8s --classic
microk8s v1.18.0 from Canonical✓ installed
```

17. Проверьте статус (screenshot) и команды менеджера кластера (screenshot).

```

root@user-VirtualBox:~# microk8s.status
microk8s is running
addons:
cilium: disabled
dashboard: disabled
dns: disabled
fluentd: disabled
gpu: disabled
helm: disabled
helm3: disabled
ingress: disabled
istio: disabled
jaeger: disabled
knative: disabled
kubeflow: disabled
linkerd: disabled
metallb: disabled
metrics-server: disabled
prometheus: disabled
rbac: disabled
registry: disabled
storage: disabled
root@user-VirtualBox:~#

```

```

user@user-VirtualBox:~$ microk8s kubectl get nodes
NAME                STATUS    ROLES    AGE   VERSION
user-virtualbox     Ready    <none>   21m   v1.18.0
user@user-VirtualBox:~$ microk8s kubectl get services
NAME                TYPE        CLUSTER-IP    EXTERNAL-IP    PORT(S)    AGE
kubernetes          ClusterIP   10.152.183.1   <none>          443/TCP    22m
user@user-VirtualBox:~$

```

```

root@user-VirtualBox:~#
root@user-VirtualBox:~# microk8s.kubectl cluster-info
Kubernetes master is running at https://127.0.0.1:16443

To further debug and diagnose cluster problems, use 'kubectl cluster-info dump'.
root@user-VirtualBox:~#

```

18. Просмотрите установленные в докере образы; заверните один из них в образ \*.tar

```

root@user-VirtualBox:~# docker images
REPOSITORY          TAG          IMAGE ID          CREATED           SIZE
mynginx             local        ed21b7a8aee9     6 days ago       127MB
nginx               latest       ed21b7a8aee9     6 days ago       127MB
ubuntu              latest       4e5021d210f6     2 weeks ago      64.2MB
root@user-VirtualBox:~#

```

```

Status: Downloaded newer image for hello-world:latest
--> fce289e99eb9
Successfully built fce289e99eb9
Successfully tagged hw:local
root@user-VirtualBox:~# docker images
REPOSITORY          TAG          IMAGE ID          CREATED           SIZE
mynginx             local        ed21b7a8aee9     6 days ago       127MB
nginx               latest       ed21b7a8aee9     6 days ago       127MB
ubuntu              latest       4e5021d210f6     2 weeks ago      64.2MB
hello-world         latest       fce289e99eb9     15 months ago    1.84kB
hw                  local        fce289e99eb9     15 months ago    1.84kB
root@user-VirtualBox:~# docker save hw > hw.tar

```

19. Импортируйте образ в Kubernetes (screenshot)



```
root@user-VirtualBox:~# docker save ub > ub.tar
root@user-VirtualBox:~# microk8s ctr image import ub.tar
unpacking docker.io/library/ub:local (sha256:6867deccdd432c925dfc1f265443d878079f790f34bfa428116e955328cd9dc) ...done
root@user-VirtualBox:~# microk8s ctr image ls
```

20. Запустите образ и убедитесь, что он работает. (screenshot)

```
user@user-VirtualBox:~$ kubectl get pods
NAME      READY   STATUS    RESTARTS   AGE
demo2     1/1     Running   0           6m31s
user@user-VirtualBox:~$
```

```
root@user-VirtualBox:~# kubectl run -i -t demo2 --image=ub:local --restart=Never
If you don't see a command prompt, try pressing enter.
root@demo2:/#
root@demo2:/#
root@demo2:/# uname -a
Linux demo2 5.3.0-28-generic #30~18.04.1-Ubuntu SMP Fri Jan 17 06:14:09 UTC 2020 x86_64 x86_64 x86_64 GNU/Linux
root@demo2:/# date
Mon Apr  6 11:00:23 UTC 2020
root@demo2:/#
```