

# AN3259 Application note

# RS232 communications with a terminal using the STM8S-DISCOVERY

## **Application overview**

This application note describes how to control the STM8S-DISCOVERY from a terminal window running on a PC which is connected to the STM8S105C6T6 microcontroller UART through an RS232 cable.

After adding the required components to the board and downloading the application software, you will be able to use a terminal to manage STM8S GPIOs and TIM3 timer, and to configure the beeper output.

#### Reference documents

- STM8S-DISCOVERY evaluation board user manual (UM0817).
- Developing and debugging your STM8S-DISCOVERY application code (UM0834).
- ST232B-ST232C datasheet

All these documents are available at http://www.st.com.

December 2010 Doc ID 17835 Rev 1 1/25

Contents AN3259

## **Contents**

1	Prer	equisite	es	5
2	Con	figuring	the STM8S-DISCOVERY	5
3	Арр	lication	description	5
	3.1	Hardw	are required	5
	3.2	Applica	ation schematics	6
	3.3	Applica	ation principle	7
		3.3.1	Running the application	7
		3.3.2	Communication sequence between the STM8S-DISCOVERY and the terminal	8
4	Soft	ware de	escription	9
	4.1	STM8	S peripherals used by the application	9
	4.2	Config	guring STM8S standard firmware library	9
	4.3	Applica	ation software flowcharts	10
		4.3.1	Application main routine	11
		4.3.2	App_menu function	12
		4.3.3	GetInputString function	13
		4.3.4	Get_key function	15
		4.3.5	SerialPutString and SerialPutChar functions	16
		4.3.6	GetIntegerInput function	17
Appe	ndix A	Standar	d ASCII character codes	18
Appe	ndix B	Configu	ring your terminal window	20
Revis	sion histo	ry		24

AN3259 List of tables

## List of tables

Table 1.	List of passive components	5
Table 2.	List of packaged components	6
	Standard ASCII character codes	
Table 4.	Document revision history	24

List of figures AN3259

# **List of figures**

Figure 1.	Application schematics	6
Figure 2.	Terminal window menu	7
Figure 3.	Main routine flowchart	. 11
Figure 4.	App_menu flowchart	. 12
Figure 5.	GetInputString flowchart	. 14
Figure 6.	Get_key function flowchart	. 15
Figure 7.	SerialPutChar flowchart	. 16
Figure 8.	SerialPutString flowchart	. 16
Figure 9.	GetIntegerInput flowchart	. 17
Figure 10.	Launching Windows HyperTerminal	. 20
Figure 11.	Selecting communication port	. 21
Figure 12.	Configuring connection properties	
Figure 13.	Checking communication settings	. 22
Figure 14	ASCII Setup parameters	23

AN3259 Prerequisites

## 1 Prerequisites

The material required to run the STM8S-DISCOVERY terminal demonstration application is the following:

- A terminal window running on a PC: the terminal emulator software can be Windows Hyperterminal (see *Appendix B*), TeraTerm Pro, or any terminal software.
- An RS232 null-modem cable (transmit and receive line crosslinked).

## 2 Configuring the STM8S-DISCOVERY

Prior to running the application, the STM8S-DISCOVERY must be configured to enable the beeper output. The beeper output is an STM8S105C6T6 alternate function. It is enabled by setting the alternate function remap option bit AFR7 in OPT2 option byte to '1'.

For details on alternate function remapping and on option bytes, refer to user manual "Developing and debugging your STM8S-DISCOVERY application code" (UM0834), and to the STM8S105xx datasheet, respectively.

## 3 Application description

## 3.1 Hardware required

This application uses STM8S-DISCOVERY on-board LED (LD1) together with its associated resistor (R1).

The external passive components required by the application are listed in Table 1.

The application also makes use of a 5 V powered ST232B RS232 driver/receiver (see *Table 2*). This extra component is essential since the COM port of the PC operates from a nominal 12 V power supply. This is not compatible with the STM8S UART input/outputs operating at 5 V. This component is available in an SO16 package which fits the STM8S-DISCOVERY footprint. For more information on the ST232B refer to the ST232B datasheet.

Table 1. List of passive components

Component description	Value
B1 buzzer	-
C1,C2,C3,C4,C5 capacitors	100 nF
DB9 connector	-

Table 2. List of packaged components

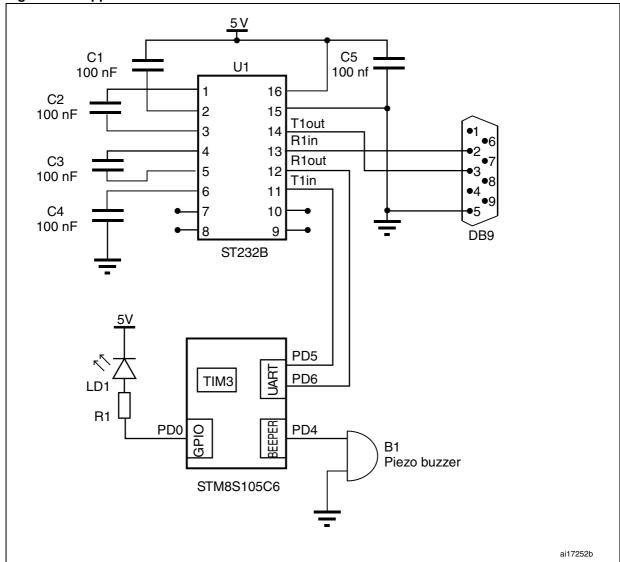
Part name	Component description	Package
ST232B	Very-high speed ultralow-power consumption 5 V RS232 driver/receiver used for UART 5/12 V level shifter.	SO16

## 3.2 Application schematics

Figure 1 shows the application electrical schematics.

If the RS232 cable is not a null-modem cable (transmit and receive lines not crosslinked), connect U1 pin14 to DB9 pin2 and U1 pin13 to DB9 pin3.

Figure 1. Application schematics



## 3.3 Application principle

This application sets up a standard communication interface between the STM8S105C6T6 microcontroller and a terminal window running on a PC. Communications are performed thanks to STM8S UART using the RS232 protocol. Both terminal window and UART must be configured in the same way (see *Appendix B: Configuring your terminal window*).

This document only describes the communications and data processing from the STM8S UART side. For more information about Windows HyperTerminal or similar software, refer to Microsoft<sup>®</sup> Help or suppliers web pages.

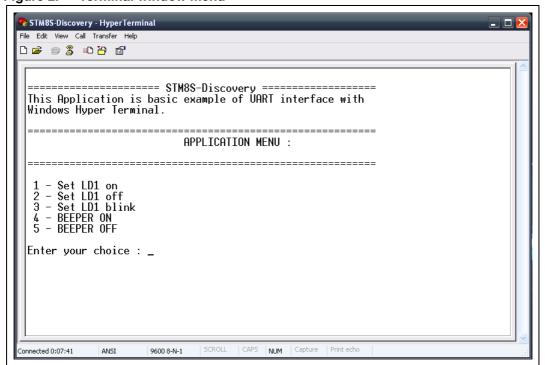
#### 3.3.1 Running the application

To run the application, perform the following steps:

- 1. Launch and configure a terminal window on your PC (see *Appendix B: Configuring your terminal window* for an example regarding Windows HyperTerminal).
- 2. Compile and run the application firmware using the ST Visual Develop (STVD).
- 3. Connect your PC to the STM8S-DISCOVERY through an RS232 cable.
- 4. When the application has started, a menu is displayed on the Windows HyperTerminal (*Figure 2.: Terminal window menu*). It allows to:
  - Switch LD1 on or off.
  - Configure LD1 blinking speed.
  - Enable/disable the beeper and select the beep frequency)

All the information displayed on this menu are sent by the STM8S microcontroller. When a key is struck on the HyperTerminal, the corresponding ASCII value is sent to the microcontroller and decoded.

Figure 2. Terminal window menu



# 3.3.2 Communication sequence between the STM8S-DISCOVERY and the terminal

- 1. The STM8S microcontroller sends the character string 'Enter your choice' to the PC terminal emulator software.
- 2. The terminal displays the string 'Enter your choice'.
- 3. The user strikes key 2 on his keyboard.
- 4. The terminal emulator software sends back the corresponding ASCII code (0x52) to the microcontroller (see *Appendix A: Standard ASCII character codes*).
- 5. The microcontroller decodes the data received, sends back the code 0x52 for it to be displayed on the terminal, and stores the value '2' in memory.
- 6. The terminal emulator software receives the code 0x52 and displays '2'.
- 7. The user strikes the Return key.
- 8. The terminal emulator software send back the code 0x0D corresponding to carriage return (see *Appendix A: Standard ASCII character codes*).
- The STM8S105C6T6 microcontroller decode the data received, sends back the code 0x0D for it to be displayed it on the terminal, and performs the action associated to option 2.

## 4 Software description

## 4.1 STM8S peripherals used by the application

This application example uses the STM8S standard firmware library to control general purpose functions. It makes use of the following STM8S peripherals:

#### **UART2**

UART2 is used to communicate with the terminal window running on the PC. It must be configured as follows:

- Baud rate = 9600 baud
- Word length = 8 bits
- One stop bit
- No parity
- Receive and transmit enabled
- UART2 clock disabled

The communications are managed by polling each receive and transmit operation.

Note:

The terminal window and the STM8S UART peripheral must be configured with the same baud rate, word length, number of stop bits, and parity.

#### Timer 3 (TIM3)

TIM3 timer is configured as a timebase with interrupt enabled to control LD1 blinking speed.

#### **GPIOs**

The GPIOs are used to interface the MCU with external hardware. Port PD0 is configured as output push-pull low to drive LD1.

#### **BEEPER**

To drive the buzzer, the BEEPER peripheral outputs a signal of 1, 2, or 4 KHz on the BEEP output pin.

## 4.2 Configuring STM8S standard firmware library

The *stm8s\_conf.h* file of the STM8S standard firmware library allows to configure the library by enabling the peripheral functions used by the application.

The following define statements must be present:

```
#define _GPIO 1 enables the GPIOs
#define _TIM3 1 enables TIM3
#define _BEEPER 1 enables the BEEPER
#define _UART2 1 enables UART2
```

Software description AN3259

## 4.3 Application software flowcharts

This section describes the application software main loop and the function that controls data reception/transmission from/to the terminal window:

#### App\_Menu

This function is used to display a menu on the terminal, and manage the information entered by the user.

#### SerialPutString

This function is used to transmit a string to the terminal.

#### SerialPutChar

This function is used to transmit a character to the terminal.

#### GetInputString

This function is used to receive a string from the terminal.

#### GetIntegerInput

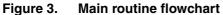
This function is used to receive an integer from the terminal.

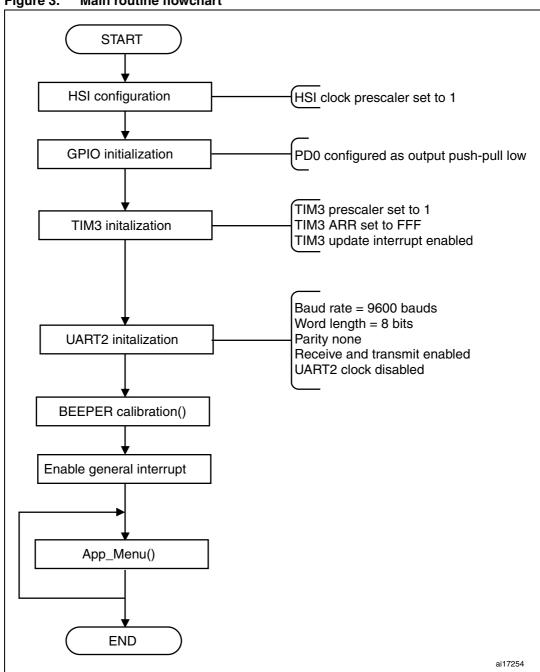
#### Get\_Key

When a key is stroke, this function returns the corresponding hexadecimal code.

### 4.3.1 Application main routine

The application main routine configures the STM8S peripherals and enables all the standard interrupts used by the application. When the initialization is complete, the main routine displays the application menu on the terminal window (see *Figure 3*).



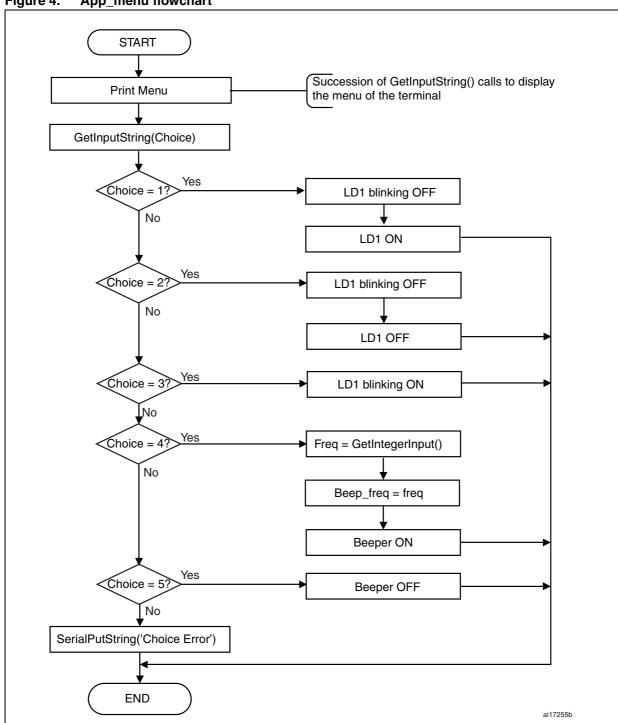


Software description AN3259

#### 4.3.2 **App\_menu function**

The App\_menu function is the main application routine. It displays a **menu** on the terminal through which the GPIOs, TIM2 and BEEPER can be configured. App menu calls GetInputString, GetIntegerInput and SerialPutString to send and receive data through the RS232 interface.





#### 4.3.3 GetInputString function

The GetInputString function is used to receive and store the character strings sent through the terminal window. This function relies on the Get\_key function to acquire and decode each character (see *Section 4.3.4*). Different actions can be performed according to the value of the character ASCII code:

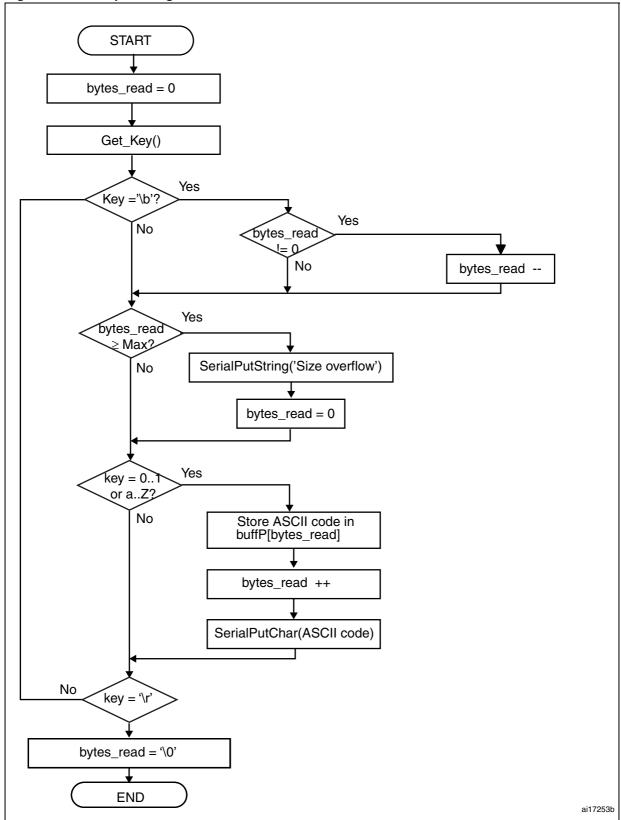
- If ASCII code = '\b'
  - A backspace has been sent by the terminal. The last character of the string is erased if the string is not empty.
- If ASCII code belongs to {0...1 or a...Z}
   The character is stored.
- If ASCII code = '\r'

The GetInputString function stores the "end of string" value, '\0', at the end of the string. The maximum number of ASCII codes stored in the buffP[bytes\_read] buffer has been reached

The software erases the recorded string and waits for another input from the terminal.

For more information on ASCII codes refer to Appendix A: Standard ASCII character codes.

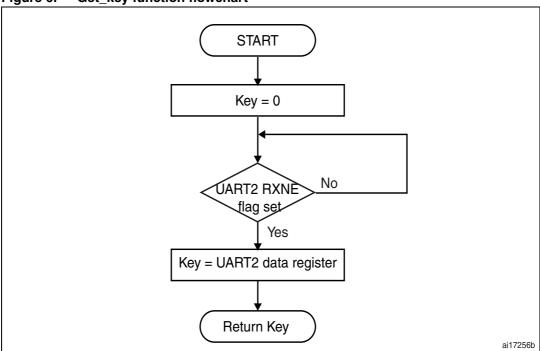
Figure 5. GetInputString flowchart



## 4.3.4 Get\_key function

The Get\_key function is used to detect a key stroke on the terminal by polling the UART RXNE flag. This function returns the received value.

Figure 6. Get\_key function flowchart



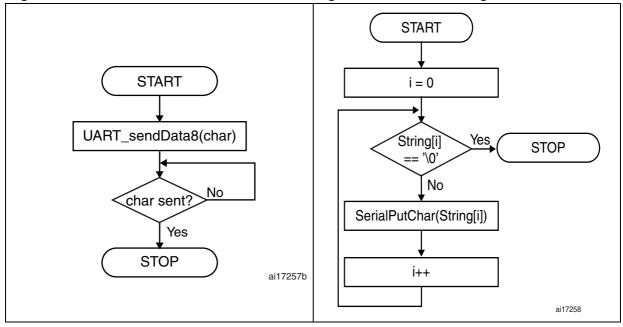
Software description AN3259

### 4.3.5 SerialPutString and SerialPutChar functions

The SerialPutString function is used to send a character string through the UART. The string characters are sent one by one by the SerialPutChar function as described in the flowcharts shown in *Figure 8* and *Figure 9*.

Figure 7. SerialPutChar flowchart

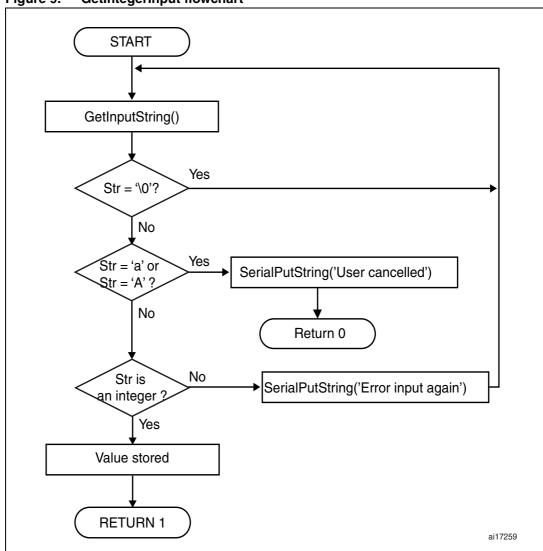
Figure 8. SerialPutString flowchart



## 4.3.6 GetIntegerInput function

The GetIntegerInput function is used to check that incoming data correspond to an integer. If so, the data are stored in the memory. Otherwise the user is prompted to enter new data.

Figure 9. GetIntegerInput flowchart



# Appendix A Standard ASCII character codes

Table 3. Standard ASCII character codes

Hex	Char	Hex	Char	Hex	Char	Hex	Char
0x00	NULL	0x20	Space	0x40	@	0x60	6
0x01	Start of heading	0x21	!	0x41	Α	0x61	а
0x02	Start of text	0x22	ш	0x42	В	0x62	b
0x03	End of text	0x23	#	0x43	С	0x63	С
0x04	End of transmit	0x24	\$	0x44	D	0x64	d
0x05	Enquiry	0x25	%	0x45	E	0x65	е
0x06	Ack	0x26	&	0x46	F	0x66	f
0x07	Audible bell	0x27	í	0x47	G	0x67	g
0x08	Backspace	0x28	(	0x48	Н	0x68	h
0x09	Horizontal tab	0x29	)	0x49	ı	0x69	i
0x0A	line feed	0x2A	*	0x4A	J	0x6A	j
0x0B	Vertical tab	0x2B	+	0x4B	К	0x6B	k
0x0C	Form feed	0x2C	,	0x4C	L	0x6C	I
0x0D	carriage return	0x2D	-	0x4D	М	0x6D	m
0x0E	Shift out	0x2E		0x4E	N	0x6E	n
0x0F	Shift in	0x2F	/	0x5F	0	0x6F	0
0x10	Data link escape	0x30	0	0x50	Р	0x70	р
0x11	Device control 1	0x31	1	0x51	Q	0x71	q
0x12	Device control 2	0x32	2	0x52	R	0x72	r
0x13	Device control 3	0x33	3	0x53	S	0x73	S
0x14	Device control 4	0x34	4	0x54	Т	0x74	t
0x15	Neg. Ack	0x35	5	0x55	U	0x75	u
0x16	Synchronous idle	0x36	6	0x56	V	0x76	V
0x17	End trans. block	0x37	7	0x57	W	0x77	w
0x18	Cancel	0x38	8	0x58	Х	0x78	х
0x19	End of medium	0x39	9	0x59	Υ	0x79	у

Table 3. Standard ASCII character codes (continued)

Hex	Char	Hex	Char	Hex	Char	Hex	Char
0x1A	Substitution	0x3A	:	0x5A	Z	0x7A	z
0x1B	Escape	0x3B	;	0x5B	[	0x7B	{
0x1C	File sep.	0x3C	<	0x5C	\	0x7C	1
0x1D	Group sep.	0x3D	=	0x5D	]	0x7D	}
0x1E	Record sep.	0x3E	>	0x5E	۸	0x7E	~
0x1F	Unit sep.	0x3F	?	0x5F	-	0x7F	<del></del>

## Appendix B Configuring your terminal window

The terminal window connected to the STM8S-DISCOVERY must be configured with the following settings valid for all terminal types:

Communication port: COM1 or other available

Bits per second: 9600

Data bits: 8Parity: noneStop bits: 1

Flow control: none

To provide a ready-to-use application example, a preconfigured terminal using Windows HyperTerminal and COM1 port is provided within the project folder. To launch it, simply execute the .ht file included in the project.

However, you can also set up a new connection with the STM8S-DISCOVERY based on Windows HyperTerminal and related to this example by following the steps below:

1. Open Windows HyperTerminal application and choose a connection name, such as "MyConnection" and validate it by clicking **OK**.



Figure 10. Launching Windows HyperTerminal

**577** 

2. Select COM1 or any available port on your computer and validate your choice by clicking **OK**. Other fields can remain set to the default value.

Figure 11. Selecting communication port



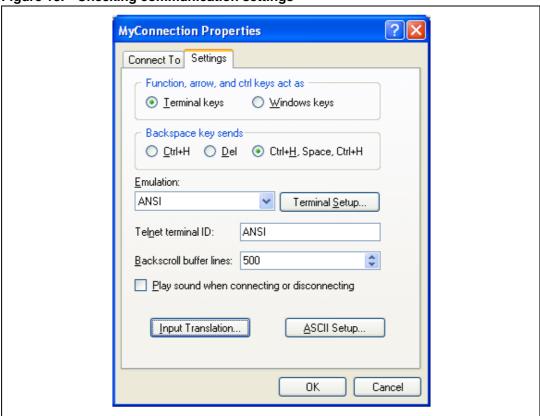
3. Configure the communication port properties as shown in *Figure 12*. Windows HyperTerminal is launched and communications can start.

Figure 12. Configuring connection properties



- 4. To check communication settings:
  - Disconnect the HyperTerminal by choosing Call > Disconnect from the HyperTerminal main menu.
  - b) Once communications are stopped, go to the **Settings** tab in **MyConnection Properties** menu. The parameters should be as shown below.

Figure 13. Checking communication settings



c) Finally, click **ASCII Setup** in **MyConnection properties** menu, check that the ASCII parameters match those shown in *Figure 14*, and modify them if needed.

Figure 14. ASCII Setup parameters



d) Close MyConnection Properties menu, and restart communications by choosing Call > Call from the HyperTerminal main menu. Your STM8S-DISCOVERY application is now ready to start. Revision history AN3259

## **Revision history**

Table 4. Document revision history

Date	Revision	Changes			
06-Dec-2010	1	Document migrated from UM0884 rev 1.  Document extended to all terminal windows.  Added Section 1: Prerequisites. Updated Figure 1: Application schematics and added case of not null-modem RS232 cable.  Removed section "Description of the application package.  Updated Section 3.3.1: Running the application.  Updated Section 4.1: STM8S peripherals used by the application.  Renamed SerialGetString and SerialGetInterger, SerialInputString and SerialIntegerInput, respectively.  Updated Section 4.3.1: Application main routine overview.  Updated Section 4.3.2: App_menu function overview.  Updated Section 4.3.3: GetInputString function, Section 4.3.4: Get_key function, Section 4.3.5: SerialPutString and SerialPutChar functions, and Section 4.3.6: GetIntegerInput function.			

#### Please Read Carefully:

Information in this document is provided solely in connection with ST products. STMicroelectronics NV and its subsidiaries ("ST") reserve the right to make changes, corrections, modifications or improvements, to this document, and the products and services described herein at any time, without notice.

All ST products are sold pursuant to ST's terms and conditions of sale.

Purchasers are solely responsible for the choice, selection and use of the ST products and services described herein, and ST assumes no liability whatsoever relating to the choice, selection or use of the ST products and services described herein.

No license, express or implied, by estoppel or otherwise, to any intellectual property rights is granted under this document. If any part of this document refers to any third party products or services it shall not be deemed a license grant by ST for the use of such third party products or services, or any intellectual property contained therein or considered as a warranty covering the use in any manner whatsoever of such third party products or services or any intellectual property contained therein.

UNLESS OTHERWISE SET FORTH IN ST'S TERMS AND CONDITIONS OF SALE ST DISCLAIMS ANY EXPRESS OR IMPLIED WARRANTY WITH RESPECT TO THE USE AND/OR SALE OF ST PRODUCTS INCLUDING WITHOUT LIMITATION IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY, FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR PURPOSE (AND THEIR EQUIVALENTS UNDER THE LAWS OF ANY JURISDICTION), OR INFRINGEMENT OF ANY PATENT, COPYRIGHT OR OTHER INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY RIGHT.

UNLESS EXPRESSLY APPROVED IN WRITING BY AN AUTHORIZED ST REPRESENTATIVE, ST PRODUCTS ARE NOT RECOMMENDED, AUTHORIZED OR WARRANTED FOR USE IN MILITARY, AIR CRAFT, SPACE, LIFE SAVING, OR LIFE SUSTAINING APPLICATIONS, NOR IN PRODUCTS OR SYSTEMS WHERE FAILURE OR MALFUNCTION MAY RESULT IN PERSONAL INJURY, DEATH, OR SEVERE PROPERTY OR ENVIRONMENTAL DAMAGE. ST PRODUCTS WHICH ARE NOT SPECIFIED AS "AUTOMOTIVE GRADE" MAY ONLY BE USED IN AUTOMOTIVE APPLICATIONS AT USER'S OWN RISK.

Resale of ST products with provisions different from the statements and/or technical features set forth in this document shall immediately void any warranty granted by ST for the ST product or service described herein and shall not create or extend in any manner whatsoever, any liability of ST.

ST and the ST logo are trademarks or registered trademarks of ST in various countries.

Information in this document supersedes and replaces all information previously supplied.

The ST logo is a registered trademark of STMicroelectronics. All other names are the property of their respective owners.

© 2010 STMicroelectronics - All rights reserved

STMicroelectronics group of companies

Australia - Belgium - Brazil - Canada - China - Czech Republic - Finland - France - Germany - Hong Kong - India - Israel - Italy - Japan - Malaysia - Malta - Morocco - Philippines - Singapore - Spain - Sweden - Switzerland - United Kingdom - United States of America

www.st.com

